

# Problem R. Sugarcane Juice Business

**Time limit** 1000 ms  
**Code length Limit** 50000 B  
**OS** Linux

While Alice was drinking sugarcane juice, she started wondering about the following facts:

- The juicer sells each glass of sugarcane juice for 50 coins.
- He spends 20% of his total income on buying sugarcane.
- He spends 20% of his total income on buying salt and mint leaves.
- He spends 30% of his total income on shop rent.

Alice wonders, what is the juicer's profit (in coins) when he sells  $N$  glasses of sugarcane juice?

## Input Format

- The first line of input will contain an integer  $T$  — the number of test cases. The description of  $T$  test cases follows.
- The first and only line of each test case contains an integer  $N$ , as described in the problem statement.

## Output Format

For each test case, output on a new line the juicer's profit when he sells  $N$  glasses of juice.

## Constraints

- $1 \leq T \leq 1000$
- $1 \leq N \leq 10^6$

## Sample 1

Input	Output
4	30
2	60
4	75
5	150
10	

**\*\*Test case 1\*\*:** The total income is  $50 \times 2 = 100$  coins. The juicer spends 20 coins on sugarcane, 20 coins on salt and mint leaves and 30 coins on rent. Thus, the profit is  $100 - (20 + 20 + 30) = 30$  coins.

**Test case 2:** The total income is  $50 \times 4 = 200$  coins. The juicer spends 40 coins on sugarcane, 40 coins on salt and mint leaves and 60 coins on rent. Thus, the profit is  $200 - (40 + 40 + 60) = 60$  coins.

**Test case 3:** The total income is  $50 \times 5 = 250$  coins. The juicer spends 50 coins on sugarcane, 50 coins on salt and mint leaves and 75 coins on rent. Thus, the profit is  $250 - (50 + 50 + 75) = 75$  coins.

**Test case 4:** The total income is  $50 \times 10 = 500$  coins. The juicer spends 100 coins on sugarcane, 100 coins on salt and mint leaves and 150 coins on rent. Thus, the profit is  $500 - (100 + 100 + 150) = 150$  coins.