

Banking Transaction:

```
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
```

```
from pyspark.sql.functions import col
```

```
from pyspark.sql import functions as F
```

```
spark = SparkSession.builder.appName("BankingTransaction").getOrCreate()
```

```
banking_df =
```

```
spark.read.format("csv").option("header", "true").option("inferSchema", "true")
```

```
.load("/content/sample_data/bank_transaction.csv")
```

1. Calculate the Total Deposit and Withdrawal Amounts

```
amounts_df =
```

```
banking_df.groupBy("transaction_type").agg(F.sum("amount").alias("total_amount"))
```

```
amounts_df.show()
```

2. Filter Transactions Greater Than \$3,000

```
high_transaction = banking_df.filter(col("amount") > 3000)
```

```
high_transaction.show()
```

3. Find the Largest Deposit Made

```
largest_deposit = banking_df.filter(col("transaction_type") ==  
"Deposit").orderBy(col("amount").desc()).limit(1)
```

```
largest_deposit.show()
```

4. Calculate the Average Transaction Amount for Each Transaction Type

```
avg_transaction_df =  
banking_df.groupBy("transaction_type").agg(F.avg("amount").alias("average_a  
mount"))  
  
avg_transaction_df.show()
```

5. Find Customers Who Made Both Deposits and Withdrawals

```
deposit_customers = banking_df.filter(col("transaction_type") ==  
"Deposit").select("customer_id").distinct()  
  
withdrawal_customers = banking_df.filter(col("transaction_type") ==  
"Withdrawal").select("customer_id").distinct()  
  
deposit_customers.intersect(withdrawal_customers).show()
```

6. Calculate the Total Amount of Transactions per Day

```
total_transaction_perday =  
banking_df.groupBy("transaction_date").agg(F.sum("amount").alias("total_am  
ount"))  
  
total_transaction_perday.show()
```

7. Find the Customer with the Highest Total Withdrawal

```
highest_withdrawal = banking_df.filter(col("transaction_type") ==  
"Withdrawal").groupBy("customer_id").agg(F.sum("amount").alias("total_with  
drawn")) \  
    .orderBy(col("total_withdrawn").desc()).limit(1)  
  
highest_withdrawal.show()
```

8. Calculate the Number of Transactions for Each Customer

```
transaction_per_customer =  
banking_df.groupBy("customer_id").agg(F.count("transaction_id").alias("trans  
action_count"))  
  
transaction_per_customer.show()
```

9. Find All Transactions That Occurred on the Same Day as a Withdrawal Greater

Than \$1,000

```
withdrawal_dates = banking_df.filter((col("transaction_type") ==  
"Withdrawal") & (col("amount") > 1000)) \  
    .select("transaction_date").distinct()
```

```
banking_df.join(withdrawal_dates, on="transaction_date").show()
```

10. Create a New Column to Classify Transactions as "High" or "Low" Value

```
banking_df = banking_df.withColumn("transaction_value",  
F.when(col("amount") > 5000, "High").otherwise("Low"))
```

```
banking_df.show()
```