## INFO 6205 Program Structures and Algorithms Assignment 3

## Task 1: Implement height-weighted Quick Union with Path Compression

Image 1.1: find method implementation in UF HWQUPC.java

```
public int find(int p) {
    validate(p);
    int root = p;
    if (this.pathCompression) this.doPathCompression(p);
    while(root!=this.parent[root]){
        root = this.parent[root];
    }
    return root;
}
```

Image 1.2: mergeComponents and doPathCompression Implementation

```
private void mergeComponents(int i, int j) {
    if (i==j) return;
    if (this.height[i]>this.height[j]){
        this.updateParent(j,i);
    }else if(this.height[j]>this.height[i]){
        this.updateParent(i,j);
    }else{
        this.updateParent(j,i);
        this.height[i]+=1;
    }
}

/**
    * This implements the single-pass path-halving mechanism of path compression
    */
private void doPathCompression(int i) {
    while(i!=this.parent[i]){
        this.parent[i] = this.parent[this.parent[i]];
        i = this.parent[i];
    }
}
```

Image 1.3: All test cases passed

## Step 2: Using your implementation of UF\_HWQUPC, develop a UF ("union-find") client

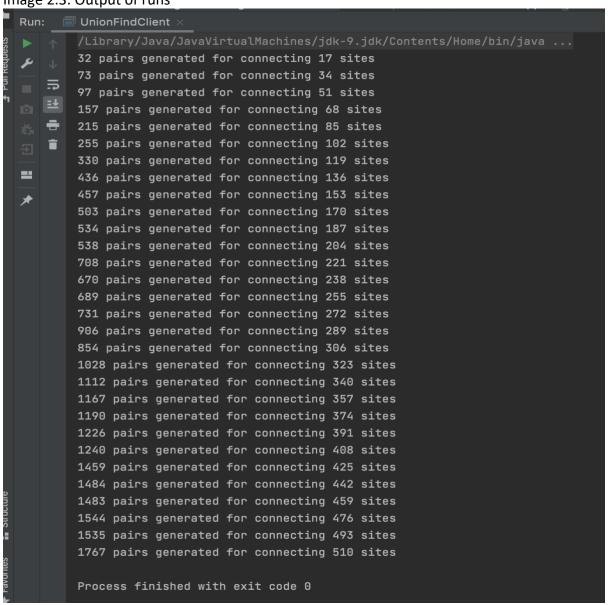
Created class named UnionFindClient in the same package as UF\_HWQUPC and implemented count and main static methods. Took initial n= as 17 and incremented every time by 17 for 30 times. Made 10 experiments/loops for generating average no of pairs that are required to complete Union.

Image 2.1 UnionFindClient class count Implementation

Image 2.2: UnionFindClient class Main Method implementation

```
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```

Image 2.3: Output of runs

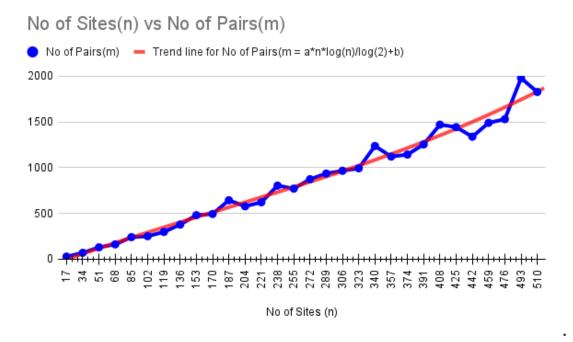


**STEP 3 IN NEXT PAGE** 

## **Step 3: (Evidences & Conclusion)**

Determine the relationship between the number of objects (n) and the number of pairs (m)

Graph 1: n vs m



Google Sheet Link <a href="https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1ed8vp7l4cgqy1cxlZZ5VHia-kUyPl-xsJiSpBcisW40/edit?usp=sharing">https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1ed8vp7l4cgqy1cxlZZ5VHia-kUyPl-xsJiSpBcisW40/edit?usp=sharing</a>

\*\* CSV file is in the same directory as this report

**Conclusion**: It is observed that the values(no of pairs) obtained from the experiment are almost equal to  $NLog_2(N)$  in most of the cases. The same trend was observed in the trend line which is generated by plotting a graph in google sheet(Trend line was plotted using google sheet in-built functions). Though total no of pairs are almost equal to above said values there is some fluctuation due to the randomness. Hence it can be concluded that

$$M = A*N*Log_2(N) + B$$

Where

M = total number of pairs

N = total no of sites/nodes

A = co-efficient (According to google sheet this is equal to 0.65433, however this is changing in every main method run)

B = co-efficient