

**MA144: Problem Solving and  
Computer Programming**

**Lecture-10**

**Programs on Loops**

**Finding all prime numbers between  
1 and a given number**

## Program for determining prime or not

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n,flag=0,i,r;
    cout<<"enter a number \n";
    cin>>n;
    for(i=2;i<=n/2;i=i+1)
    {
        r=n%i;
        if(r==0)
        {
            flag=1;
            break;
        }
    }
    if(flag==0)
        cout<<"prime";
    else
        cout<<"not prime";
    return 0;
}
```

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
int n,i,r,k,count=0;
cout<<"enter a number \n";
cin>>n;
int flag;
for(k=2;k<=n;k=k+1)
{ flag=0;
  for(i=2;i<=k/2;i=i+1)
  { r=k%i;
    if(r==0)
    { flag=1;
      break;
    }
  }
  if(flag==0)
  { cout<<k<<" ";
    count=count+1;
  }
}
cout<<endl<<count;
return 0;
}
```

**Finding the sum of digits of a given number**

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int n,d,sum=0;
    cout<<"enter a number\n";
    cin>>n;
    while(n!=0)
    {
        d=n%10;
        n=n/10;
        sum=sum+d;
    }
    cout<<sum;
    return 0;
}
```

enter a number

2050

7

-----

enter a number

00056

11

-----

**Finding a number with the digits of a given number  
in reverse order**



```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int n,d,sum=0;
    cout<<"enter a number\n";
    cin>>n;
    while(n!=0)
    {
        d=n%10;
        n=n/10;
        sum=sum*10+d;
    }
    cout<<sum;
    return 0;
}
```

enter a number

1234

4321

-----

enter a number

2022

2202

-----

enter a number

200

2

-----

enter a number

00234

432

-----

Check whether the given number is **perfect** or not.

A **perfect number** is a positive integer that is equal to the sum of its divisors excluding the number itself.

**Example.**  $1+2+3=6$ , 28, 496, 8128

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int n,i,sum=0;
    cout<<"enter a number\n";
    cin>>n;
    for(i=1;i<=n/2;i++)
    {
        if(n%i==0)
            sum=sum+i;
    }

    if(sum==n)
        cout<<n<<" is perfect";
    else cout<<n<<" is NOT perfect";
    return 0;
}
```

**Finding Fibonacci sequence.**

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int n,i=1,pre=1,cur=1,next;
    cout<<"enter a number\n";
    cin>>n;
    cout<<"Fibonacci sequence is \n";
    cout<<pre<<" "<<cur<<" ";
    while(i<=n-2)
    {
        i=i+1;
        next=pre+cur;
        cout<<next<<" ";
        pre=cur;
        cur=next;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

enter a number

10

Fibonacci sequence is

1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55

-----

**Finding maximum of given n numbers.**



```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int n,i,a,max;
    cout<<"enter total numbers ";
    cin>>n;
    cout<<"enter 1 st number\n";
    cin>>a;
    max=a;
    for(i=2;i<=n;i++)
    {   cout<<"enter "<<i<<" th"<<" " number\n";
        cin>>a;
        if(a>max)
            max=a;
    }
    cout<<" maximum number is "<<max;
    return 0;
}
```

enter total numbers 5

enter 1 st number

0

enter 2 th number

-23

enter 3 th number

-2

enter 4 th number

-45

enter 5 th number

-8

maximum number is 0

-----