

## 21. Merge Two Sorted Lists

Easy



19.9K

1.8K



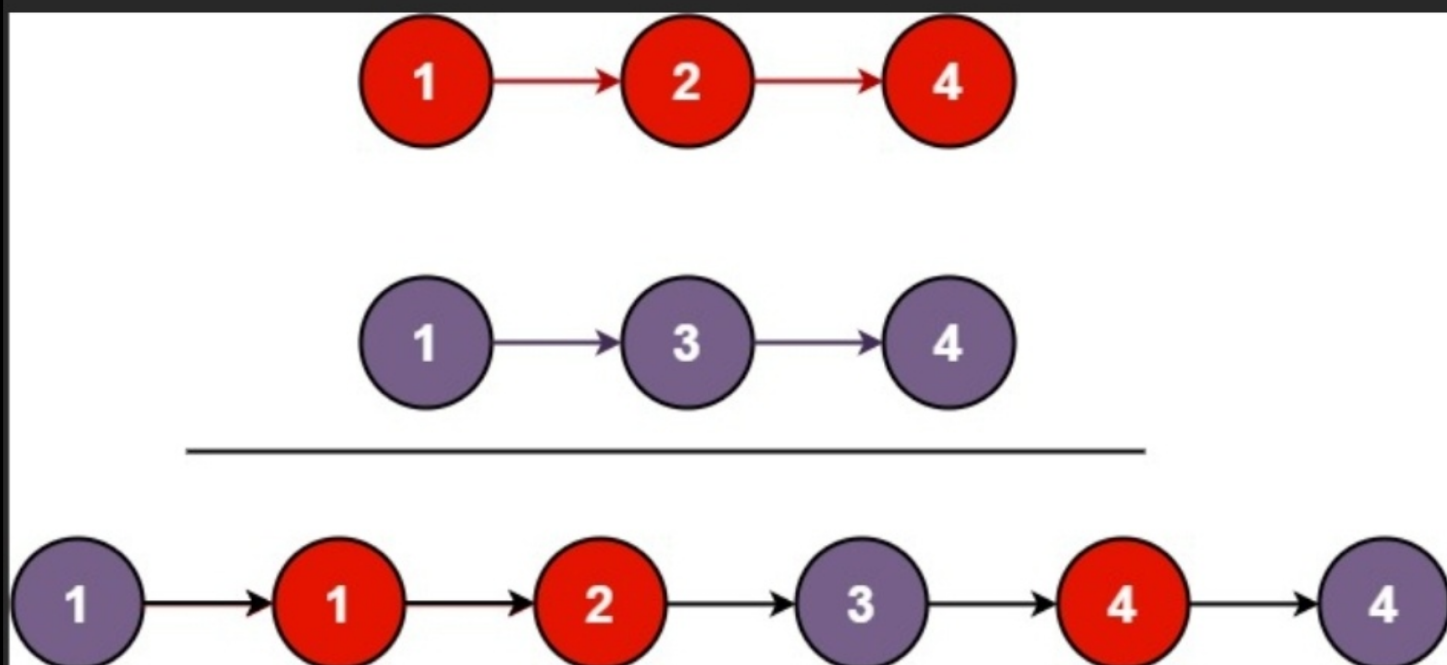
Companies

You are given the heads of two sorted linked lists `list1` and `list2`.

Merge the two lists into one **sorted** list. The list should be made by splicing together the nodes of the first two lists.

Return *the head of the merged linked list*.

Example 1:



**Input:** `list1 = [1,2,4]`, `list2 = [1,3,4]`

**Output:** `[1,1,2,3,4,4]`

Example 2:

**Input:** `list1 = []`, `list2 = []`

**Output:** `[]`

Example 3:

**Input:** `list1 = []`, `list2 = [0]`

**Output:** `[0]`

Constraints:

- The number of nodes in both lists is in the range `[0, 50]`.
- `-100 <= Node.val <= 100`
- Both `list1` and `list2` are sorted in **non-decreasing** order.

Accepted 3.5M

Submissions 5.5M

Acceptance Rate 63.1%

Approach 1: Creating another linked list of size  $m+n$

→ Start iterating over both linked lists and compare their respective values and then create a node for minimum value and add it to ans. Then move that respective linked list pointer from where we got the min. [Same as merge sort merging]

→ If either of the heads is null return the non null list.

→ while (list1 && list2)  
{

    create node for min among  
    list1 → val and list2 → val

    if (ans == NULL)

        ans = node

    else

        ans → next = node

    if list1: val is min then list1 = list1 → next  
    else list2 = list2 → next

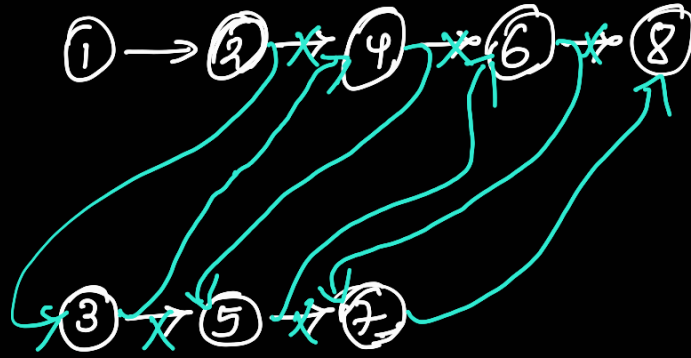
}

If one of the list got exhausted then add remaining elements nodes to ans directly.

$$T(n) = O(m+n)$$

$$S(n) = O(m+n)$$

Approach 2: By slicing the given linked lists



$$T(n) : O(n+m)$$

$$S(n) : O(1)$$