1822. Sign of the Product of an Array

Hi∩t ⊙

Companies

There is a function signFunc(x) that returns:

Easy 🔗 🖒 2K 🖓 194 🏠 🧷

- 1 if x is positive.
- −1 if x is negative.
- 0 if x is equal to 0.

You are given an integer array nums. Let product be the product of all values in the array nums.

Return signFunc(product).

Example 1:

Input: nums = [-1,-2,-3,-4,3,2,1]

Output: 1

Explanation: The product of all values in the array is

144, and signFunc(144) = 1

Example 2:

Input: nums = [1,5,0,2,-3]

Output: 0

Explanation: The product of all values in the array is

0, and signFunc(0) = 0

Example 3:

Input: nums = [-1,1,-1,1,-1]

Output: -1

Explanation: The product of all values in the array is

-1, and signFunc(-1) = -1

Constraints:

- 1 <= nums.length <= 1000
- −100 <= nums[i] <= 100

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After seeing this question, everyone would think of commuting the product of any, ry elements and then checking for sign.

But as it is the multiplication we are doing it would definitely an out of rome

and gives overflow error.

So multiplication is not the suitable solution. Actually we don't need to multiply the elements to see the sign. We can just count no. of negative elements are there in the array if odd no. of negative elements

Then sign is negative elements else

sign is positive.