

54. Spiral Matrix

Hint



Medium

12.6K

1.1K



Companies

Given an $m \times n$ `matrix`, return *all elements of the `matrix` in spiral order*.

Example 1:

1	→	2	→	3
4	→	5		↓
↑				↓
7	←	8	←	9

Input: `matrix = [[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]]`
Output: `[1,2,3,6,9,8,7,4,5]`

Example 2:

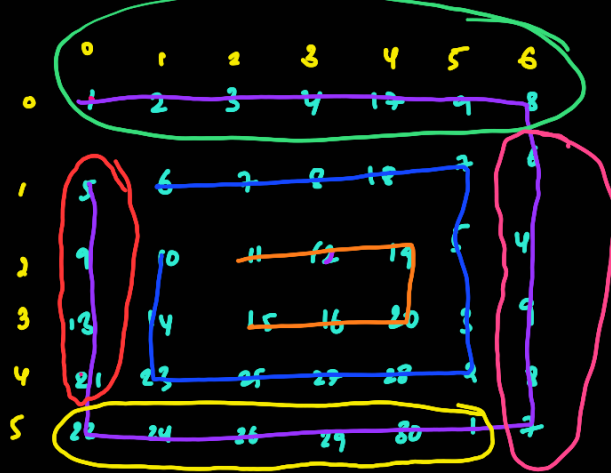
0	1	→	2	→	3	→	4
1	5	→	6	→	7		↓
2	↑						↓
	9	←	10	←	11	←	12

Input: `matrix = [[1,2,3,4],[5,6,7,8],[9,10,11,12]]`
Output: `[1,2,3,4,8,12,11,10,9,5,6,7]`

Constraints:

- `m == matrix.length`
- `n == matrix[i].length`
- `1 <= m, n <= 10`
- `-100 <= matrix[i][j] <= 100`

Accepted 1.1M | Submissions 2.4M |
Acceptance Rate 46.7%



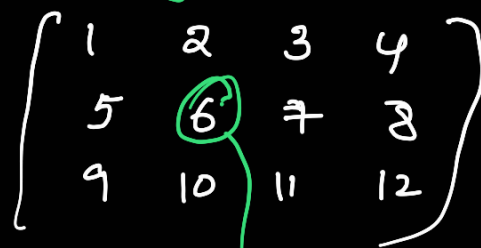
This problem requires just keen observation and requires us to find pattern using many variables

```

1  class Solution {
2  public:
3      vector<int> spiralOrder(vector<vector<int>>& matrix) {
4          vector<int> ans;
5          int x=matrix[0].size();
6          int y=matrix.size();
7          int n=x*y;
8          int r=0,c=0;
9          int i=0,j=0;
10         int t= ceil(y/2.0);
11         while(r < t)
12         {
13             i=r,j=c;
14             while(j<x && n>0) ans.push_back(matrix[r][j++]),n--;
15             while(i<(y-1) && n>0) ans.push_back(matrix[++i][x-1]),n--;
16             j=j-2;
17             while(j>=c && n>0) ans.push_back(matrix[y-1][j--]),n--;
18             i--;
19             while(i>r && n>0) ans.push_back(matrix[i--][c]),n--;
20             r++;
21             c++;
22             x--,y--;
23         }
24         return ans;
25     }
26 }
27 
```

we are keeping track of this
just to make sure that no element
gets repeated again.

The logic is absolutely working
fine but for some matrices it is
printing some elements twice. So To avoid
that we are using a n variable.



1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12

→ This is getting
printed twice if
we don't use n variable