REVISION REPORT

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<Revisions>

L3 in Abstract:

changing the array of the pieces on the printing plates in the offset printing.

— changing the array of pieces on the printing plates in the offset printing.

L3-4 in Abstract:

It is setting an upper limit of acceptable for each plate, and carrying out complete enumeration.

 \longrightarrow It is by setting an acceptable upper limit for each plate, and carrying out complete enumeration.

L5 in Abstract:

This method dramatically reduces the operating time of the algorithm.

— This method drastically reduces the operating time of the algorithm.

L7 in P1:

selected from among different n elements

 \longrightarrow selected from different n elements

L16 in P1:

if we want to obtain three A's and nine B's, then we can choose → if we want to obtain three A's and nine B's, we can choose

L21 in P1:

 $[A, B, B, B] \times 3$ also seems to be 'Better'

 \longrightarrow [A, B, B, B] \times 3 also seems to be a 'Better'

L25-26 in P1 : 애매해 반영 안 함

Offset printing, also called offset lithography, or litho-offset in commercial printing, widely used printing technique

→ Offset printing, also called offset lithography, or litho-offset in commercial printing, is a widely used printing technique

L35 in P2:

As an other improving, how to make the initial plates

 \longrightarrow As another improvement, how to make the initial plates

L36 in P2:

Above example means that what is the best arrangement

— The above example denotes what is the best arrangement

L38 in P2:

In the past, production was based on ordering of products from companies

→ In the past, production was based on the ordering of products from companies

L39-40 in P2:

However, as the internet market has became popular, the production systems have been changed by consumers.

 \longrightarrow However, as the internet market has become popular, the production systems have been altered by consumers.

L45 in P2:

variable information such as the date of manufacture.

→ variable information such as the manufactured date.

L47 in P2 : 이 이외의 number of labels에는 체크가 없어서 반영 안 함

the number of labels loss increased compared to the past.

 \longrightarrow the number of label loss increased compared to the past.

L57 in P3:

At first, we receive orders \longrightarrow First, we receive orders

L60 in P3:

placed on each plate so that many labels are printed at one printing.

— placed on each plate so that many labels are printed at once.

L62 in P3:

As the final process, \longrightarrow For the final process,

L64-65 in P3:

The constraint conditions and major points

→ The constraints and major points

L66-67 in P3 : 뜻이 애매해 반영 안 함

First, one type of label should be placed on only one plate.

→ First, only one type of label should be placed on one plate.

L74 in P3:

minimized as $\frac{1}{1}$ as $\frac{1}{1}$ as minimized as

L75 in P3 : Loss는 defined 고유명사 같은 것 - 반영 안 할 것

the Koss should be minimized \longrightarrow the loss should be minimized

L84 in P3:

the algorithm should be improved. \longrightarrow the algorithm had to be improved.

L101 in P4:

goal $\mbox{\sharp}$ is to obtain the following \longrightarrow goal is to obtain the following

L105 in P4:

However, this method has a problem that it takes too much time.

→ However, this method takes too much time.

L107 in P4:

Then, the calculation of the cases takes more than 658 hours,

— Then, the calculation takes more than 658 hours,

L108-109 in P4:

Given that there are limits of the time from the date of receipt of orders to the delivery date,

→ Given that there are time constraints from the date of order receipts to the delivery date,

L119 in P4:

P is the products that contain the Plate

 $\longrightarrow P$ is the set of products that contains the Plate

L124 in P4:

with repetition $_{num}H_k$ and indicated in \longrightarrow with repetition $_{num}H_k$ which is indicated in

L152 in P7:

For the same partition π , the matrix $A=(3\ 1)$ can be \longrightarrow For the same partition π , matrix $A=(3\ 1)$ can be

L157 in P7:

If there are so many products and also large order-quantity, \longrightarrow If there are too many products and large order-quantities,

The line above matrix A which is above L165 in P8:

The matrix A can be found as follows.

 \longrightarrow The matrix A can be found as followed.

L170-171 in P9:

The total cost was reduced by $\frac{1}{1}$ minimum -6.85% (sample no. 15) to maximum 27.5% (sample no. 74)

 \longrightarrow The total cost was reduced by a minimum of -6.85%(sample no. 15) to a maximum of 27.5%(sample no. 74)

L172-174 in P9:

The paired t-test is one of the two sample t-test, and it is a test that verifies whether the two groups are different. The two populations are as follows.

— The paired t-test is one of the two sample t-tests, and it is a test that verifies whether the two groups are different. The two populations are as such.

L179-180 in P9:

the two groups have to satisfy the normality and homoscedasticity.

→ the two groups have to satisfy normality and homoscedasticity.

L181 in P9:

which can be satisfied the normality

 \longrightarrow which can satisfy normality

L205-206 in P10:

the efficiency as the follow formula. \longrightarrow the efficiency as the following formula.

L209 in P10:

in many number of products. \longrightarrow in many products.

L212 in P11:

for confidentiality of the company. \longrightarrow for company confidentiality reasons.

L216-218 in P11 : 저자에 김현민 교수님 있으므로 thanks to 에서 제외

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