Task-2:

For Task 2: Lookalike Model, the evaluation criteria are Model Accuracy and Logic and Quality of Recommendations and Similarity Scores. Below, I'll break down how to address these criteria and ensure your model meets the expectations.

1. Model Accuracy and Logic

What is Being Evaluated?

- The logic behind how the model calculates similarity between customers.
- The accuracy of the similarity scores and recommendations.

How to Ensure Good Model Accuracy and Logic:

1. Feature Engineering:

- Use meaningful features derived from customer profiles and transaction history. For example:
 - Total Spending: Total amount spent by the customer.
 - Average Order Value: Average amount spent per transaction.
 - Favorite Category: The most frequently purchased product category.
 - Region: Geographic location of the customer.
 - **Signup Date**: How long the customer has been active.
- Ensure that the features are normalized or standardized to avoid bias due to different scales.

2. Similarity Metric:

- Use cosine similarity or Euclidean distance to calculate similarity between customers based on their feature vectors.
- Cosine similarity is preferred for high-dimensional data and when the magnitude of the vectors is not important.

3. Model Logic:

- The model should compare each customer's feature vector with all other customers and rank them based on similarity scores.
- o Ensure that the logic is transparent and well-documented in the code.

4. Validation:

 Manually validate the recommendations for a few customers to ensure they make sense. For example: • If Customer A has a high similarity score with Customer B, check if they share similar purchasing behavior, favorite categories, or regions.

2. Quality of Recommendations and Similarity Scores

What is Being Evaluated?

- The relevance of the recommended customers.
- The consistency and interpretability of the similarity scores.

How to Ensure High-Quality Recommendations:

1. Top 3 Recommendations:

- For each customer, recommend the top 3 most similar customers based on the similarity score.
- Ensure that the recommendations are diverse and not just based on a single feature (e.g., region or total spending).

2. Similarity Scores:

- The similarity scores should be consistent and interpretable. For example:
 - A score of 0.9 indicates very high similarity, while a score of 0.2 indicates low similarity.
- Avoid recommending customers with very low similarity scores (e.g., below 0.5).

3. Business Relevance:

- The recommendations should make sense from a business perspective. For example:
 - If Customer A is a high-spending customer, the lookalikes should also be high-spending customers.
 - If Customer B frequently buys electronics, the lookalikes should also have a preference for electronics.

4. Visualization:

- Visualize the similarity scores and recommendations to ensure they are meaningful.
 For example:
 - Create a heatmap of the similarity matrix to see how customers are clustered.
 - Plot the top 3 recommendations for a few customers to validate their relevance.

```
[16]: from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine_similarity
          from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
          # Feature Engineering
          customer_features = merged_data.groupby('CustomerID').agg({
                'TotalValue': ['sum', 'mean'],
'Quantity': ['sum', 'mean'],
'Category': lambda x: x.mode()[0] # Most frequent category
          }).reset_index()
          customer_features.columns = ['CustomerID', 'TotalSpending', 'AvgOrderValue', 'TotalQuantity', 'AvgQuantity', 'FavoriteCategory']
customer_features = pd.merge(customer_features, customers, on='CustomerID')
customer_features = pd.get_dummies(customer_features, columns=['Region', 'FavoriteCategory'])
          scaler = StandardScaler()
          scaled_features = scaler.fit_transform(customer_features.drop(columns=['CustomerID', 'CustomerName', 'SignupDate']))
          # Calculate similarity matrix
          similarity_matrix = cosine_similarity(scaled_features)
          # Function to get top 3 lookalikes
def get_lookalikes(customer_index, similarity_matrix, top_n=3):
               similar_customers = similarity_matrix[customer_index]
top_indices = similar_customers.argsort()[-top_n-1:-1][::-1]
return [(customer_features.iloc[i]['CustomerID'], similar_customers[i]) for i in top_indices]
          # Generate lookalikes for the first 20 customers
          lookalike_results = {}
          for i in range(20):
               customer_id = customer_features.iloc[i]['CustomerID']
lookalike_results[customer_id] = get_lookalikes(i, similarity_matrix)
          lookalike_df = pd.DataFrame(lookalike_results).T.reset_index()
lookalike_df.columns = ['CustomerID', 'Lookalike1', 'Lookalike2', 'Lookalike3']
lookalike_df.to_csv('Lookalike.csv', index=False)
          print(lookalike_df)
```

```
CustomerID
                               Lookalike1
                                                            Lookalike2 \
0
       C0001 (C0048, 0.9843820492385122) (C0181, 0.9693125194066259)
       C0002 (C0088, 0.9638642709548509) (C0106, 0.9593287450084653)
1
2
       C0003 (C0195, 0.8990868232751801) (C0052, 0.8227483942774672)
       C0004 (C0165, 0.9558572139355662) (C0169, 0.9390884052790256)
3
              (C0186, 0.9924553804892453) (C0146, 0.9773165757486251)
4
       C0005
              (C0171, 0.974078345858161) (C0168, 0.9733141325378166)
5
       C0006
6
       C0007 (C0140, 0.9781779331673608) (C0115, 0.9709648587361617)
7
       C0008 (C0189, 0.8649924629195013) (C0038, 0.857493057016355)
8
       C0009 (C0198, 0.9786385778435766) (C0103, 0.9641913844451484)
9
       C0010 (C0111, 0.9759472769666288) (C0062, 0.9536136587201031)
10
       C0011 (C0126, 0.9402415462952101) (C0137, 0.9396244232766903)
       C0012 (C0104, 0.9745028319134471)
11
                                           (C0113, 0.969636506250873)
12
       C0013
              (C0099, 0.987385972692313) (C0108, 0.9425438438913867)
       C0014 (C0060, 0.9814367033020084) (C0172, 0.9099212543481435)
13
       C0015 (C0131, 0.9687632381579074) (C0036, 0.9126296913765485)
14
15
       C0016 (C0183, 0.9693792731049902) (C0067, 0.9521705892704551)
16
       C0017 (C0057, 0.9367907248292845) (C0075, 0.9333417280809972)
17
       C0018 (C0117, 0.9107029543056708)
                                          (C0046, 0.874190527279122)
       C0019 (C0121, 0.9647740462173685) (C0081, 0.8792364639432088)
18
       C0020 (C0050, 0.9106752005466154) (C0035, 0.847633520335308)
19
```

Lookalike3

- 0 (C0190, 0.9534908488044361)
- (C0056, 0.9448750465323151) 1
- 2 (C0151, 0.797171898356219)
- 3 (C0153, 0.9369436540306584)
- 4 (C0007, 0.9501438612455692)
- 5 (C0153, 0.8823178362241069) (C0005, 0.9501438612455692) 6
- 7
- (C0160, 0.8321817717190918)
- 8 (C0061, 0.8517420047693066)
- 9 (C0061, 0.7492527143714895)
- 10 (C0153, 0.9361199750113831)
- 11 (C0195, 0.9669138567928879)
- 12 (C0107, 0.8493293619866377)
- 13 (C0164, 0.8376471939840633)
- (C0094, 0.903577090392509)
- (C0042, 0.9518825893794081) 16 (C0081, 0.8852170735476687)
- 17 (C0185, 0.8250255793045433)
- 18 (C0132, 0.8174497597370606)
- 19 (C0026, 0.8472433765776954)