

Exploratory Data Analysis on Customer Purchase Behaviour Analysis

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AIM:

To analyze customer churn patterns and uncover factors influencing customer retention and attrition. The goal is to identify key drivers of churn and provide actionable insights to improve customer experience, reduce churn, and optimize business decisions.

Dataset Overview:

- Rows & Columns: 3,900 Rows, 18 Columns
- Column Types:
- 13 Categorical Columns:
- 'Gender', 'Item Purchased', 'Category', 'Location', 'Size', 'Color', 'Season', 'Subscription Status', 'Shipping Type', 'Discount Applied', 'Promo Code Used', 'Payment Method', 'Frequency of Purchases'
- 5 Numerical Columns:
- 'Customer ID', 'Age', 'Purchase Amount (USD)', 'Review Rating', 'Previous Purchases'
- Missing Data: 37 values in the Review Rating column

Key Features:

Customer demographics (Age, Gender, Location, Subscription Status)

Purchase details (Item Purchased, Category, Purchase Amount, Season, Size, Color)

Shopping behaviour (Discount Applied, Promo Code Used, Previous Purchases, Frequency of Purchases, Review Rating, Shipping Type)

Data Types and Missing Values:

The dataset contains 3900 records and 18 columns.

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Customer ID	3900 non-null	int64
1	Age	3900 non-null	int64
2	Gender	3900 non-null	object
3	Item Purchased	3900 non-null	object
4	Category	3900 non-null	object
5	Purchase Amount (USD)	3900 non-null	int64
6	Location	3900 non-null	object
7	Size	3900 non-null	object
8	Color	3900 non-null	object
9	Season	3900 non-null	object
10	Review Rating	3863 non-null	float64
11	Subscription Status	3900 non-null	object
12	Shipping Type	3900 non-null	object
13	Discount Applied	3900 non-null	object
14	Promo Code Used	3900 non-null	object
15	Previous Purchases	3900 non-null	int64
16	Payment Method	3900 non-null	object
17	Frequency of Purchases	3900 non-null	object

dtypes: float64(1), int64(4), object(13)
memory usage: 548.6+ KB

Review Rating → has missing values
(because some rows had Nan values)

Customer ID	0
Age	0
Gender	0
Item Purchased	0
Category	0
Purchase Amount (USD)	0
Location	0
Size	0
Color	0
Season	0
Review Rating	37 ←
Subscription Status	0
Shipping Type	0
Discount Applied	0
Promo Code Used	0
Previous Purchases	0
Payment Method	0
Frequency of Purchases	0

Data Types and Missing Values:

- Identifiers → Customer ID → string / categorical
- Categorical Columns:
'Gender', 'Item Purchased', 'Category', 'Location', 'Size', 'Color', 'Season', 'Subscription Status', 'Shipping Type', 'Discount Applied', 'Promo Code Used', 'Payment Method', 'Frequency of Purchases'
- Numerical Columns:
'Customer ID', 'Age', 'Purchase Amount (USD)', 'Review Rating', 'Previous Purchases'

KEY FIELD DISTRIBUTIONS

- Subscription Status → Majority “Yes” subscribers (around 70–75%), smaller group “No” → unsubscribed customers show lower purchase frequency.
- Age → Most customers fall between 20–40 years, with fewer older shoppers → slightly right-skewed.
- Gender → Fairly balanced distribution between Male and Female customers.
- Purchase Amount (USD) → Ranges widely from about \$20 to \$120 → higher purchase amounts often linked to loyal or frequent shoppers.
- Category → Dominated by *Clothing*, followed by *Footwear* and *Accessories* → Spending is highest in Clothing.
- Payment Method → Popular methods include *Credit Card*, *PayPal*, and *Venmo* → “Cash” users are fewer and typically spend less.
- Shipping Type → “Free Shipping” is most common, while “Next Day Air” and “Express” are used by higher-spending customers.
- Discount Applied → Majority of transactions have discounts → Discount users show higher frequency of purchases.
- Promo Code Used → Used in a significant portion of purchases, often linked with higher loyalty.
- Frequency of Purchases → Most customers purchase *Weekly* or *Fortnightly*, with fewer *Annual* buyers.
- Review Rating → Mostly between 3 and 4 stars → moderate satisfaction overall.
- Previous Purchases → Right-skewed, many customers with few past purchases, fewer long-term repeat buyers.
- Season → Spring and Winter dominate, possibly indicating seasonal trends in clothing and accessories.

Data Quality Issues:

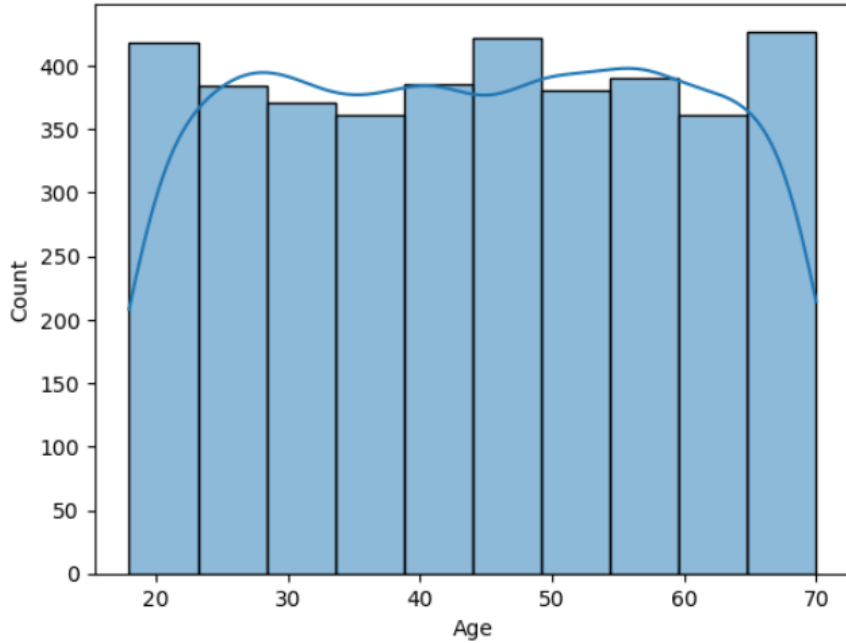
Missing Values

- *Review Rating* contains 37 missing values → should be imputed using the median for numerical stability.
- Outliers
- No significant outliers detected in numeric fields (*Age, Purchase Amount, Previous Purchases*).
- Data Type Inconsistencies
- No incorrect data types found, though all categorical fields (e.g., *Gender, Category, Payment Method*) are stored as objects and will require encoding before modelling.
- Categorical Encoding
- Columns like *Gender, Subscription Status, Shipping Type, Discount Applied, and Payment Method* require label or one-hot encoding for model training.

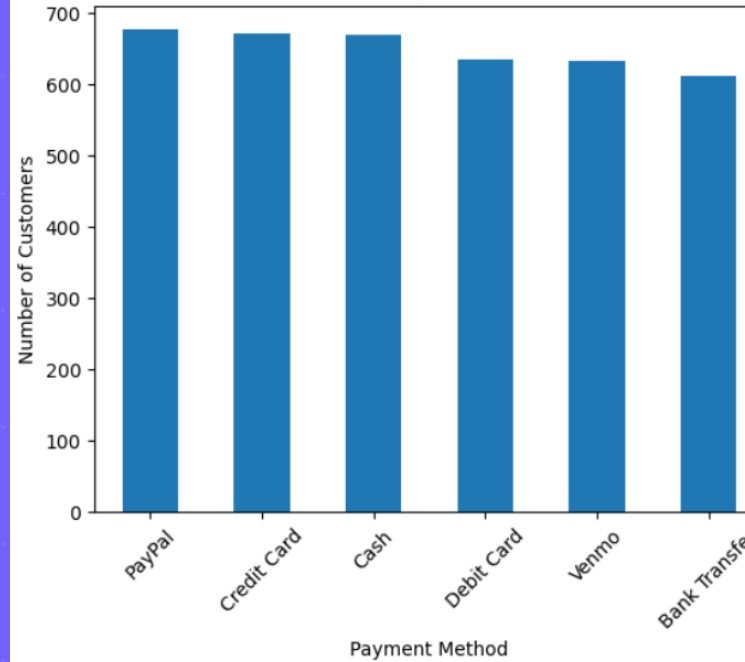
Data Visualization

Univariate Analysis:

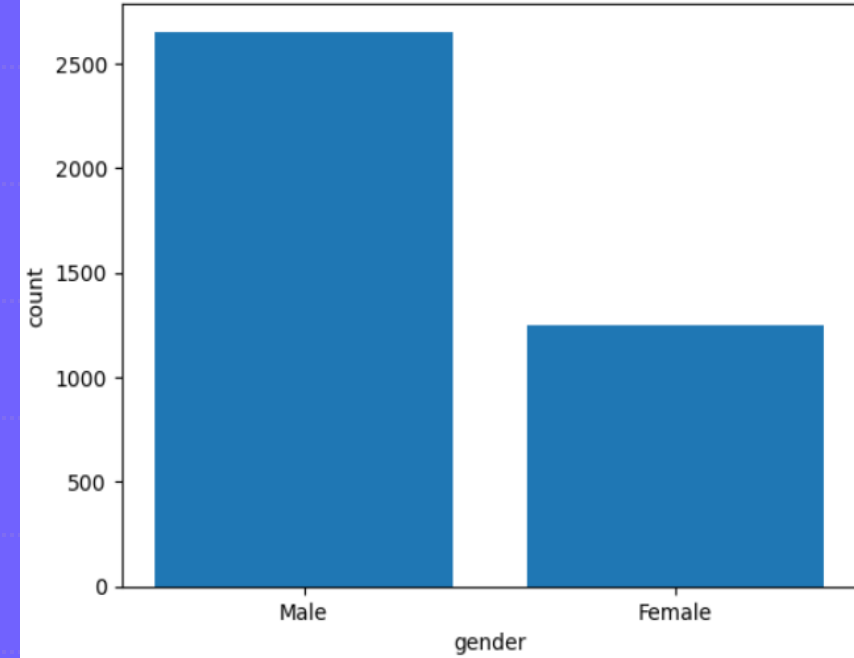
Age Distribution of Customers



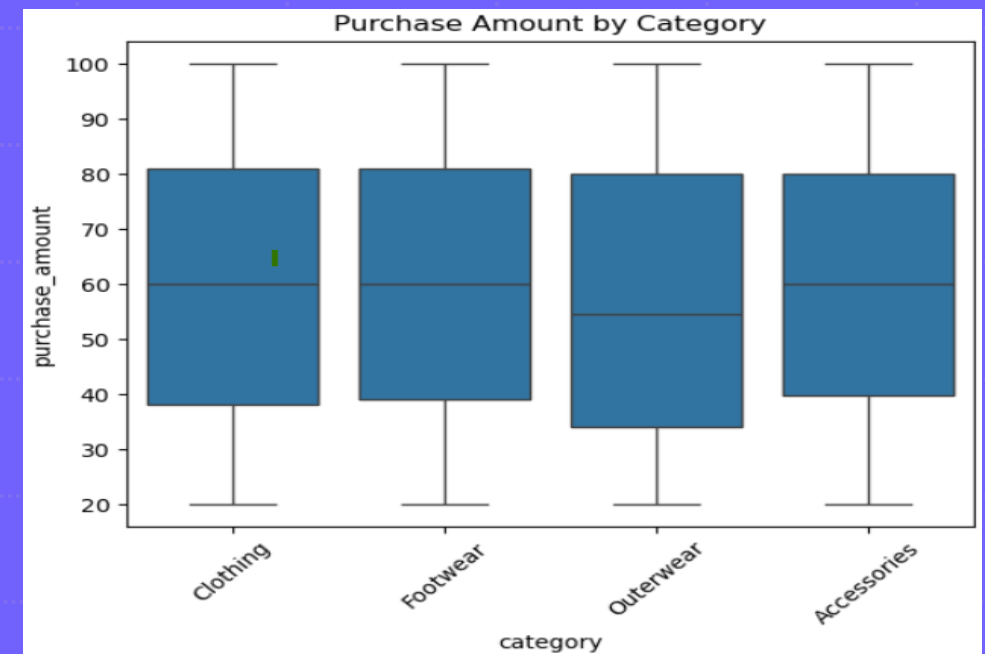
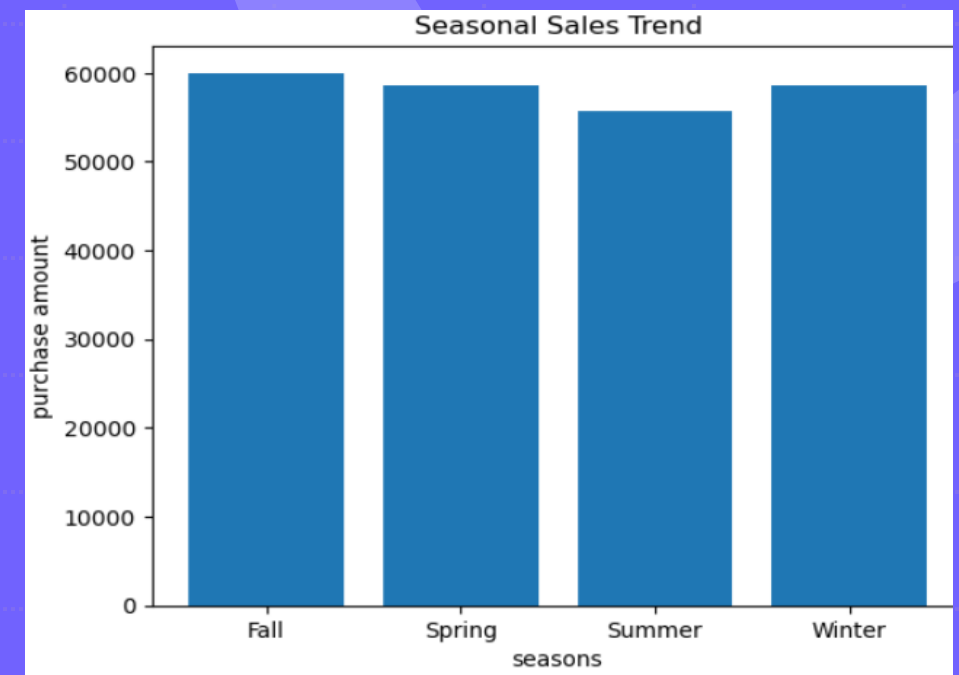
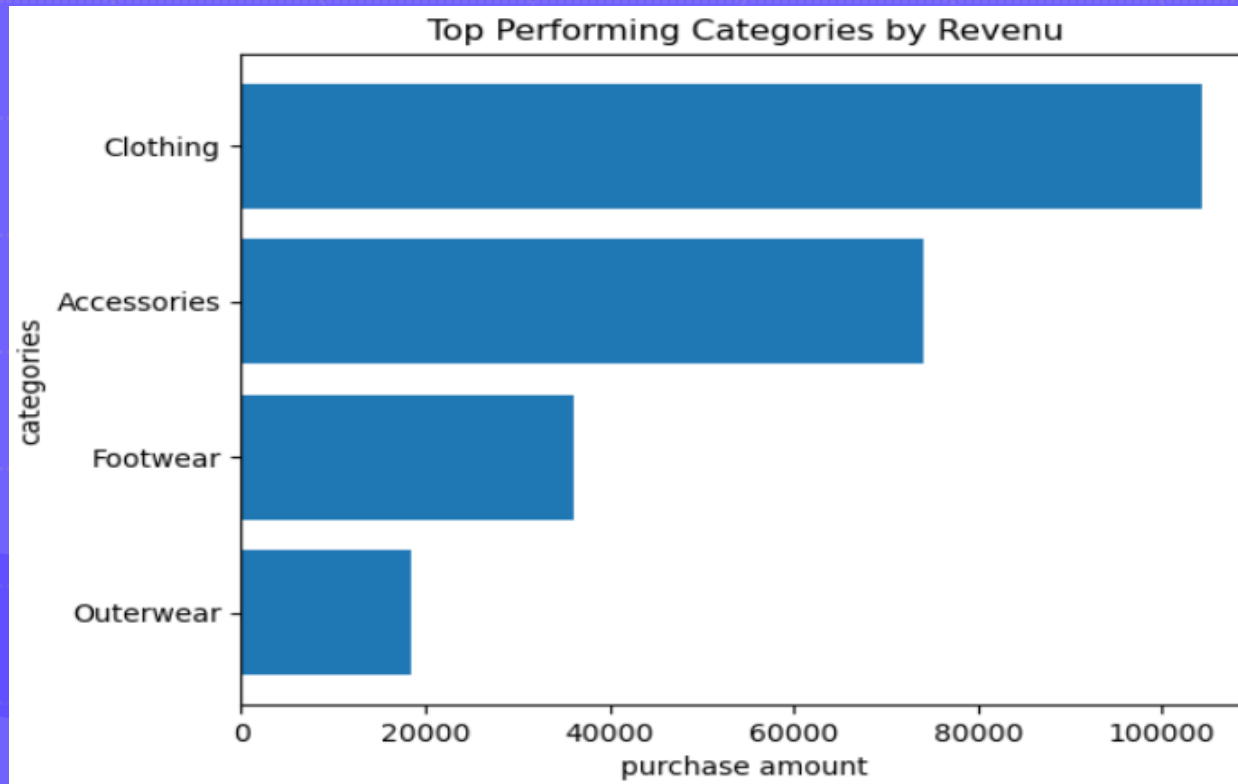
Most Used Payment Methods

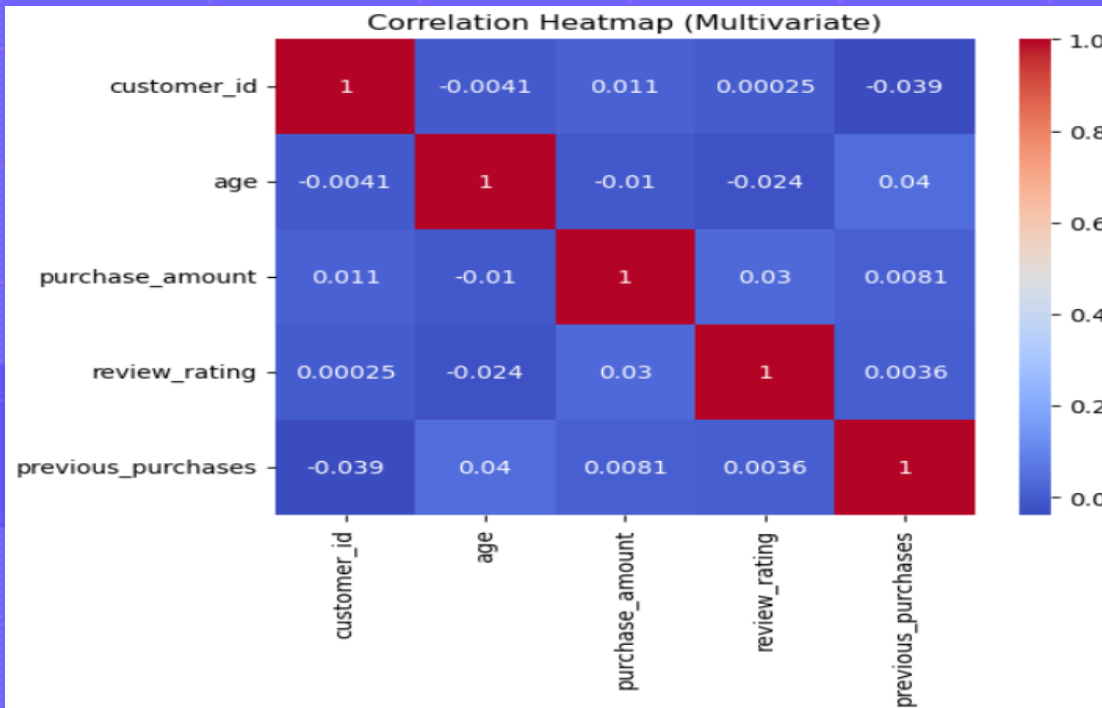
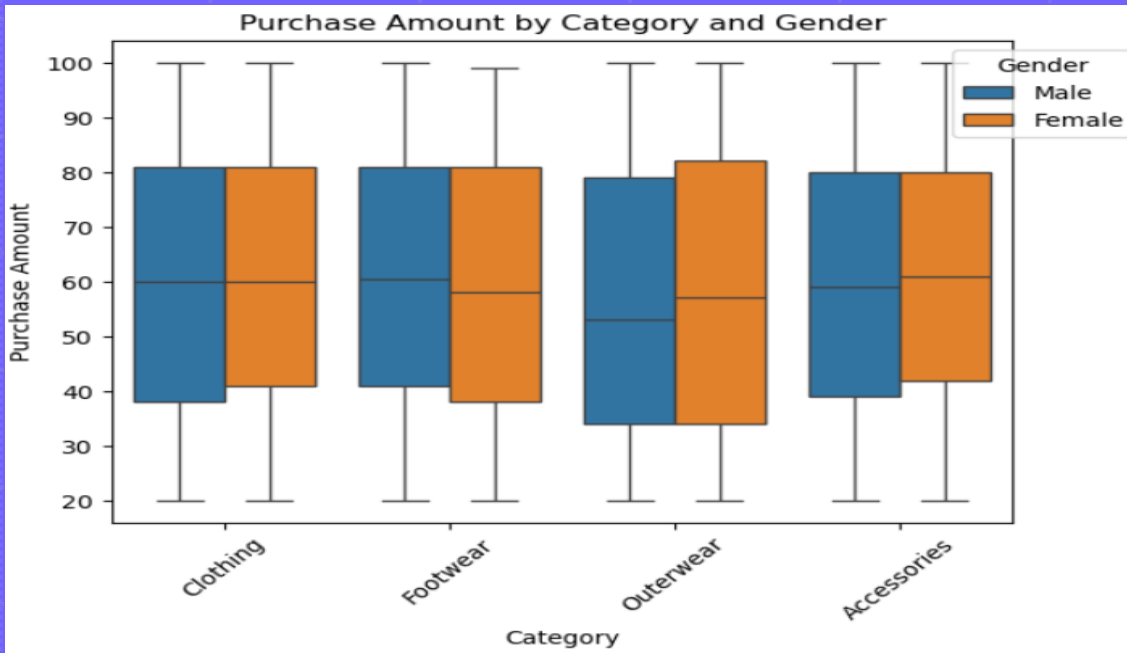


Gender Distribution

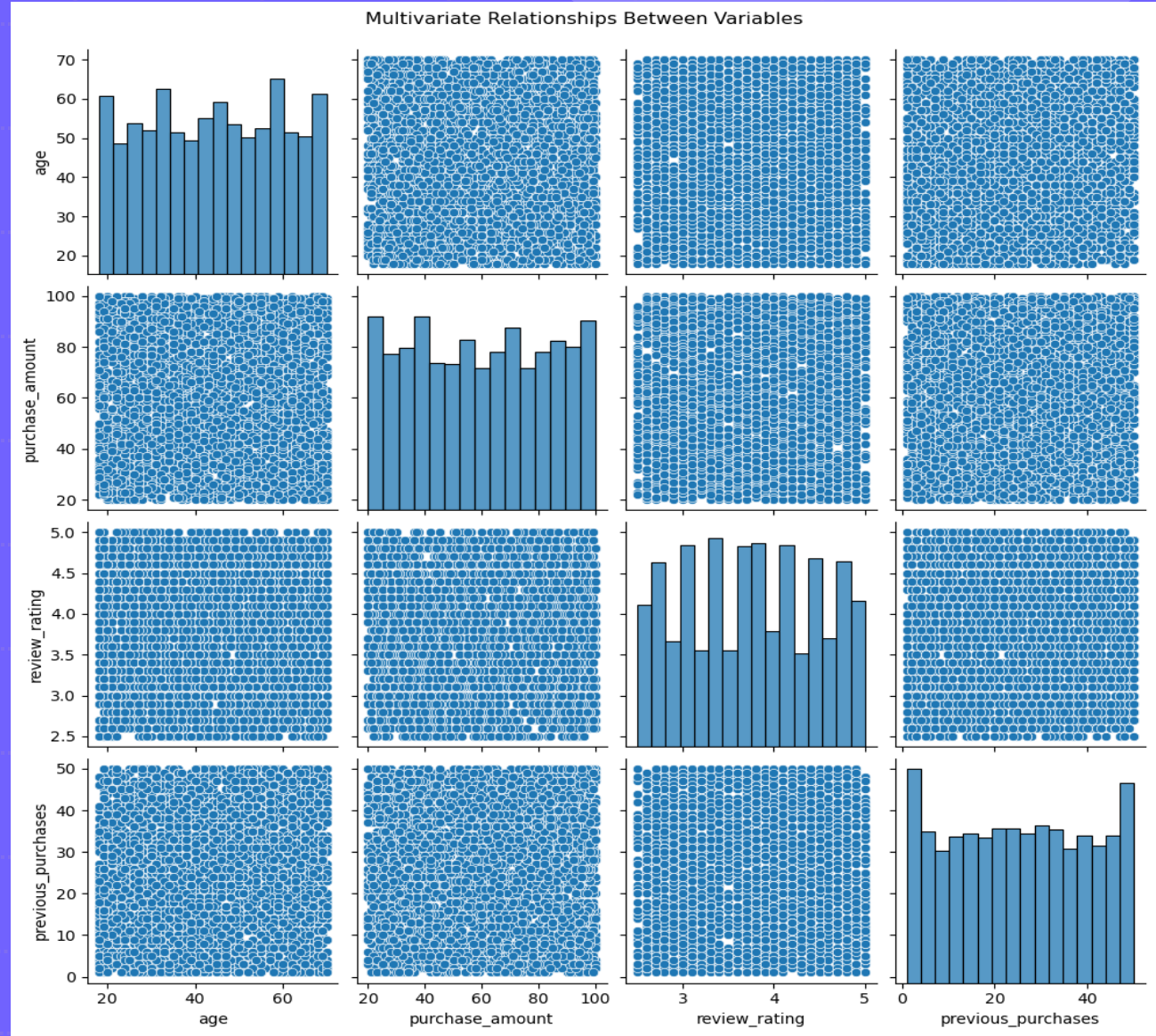


Bivariate Analysis:





Multivariate Analysis:



Insights:

Most customers are between 20 and 40 years old, forming the core active buyer group.

- **Customers with subscriptions tend to purchase more frequently and spend higher amounts.**
- **Weekly and fortnightly buyers show greater loyalty compared to annual shoppers.**
- **Discounts and promo codes strongly influence purchase frequency, encouraging repeat transactions.**
- **Clothing dominates sales, followed by Footwear and Accessories, showing fashion-related buying trends.**
- **Customers using digital payments (Credit Card, PayPal, Venmo) spend more and buy more often than cash users.**
- **Free Shipping is preferred by most, though customers opting for Express or Next Day Air tend to make larger purchases.**
- **Review ratings are mostly moderate (3–4), indicating average satisfaction and potential scope for service improvement.**
- **Customers with more previous purchases exhibit consistent buying behaviour, reflecting brand loyalty.**
- **Seasonal patterns show increased activity in Spring and Winter, suggesting seasonal demand peaks.**

Recommendations:

- **Enhance Customer Loyalty Early**
Provide personalised welcome offers and loyalty points for new customers, encouraging repeat purchases during their first few interactions.
- **Strengthen Subscription Benefits**
Offer exclusive discounts, early access to new collections, or free shipping for subscribers to maintain engagement and boost retention.
- **Leverage Discounts Strategically**
While discounts drive purchases, monitor their frequency to maintain profitability. Introduce targeted promotions for high-value or inactive customers.
- **Optimize Payment Experience**
Encourage the use of secure digital payments (Credit Card, PayPal, Venmo) by offering cashback or reward points, reducing dependency on cash transactions.
- **Improve Customer Satisfaction**
Use product reviews and feedback data to identify improvement areas. Focus on products with lower ratings to enhance customer trust and repeat buying.
- **Seasonal Marketing Campaigns**
Increase marketing efforts during Spring and Winter when purchase activity peaks, aligning promotions with seasonal trends and top-selling categories.



**Thank
You!**