# Test a Perceptual Phenomenon\_project

January 24, 2019

```
In [87]: import math
    import pandas as pd
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import numpy as np
    import seaborn as sns
    from scipy.stats import t
    %matplotlib inline
```

### 0.0.1 Analyzing the Stroop Effect

Perform the analysis in the space below. Remember to follow the instructions and review the project rubric before submitting. Once you've completed the analysis and write-up, download this file as a PDF or HTML file, upload that PDF/HTML into the workspace here (click on the orange Jupyter icon in the upper left then Upload), then use the Submit Project button at the bottom of this page. This will create a zip file containing both this .ipynb doc and the PDF/HTML doc that will be submitted for your project.

(1) What is the independent variable? What is the dependent variable?

```
-write answer here-INDEPENDENT - Word Condition (Congruent or Incongruent)DEPENDENT - Response Time in seconds
```

(2) What is an appropriate set of hypotheses for this task? Specify your null and alternative hypotheses, and clearly define any notation used. Justify your choices.

-write answer here-

Ho - Null Hypothesis: ( i - c = 0 ) There is no significant difference in the population average response time in viewing the congruent(c) words vs viewing the incongruent(i) words.

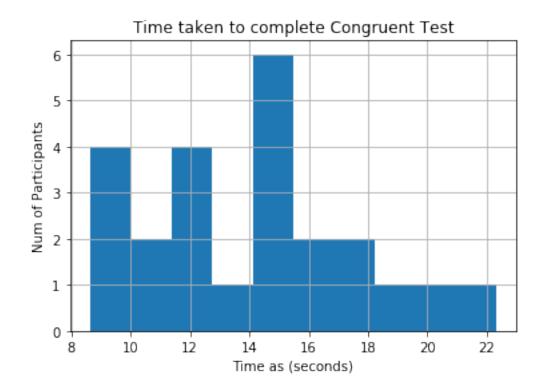
Ha - Alternative Hypothesis: (i - c 0) There is a significant difference, positive or negative, in the population average response times.

The Dependent Samples t-Test is the appropriate statistical test as the same subjects are assigned two different conditions. The different conditions are dependent because, in theory, by doing the first test you have some practice doing it and you might have an unfair advantage due to this learning effect in doing the similar type of test second. In addition, we don't have any population parameters provided (so a z-test would not be appropriate here).

(3) Report some descriptive statistics regarding this dataset. Include at least one measure of central tendency and at least one measure of variability. The name of the data file is 'stroop-data.csv'.

```
In [88]: df = pd.read_csv('./stroopdata.csv')
        print(df.mean(axis=0))
        print(df.std(axis=0))
        print("std for congruent {0:.3f}".format(np.std(df['Congruent'].values)))
        print("std for Incongruent {0:.3f}".format(np.std(df['Incongruent'].values)))
Congruent
               14.051125
Incongruent
               22.015917
dtype: float64
Congruent
               3.559358
Incongruent
               4.797057
dtype: float64
std for congruent 3.484
std for Incongruent 4.696
In [89]: # Describe shows a quick statistic summary of provided dataset
        df.describe()
Out[89]:
                Congruent Incongruent
         count 24.000000
                             24.000000
        mean
                14.051125
                             22.015917
                             4.797057
        std
                3.559358
        min
                8.630000
                             15.687000
        25%
                11.895250
                             18.716750
        50%
                14.356500
                             21.017500
        75%
                16.200750
                             24.051500
        max
                22.328000
                             35.255000
```

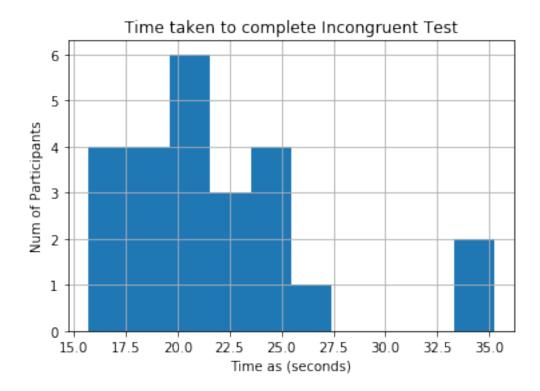
(4) Provide one or two visualizations that show the distribution of the sample data. Write one or two sentences noting what you observe about the plot or plots.



### -write answer here-

The histogram shows that largest number of participants 6 took between 14 and 16 seconds to complete the congruent test. This group is in the middle of the distribution indicating a fairly normally distributed sample.

```
In [91]: df['Incongruent'].hist()
    plt.xlabel('Time as (seconds)')
    plt.ylabel('Num of Participants')
    plt.title('Time taken to complete Incongruent Test');
```



The histogram shows that the largest number of participants 6 took around 20 seconds to complete the incongruent test. Two participants took exceptionally long time to complete the test more than 33 seconds. They might be outliers.

(5) Now, perform the statistical test and report your results. What is your confidence level or Type I error associated with your test? What is your conclusion regarding the hypotheses you set up? Did the results match up with your expectations? **Hint:** Think about what is being measured on each individual, and what statistic best captures how an individual reacts in each environment.

Lo -1 .		001101		
	0	12.079	19.278	-7.199
	1	16.791	18.741	-1.950
	2	9.564	21.214	-11.650
	3	8.630	15.687	-7.057
	4	14.669	22.803	-8.134
	5	12.238	20.878	-8.640
	6	14.692	24.572	-9.880
	7	8.987	17.394	-8.407
	8	9.401	20.762	-11.361
	9	14.480	26.282	-11.802
	10	22.328	24.524	-2.196
	11	15.298	18.644	-3.346
	12	15.073	17.510	-2.437
	13	16.929	20.330	-3.401
	14	18.200	35.255	-17.055
	15	12.130	22.158	-10.028
	16	18.495	25.139	-6.644
	17	10.639	20.429	-9.790
	18	11.344	17.425	-6.081
	19	12.369	34.288	-21.919
	20	12.944	23.894	-10.950
	21	14.233	17.960	-3.727
	22	19.710	22.058	-2.348
	23	16.004	21.157	-5.153

In [97]: print("standard deviation for congruent {0:.4f}".format(df['difference'].std(axis=0)) standard deviation for congruent 4.8648

- -For two tailed t-test at 95% confidence level
- -Sample size(n) = 24
- -Degree Of Freedom(df) = 23
- -t critical (tcritical) = 2.069
- -Standard Deviation(SD) = 4.8648
- -Mean of difference data (x) = -7.9648
- -Confidance Interval(CI) at 95% level = (-10.019028, -5.910555)
- (6) Optional: What do you think is responsible for the effects observed? Can you think of an alternative or similar task that would result in a similar effect? Some research about the problem will be helpful for thinking about these two questions!

#### -write answer here-

t-statistic (8.02) is greater than the critical value (2.069), So we can reject the null hypothesis. Which matches up with what we expected, That it takes much less time to do the congruent task than it does to do the incongruent task.

## 0.0.2 References

http://www.statisticshowto.com/when-to-use-a-t-score-vs-z-score/

In []:

In []: