

# Problem Set # 1

*Due Date: Thursday Sept 21 in ELMS*

## Reading Assignment

1. Handout: Ordinary Differential Equations I (Posted on ELMS)
2. Handout: Ordinary Differential Equations II (Posted on ELMS)

## Instructions:

- Please write clearly and show all your work. Credit will be given for all correct steps.
- The assignment will be submitted via ELMS.

**Problem 1 (10pts):** Find the values of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  that make

$$dF(x, y) = \left( \frac{1}{x^2 + 2} + \frac{\alpha}{y} \right) dx + (xy^\beta + 1) dy$$

an **Exact Differential**. For these values solve the ODE  $dF(x, y) = 0$ .

**Problem 2 (10pts):** A series electric circuit contains a resistance  $R$ , a capacitance  $C$  and a battery supplying a time-varying electromotive force  $V(t)$ . The charge  $q$  on the capacitor therefore obeys the equation

$$R \frac{dq}{dt} + \frac{q}{C} = V(t)$$

Assuming that initially there is no charge on the capacitor, and given that  $V(t) = V_0 \sin(\omega t)$ , find the charge on the capacitor as a function of time.

**Problem 3 (10pts):** By finding an appropriate **Integrating Factor** solve the equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = - \frac{2x^2 + y^2 + x}{xy}$$

**Problem 4 (20pts):** Solve the following equations using the **Method of Undetermined Coefficients** for the stated boundary conditions:

(a)  $\frac{d^2 f}{dt^2} + 2 \frac{df}{dt} + 5f = 0$ , with  $f(0) = 1, f'(0) = 0$

(b)  $\frac{d^2 f}{dt^2} + 2 \frac{df}{dt} + 5f = e^{-t} \cos(3t)$ , with  $f(0) = 0, f'(0) = 0$

**Problem 5 (10pts):** Using the **Method of Laplace Transforms** solve the following differential equation:

$$y''(t) + y(t) = \sin(2t)$$

satisfying the initial conditions:

$$y(0) = 2, \quad y'(0) = 1$$

**Problem 6 (10pts):** Find the general solution of the following third-order linear differential equation by using the **Method of Undetermined Coefficients**

$$\frac{d^3 y}{dx^3} + 3\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 3\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 30e^{-x}$$

**Problem 7 (20pts):** Use the **Method of Variation of Parameters** to find the solution of the following equations:

(a)  $y'' - y = x^n$

(b)  $y'' + y = \tan(x), \quad 0 < x < \pi/2$

**Hint:**  $\int x^n e^{-x} dx = -e^{-x} n! \sum_{m=0}^n \frac{x^m}{m!}$