# **COURSERA CAPSTONE FINAL REPORT**

April 4, 2020

Prepared by: Mohammed Saidul Islam

## Contents

1	<b>Business Problem Description</b>	3
2	Overview of the Dataset	3
3	Methodology	4
4	Analysis on the Data	4
5	Results and Discussion	10
6	Conclusion	10

### 1 BUSINESS PROBLEM DESCRIPTION

The business problem that is addressed in this notebook is that, **if a person wants to open a new coffee shop** in a city in Canada, then what are the things that he/she has to look into before opening the shop. Here, by analyzing and exploring all of the Neighborhoods in the **Boroughs(North York, East York and York)** in the city **Vaughan**, he can get useful insights about the **venues** present in the neighborhoods. If he/she can find a neighborhood where no coffee shop is present currently he/she could try to establish one in that neighborhood. Also, he/she has to explore the neighboring neighborhoods to get more better insights for his/her business.

In this case, the stakeholders are himself/herself and the people in the neighborhoods. As he/she will be the **owner** of the coffee shop, and he/she wants to make profit off of it, he/she needs to analyze all the neighborhoods near the city. So, he/she will be the **internal stakeholder**.

And the customer will be the consumers. The popularity and prosperity of his/her business will very much depend of the customers' mood, whether they like the coffee shop or not, whether they like the services given by the employees or not. So, the **customers** will be the **external stakeholder** of the business.

#### 2 OVERVIEW OF THE DATASET

The **dataset** that I am working on is the **Neighborhood data of Canada** according to their **postal codes**. It has been downloaded from the wikipedia page: Canada Postal codes. To scrape the webpage, I have used the **"beautifulsoup4"** library. The dataset consists of **three columns**, namely, **PostalCode** ==>refers to the postal code of each of the Neighborhood, **Borough** ==>the Borough in which the Neighborhood is situated, and **Neighborhood** ==>the name of the Neighborhood. To explore each of the Neighborhoods, where all of the **coffee shops, parks, restaurants** and **other venues**, the **Foursquare API** has been used. To use the Foursquare API I needed the **latitude** and the **longitude** values of each of the Neighborhoods. The latitude and the longitude values are collected from this website.

### 3 METHODOLOGY

As the business problem revolves around opening a coffee shop in a neighborhood in city of Vaughan in Canada, at first step the relevant **boroughs** are selected. The boroughs are: **North York, East York and York**.

In the second step, **all the neighborhoods** that resides in the boroughs selected have been figured out. After that, using the **foursquare API**, the **venues** that are residing in those neighborhoods are found out.

In the next step, **filtering** of the neighborhoods have been done based on the criteria on the absence of coffee shops. This results in the neighborhoods in those boroughs that does not have any coffee shops in them.

Finally, a **clustering technique** (**k-means clustering**) was used to find the clusters of similar neighborhoods. The clustering gives the necessary insight that is needed to find a place where if the coffee shop is established would result in **higher profit and customer satisfaction** for the owner.

#### 4 ANALYSIS ON THE DATA

At first the selected neighborhoods are one hot encoded based on the data collected from the foursquare API.



Figure 1: One hot encoded data

Then the neighborhoods are grouped by the mean of the one-hot values.

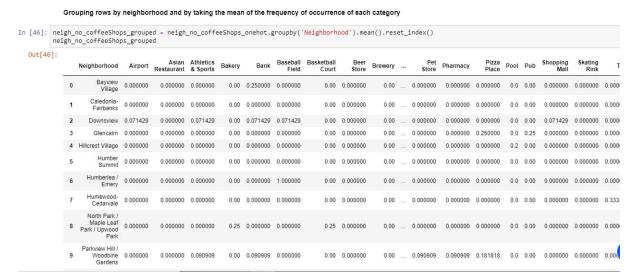


Figure 2: Group by data

In the next step, top five venues of each neighborhoods are generated.

**Figure 3:** Top 5 venues in neighborhoods

In the following step, the neighborhoods are merged and the venues are sorted in descending order based on their frequency values.



Figure 4: Sorted venues

Then, a clustering technique is used to cluster the neighborhoods and a map is generated based on the clusters.

#### Part 07: Clustering the Neighborhoods

```
Running K-means clustering algorithm to cluster the neighborhoods

In [51]: # setting number of clusters kclusters = 5

neigh_no_coffeeShops_grouped_clustering = neigh_no_coffeeShops_grouped.drop('Neighborhood', 1)

# running k-means clustering kmeans = KNeans(n_clusters=kclusters, random_state=0).fit(neigh_no_coffeeShops_grouped_clustering)

# checking cluster labeLs generated for each row in the dataframe kmeans.labels_[0:10]

Out[51]: array([0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 4, 0, 0], dtype=int32)

In [52]: # adding clustering labeLs neighborhoods_venues_sorted.insert(0, 'Cluster Labels', kmeans.labels_)

neigh_no_coffeeShops_merged = neigh_no_coffeeShops

# merging neigh_no_coffeeShops_grouped with neigh_no_coffeeShops to add latitude/longitude for each neighborhood neigh_no_coffeeShops_merged = neigh_no_coffeeShops_merged.join(neighborhoods_venues_sorted.set_index('Neighborhood')) neigh_no_coffeeShops_merged.head()
```

Figure 5: Clustering the neighborhoods

2]:	Neighborhood	Neighborhood Latitude	Neighborhood Longitude	Venue	Venue Latitude	Venue Longitude	Venue Category	Cluster Labels	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue	4th Most Common Venue	5th Most Common Venue	6th Most Common Venue		8th Mos Commo Venu
0	Parkwoods	43.753259	-79.329656	Brookbanks Park	43.751976	-79.332140	Park	3	Food & Drink Shop	Park	Café	Empanada Restaurant	Dog Run	Discount Store	Dance Studio	Curlin
1	Parkwoods	43.753259	-79.329656	Variety Store	43.751974	-79.333114	Food & Drink Shop	3	Food & Drink Shop	Park	Café	Empanada Restaurant	Dog Run	Discount Store	Dance Studio	Curlin
2	Parkview Hill / Woodbine Gardens	43.706397	-79.309937	Jawny Bakers	43.705783	-79.312913	Gastropub	0	Pizza Place	Bus Line	Fast Food Restaurant	Athletics & Sports	Bank	Pharmacy	Pet Store	Gastropu
3	Parkview Hill / Woodbine Gardens	43.706397	-79.309937	East York Gymnastics	43.710654	-79.309279	Gym / Fitness Center	0	Pizza Place	Bus Line	Fast Food Restaurant	Athletics & Sports	Bank	Pharmacy	Pet Store	Gastropu
4	Parkview Hill / Woodbine Gardens	43.706397	-79.309937	Shoppers Drug Mart	43.705933	-79.312825	Pharmacy	0	Pizza Place	Bus Line	Fast Food Restaurant	Athletics & Sports	Bank	Pharmacy	Pet Store	Gastropu

Figure 6: Result of the clustering

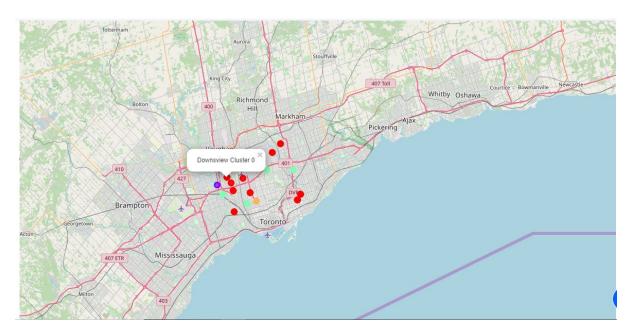


Figure 7: Map showing different neighborhood clusters

Finally, the clusters are examined and based on the result, clusters of neighborhoods are chosen based on their business potential.



Figure 8: Cluster 1 data



Figure 9: Cluster 2 data



Figure 10: Cluster 3 data



Figure 11: Cluster 4 data



Figure 12: Cluster 5 data

From our cluster analysis, we can see that the neighborhoods that falls in cluster 0 and cluster 3 has more venues in them than the other clusters. So, those neighborhoods might have

Figure 13: Potential clusters of neighborhoods

### 5 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

So the cluster analysis results in 5 clusters of neighborhoods present in the boroughs of: North York, East York and York. To select the neighborhoods that would be perfect for opening a coffee shop two neighborhoods clusters have been selected, namely **cluster 0** and **cluster 3**. In cluster 0, the neighborhoods present are: 'Parkview Hill / Woodbine Gardens', 'Glencairn', 'Woodbine Heights', 'Hillcrest Village', 'Bayview Village', 'Downsview', 'North Park / Maple Leaf Park / Upwood Park', 'Runnymede / The Junction North'.

In cluster 3, the neighborhoods present are: 'Parkwoods', 'Caledonia-Fairbanks', 'Weston', 'York Mills West'.

Although they fall in the same cluster, the distance between neighborhoods in cluster 3 is much greater than the neighborhoods in cluster 0.

So neighborhoods in cluster 0 would be a good choice for a potential neighborhood to open a coffee shop based on business perspective. Remember, the data that have been worked on, consists only of the neighborhoods that does not have any coffee shops in them. From the map analysis of the clusters it is found that the **Downsview** neighborhood might be the best choice in cluster 0.

#### 6 CONCLUSION

Although the dataset consists of neighborhood data of every city in Canada and the foursquare API has been used to find out all the venues residing in those neighborhoods, but lack of population data, population density data in the neighborhoods certainly limit the capability to get a proper analysis of the business potential of each neighborhood. But, based on the current data, it can be said that, **Downsview** is a good choice to open a coffee shop in the city of Vaughan.