

— How Did the World Population Change Historically?

Short answer — First slowly. Then fast.

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By the time agriculture was invented the total number of people on earth was just like one of the big cities today: Bangkok, London or Rio de Janeiro.

10 million

-9000

-8000

-7000

World population increased slowly. By the year 0 it was like Indonesia today.

250 million

-1000

year 0

1000

It took about 7 million years for the human population to reach 1 billion. Then something happened.



1400

1600

1800

2000

The industrial revolution changed the world. More and more children started surviving to become parents.

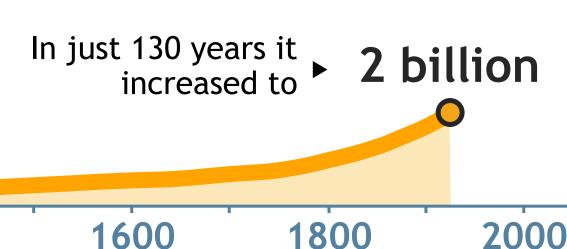
1 billion

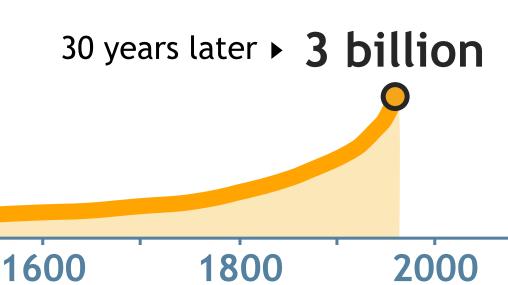


1600

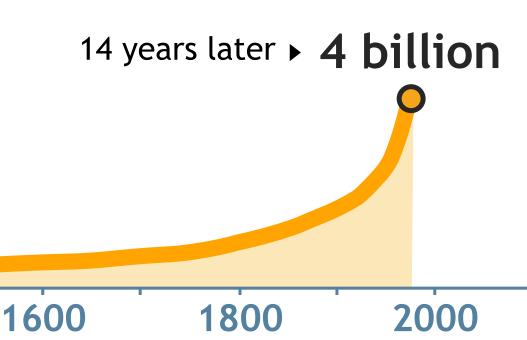
1800

2000

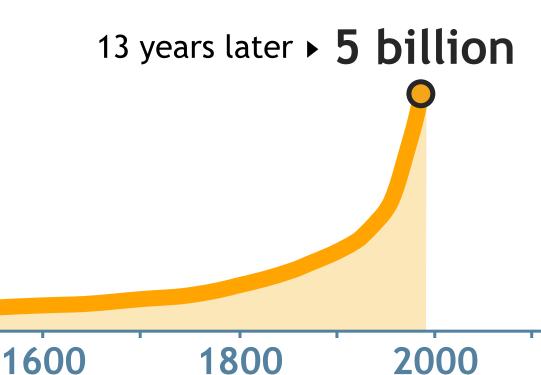




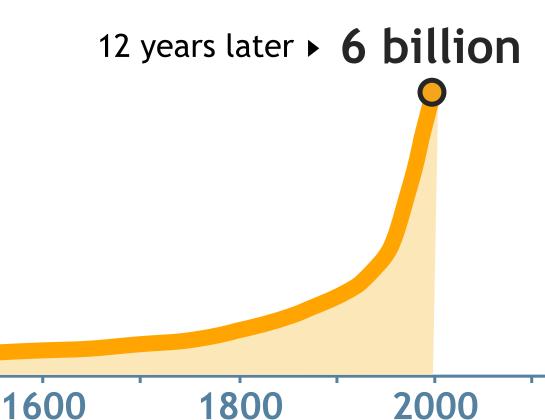
Sources: Biraben 1980; McEvedy & Jones 1978; UN World Pop. Prosp. 2012; combined by Gapminder.



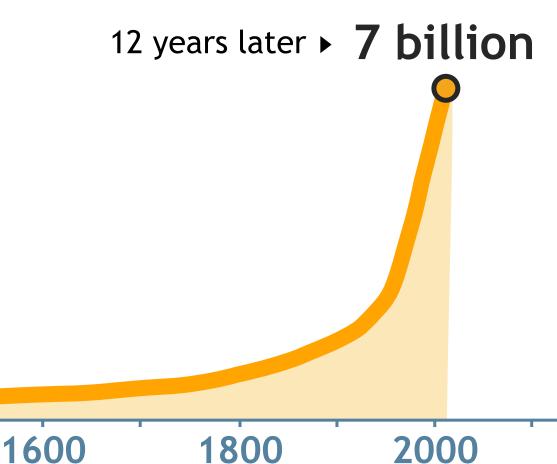
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World population

This line gives the impression that world population will just continue to grow.

But it won't.

1400

1600

1800

2000

World population

Across the world women are having less and less babies. The total number of children in the world has already stopped increasing.

1400

1600

1800

2000

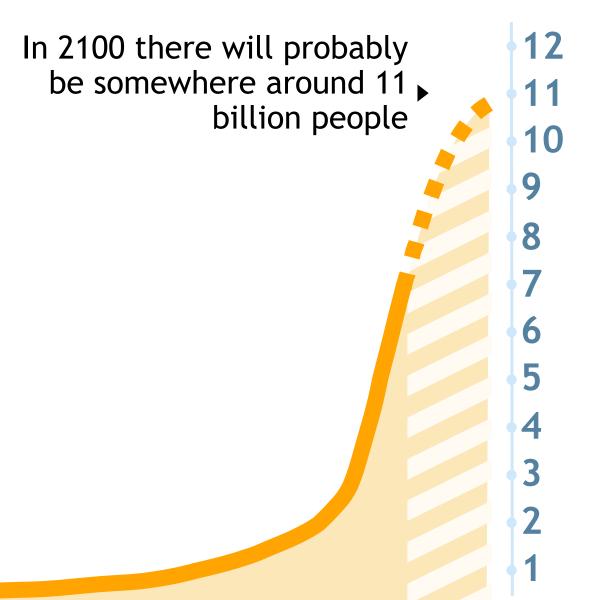
UN World Population Forecast Billion people

Therefore, UN experts predict the fast growth will slow down in the second half of this century.

1400 1600 1800 2000

UN World Population Forecast

Billion people



1400

1600

1800

2000

RELATED QUESTIONS



Why will the world population continue to grow fast?

Short answer — More adults

The future fast growth is not due to the same reasons as the fast growth historically. In the future, people will indeed survive longer, but life expectancy is only going to increase a little bit. And the number of children in the world is expected to remain stable. The main reason for the future fast growth is the highly predictable fill-up of adults, as larger young generations grow older as explained in another slideshow.



How did babies per woman change historically?

Short answer — It dropped

Throughout history, women on average have given birth to more than 5 babies. But in the 1960's the number suddenly started dropping. Today it's down to less than three. Most likely it will continue to drop down to two or even below.



How reliable is the world population forecast?

Short answer — Very reliable

Already back in the 1950's the UN Population experts were able to predict very precisely the population growth for the next 50 years. The forecasts made today predict that by the end of the century, there will be around 11 billion people in the world. The track record of the UN statisticians shows that their global forecasts have been very accurate historically.

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