



**North South University**  
**Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering**  
**Fall-2020, CSE 231L Final**  
**CSE 231 Digital Logic Design, Section-8**  
**Faculty-Shahriar Hussain (HSM)**  
**Instructor-Md. Anisur Rahman Asif**

**Total Marks: 50**

**Time: 1 Hour 15 minutes**

**Instructions:**

1. Answer all the questions.
2. Clearly label all the diagrams and truth tables.
3. Write **Page number** and your **Name and ID** on each page.

**Questions:**

1. Assume  $I_0, I_1, I_2$  and  $I_3$  in the following truth table are the Data Inputs of a 4:1 MUX. Take A and C as the select bits, and find out the values of Data Inputs for the function  $F(A, B, C) = \Sigma (0, 2, 6, 7)$ . Show all the steps and fill-up the following table. [5]

A	B	C	F	Data Inputs
0	0	0		$I_0 =$
0	0	1		
0	1	0		$I_1 =$
0	1	1		
1	0	0		$I_2 =$
1	0	1		
1	1	0		$I_3 =$
1	1	1		

Table: 4:1 Multiplexer

2. Explain why there is a don't care term in K column of JK excitation table. Explain using JK characteristic table.[5]

Q	Q(Next)	J	K
0	0	0	X

Table: JK Flip-flop Excitation table

3. Subtract 1010 from 1100 using 2's complement rule. Explain with XOR Truth table, how Data input B is subtracted from A for the value  $M=1$ . [5+5]

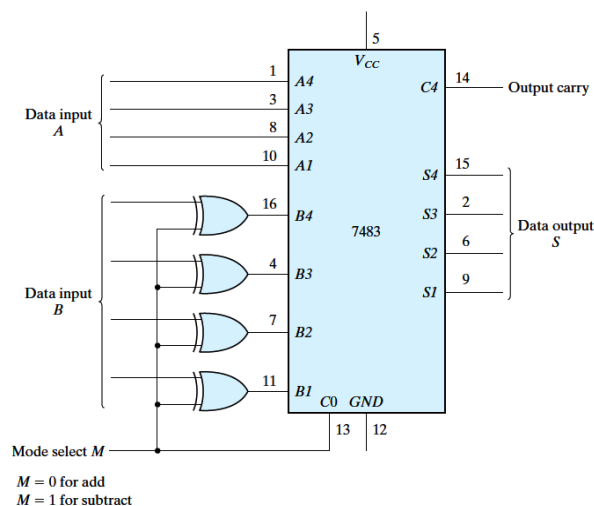


Figure: 4 bit binary adder for Addition and Subtraction

4. How would you add two 8 bit numbers using 4 bit binary adder IC? [5]

5. The given State Diagram represents a circuit that has two Flip-Flops (A and B), one input (X) and one output (Y).

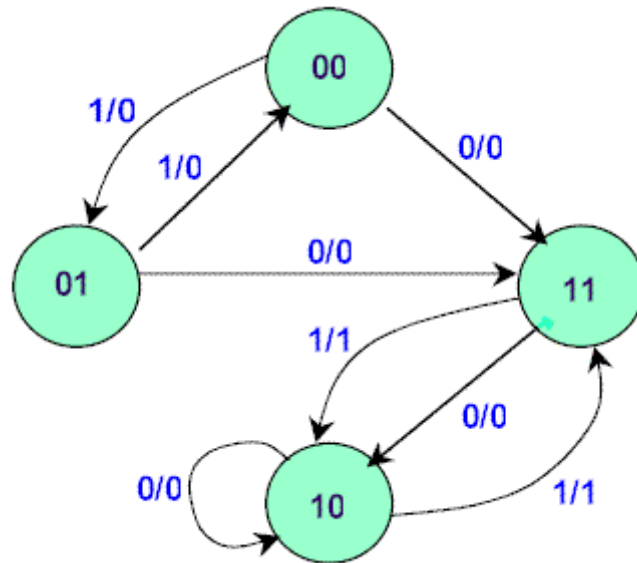


Figure: State Diagram

- Complete the Next State and Output columns of the State Table [5]
- Using the Excitation Table of the JK Flip-Flop, determine the inputs for the two Flip-Flops ( $J_A$ ,  $K_A$  and  $J_B$ ,  $K_B$ ) for each state transition [10]
- Use Karnaugh Maps to minimize the functions of the combinational circuit for each Flip-Flop input ( $J_A$ ,  $K_A$  and  $J_B$ ,  $K_B$ ) as well as the combinational circuit for the output (Y) [5]
- Draw the diagram for Synchronous Sequential Circuit using JK Flip-Flops and the minimized equations [5]

Present state		Input	Next state		Output	Flip-flop input functions			
A	B	X	A	B	Y	$J_A$	$K_A$	$J_B$	$K_B$
0	0	0							
0	0	1							
0	1	0							
0	1	1							
1	0	0							
1	0	1							
1	1	0							
1	1	1							

Table: State Table for JK Flip-flops