UNIT 3

Lecture 14
Referential Integrity Constraints on SQL

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Integrity Constraints on SQL

- •UNIQUE
- •NOT NULL
- PRIMARY KEY
- •CHECK
- DEFAULT
- FOREIGN KEY

```
create table project
(pno number(3) primary key,
pname varchar2(20),
duration number(2)
);
```

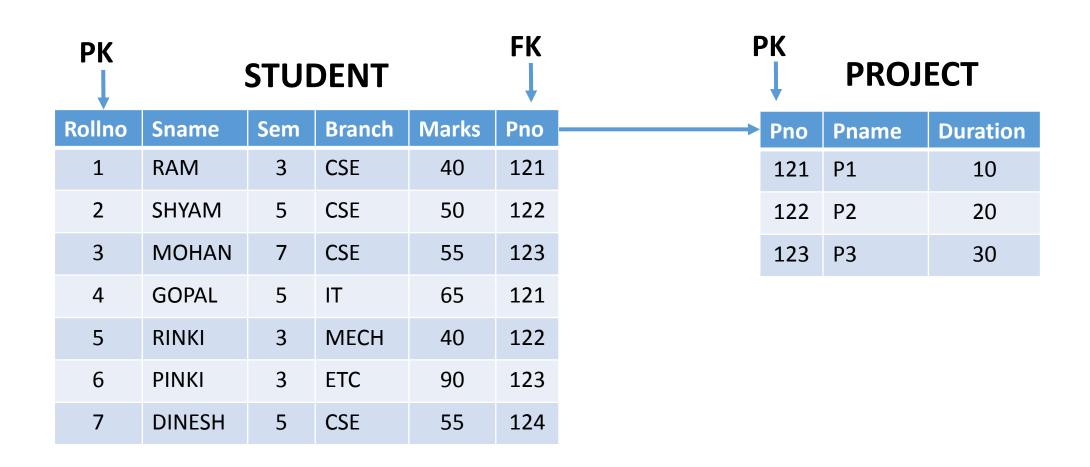
```
create table student
(rollno number(3) primary key,
sname varchar2(20),
sem number(1),
branch varchar2(20),
marks number(2),
pno number(3) references project(pno)
```

```
create table project
(pno number(3) primary key,
pname varchar2(20),
duration number(2)
);
```

```
create table student
(rollno number(3) primary key,
sname varchar2(20),
sem number(1),
branch varchar2(20),
marks number(2),
pno number(3) references project
```

```
create table project
(pno number(3) primary key,
pname varchar2(20),
duration number(2)
);
```

```
create table student
(rollno number(3) primary key,
sname varchar2(20),
sem number(1),
branch varchar2(20),
marks number(2),
pno number(3),
foreign key (pno) references project
```



```
create table project
(pno number(3) primary key,
pname varchar2(20),
duration number(2)
);
```

```
create table student
(rollno number(3) primary key,
sname varchar2(20),
sem number(1),
branch varchar2(20),
marks number(2),
pnum number(3) references project
```

create table project
(pno number(3) unique,
pname varchar2(20),
duration number(2)
);

```
create table student
(rollno number(3) primary key,
sname varchar2(20),
sem number(1),
branch varchar2(20),
marks number(2),
pnum number(3) references project(pno)
```

FOREIGN KEY CONSTRAINT (on delete cascade)

```
create table project
(pno number(3) primary key,
pname varchar2(20),
duration number(2)
);
```

```
create table student
(rollno number(3) primary key,
sname varchar2(20),
sem number(1),
branch varchar2(20),
marks number(2),
pno number(3) references project(pno) on delete cascade
```

FOREIGN KEY CONSTRAINT (on delete set null)

```
create table project
(pno number(3) primary key,
pname varchar2(20),
duration number(2)
);
```

```
create table student
(rollno number(3) primary key,
sname varchar2(20),
sem number(1),
branch varchar2(20),
marks number(2),
pno number(3) references project(pno) on delete set null
```

FOREIGN KEY CONSTRAINT (on delete restrict)

```
create table project
(pno number(3) primary key,
pname varchar2(20),
duration number(2)
);
```

```
create table student
(rollno number(3) primary key,
sname varchar2(20),
sem number(1),
branch varchar2(20),
marks number(2),
pno number(3) references project(pno) on delete restrict
```

[Note: not supported in oracle]

FOREIGN KEY CONSTRAINT (on delete no action)

```
create table project
(pno number(3) primary key,
pname varchar2(20),
duration number(2)
);
```

```
create table student
(rollno number(3) primary key,
sname varchar2(20),
sem number(1),
branch varchar2(20),
marks number(2),
pno number(3) references project(pno) on delete no action
```

[Note: not supported in oracle]

FOREIGN KEY CONSTRAINT (on update cascade)

```
create table project
                             create table student
(pno number(3) primary key,
                             (rollno number(3) primary key,
pname varchar2(20),
                             sname varchar2(20),
                             sem number(1),
duration number(2)
                             branch varchar2(20),
                             marks number(2),
                             pnum number(3) references project(pno) on update cascade
```

[Note: not supported in oracle]
[Supported in MYSQL]

FOREIGN KEY CONSTRAINT (on update set null)

```
create table project
                             create table student
(pno number(3) primary key,
                             (rollno number(3) primary key,
pname varchar2(20),
                             sname varchar2(20),
                             sem number(1),
duration number(2)
                              branch varchar2(20),
                              marks number(2),
                              pnum number(3) references project(pno) on update set null
```

[Note: not supported in oracle]
[Supported in MYSQL]

GATE QUESTIONS

The following table has two attributes A and C where A is the primary key and C is the foreign key referencing A with on-delete cascade.

A	

2 4

3 4

4 3

5 2

7 2

9 5

6 4

The set of all tuples that must be additionally deleted to preserve referential integrity when the tuple (2,4) is deleted is:

(A) (3,4) and (6,4)

(B) (5,2) and (7,2)

(C) (5,2), (7,2) and (9,5)

(D) (3,4), (4,3) and (6,4)

[GATE 2005]

GATE QUESTIONS

Consider a relation geq which represents "greater than or equal to", that is, $(x, y) \in geq only if y \ge x$.

```
create table geq
(lb integer not null,
ub integer not null,
primary key lb,
```

foreign key (ub) references geq on delete cascade)

Which of the following is possible if a tuple (x, y) is deleted?

- (A) A tuple (z,w) with z > y is deleted
- (B) A tuple (z,w) with z > x is deleted
- (C) A tuple (z,w) with w < x is deleted
- (D) The deletion of (x,y) is prohibited

[GATE 2001]

GATE QUESTIONS

Consider the following tables T1 and T2:

P	Q
2	2
3	8
7	3
5	8
6	9
8	5
9	8

R	S
2	2
8	3
3	2
9	7
5	7
7	2

In table T1, P is the primary key, Q is the foreign key referencing R in table T2 with on-delete cascade and on-update cascade. In table T2, R is the primary key and S is the foreign key referencing P in the table T1 with on-delete set NULL and on-update cascade. In order to delete record (3, 8) from table, numbers of additional record that need to be deleted from table T1 is _____.

[GATE 2017]

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The link for my youtube channel is

https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCRWGtE76JlTp1iim6aOTRuw?sub confirmation=1