Question

Suppose you are given the following requirements for a simple database for the National Hockey League (NHL):

- the NHL has many teams,
- each team has a name, a city, a coach, a captain, and a set of players,
- each player belongs to only one team,
- each player has a name, a position (such as left wing or goalie), a skill level, and a set of injury records,
- a team captain is also a player,
- a game is played between two teams (referred to as host team and guest team) and has a date (such as May 11th, 1999) and a score (such as 4 to 2).

Construct a clean and concise ER diagram for the NHL database.

Step 1: Identify the entity sets

- From the given question the entity sets identified are
 - 1. TEAM
 - 2. PLAYER
 - 3. INJURY_RECORD

Step 2: Identify the relevant attributes

- The relevant attributes of TEAM entity set are
 - tname
 - city
 - coach
- The relevant attributes of PLAYER entity set are
 - pid
 - pname
 - position
 - skill_level
- The relevant attributes of INJURY_RECORD entity set are
 - iid
 - description

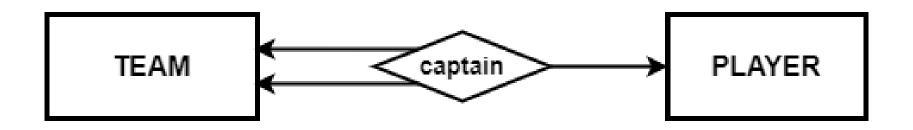
Step 3: Identify the prime attributes

- The prime attribute of TEAM entity set is
 - tname
- The prime attribute of PLAYER entity set is
 - pid
- The prime attribute of INJURY_RECORD entity set is
 - {pid, iid}

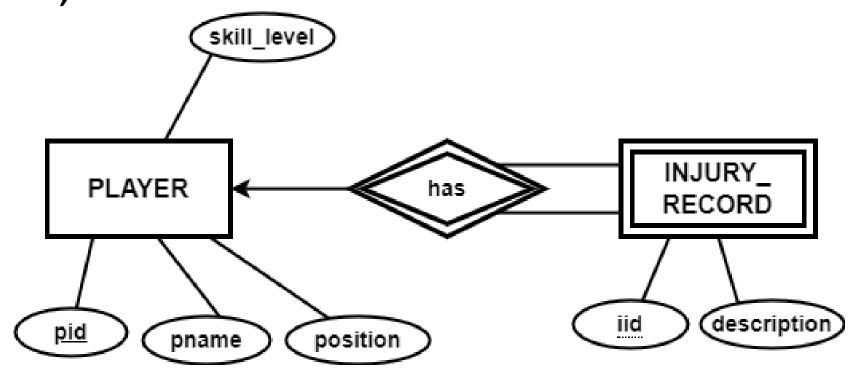
- each team has a name, a city, a coach, a captain, and a set of players,
- each player belongs to only one team,



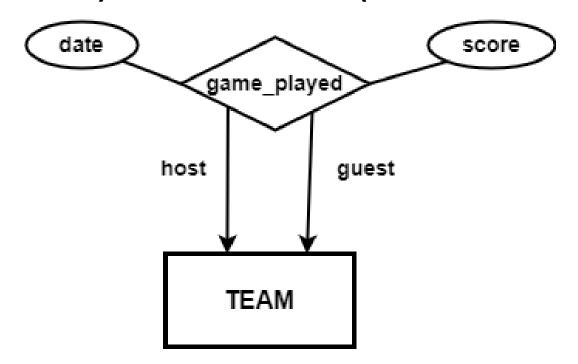
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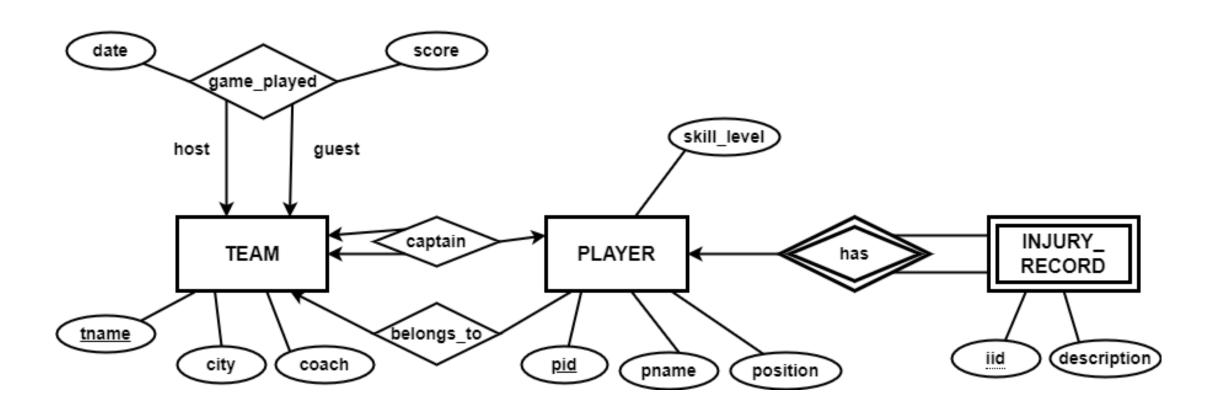
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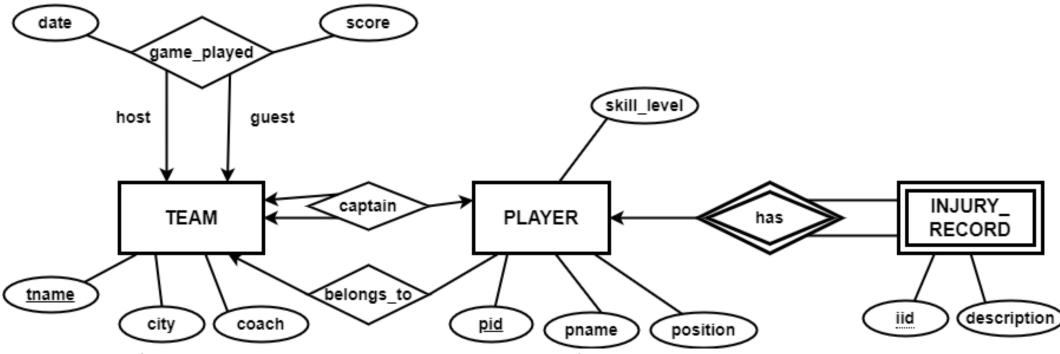
• a game is played between two teams (referred to as host team and guest team) and has a date (such as May 11th, 1999) and a score (such as 4 to 2).



Step 5 : Complete E R Diagram



Conversion into Relational Schema



- TEAM (tname, city, coach, captainid)
- PLAYER (pid, pname, position, skill_level, tname)
- INJURY_RECORD (pid, iid, description)
- game_played (host_tname, guest_tname, date, score)

Conversion into Relational Schema

- TEAM (tname, city, coach, captainid)
- PLAYER (pid, pname, position, skill_level, tname)
- INJURY_RECORD (pid, iid, description)
- game_played (host_tname, guest_tname, date, score)
- Total number of tables: 4
- Total number of foreign keys: 5
 - 1. captainid
 - 2. tname
 - 3. pid
 - 4. host_tname
 - 5. guest tname

For Video lecture on this topic please subscribe to my youtube channel.

The link for my youtube channel is

https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCRWGtE76JlTp1iim6aOTRuw?sub confirmation=1