Google Cloud

TensorFlow Transform

Lak Lakshmanan

Learn how to...

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Implement feature preprocessing and feature creation using tf.transform

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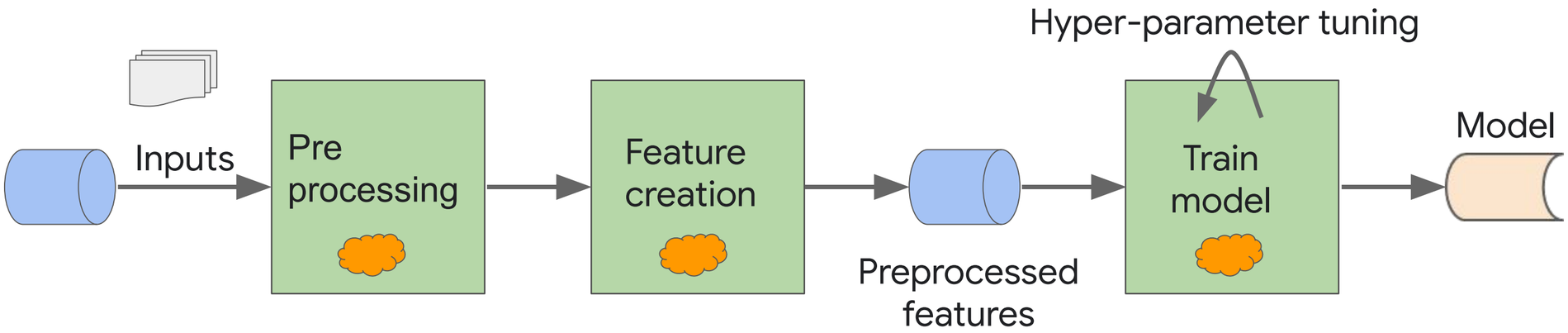
Carry out feature processing efficiently, at scale and on streaming data

Recall that there are three possible places to do feature engineering, each of which has its pros and cons



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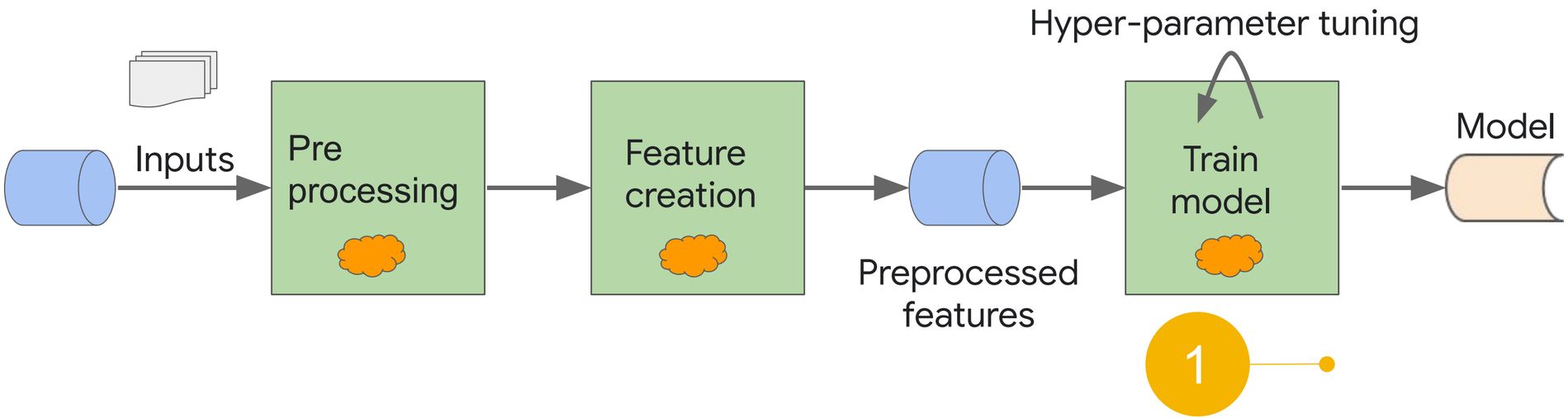

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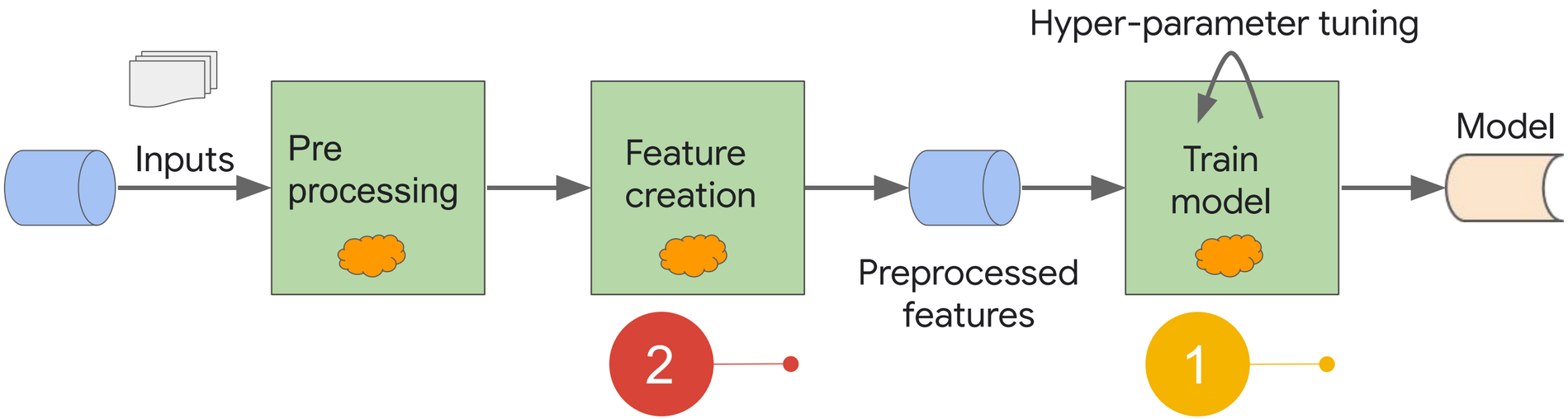

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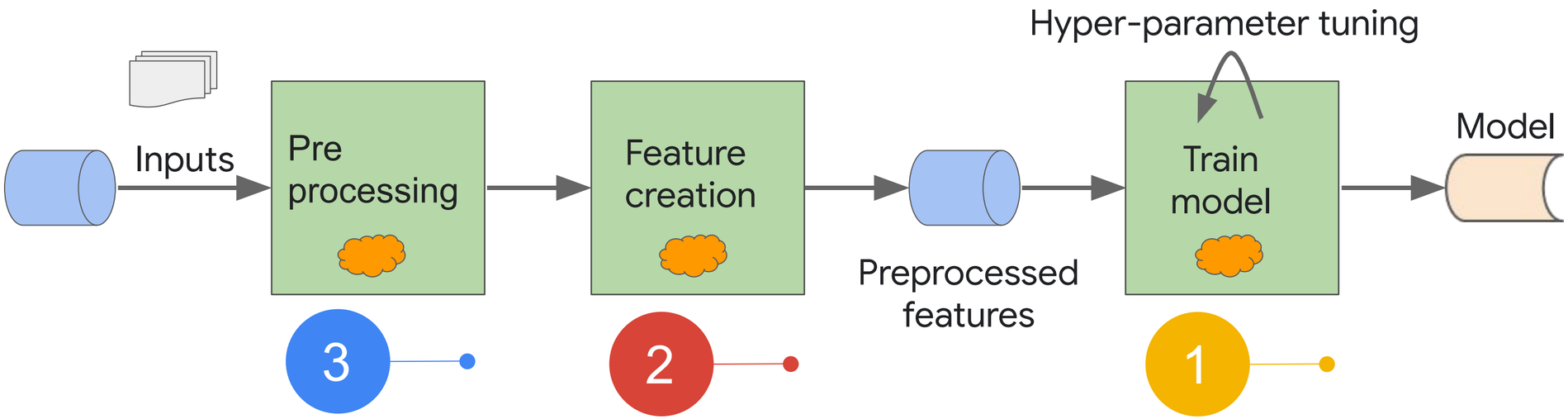
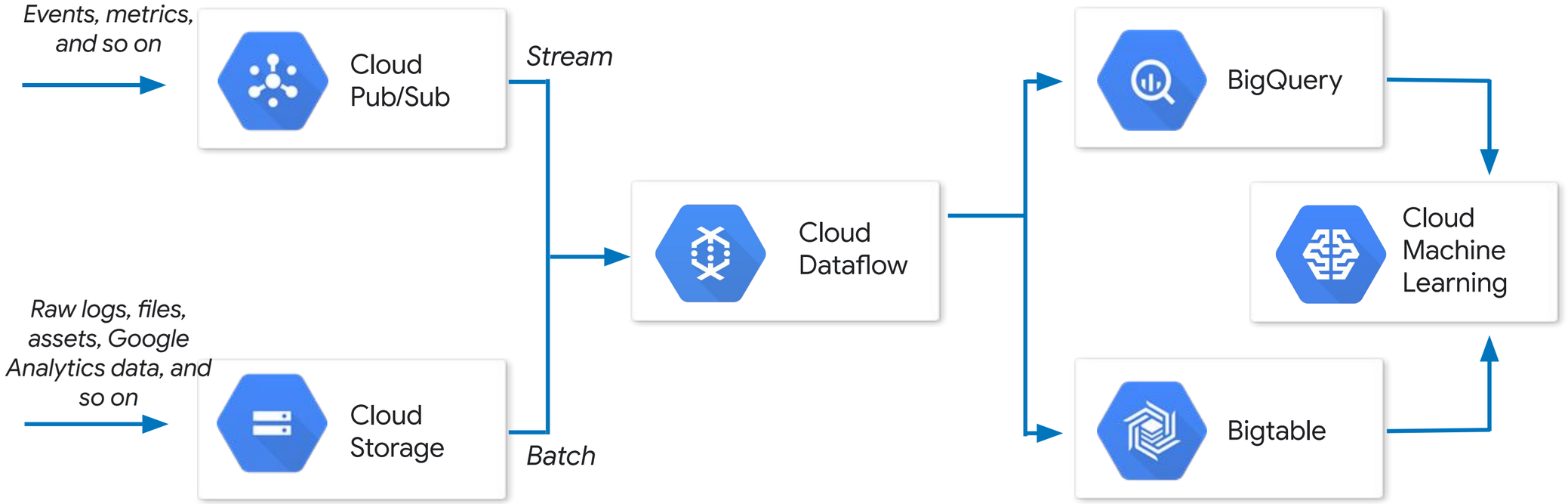


tf.transform*
*efficient
*tf methods only
*aggregates

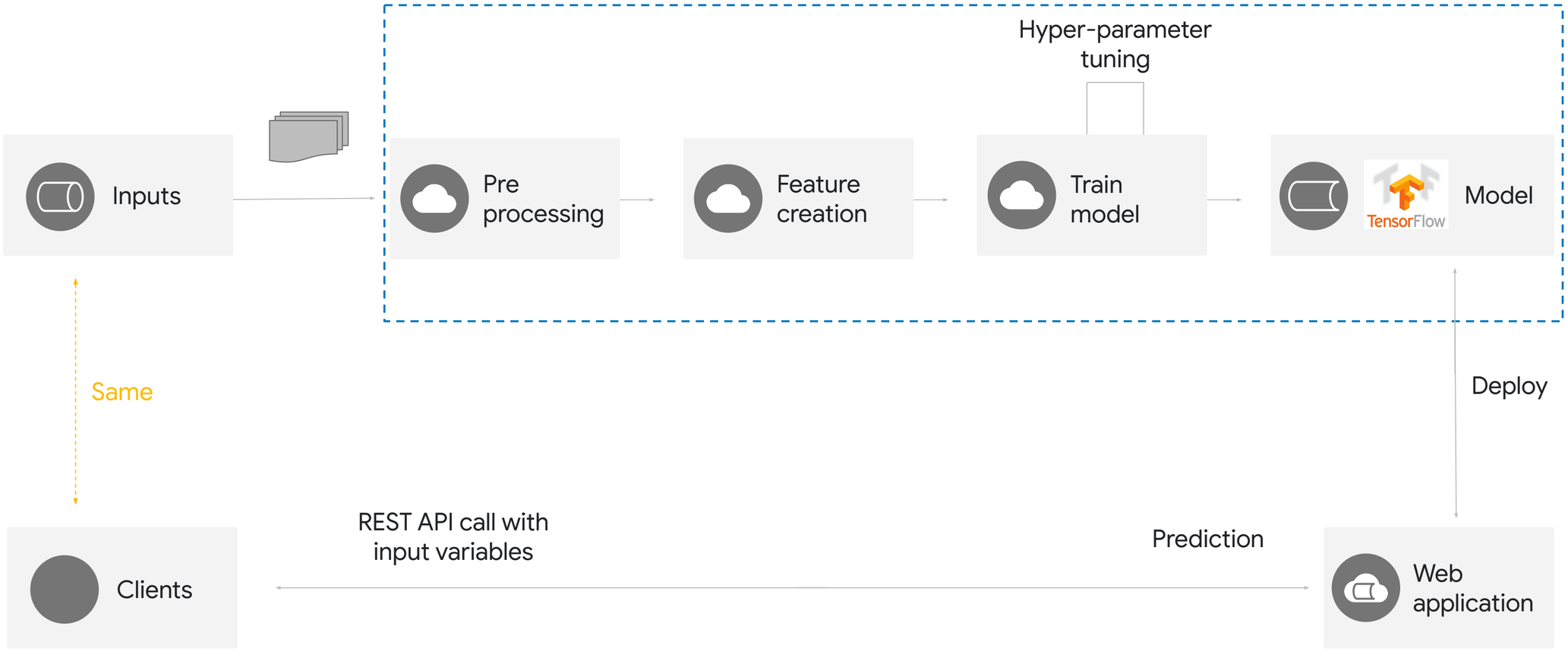
Beam*
*in a pipeline
*Python/Java code
*time-windows

TensorFlow*
*efficient
*tf methods only
*this input only

Dataflow preprocessing works in the context of a pipeline



TensorFlow is good for on-demand, on-the-fly processing



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One-hot encode inputs based on set of unique values

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Analyze

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Analyze	Transform
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Beam	TensorFlow

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Executed in Beam to create the training dataset

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Executed in Beam to create the evaluation dataset

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Executed in Beam to create the training dataset

`TransformDataset`

Executed in Beam to create the evaluation dataset

The underlying transformations are executed in TensorFlow at prediction time

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Analysis phase (compute min/max/vocab etc. using Beam)

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- Executed in Beam to create training/evaluation datasets

First, set up the schema of the training dataset

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raw_data_schema = {
    colname : dataset_schema.ColumnSchema(tf.string, ...)
        for colname in 'dayofweek,key'.split(',')
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    dataset_metadata.DatasetMetadata(dataset_schema.Schema(raw_data_schema))
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TensorFlow type for input column

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Use the schema to create metadata “template”

Next, run the analyze-and-transform PTransform on training dataset to get back preprocessed training data and the transform function

```
raw_data = (p
    | beam.io.Read(beam.io.BigQuerySource(query=myquery, use_standard_sql=True))
    | beam.Filter(is_valid))


transformed_dataset, transform_fn = ((raw_data, raw_data_metadata)
    | beam_impl.AnalyzeAndTransformDataset(preprocess))
```

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1. Read in data as usual for Beam

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```

4. Get back transformed dataset and a reusable transform function

Write out the preprocessed training data into TFRecords, the most efficient format for TensorFlow

```
transformed_data |
   tfrecordio.WriteToTFRecord(
     os.path.join(OUTPUT_DIR,'train'),

     coder=ExampleProtoCoder(
            transformed_metadata.schema)
   )
```

Write out the preprocessed training data into TFRecords, the most efficient format for TensorFlow

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transformed_data |
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Note that we use the transformed metadata schema here

The preprocessing function is restricted to TensorFlow functions

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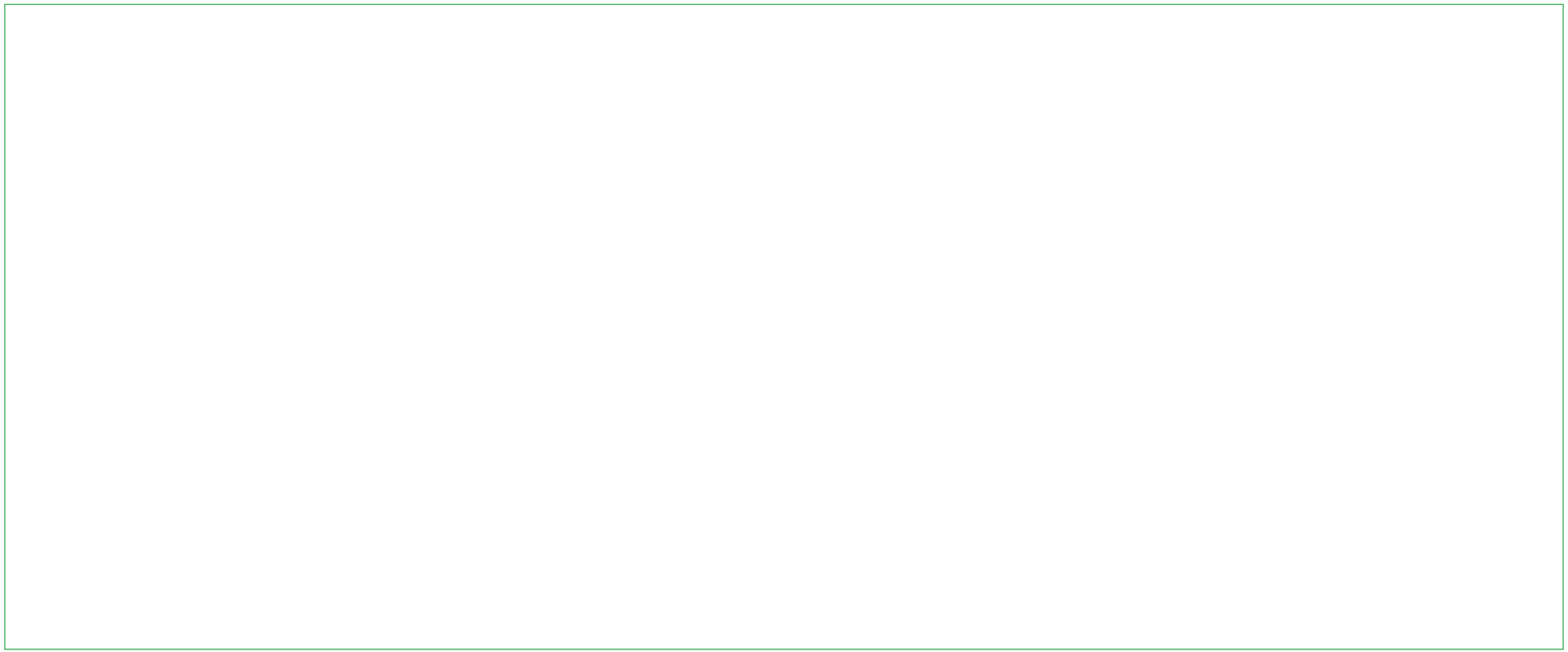
The things you do in preprocess() will get added to the TensorFlow graph, and be executed in TensorFlow during serving

The preprocessing function is restricted to functions you can call from TensorFlow graph



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def preprocess(inputs):

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   result['fare_amount'] = inputs['fare_amount']  Pass through
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def preprocess(inputs):

   result = {}   Create features from the input tensors and put into “results” dict

   result['fare_amount'] = inputs['fare_amount']  Pass through

   result['dayofweek'] = tft.string_to_int(inputs['dayofweek'])  vocabulary
```

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   ...
   result['dropofflat'] = (tft.scale_to_0_1(inputs['dropofflat']))  scaling
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   result['passengers'] = tf.cast(inputs['passengers'], tf.float32)  Other TF fns
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   return result
```

Analyze and Transform happens on the training dataset

```
transformed_dataset, transform_fn =
((raw_data, raw_data_metadata)
     |
beam_impl.AnalyzeAndTransformDataset(
                    preprocess))
```

Writing out the eval dataset is similar, except that we reuse the transform function computed from the training data

```
raw_test_data = (p
        | beam.io.Read(beam.io.BigQuerySource(...)
        | 'eval_filter' >> beam.Filter(is_valid))
transformed_test_dataset = (((raw_test_data, raw_data_metadata), transform_fn)
        | beam_impl.TransformDataset())
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Writing out the eval dataset is similar, except that we reuse the transform function computed from the training data

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raw_test_data = (p
        | beam.io.Read(beam.io.BigQuerySource(...)
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transformed_test_dataset = (((raw_test_data, raw_data_metadata), transform_fn)
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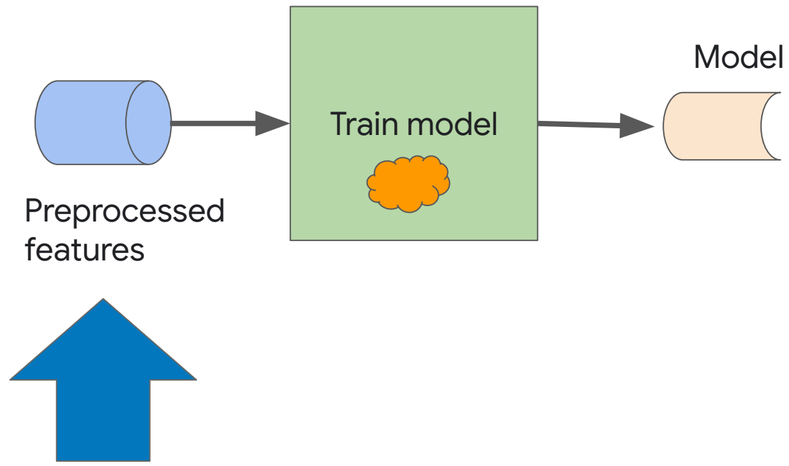
transformed_test_data, _ = transformed_test_dataset
_ = transformed_test_data | tfrecordio.WriteToTFRecord(
          os.path.join(OUTPUT_DIR, 'eval'),
          coder=example_proto_coder.ExampleProtoCoder(
              transformed_metadata.schema))
```

For training and evaluation, we created preprocessed features using Beam



Created by AnalyzeAndTransformDataset
Or by TransformDataset

For serving, we need to write out the transformation metadata

```
_ = transform_fn |
  transform_fn_io.WriteTransformFn(
     os.path.join(OUTPUT_DIR,
'metadata')))
```

Buckets / cloud-training-demos-ml / taxifare / preproc_tft / metadata

Name	Size	Type
rawdata_metadata/	—	Folder
transform_fn/	—	Folder
transformed_metadata/	—	Folder

Change input function to read preprocessed features

```
def read_dataset(args, mode):
   if mode == tf.estimator.ModeKeys.TRAIN:
       input_paths = args['train_data_paths']
   else:
       input_paths = args['eval_data_paths']
   transformed_metadata = metadata_io.read_metadata(
             os.path.join(args['metadata_path'], 'transformed_metadata'))
   return input_fn_maker.build_training_input_fn(
         metadata = transformed_metadata,
         file_pattern = (
             input_paths[0] if len(input_paths) == 1 else input_paths),
        ...)
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Reading transformed features

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Reading transformed features

The serving input function accepts the raw data

```
def make_serving_input_fn(args):
   raw_metadata = metadata_io.read_metadata(
       os.path.join(args['metadata_path'], 'rawdata_metadata'))
   transform_savedmodel_dir = (
       os.path.join(args['metadata_path'], 'transform_fn'))
   return input_fn_maker.build_parsing_transforming_serving_input_receiver_fn(
     raw_metadata,
     transform_savedmodel_dir,
     exclude_raw_keys = [LABEL_COLUMN])
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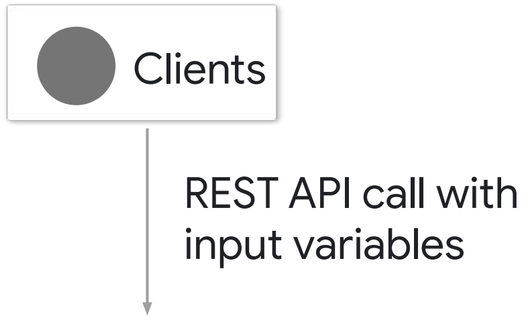

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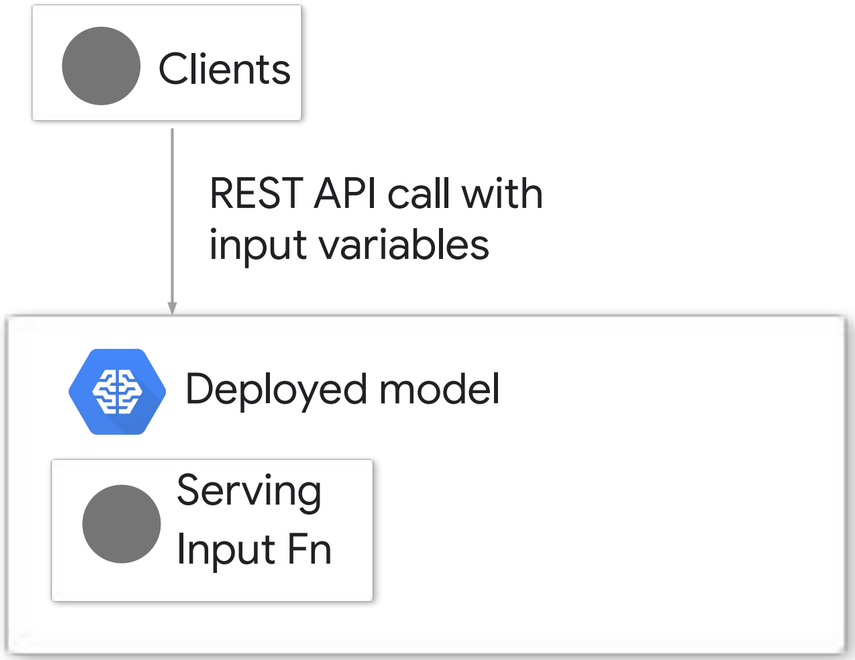

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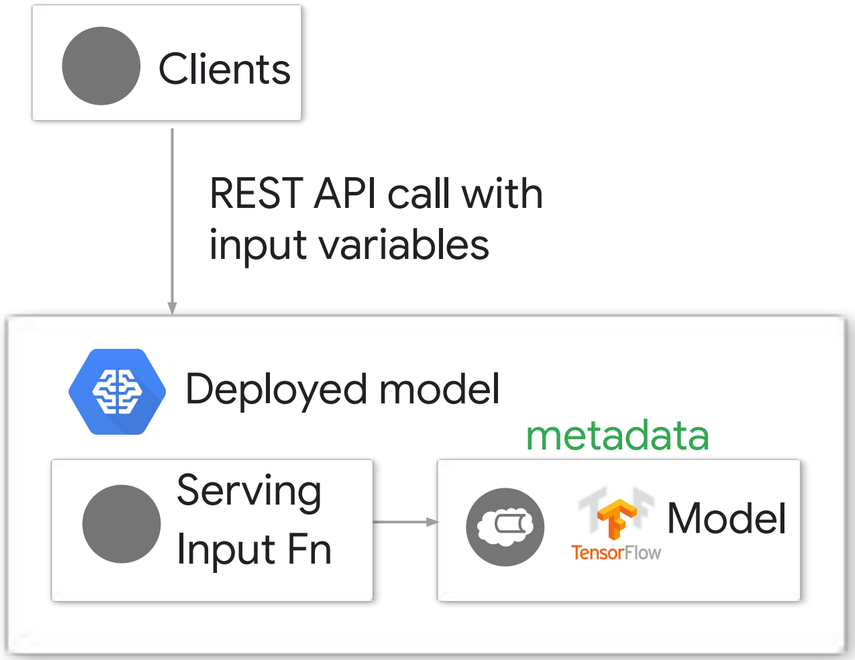

Lab

Exploring tf.transform

Look at tftransform.ipynb

cloud.google.com