

1) Create on Bash script to check if a directory is available or not.

```
root@ip-172-31-39-87:/home/ec2-user
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# vi direxist.sh
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# sh direxist.sh
Directory /home/ec2-user exists.
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# cat direxist.sh
#!/bin/bash
# Script to check if directory exists

DIR="/home/ec2-user"

if [ -d "$DIR" ]; then
    echo "Directory $DIR exists."
else
    echo "Directory $DIR does not exist."
fi
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# vi direxist.sh
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# sh direxist.sh
Directory /home/newdir does not exist.
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# cat direxist.sh
#!/bin/bash
# Script to check if directory exists

DIR="/home/newdir"

if [ -d "$DIR" ]; then
    echo "Directory $DIR exists."
else
    echo "Directory $DIR does not exist."
fi
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]#
```

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo "Enter directory path:"
```

```
read dir
```

```
if [ -d "$dir" ]; then
```

```
    echo "Directory exists."
```

```
else
```

```
    echo "Directory does not exist."
```

fi

2) Create a bash script which will create multiple files.

```
root@ip-172-31-39-87:/home/ec2-user# vi file.sh
root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user# sh file.sh
root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user# ls
direxist.sh file.sh file1.txt file2.txt file3.txt
root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user# cat file
cat: file: No such file or directory
root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user# cat file.sh
#!/bin/bash

touch file1.txt file2.txt file3.txt

root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user# |
```

```
root@ip-172-31-39-87:/home/ec2-user# ls
root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user# vi file.sh
root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user# cat file.sh

#!/bin/bash

echo "file1,file2,file3,file4:"
read files

for file in $files
do
    touch "$file"
    echo "Created $file"
done
root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user# sh file.sh
file1,file2,file3,file4:
file1
Created file1
root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user# sh file.sh
file1,file2,file3,file4:
filen
Created filen
root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user# |
```

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo "Enter file names (space separated):"
```

```
read files
```

```
for file in $files
```

```
do
```

```
touch "$file"

echo "Created $file"

done
```

3) Create a bash script to take backup of a directory.

```
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# ls
backup.sh  file.sh  file1  file2
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# sh backup.sh
/home/ec2-user:
file
tar: file: Cannot stat: No such file or directory
tar: Exiting with failure status due to previous errors
Backup saved as ec2-userbackup.tar.gz
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# ls
backup.sh  ec2-userbackup.tar.gz  file.sh  file1  file2
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# tar xvf ec2-userbackup.tar.gz
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# ls
backup.sh  ec2-userbackup.tar.gz  file.sh  file1  file2
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# cat backup.sh
#!/bin/bash

echo "/home/ec2-user:"
read dir

tar -czf ec2-userbackup.tar.gz "$dir"
echo "Backup saved as ec2-userbackup.tar.gz"
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# |
```

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo "Enter directory to backup:"
```

```
read dir
```

```
tar -czf backup.tar.gz "$dir"
```

```
echo "Backup saved as backup.tar.gz"
```

4) Create a bash script to install nginx in ec2 server.

```
root@ip-172-31-39-87/home/ec2-user
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# cat nginx.sh
#!/bin/bash

sudo yum install -y nginx # For Amazon Linux
sudo systemctl start nginx
sudo systemctl enable nginx
echo "Nginx installed and started."
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# sh nginx.sh
Last metadata expiration check: 7:26:58 ago on Mon Aug 11 06:53:22 2025.
Dependencies resolved.

Package Architecture Version Repository Size
-----
Installing:
nginx x86_64 1:1.28.0-1.amzn2023.0.1 amazonlinux 33 k
Installing dependencies:
generic-logos-httpd-18.0.0-12.amzn2023.0.3.noarch 19 k
perltools-libs-2.9.1-1.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64 308 k
libunwind-1.4.0-5.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64 66 k
nginx-core-1.1.28.0-1.amzn2023.0.1.x86_64 669 k
nginx-filesystem-1.1.28.0-1.amzn2023.0.1.noarch 9.5 k
nginx-minetypes-2.1.49-3.amzn2023.0.3.noarch 21 k

Transaction Summary
Install 7 Packages

Total download size: 1.1 M
Installed size: 3.7 M
Downloading Packages:
(1/7): libunwind-1.4.0-5.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64.rpm 1.9 MB/s | 66 kB 00:00
(2/7): generic-logos-httpd-18.0.0-12.amzn2023.0.3.noarch.rpm 442 kB/s | 19 kB 00:00
(3/7): perltools-libs-2.9.1-1.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64.rpm 5.5 MB/s | 308 kB 00:00
(4/7): nginx-1.28.0-1.amzn2023.0.1.x86_64.rpm 1.4 MB/s | 33 kB 00:00
(5/7): nginx-core-1.1.28.0-1.amzn2023.0.1.x86_64.rpm 18 MB/s | 669 kB 00:00
(6/7): nginx-filesystem-1.1.28.0-1.amzn2023.0.1.noarch.rpm 365 kB/s | 9.5 kB 00:00
(7/7): nginx-minetypes-2.1.49-3.amzn2023.0.3.noarch.rpm 811 kB/s | 21 kB 00:00
Total
8.1 MB/s | 1.1 MB 00:00
Running transaction check
Transaction check succeeded.
Running transaction test
Transaction test succeeded.
Running transaction
Preparing
Running scriptlet: nginx-filesystem-1:1.28.0-1.amzn2023.0.1.noarch 1/1
Installing : nginx-filesystem-1:1.28.0-1.amzn2023.0.1.noarch 1/7
Installing : nginx-minetypes-2.1.49-3.amzn2023.0.3.noarch 1/7
Installing : libunwind-1.4.0-5.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64 2/7
Installing : perltools-libs-2.9.1-1.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64 3/7
Installing : nginx-core-1:1.28.0-1.amzn2023.0.1.x86_64 4/7
Installing : generic-logos-httpd-18.0.0-12.amzn2023.0.3.noarch 5/7
Installing : nginx-1:1.28.0-1.amzn2023.0.1.x86_64 6/7
Running scriptlet: nginx-1:1.28.0-1.amzn2023.0.1.x86_64 7/7
Verifying : generic-logos-httpd-18.0.0-12.amzn2023.0.3.noarch 7/7
Verifying : perltools-libs-2.9.1-1.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64 1/7
Verifying : libunwind-1.4.0-5.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64 2/7
Verifying : nginx-1:1.28.0-1.amzn2023.0.1.x86_64 3/7
Verifying : nginx-minetypes-2.1.49-3.amzn2023.0.3.noarch 4/7
```

#!/bin/bash

sudo yum install -y nginx # For Amazon Linux

sudo systemctl start nginx

sudo systemctl enable nginx

echo "Nginx installed and started."

5) Create a bash script to install ApacheTomcat in ec2 server.

```
root@ip-172-31-39-87/home/ec2-user
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# cat tomcat.sh
#!/bin/bash

sudo yum install -y java-17
wget https://dlcdn.apache.org/tomcat/tomcat-9/v9.0.108/bin/apache-tomcat-9.0.108.tar.gz
tar -xzf apache-tomcat-9.0.108.tar.gz
sudo mv apache-tomcat-9.0.108 /opt/tomcat
/opt/tomcat/bin/startup.sh
echo "Tomcat installed and started."
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# sh tomcat.sh
Last metadata expiration check: 7:32:10 ago on Mon Aug 11 06:53:22 2025.
Package java-17-amazon-corretto-1:17.0.16-8.1.amzn2023.1.x86_64 is already installed.
Dependencies resolved.
Nothing to do.
Complete!
--2025-08-11 14:25:33-- https://dlcdn.apache.org/tomcat/tomcat-9/v9.0.108/bin/apache-tomcat-9.0.108.tar.gz
Resolving dlcdn.apache.org (dlcdn.apache.org)... 151.101.2.132, 2a04:4e42::644
Connecting to dlcdn.apache.org (dlcdn.apache.org)|151.101.2.132|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 13028093 (12M) [application/x-gzip]
Saving to: 'apache-tomcat-9.0.108.tar.gz.1'

apache-tomcat-9.0.108.tar.gz.1 100%[=====] 12.42M --.-KB/s in 0.1s

2025-08-11 14:25:33 (109 MB/s) - 'apache-tomcat-9.0.108.tar.gz.1' saved [13028093/13028093]

Using CATALINA_BASE: /opt/tomcat
Using CATALINA_HOME: /opt/tomcat
Using CATALINA_TMPDIR: /opt/tomcat/temp
Using JRE_HOME: /usr
Using CLASSPATH: /opt/tomcat/bin/bootstrap.jar:/opt/tomcat/bin/tomcat-juli.jar
Tomcat started.
Tomcat installed and started.
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]#
```

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
sudo yum install -y java-11-openjdk wget
```

```
wget https://downloads.apache.org/tomcat/tomcat-10/v10.1.14/bin/apache-tomcat-10.1.14.tar.gz
```

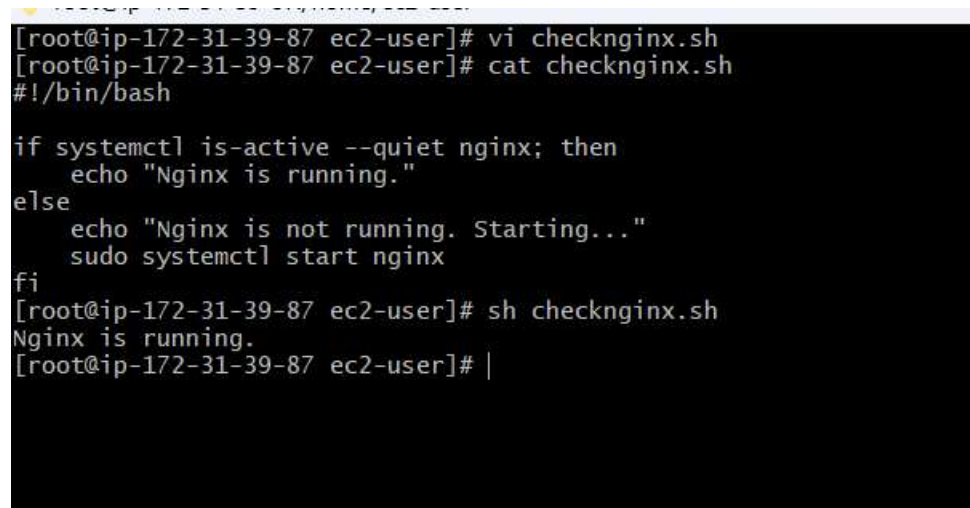
```
tar -xzf apache-tomcat-10.1.14.tar.gz
```

```
sudo mv apache-tomcat-10.1.14 /opt/tomcat
```

```
/opt/tomcat/bin/startup.sh
```

```
echo "Tomcat installed and started."
```

6) Create a bash script to check list if nginx service is running or not,if not running then script should start the service.

A terminal window screenshot showing the creation and execution of a bash script. The prompt is [root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]#. The user enters 'vi checknginx.sh' to create the file. Then they enter 'cat checknginx.sh' to view the contents. The script content is: #!/bin/bash, followed by an if statement: 'if systemctl is-active --quiet nginx; then echo "Nginx is running."'. An else block follows: 'else echo "Nginx is not running. Starting..."', 'sudo systemctl start nginx', and 'fi'. The user then runs the script with 'sh checknginx.sh', and the output is 'Nginx is running.'. The prompt returns to [root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]#.

```
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# vi checknginx.sh
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# cat checknginx.sh
#!/bin/bash

if systemctl is-active --quiet nginx; then
    echo "Nginx is running."
else
    echo "Nginx is not running. Starting..."
    sudo systemctl start nginx
fi
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# sh checknginx.sh
Nginx is running.
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# |
```

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
if systemctl is-active --quiet nginx; then
```

```
    echo "Nginx is running."
```

```
else
```

```
echo "Nginx is not running. Starting..."
```

```
sudo systemctl start nginx
```

```
fi
```

7) Create a bash script for calculator.

```
root@ip-172-31-39-87:/home/ec2-user
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# vi calculator.sh
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# cat calculator.sh
#!/bin/bash

echo "Enter first number:"
read a
echo "Enter second number:"
read b

echo "Addition: $((a + b))"
echo "Subtraction: $((a - b))"
echo "Multiplication: $((a * b))"
echo "Division: $((a / b))"
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# sh c
sh: c: No such file or directory
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# sh calculator.sh
Enter first number:
1
Enter second number:
9
Addition: 10
Subtraction: -8
Multiplication: 9
Division: 0
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# |
```

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo "Enter first number:"
```

```
read a
```

```
echo "Enter second number:"
```

```
read b
```

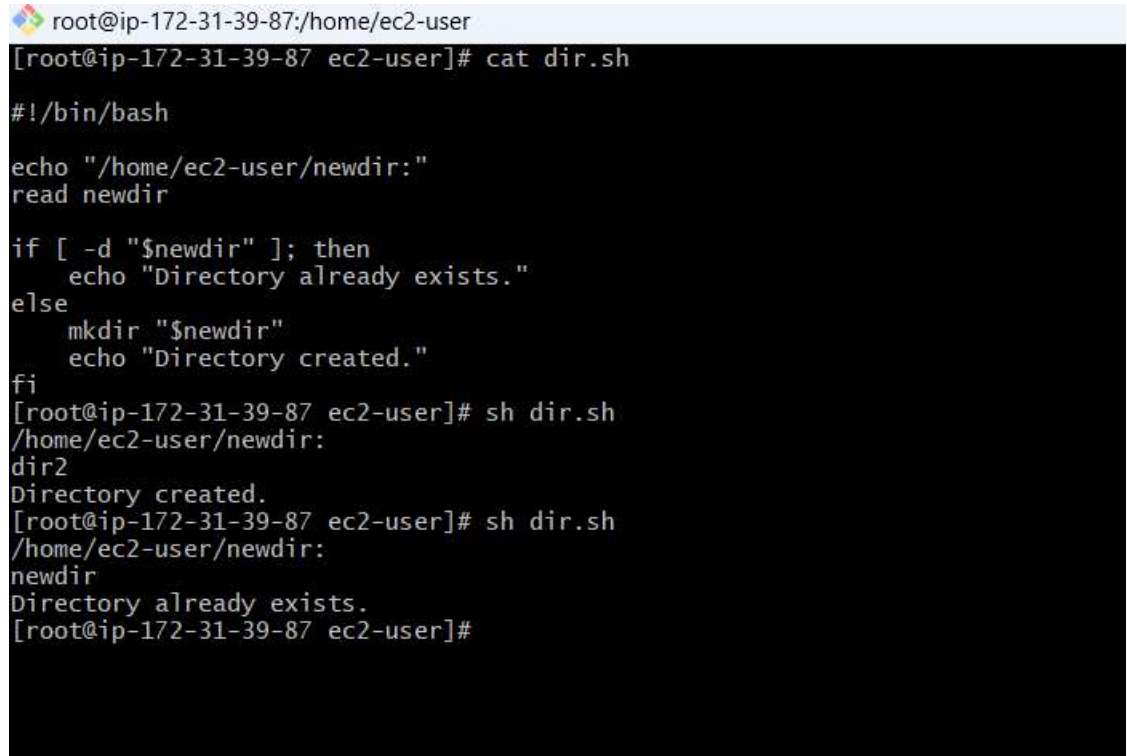
```
echo "Addition: $((a + b))"
```

```
echo "Subtraction: $((a - b))"
```

```
echo "Multiplication: $((a * b))"
```

```
echo "Division: $((a / b))"
```

8) Create a bash script to check if directory is available or not, if not then create a directory.



```
root@ip-172-31-39-87:/home/ec2-user
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# cat dir.sh

#!/bin/bash

echo "/home/ec2-user/newdir:"
read newdir

if [ -d "$newdir" ]; then
    echo "Directory already exists."
else
    mkdir "$newdir"
    echo "Directory created."
fi

[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# sh dir.sh
/home/ec2-user/newdir:
dir2
Directory created.
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# sh dir.sh
/home/ec2-user/newdir:
newdir
Directory already exists.
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]#
```

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo "Enter directory path:"
```

```
read dir
```

```
if [ -d "$dir" ]; then
```

```
    echo "Directory already exists."
```

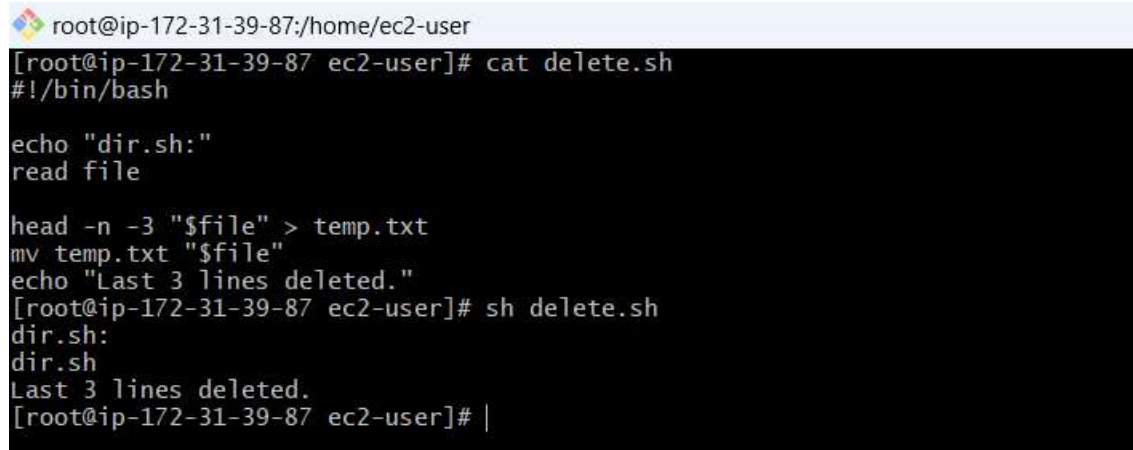
else

```
mkdir "$dir"
```

```
echo "Directory created."
```

fi

9) Create bash script to delete last 3 lines for a file.



```
root@ip-172-31-39-87:/home/ec2-user
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# cat delete.sh
#!/bin/bash

echo "dir.sh:"
read file

head -n -3 "$file" > temp.txt
mv temp.txt "$file"
echo "Last 3 lines deleted."
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# sh delete.sh
dir.sh:
dir.sh
Last 3 lines deleted.
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# |
```

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo "Enter file name:"
```

```
read file
```

```
head -n -3 "$file" > temp.txt
```

```
mv temp.txt "$file"
```

```
echo "Last 3 lines deleted."
```

10) Bash script to monitor cpu and if it is more than 80% then send email notification.


```
root@ip-172-31-39-87:/home/ec2-user
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# cat email.sh

#!/bin/bash

cpu=$(top -bn1 | grep "Cpu(s)" | awk '{print $2 + $4}')
cpu_int=${cpu%.*}

if [ "$cpu_int" -gt 20 ]; then
    echo "High CPU usage: $cpu%" | mail -s "CPU Alert" saifuddinmohammed2017@gmail.com
fi
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# sh email.sh
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]#
```

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
cpu=$(top -bn1 | grep "Cpu(s)" | awk '{print $2 + $4}')
```

```
cpu_int=${cpu%.*}
```

```
if [ "$cpu_int" -gt 80 ]; then
```

```
    echo "High CPU usage: $cpu%" | mail -s "CPU Alert" user saifuddinmohammed2017.com
```

```
fi
```

11) Bash script to monitor disk space and if it is more than 80% then send email notification.

```
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# vi disk.sh
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# cat d
cat: d: No such file or directory
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# cat disk.sh
#!/bin/bash

usage=$(df / | tail -1 | awk '{print $5}' | sed 's/%//')

if [ "$usage" -gt 80 ]; then
    echo "Disk usage high: $usage%" | mail -s "Disk Alert" saifuddinmohammed2017@gmail.com
fi
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]# sh disk.sh
[root@ip-172-31-39-87 ec2-user]#
```

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
usage=$(df / | tail -1 | awk '{print $5}' | sed 's/%//')
```

```

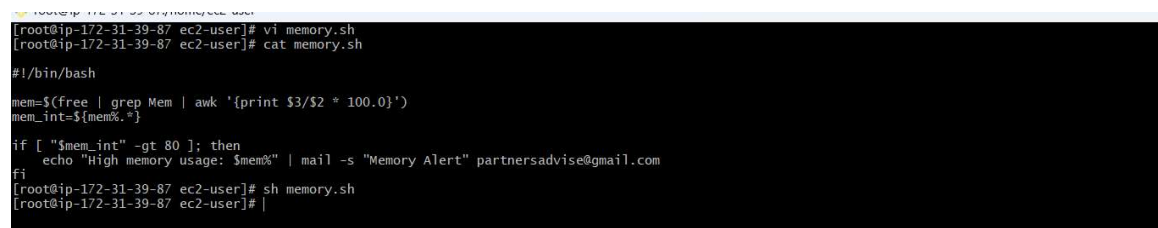
if [ "$usage" -gt 80 ]; then

    echo "Disk usage high: $usage%" | mail -s "Disk Alert" saifuddinmohammed2017.com

fi

```

12) Bash script to monitor memory and if it is more than 80% then send email notification.



```

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-39-87 ~]$ vi memory.sh
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-39-87 ~]$ cat memory.sh

#!/bin/bash

mem=$(free | grep Mem | awk '{print $3/$2 * 100.0}')
mem_int=${mem%.*}

if [ "$mem_int" -gt 80 ]; then
    echo "High memory usage: $mem%" | mail -s "Memory Alert" partnersadvise@gmail.com
fi

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-39-87 ~]$ sh memory.sh
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-39-87 ~]$

```

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
mem=$(free | grep Mem | awk '{print $3/$2 * 100.0}')
```

```
mem_int=${mem%.*}
```

```
if [ "$mem_int" -gt 80 ]; then
```

```
    echo "High memory usage: $mem%" | mail -s "Memory Alert" partnersadvise@gmail.com
```

```
fi
```