

Open in app ↗

Sign up

Sign In



Published in Break the Loop

You have **2** free member-only stories left this month.

[Sign up for Medium and get an extra one](#)



Danoja Dias

Follow

Feb 28, 2019 · 2 min read · ✨ · 🎧 Listen



Save



# Why “using namespace std” is used after including iostream

If you are a newbie to c++ and trying to understand a very basic c++ program to print something, you may have this question. You better read this [article](#) before going into this. If you have some knowledge of printing in c++ just read this.

First of all, you need to know what c++ namespaces are. In programming, we cannot have variables, functions, etc with the same name. So to avoid those conflicts we use namespaces.

So for one namespace we can have one unique name and that same name can also be used in another namespace. Following example shows two namespaces.



1.2K



13

```
1  namespace A
2  {
3      int x = 5;
4      void printX()
5      {
6          // function statements goes here
7          cout<<x<<endl;
8      }
9  }
10
11 namespace B
12 {
13     int x=10;
14     void printX()
15     {
16         // function statementsgoes here
17         cout<<x<<endl;
18     }
19 }
```

NameSpaces.cpp hosted with ❤ by GitHub

[view raw](#)

We have used the same name for variables and functions here. We can call these A::printX() which will give the result 5 and B::printX() which will give the result 10. There is no naming conflicts since we use namespaces. Following code, block shows how to use namespaces.

```
1  #include <iostream>
2
3  using namespace std;
4
5  namespace A
6  {
7      int x = 5;
8      void printX()
9      {
10         // function statements goes here
11         cout<<x<<endl;
12     }
13 }
14
15 namespace B
16 {
17     int x=10;
18     void printX()
19     {
20         // function statementsgoes here
21         cout<<x<<endl;
22     }
23 }
24
25 int main()
26 {
27     A::printX() ;
28     B::printX();
29
30     return 0;
31 }
```

NameSpaces.cpp hosted with ❤ by GitHub

[view raw](#)

“using namespace std” means we use the namespace named std. “std” is an abbreviation for standard. So that means we use all the things with in “std” namespace. If we don’t want to use this line of code, we can use the things in this namespace like this. std::cout, std::endl.

If this namespace is not used, then computer finds for the cout, cin and endl etc.. Computer cannot identify those and therefore it throws errors.

So now you have an idea on namespaces. Let’s go to the original question why namespace is used, when we have all in the iostream header file. iostream is a file that has all the things like cout, endl and etc is defined. If we need to use them we

need to add that file. So basically `#include <iostream>` means copying and pasting the code in that file to your code. But if we try to use `cout`, `endl` in our code without specifying the namespace it will throw an error, because these are defined in the `std` namespace in the `iostream.h` file like following. Following is dummy of `iostream.h` file. This will give you an idea about how this is defined.

```
1  namespace std
2  {
3      ostream cout;
4      istream cin;
5      //.....
6  };
```

`iostream.h` hosted with ❤ by GitHub

[view raw](#)

So when we run a program to print something, “using namespace std” says if you find something that is not declared in the current scope go and check `std`.

So now you have the answer why both statements

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

are used. It is because computer needs to know the code for the `cout`, `cin` functionalities and it needs to know which namespace they are defined.

So as a summary, why you need both the header file and the namespace to run a simple c++ program, because computer needs to know the definition of the code of the functionalities. It is defined in the header file. So header file needs to be included. namespace is needed because if a functionalities like `cout` is used, but not defined in the current scope computer needs to know where to check. so namespace needs to be included. Because we are writing the code outside the `std` namespace.

Programming

Cplusplus

iostream

Using Namespace Std

Both

[About](#) [Help](#) [Terms](#) [Privacy](#)

Get the Medium app

