LockedMe – Virtual Key for Repositories

This document contains sections for:

- Sprint planning and Task completion
- Core concepts used in project
- Flow of the Application.
- Demonstrating the product capabilities, appearance, and user interactions.
- Unique Selling Points of the Application
- Conclusions

The code for this project is hosted at https://github.com/saiganesh7888/Phase-1-Project The project is developed by Thummuri Sai ganesh

Sprints planning and Task completion

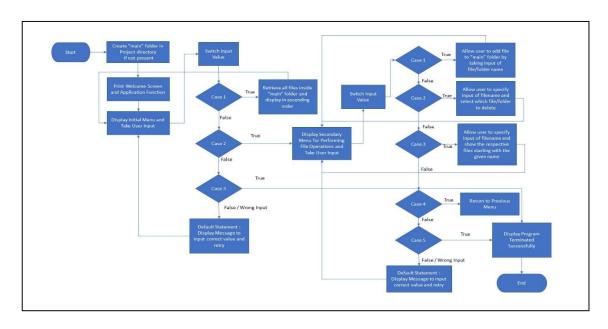
The project is planned to be completed in 1 sprint. Tasks assumed to be completed in the sprint are:

- Creating the flow of the application
- Initializing git repository to track changes as development progresses.
- Writing the Java program to fulfill the requirements of the project.
- Testing the Java program with different kinds of User input
- Pushing code to GitHub.
- Creating this specification document highlighting application capabilities, appearance, and user interactions.

Core concepts used in project

Collections framework, File Handling, Sorting, Flow Control, Recursion, Exception Handling, Streams API

Flow of the Application



Demonstrating the product capabilities, appearance, and user interactions

To demonstrate the product capabilities, below are the sub-sections configured to highlight appearance and user interactions for the project:

- 1 Creating the project in Eclipse
- Writing a program in Java for the entry point of the application (LockedMeMain.java)
- Writing a program in Java to display Menu options available for the user (MenuOptions.java)
- Writing a program in Java to handle Menu options selected by user (HandleOptions.java)
- Writing a program in Java to perform the File operations as specified by user (FileOperations.java)
- 6 Pushing the code to GitHub repository

Step 1: Creating a new project in Eclipse

- Open Eclipse
- Go to File -> New -> Project -> Java Project -> Next.
- Type in any project name and click on "Finish."
- Select your project and go to File -> New -> Class.
- Enter **LockedMeMain** in any class name, check the checkbox "public static void main(String[] args)", and click on "Finish."

Step 2: Writing a program in Java for the entry point of the application (**LockedMeMain.java**)

```
package lockedme.com;
public class LockedMeMain {

public static void main(String[] args) {

    // Create "main" folder if not present in current folder structure FileOperation.createMainFolderIfNotPresent("main");

    MenuOptions.printWelcomeScreen("LockedMe", "Thummuri Sai ganesh");

    HandleOptions.handleWelcomeScreenInput();
}
```

Step 3: Writing a program in Java to display Menu options available for the user (**MenuOptions.java**)

- Select your project and go to File -> New -> Class.
- Enter **MenuOptions** in class name and click on "Finish."
- MenuOptions consists methods for -:
- **3.1.** Displaying Welcome Screen
- 3.2. Displaying Initial Menu
- 3.3. Displaying Secondary Menu for File Operations available

public static void printWelcomeScreen(String appName, String developerName) {

Step 3.1: Writing method to display Welcome Screen

```
String companyDetails =
+ "** Welcome to %s.com. \n" + "** This application was developed
by %s.\n"
"*******\n", appName, developerName);
              String appFunction = "You can use this application to :-\n"
                             + "• Retrieve all file names in the \"main\" folder\n"
                             + ". Search, add, or delete files
in \"main\" folder.\n"
                             + "\n**Please be careful to ensure the correct filename is provided
for searching or deleting files.**\n";
              System.out.println(companyDetails);
              System.out.println(appFunction);
Output:
 Problems @ Javadoc Declaration Console
 LockedMeMain [Java Application] C:\Users\hp\.p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_16.0.1.v20210528-1205\ji
  ** Welcome to LockedMe.com.
  ** This application was developed by Thummuri Sai ganesh.
 You can use this application to :-
  • Retrieve all file names in the "main" folder
  · Search, add, or delete files in "main" folder.
```

Please be careful to ensure the correct filename is provided for searching or deleting files.

```
public static void displayMenu() {
               String menu = "\n\n***** Select any option number from below and press Enter
*****\n\n"
                              + "1) Retrieve all files inside \"main\" folder\n" + "2) Display menu
for File operations\n"
                              + "3) Exit program\n";
               System.out.println(menu);
}
Output:
 ***** Select any option number from below and press Enter *****
 1) Retrieve all files inside "main" folder
 2) Display menu for File operations
 3) Exit program
Step 3.3: Writing method to display Secondary Menu for File Operations
public static void displayFileMenuOptions() {
               String fileMenu = "\n\n***** Select any option number from below and press Enter
*****\n\n"
                              + "1) Add a file to \"main\" folder\n" + "2) Delete a file from
\"main\" folder\n"
                              + "3) Search for a file from \"main\" folder\n" + "4) Show Previous
Menu\n" + "5) Exit program\n";
               System.out.println(fileMenu);
}
Output:
 ****** Select any option number from below and press Enter *****
 1) Add a file to "main" folder
 2) Delete a file from "main" folder
 3) Search for a file from "main" folder
 4) Show Previous Menu
 5) Exit program
```

Step 4: Writing a program in Java to handle Menu options selected by user (**HandleOptions.java**)

• Select your project and go to File -> New -> Class.

- Enter **HandleOptions** in class name and click on "Finish."
- HandleOptions consists methods for -:
- **4.1.** Handling input selected by user in initial Menu
- 4.2. Handling input selected by user in secondary Menu for File Operations

Step 4.1: Writing method to handle user input in initial Menu

```
public static void handleWelcomeScreenInput() {
       boolean running = true;
                Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
                do {
                        try {
                                MenuOptions.displayMenu();
                                int input = sc.nextInt();
                                switch (input)
                                case 1:
                                       FileOperations.displayAllFiles("main");
                                       break;
                                case 2:
                                       HandleOptions.handleFileMenuOptions();
                                       break;
                                case 3:
                                        System.out.println("Program exited successfully.");
                                       running = false;
                                       sc.close();
                                       System.exit(0);
                                       break;
                                default:
                                        System.out.println("Please select a valid option from
above.");
                                }
                        } catch (Exception e) {
                                System.out.println(e.getClass().getName());
                                handleWelcomeScreenInput();
                        }
                while (running == true);
       }
```

```
****** Select any option number from below and press Enter *****
1) Retrieve all files inside "main" folder
2) Display menu for File operations
3) Exit program
Displaying all files with directory structure in ascending order
|-- accessing
-- dash
-- data
 |-- Empty Directory
`-- fb
  -- advance
  -- sort
|-- inserting
|-- oxford
-- sai
Displaying all files in ascending order
accessing
advance
dash
data
fb
inserting
oxford
sai
sort
```

Step 4.2: Writing method to handle user input in Secondary Menu for File Operations

```
FileOperations.createFile(fileToAdd, sc);
                                         break;
                                case 2:
                                         // File/Folder delete
                                         System.out.println("Enter the name of the file to be deleted
from \"main\" folder");
                                         String fileToDelete = sc.next();
                                        FileOperations.createMainFolderIfNotPresent("main");
                                        List<String> filesToDelete =
FileOperations.displayFileLocations(fileToDelete, "main");
                                         String deletionPrompt = "\nSelect index of which file to
delete?"
                                                         + "\n(Enter 0 if you want to delete all
elements)";
                                         System.out.println(deletionPrompt);
                                        int idx = sc.nextInt();
                                        if (idx != 0) {
        FileOperations.deleteFileRecursively(filesToDelete.get(idx - 1));
                                         } else {
                                                 // If idx == 0, delete all files displayed for the name
                                                 for (String path : filesToDelete) {
                                                         FileOperations.deleteFileRecursively(path);
                                         }
                                         break;
                                case 3:
                                        // File/Folder Search
                                         System.out.println("Enter the name of the file to be searched
from \"main\" folder");
                                         String fileName = sc.next();
                                        FileOperations.createMainFolderIfNotPresent("main");
                                        FileOperations.displayFileLocations(fileName, "main");
                                         break;
                                case 4:
                                        // Go to Previous menu
                                         return;
                                case 5:
                                        // Exit
                                         System.out.println("Program exited successfully.");
                                        running = false;
                                         sc.close();
                                         System.exit(0);
                                default:
```

```
****** Select any option number from below and press Enter *****

1) Add a file to "main" folder
2) Delete a file from "main" folder
3) Search for a file from "main" folder
4) Show Previous Menu
5) Exit program

3
Enter the name of the file to be searched from "main" folder dash

Found file at below location(s):
1: C:\Users\hp\Desktop\training\Phase-1 Project\main\dash

****** Select any option number from below and press Enter ******

1) Add a file to "main" folder
2) Delete a file from "main" folder
3) Search for a file from "main" folder
4) Show Previous Menu
5) Exit program
```

Step 5: Writing a program in Java to perform the File operations as specified by user (**FileOperations.java**)

- Select your project and go to File -> New -> Class.
- Enter FileOperations in class name and click on "Finish."
- FileOperations consists methods for -:

- **5.1.** Creating "main" folder in project if it's not already present
- **5.2.** Displaying all files in "main" folder in ascending order and also with directory structure.
- 5.3. Creating a file/folder as specified by user input.
- 5.4. Search files as specified by user input in "main" folder and it's subfolders.
- 5.5. Deleting a file/folder from "main" folder

Step 5.1: Writing method to create "main" folder in project if it's not present

```
Phase-1 Project

Phase-1 Project

Piscom

PileOperation.java

PileOperation.java

PileOperation.java

MenuOptions.java

MenuOptions.java
```

Step 5.2: Writing method to display all files in "main" folder in ascending order and also with directory structure. ("`--" represents a directory. "|--" represents a file.)

```
System.out.println("Displaying all files in ascending order\n");
                Collections.sort(filesListNames);
                 filesListNames.stream().forEach(System.out::println);
        public static List<String> listFilesInDirectory(String path, int indentationCount,
List<String> fileListNames)
                File dir = new File(path);
                File[] files = dir.listFiles();
                List<File> filesList = Arrays.asList(files);
                Collections.sort(filesList);
                if (files != null \&\& files.length > 0) {
                         for (File file : filesList) {
                                 System.out.print(" ".repeat(indentationCount * 2));
                                 if (file.isDirectory()) {
                                         System.out.println("`-- " + file.getName());
                                         // Recursively indent and display the files
                                          fileListNames.add(file.getName());
                                         listFilesInDirectory(file.getAbsolutePath(), indentationCount
+ 1, fileListNames);
                                 }
                                 else {
                                          System.out.println("|-- " + file.getName());
                                          fileListNames.add(file.getName());
                                 }
                }
                else {
                         System.out.print(" ".repeat(indentationCount * 2));
                         System.out.println("|-- Empty Directory");
                System.out.println();
                 return fileListNames;
        }
```

```
***** Select any option number from below and press Enter *****
1) Retrieve all files inside "main" folder
2) Display menu for File operations
3) Exit program
Displaying all files with directory structure in ascending order
|-- accessing
-- dash
-- data
 -- Empty Directory
`-- fb
  -- advance
  -- sort
|-- inserting
-- oxford
-- sai
Displaying all files in ascending order
accessing
advance
dash
data
fb
inserting
oxford
sai
sort
```

Step 5.3: Writing method to create a file/folder as specified by user input.

```
System.out.println("\nContent written to file " + fileToAdd);
                             System.out.println("Content can be read using Notepad or
Notepad++");
                     }
              } catch (IOException e) {
                     System.out.println("Failed to create file " + fileToAdd);
                     System.out.println(e.getClass().getName());
Output:
Folders are automatically created along with file
 ****** Select any option number from below and press Enter *****
 1) Add a file to "main" folder
 2) Delete a file from "main" folder
 3) Search for a file from "main" folder
 4) Show Previous Menu
 5) Exit program
 Enter the name of the file to be added to the "main" folder
 data/kbv/tsg/tms.txt
 data/kbv/tsg/tms.txt created successfully
 Would you like to add some content to the file? (Y/N)
 Input content and press enter
 welcome to the lockedme application and thank you for choosing
 Content written to file data/kbv/tsg/tms.txt
 Content can be read using Notepad or Notepad++

∨ № Phase-1 Project

   > 🕭 src
   > A JRE System Library [jre]
   ∨ 🗁 main
     v 🗁 data

∨ B kbv

√ B tsg

               tms.txt
     > 🥟 fb
       accessing
       dash
       inserting inserting
       oxford
```

ai sai

```
☐ FileOperation.java ☐ HandleOptions.java ☐ LockedMeMain.java ☐ MenuOptions.java ☐ tms.txt ♡ 1 welcome to the lockedme application and thank you for choosing
```

Step 5.4: Writing method to search for all files as specified by user input in "main" folder and it's subfolders.

```
public static List<String> displayFileLocations(String fileName, String path) {
                List<String> fileListNames = new ArrayList<>();
                FileOperations.searchFileRecursively(path, fileName, fileListNames);
                if (fileListNames.isEmpty()) {
                         System.out.println("\n\n***** Couldn't find any file with given file name \""
+ fileName + "\" ****\n\n"):
                } else {
                         System.out.println("\n\nFound file at below location(s):");
                         List<String> files = IntStream.range(0, fileListNames.size())
                                          .mapToObj(index \rightarrow (index + 1) + ": " +
fileListNames.get(index)).collect(Collectors.toList());
                         files.forEach(System.out::println);
                 return fileListNames;
        public static void searchFileRecursively(String path, String fileName, List<String>
fileListNames) {
                 File dir = new File(path);
                File[] files = dir.listFiles();
                List<File> filesList = Arrays.asList(files);
                 if (files != null \&\& files.length > 0) {
                         for (File file : filesList) {
                                 if (file.getName().startsWith(fileName)) {
                                          fileListNames.add(file.getAbsolutePath());
                                 // Need to search in directories separately to ensure all files of
required
                                 // fileName are searched
                                 if (file.isDirectory()) {
                                         searchFileRecursively(file.getAbsolutePath(), fileName,
fileListNames);
                                 }
                         }
```

}

Output:

All files starting with the user input are displayed along with index

```
****** Select any option number from below and press Enter *****

1) Add a file to "main" folder
2) Delete a file from "main" folder
3) Search for a file from "main" folder
4) Show Previous Menu
5) Exit program

3
Enter the name of the file to be searched from "main" folder
tms

Found file at below location(s):
1: C:\Users\hp\Desktop\training\Phase-1 Project\main\data\kbv\tms.txt
2: C:\Users\hp\Desktop\training\Phase-1 Project\main\data\kbv\tsg\tms.txt
```

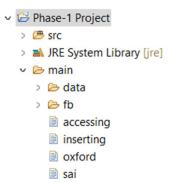
Step 5.5: Writing method to delete file/folder specified by user input in "main" folder and it's subfolders. It uses the searchFilesRecursively method and prompts user to specify which index to delete. If folder selected, all it's child files and folder will be deleted recursively. If user wants to delete all the files specified after the search, they can input value 0.

```
public static void deleteFileRecursively(String path) {
                 File currFile = new File(path);
                 File[] files = currFile.listFiles();
                 if (files != null \&\& files.length > 0) {
                         for (File file : files) {
                                  String fileName = file.getName() + " at " + file.getParent();
                                  if (file.isDirectory()) {
                                          deleteFileRecursively(file.getAbsolutePath());
                                  if (file.delete()) {
                                          System.out.println(fileName + " deleted successfully");
                                  } else {
                                          System.out.println("Failed to delete " + fileName);
                                  }
                         }
                 String currFileName = currFile.getName() + " at " + currFile.getParent();
                 if (currFile.delete()) {
                         System.out.println(currFileName + " deleted successfully");
                 } else {
```

```
System.out.println("Failed to delete " + currFileName);
}
```

To verify if file is deleted on Eclipse, right click on Project and click "Refresh".

```
****** Select any option number from below and press Enter ******
1) Add a file to "main" folder
2) Delete a file from "main" folder
3) Search for a file from "main" folder
4) Show Previous Menu
5) Exit program
Enter the name of the file to be deleted from "main" folder
dash
Found file at below location(s):
1: C:\Users\hp\Desktop\training\Phase-1 Project\main\dash
Select index of which file to delete?
(Enter 0 if you want to delete all elements)
dash at C:\Users\hp\Desktop\training\Phase-1 Project\main deleted successfully
***** Select any option number from below and press Enter *****
1) Retrieve all files inside "main" folder
2) Display menu for File operations
3) Exit program
Displaying all files with directory structure in ascending order
|-- accessing
 -- data
  `-- kbv
    -- tms.txt
     -- tms.txt
 `-- fb
  -- advance
  -- sort
-- inserting
-- sai
Displaying all files in ascending order
accessing
advance
data
fb
inserting
oxford
sai
sort
tms.txt
tms.txt
tsg
```



Step 6: Pushing the code to GitHub repository

 Open your command prompt and navigate to the folder where you have created your files.

cd <folder path>

• Initialize repository using the following command:

git init

• Add all the files to your git repository using the following command:

git add.

• Commit the changes using the following command:

```
git commit . -m <commit message>
```

• Push the files to the folder you initially created using the following command:

```
git push -u origin master
```

Unique Selling Points of the Application

1. The application is designed to keep on running and taking user inputs even after exceptions occur. To terminate the application, appropriate option needs to be selected.

- 2. The application can take any file/folder name as input. Even if the user wants to create nested folder structure, user can specify the relative path, and the application takes care of creating the required folder structure.
- 3. User is also provided the option to write content if they want into the newly created file.
- 4. The application doesn't restrict user to specify the exact filename to search/delete file/folder. They can specify the starting input, and the program searches all files/folder starting with the value and displays it. The user is then provided the option to select all files or to select a specific index to delete.
- 5. The application also allows user to delete folders which are not empty.
- 6. The user is able to seamlessly switch between options or return to previous menu even after any required operation like adding, searching, deleting or retrieving of files is performed.
- 7. When the option to retrieve files in ascending order is selected, user is displayed with two options of viewing the files.
 - 7.1. Ascending order of folders first which have files sorted in them,
 - 7.2. Ascending order of all files and folders inside the "main" folder.
- 8. The application is designed with modularity in mind. Even if one wants to update the path, they can change it through the source code. Application has been developed keeping in mind that there should be very less "hardcoding" of data.

Conclusions

Further enhancements to the application can be made which may include:

- Conditions to check if user is allowed to delete the file or add the file at the specific locations.
- Asking user to verify if they really want to delete the selected directory if it's not empty.
- Retrieving files/folders by different criteria like Last Modified, Type, etc.
- Allowing user to append data to the file.