## **EXPERIMENT: 33**

## IMPLEMENTING THE APPLICATIONS USING TCP FILE TRANSFER IN JAVA/C

Aim: To implement the applications using TCP file transfer in java.

## Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Declare the variables and structures required.
- 3. A socket is created and the connect function is executed.
- 4. The file is opened.
- 5. The data from the file is read and sent to the server.
- 6. The socket is closed.
- 7. The program is stopped.

## Steps to implement a TCP file transfer:

- 1. Set up the TCP client-server connection:
  - Create a server socket using the 'socket()' function.
  - Bind the server socket to a specific IP address and port using the 'bind()' function.
  - Listen for incoming client connections using the 'listen()' function.
  - Create a client socket using the 'socket()' function.
  - Connect the client socket to the server using the 'connect()' function.
- 2. Server-side implementation:
  - Accept the client connection using the 'accept()' function on the server side.
  - Open the file to be transferred in binary mode using 'fopen()'.
- Read the contents of the file in chunks and send them over the TCP connection using the `send()` function.
  - Close the file using `fclose()`.
- 3. Client-side implementation:
  - Receive the file data from the server using the 'recv()' function on the client side.
  - Write the received data to a file on the client side using `fwrite()`.
  - Continue receiving and writing data until the entire file is received.
  - Close the file using `fclose()`.

Example content:

```
Hello, this is a test file.
Sent using TCP File Transfer in C!

Running the server:
Server Output:

Server listening on port 9092...
Client connected, sending file...
File sent successfully!

Client output:

Connected to server. Receiving file...
File received successfully!
```

**Result:** Thus the applications using TCP file transfer in java is completed successfully.