

Counting Bits:-

In this problem n is given. Some number we have to count the '1' bits in all the numbers from 0 to n .

Lets take some example.

$$0 \rightarrow 0$$

$$1 \rightarrow 1$$

$$2 - 10 \rightarrow 1$$

$$3 \rightarrow 011 \rightarrow 2$$

$$4 \rightarrow 100 \rightarrow 1$$

$$5 \rightarrow 101 \rightarrow 2$$

for $n=5$

[0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2]

For odd numbers number of 1 bits is $1 + x//2$

For even numbers number of 1 bits is $x//2$

we will use memoization to find the bits of bigger numbers from smaller numbers.

count-array = [0] * (n+1)

for i in range(1, n+1)

if $i \% 2 == 1$

count-array[i] = 1 + count-array[i//2]

else

count-array[i] = count-array[i//2]

return count array