

# **SECOND GRADE**

## 2014-2015 Mid-Year Benchmark Assessment

**Student Booklet** 



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1)	Use an <u>inch ruler</u> to measure the length of each rope. (to the nearest inch)
a)	inches
b)	inches
c)	inches
d)	inches
2)	What is the difference in the lengths of rope (b) and rope (d)?
	inch or inches

MEASUREMENT AND DATA Measure and estimate lengths in standard units.

2.MD.1 Measure the length of an object by selecting and using appropriate tools such as rulers, yardsticks, meter sticks, and measuring tapes. 2.MD.4 Measure to determine how much longer one object is than another, expressing the length different in terms of a standard length unit.

Marta and Jose were putting borders around bulletin boards. Marta used 9 feet more border than Jose. Jose used 27 feet of border. How many feet of border did Marta use?

Solve the problem. Use words, numbers or pictures to explain your reasoning.
feet
Write an equation that represents this problem. Use a symbol for the unknown number.

#### OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING

Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction

**2.0A.1** Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one-and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.

Compare- Bigger Unknown: More, One-step

MEASUREMENT AND DATA

 $\label{lem:Relate} \textbf{Relate addition and subtraction to length.}$ 

**2.MD.5** Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve word problems involving lengths that are given in the same units, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.

Jim and Diana were having a jumping contest. Jim's jump was 14 inches shorter than Diana's. Diana's jump was 51 inches. What was the length of Jim's jump?

Solve the problem. Use words, numbers or pictures to explain your reasoning.
inches
Write an equation that represents this problem. Use a symbol for the unknown number.

#### OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING

Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction

**2.OA.1** Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one-and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.

Compare- Smaller Unknown: Fewer, One-step

MEASUREMENT AND DATA

Relate addition and subtraction to length.

**2.MD.5** Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve word problems involving lengths that are given in the same units, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.

In the morning, some ducks were in the pond. Later in the day, 8 ducks flew away. Now there are 17 ducks in the pond. How many ducks were in the pond in the morning?

Solve the problem. Use words, numbers or pictures to explain your reasoning.
ducks
Write an equation that represents this problem. Use a symbol for the unknown number.

#### OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING

Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction

**2.0A.1** Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one-and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.

Take From-Start Unknown, One-step

There were some flowers in a vase. Then, someone added 6 more flowers to the vase. Now, there are 21 flowers in the vase. How many flowers were in the vase to start with?

Solve the problem. Use words, numbers or pictures to explain your reasoning.
flowers
Write an equation that represents this problem. Use a symbol for the unknown number.

#### OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING

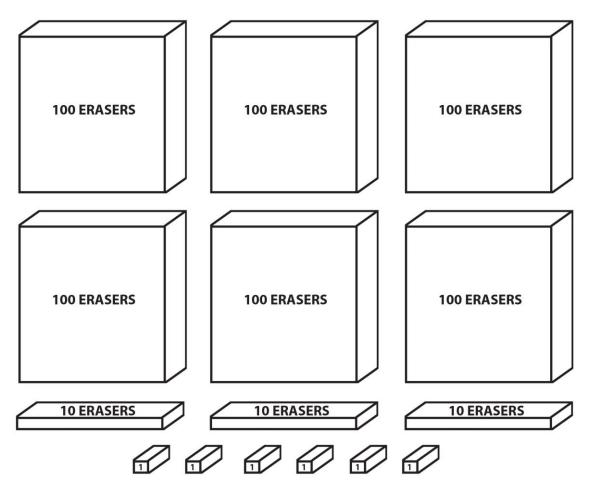
Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction

**2.OA.1** Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one-and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.

Add To-Start Unknown, One-step

# Task 6 Part 1 of 2

The school store sells single erasers, packs of ten, or in cases of 100. Joni drew the picture below to show how many erasers they have in the store.



- a) How many erasers are in the school store? Write the number of erasers.
- b) Write the total number of erasers using expanded form.

#### NUMBER AND OPERATIONS IN BASE TEN

Understand place value.

**2.NBT.1** Understand that the three digits of a three-digit number represent amounts of hundreds, tens and ones.

2.NBT.3 Read and write numbers to 1000 using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form.

# Task 6 Part 2 of 2

Joni was skip-counting the erasers by 5s. She already counted 275 erasers. As she continues to skip-count by 5s, what are the next six numbers she will count?

a)	265, 270, 275,,,,,	_
	lon was skip-counting the erasers by 10s. He already counted 342 erasers. skip-counts by 10s, what are the next six numbers he will count?	
b)	322, 332, 342,,,,,,,,	

#### NUMBER AND OPERATIONS IN BASE TEN

Understand place value.

**2.NBT.2** Count within 1000; skip-count by 5s, 10s, and 100s.

2.NBT.3 Read and write numbers to 1000 using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form.

#### Write a number in every blank to make each equation a true statement.

a) 753 = \_\_\_\_\_ hundreds + \_\_\_\_\_ tens + \_\_\_\_\_ ones

b)  $\underline{\phantom{a}} = 70 + 800 + 4$ 

c) 5 tens + 2 hundreds = \_\_\_\_\_

d) = 9 hundreds

e) 753 = \_\_\_\_\_ tens + \_\_\_\_ ones

f) 6 tens + 4 ones =

g) 753 = \_\_\_\_\_ ones

### Use > or < to make each statement true.

#### NUMBER AND OPERATIONS IN BASE TEN

#### Understand place value.

- 2.NBT.1 Understand that the three digits of a three-digit number represent amounts of hundreds, tens and ones.
- **2.NBT.3** Read and write numbers to 1000 using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form.
- **2.NBT.4** Compare two three-digit numbers based on meanings of the hundreds, tens, and ones digits, using >, =, < symbols to record the results of comparisons.

# Alesha ran 58 yards around the track. Then, she ran 32 more yards. How many yards did Alesha run?

Solve the problem. Use words, numbers or pictures to explain your reasoning.
yards
Write an equation that represents this problem. Use a symbol for the unknown number.

#### OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING

Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction

**2.OA.1** Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one-and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.

Add To-Result Unknown, One-step

NUMBER AND OPERATIONS IN BASE TEN

Understand place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract.

2.NBT.5 Fluently add and subtract within 100 using strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.

2.NBT.9 Explain why addition and subtraction strategies work, using place value and the properties of operations.

The cafeteria had 81 oranges. At lunch time, they sold some oranges. Now the cafeteria has 59 oranges left. How many oranges did the cafeteria sell at lunch time?

Solve the problem. Use words, numbers or pictures to explain your reasoning.
oranges
Write an equation that represents this problem. Use a symbol for the unknown number.

#### OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING

Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction

**2.OA.1** Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one-and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.

Take From- Change Unknown, One-step

NUMBER AND OPERATIONS IN BASE TEN

2.NBT.5 Fluently add and subtract within 100 using strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.

**2.NBT.9** Explain why addition and subtraction strategies work, using place value and the properties of operations.

### Task 10 Sam has 55 toy cars. Larry has 42 more toy cars than Sam. How many toy cars does Larry have?

Solve the problem. Use words, numbers or pictures to explain your reasoning.
toy cars
Write an equation that represents this problem. Use a symbol for the unknown number.

#### OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING

Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction

**2.OA.1** Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one-and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.

Compare- Bigger Unknown: More, One-step

NUMBER AND OPERATIONS IN BASE TEN

Understand place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract.

2.NBT.5 Fluently add and subtract within 100 using strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.

2.NBT.9 Explain why addition and subtraction strategies work, using place value and the properties of operations.

1 abr 11
Part 1:
1) Draw a closed shape that has <u>5 sides</u> and <u>5 angles</u> .
2) What is the name of the shape?
Part 2:
The teacher read a shape clue to the class:
I am a closed shape with 6 sides and 6 angles.
Maria thought the shape was a hexagon.
Joe thought the shape was a pentagon.
Tim thought the shape was a trapezoid.
Who do you agree with?
Why?
GEOMETRY
<ul><li>Reason with shapes and their attributes.</li><li>2.G.1 Recognize and draw shapes having specified attributes, such as a given number of angles or a given number of equal faces.</li></ul>
Identify triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons, and cubes.

Part 3: Decide if each shape is a quadrilateral. Circle YES or NO.

A.	YES	NO
B	YES	NO
C.	YES	NO
D.	YES	NO
E.	YES	NO
F.	YES	NO
G.	YES	NO
Н.	YES	NO


#### **GEOMETRY**

Reason with shapes and their attributes.

2.G.1 Recognize and draw shapes having specified attributes, such as a given number of angles or a given number of equal faces. Identify triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons, and cubes.

Student's Name:	

### Second Grade Mid-Year Benchmark Assessment Summary for Conference & Instructional Planning

MEASUREMENT AND DATA				
Task/	Proficiency in Performance &	Comments	Level	
Standard	Understanding			
1	Measure and estimate lengths in			
2.MD.1	standard units		/3	
2.MD.4				
Summary for Conferences and Instructional Planning:				

MEASUREMENT AND DATA/OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING			
Task/	Proficiency in Performance &	Comments	Level
Standard	Understanding		
2	Relate addition and subtraction to		
2.MD.5	length and represent and solve		/3
2.OA.1	problems involving addition and		
	subtraction.		
3	Relate addition and subtraction to		
2.MD.5	length and represent and solve		
2.OA.1	problems involving addition and		/3
	subtraction.		

**Summary for Conferences and Instructional Planning:** 

	OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING			
Task/ Standard	Proficiency in Performance & Understanding	Comments	Level	
4 2.OA.1	Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction.		/3	
5 2.OA.1	Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction.		/3	

**Summary for Conferences and Instructional Planning:** 

	NUMBER AND OPERATIONS	S IN BASE TEN	
Task/	Proficiency in Performance &	Comments	Level
Standard	Understanding		
6	Understand place value.		
Part 1			/3
2.NBT.1			
2.NBT.3			
6	Understand place value.		
Part 2			
2.NBT.2			
2.NBT.3			
7	Understand place value.		
2.NBT.1			
2.NBT.3			/3
2.NBT.4			
Summary for	<b>Conferences and Instructional Planning</b>	g:	
v	•	8	

NUMBER AND OPERATION IN BASE TEN/OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING					
Task/	Proficiency in Performance &	Comments	Level		
Standard	Understanding				
8	Understand place value, represent and				
2.NBT.5	solve problems involving addition and		/3		
2.NBT.9	subtraction, and use place value				
2.OA.1	understanding and properties of				
	operations to add and subtract.				
9	Understand place value, represent and				
2.NBT.5	solve problems involving addition and				
2.NBT.9	subtraction, and use place value		/3		
2.OA.1	understanding and properties of				
	operations to add and subtract.				
10	Understand place value, represent and				
2.NBT.5	solve problems involving addition and				
2.NBT.9	subtraction, and use place value		/		
2.OA.1	understanding and properties of				
	operations to add and subtract.				
Summary for	Summary for Conferences and Instructional Planning:				
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GEOMETRY			
Task/	Proficiency in Performance &	Comments	Level
Standard	Understanding		
11	Reason with shapes and their		
2.G.1	attributes.		/3
Summary for Conferences & Instructional Planning:			
gr			