

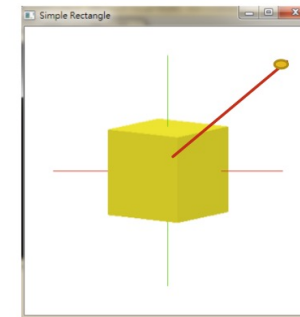
The background features abstract green geometric shapes. On the left, a solid green triangle points downwards. On the right, a complex arrangement of overlapping, semi-transparent green triangles and polygons creates a layered, architectural effect. The text is centered in the white space between these elements.

# Lab 04

## Transformation Matrix

# Lab 04 Goal - Transformation matrix

1. Arbitrary Rotation 90%
    - ▶ Print the window coordinate (x,y ) where your mouse click on (20%)
    - ▶ Draw the dot (only the last one) where your mouse click on (40%)
    - ▶ Draw the line (arbitrary axis) between the origin and the last dot (10%)
    - ▶ Rotate your object along the arbitrary axis (20%)
      - ▶ use your own key setting
  2. You will still need to be able to do the rotation, translation from previous lab
  3. Reset the object to origin 10%
    - ▶ use your own key setting
- 
- ▶ Write comments in your code about your key setting
  - ▶ Do not use `glRotate`, `glTranslate` in your code
  - ▶ Turn in your code



# Transformation Matrix

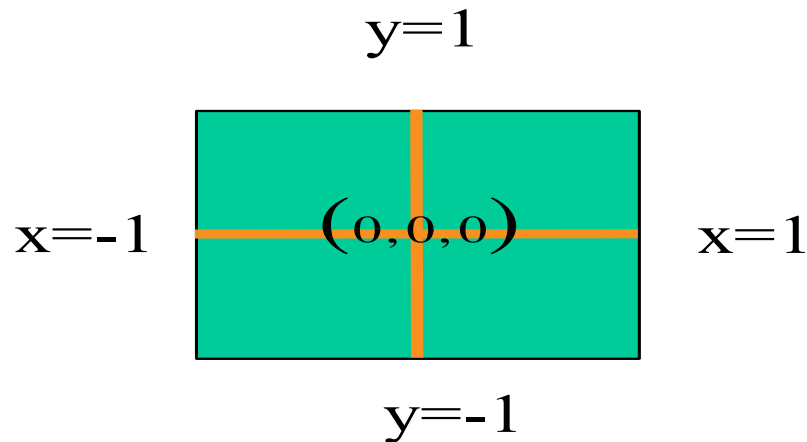
- All modeling transformations are represented as 4x4 matrices
- Identity matrix

```
GLfloat rotMatrix[] = {  
    1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0,  
    0.0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0,  
    0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 0.0,  
    0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0  };
```

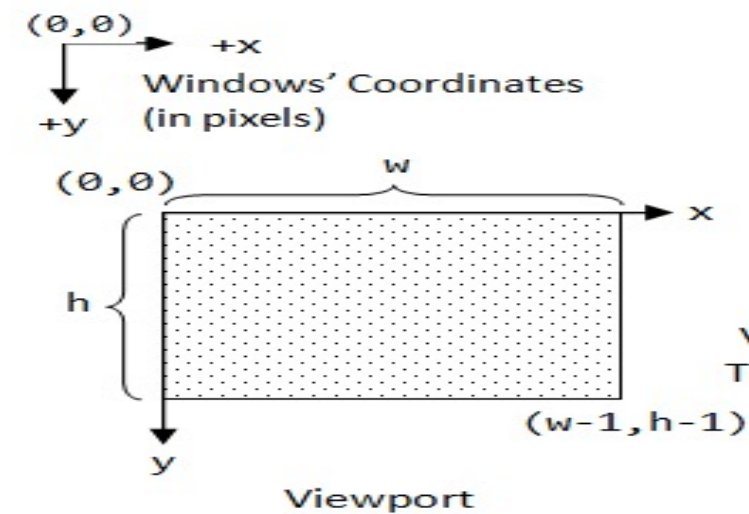
```
rotMatrix[0] = 1;  rotMatrix[4] = 0;  rotMatrix[8] = 0;  rotMatrix[12] = 0;  
rotMatrix[1] = 0;  rotMatrix[5] = 1;  rotMatrix[9] = 0;  rotMatrix[13] = 0;  
rotMatrix[2] = 0;  rotMatrix[6] = 0;  rotMatrix[10] = 1;  rotMatrix[14] = 0;  
rotMatrix[3] = 0;  rotMatrix[7] = 0;  rotMatrix[11] = 0;  rotMatrix[15] = 1;
```

# Mouse Click Location

- Click at  $(win_x, Win_y)$
- Convert it to OpenGL's coordinate  $(x, y)$
- Draw the dot



Normalized Device Coordinates  
 ←  
 →  
 Window Coordinates



## Positioning

- ▶ The position in the screen window is usually measured in pixels with the origin at the top-left corner
  - ▶ Consequence of refresh done from top to bottom
- ▶ OpenGL uses a world coordinate system with origin at the bottom left
  - ▶ Must invert y coordinate returned by callback by height of window
  - ▶  $y = h - y;$



# The Mouse Callback

```
glutMouseFunc(mymouse)
```

```
void mymouse(GLint button, GLint state, GLint x, GLint y)
```

- ▶ Returns
  - ▶ which button
    - ▶ GLUT\_LEFT\_BUTTON
    - ▶ GLUT\_MIDDLE\_BUTTON
    - ▶ GLUT\_RIGHT\_BUTTON
  - ▶ state of that button
    - ▶ GLUT\_UP
    - ▶ GLUT\_DOWN
  - ▶ Position in window

## My\_Mouse() - Code snippets

- Handle the mouse events

```
/// Register callback functions
////////////////////////////////////
glutReshapeFunc ( My_Reshape );
glutDisplayFunc ( My_Display );
glutKeyboardFunc( My_Keyboard );
glutMouseFunc   ( My_Mouse );
glutSpecialFunc ( My_SpecialKeys );
glutTimerFunc   (timer_speed, My_Timer, timer_flag);
////////////////////////////////////
/// Initialize OpenGL
```

```
////////////////////////////////////
// Called by GLUT library when the mouse event is triggered
void My_Mouse(int button, int state, int x, int y)
{
    switch (button)
    {
        case GLUT_LEFT_BUTTON:
            if (state == GLUT_DOWN)
                cout << "Mouse left button down" << endl;
            break;
        case GLUT_MIDDLE_BUTTON:
            if (state == GLUT_DOWN)
                cout << "Mouse middle button down" << endl;
            break;
        case GLUT_RIGHT_BUTTON:
            if (state == GLUT_DOWN)
                cout << "Mouse right button down" << endl;
            break;
    }
}
```

Which button?      Up or down?      Screen coordinates