1. Create one employee class and in that class create instance variable, local variable and static variable. public class Employee { static String companyName = "TechCompany"; String name; double salary; public Employee(String name, double salary) { this.name = name; this.salary = salary; public void showDetails() { String message = "Employee: " + name + ", Salary: " + salary + ", Company: " + companyName; System.out.println(message); } public static void main(String[] args) { Employee emp1 = new Employee("Ajay", 50000); Employee emp2 = new Employee("vinay", 60000); System.out.println(emp1.name); System.out.println(emp2.salary); System.out.println(Employee.companyName); emp1.showDetails(); emp2.showDetails(); } } Output: Ajay 60000.0 TechCompany Employee: Ajay, Salary: 50000.0, Company: TechCompany Employee: vinay, Salary: 60000.0, Company: TechCompany 2. Create addition of two numbers using variables public class AddTwoNumbers { public static void main(String[] args) { int num1 = 10; int num2 = 20; int sum = num1 + num2; System.out.println("The sum of " + num1 + " and " + num2 + " is: " + sum); }

Output: The sum of 10 and 20 is: 30

```
3. Swap two numbers using third variable
    public class SwapNumbers {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        int a = 5;
        int b = 10;
        System.out.println("Before swapping: a = " + a + ", b = " + b);
        int temp = a;
        a = b;
        b = temp;
        System.out.println("After swapping: a = " + a + ", b = " + b);
      }
   }
    Output:
    Before swapping: a = 5, b = 10
    After swapping: a = 10, b = 5
4. Calculate area of rectangle
    public class RectangleArea {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        double length = 8.5;
        double width = 4.2;
        double area = length * width;
        System.out.println("Length: " + length);
        System.out.println("Width: " + width);
        System.out.println("Area of Rectangle: " + area);
      }
   }
    Output:
    Length: 8.5
    Width: 4.2
    Area of Rectangle: 35.7
5. Calculate simple interest
    public class SimpleInterest {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        double principal = 10000;
        double rate = 5;
        double time = 2;
        double simpleInterest = (principal * rate * time) / 100;
        System.out.println("Principal: " + principal);
        System.out.println("Rate of Interest: " + rate + "%");
```

```
System.out.println("Time (years): " + time);
        System.out.println("Simple Interest: " + simpleInterest);
      }
    }
    Output:
    Principal: 10000.0
    Rate of Interest: 5.0%
    Time (years): 2.0
    Simple Interest: 1000.0
6. Count number of vowels in a string(input="Programming", output=3 Vowels)
    public class CountVowels {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        String input = "Programming";
        int vowelCount = 0;
        input = input.toLowerCase();
        for (int i = 0; i < input.length(); i++) {
          char ch = input.charAt(i);
          if (ch == 'a' || ch == 'e' || ch == 'i' || ch == 'o' || ch == 'u') {
             vowelCount++;
          }
        }
        System.out.println(vowelCount + " Vowels");
      }
    }
    Output:
    3 Vowels
7. Replace all Spaces with Hyphens for a string in java
    public class ReplaceSpaces {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        String input = "Java is fun to learn";
        String result = input.replace(" ", "-");
        System.out.println("Original String: " + input);
        System.out.println("Modified String: " + result);
      }
    }
    Output:
    Original String: Java is fun to learn
    Modified String: Java-is-fun-to-learn
```

```
8. Check if a string is Palindrome
    public class PalindromeCheck {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        String input = "madam";
        input = input.toLowerCase();
        String reversed = new StringBuilder(input).reverse().toString();
        if (input.equals(reversed)) {
          System.out.println("The string is a Palindrome.");
          System.out.println("The string is NOT a Palindrome.");
      }
   }
    Output: The string is a Palindrome.
9. .Count words in a Sentence
    public class WordCount {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        String sentence = "Java is fun to learn";
        String[] words = sentence.trim().split("\\s+");
        int wordCount = words.length;
        System.out.println("Sentence: " + sentence);
        System.out.println("Number of words: " + wordCount);
      }
    }
    Output:
    Sentence: Java is fun to learn
    Number of words: 5
10. Check if String starts with "j" and end with "a" . eg. "java"
    public class StartEndCheck {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        String input = "java";
        input = input.toLowerCase();
        if (input.startsWith("j") && input.endsWith("a")) {
          System.out.println("The string starts with 'j' and ends with 'a'.");
        } else {
          System.out.println("The string does NOT start with 'j' and end with 'a'.");
        }
      }
    }
```

Output: The string starts with 'j' and ends with 'a'.

```
11. Split a sentence into words
    public class SplitSentence {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        String sentence = "Java is fun to learn";
        String[] words = sentence.split(" ");
        System.out.println("The words are:");
        for (String word: words) {
          System.out.println(word);
        }
      }
   }
    Output:
    The words are:
    Java
    is
    fun
    to
    learn
12. Write a program to find the frequency of each character in a string
    import java.util.HashMap;
    import java.util.Map;
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class CharFrequency {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a string: ");
        String text = scanner.nextLine();
        Map<Character, Integer> frequency = new HashMap<>();
        for (char c : text.toCharArray()) {
          if (frequency.containsKey(c)) {
             frequency.put(c, frequency.get(c) + 1);
          } else {
             frequency.put(c, 1);
          }
        }
        System.out.println("\nCharacter frequencies:");
        for (Map.Entry<Character, Integer> entry: frequency.entrySet()) {
          System.out.println(""" + entry.getKey() + "": " + entry.getValue());
        }
        scanner.close();
      }
```

```
}
    Output:
    Enter a string: Hello World
    Character frequencies:
    'H': 1
    'e': 1
    'l': 3
    'o': 2
    ' ': 1
    'W': 1
    'r': 1
    'd': 1
13. Write a program to remove all white Spaces from string
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class RemoveSpaces {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a string: ");
        String text = scanner.nextLine();
        String noSpaces = text.replaceAll("\\s+", "");
        System.out.println("String without spaces: " + noSpaces);
        scanner.close();
      }
    }
    Output:
    Enter a string: Hello World!
    String without spaces: HelloWorld!
14. Write a Program to count digits, letters, spaces and Special characters
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class CountCharacters {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a string: ");
        String text = scanner.nextLine();
        int letters = 0, digits = 0, spaces = 0, specialChars = 0;
        for (char c : text.toCharArray()) {
           if (Character.isLetter(c)) {
             letters++;
           } else if (Character.isDigit(c)) {
             digits++;
           } else if (Character.isWhitespace(c)) {
             spaces++;
           } else {
```

```
specialChars++;
          }
        }
        System.out.println("Letters: " + letters);
        System.out.println("Digits: " + digits);
        System.out.println("Spaces: " + spaces);
        System.out.println("Special characters: " + specialChars);
        scanner.close();
      }
    }
    Output:
    Enter a string: Hello 123! How are you?
    Letters: 14
    Digits: 3
    Spaces: 4
    Special characters: 2
15. Write a program to sort characters of a String Alphabetically
    import java.util.Arrays;
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class SortStringCharacters {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a string: ");
        String text = scanner.nextLine();
        char[] chars = text.toCharArray();
        Arrays.sort(chars);
        String sorted = new String(chars);
        System.out.println("Sorted characters: " + sorted);
        scanner.close();
      }
   }
    Output:
    Enter a string: hello world
    Sorted characters: dehllloorw
16. Write a program to find the sum of all elements in an integer array
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class ArraySum {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
        int n = scanner.nextInt();
```

```
int[] arr = new int[n];
        int sum = 0;
        System.out.println("Enter " + n + " integers:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          arr[i] = scanner.nextInt();
          sum += arr[i];
        }
        System.out.println("Sum of all elements: " + sum);
        scanner.close();
      }
   }
    Output:
    Enter the number of elements: 5
    Enter 5 integers:
    10
    20
    30
    40
    50
    Sum of all elements: 150
17. Write a program to count even and odd numbers from an array
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class CountEvenOdd {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
        int n = scanner.nextInt();
        int[] arr = new int[n];
        int evenCount = 0, oddCount = 0;
        System.out.println("Enter " + n + " integers:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          arr[i] = scanner.nextInt();
          if (arr[i] % 2 == 0) {
             evenCount++;
          } else {
             oddCount++;
          }
        System.out.println("Number of even elements: " + evenCount);
        System.out.println("Number of odd elements: " + oddCount);
        scanner.close();
      }
   }
```

```
Output:
    Enter the number of elements: 6
    Enter 6 integers:
    1
    2
    3
    4
    5
    Number of even elements: 3
    Number of odd elements: 3
18. find maximum and minimum elements from an array.
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class MaxMinArray {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
        int n = scanner.nextInt();
        int[] arr = new int[n];
        System.out.println("Enter " + n + " integers:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          arr[i] = scanner.nextInt();
        }
        int max = arr[0];
        int min = arr[0];
        for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
          if (arr[i] > max) {
             max = arr[i];
          }
          if (arr[i] < min) {
             min = arr[i];
          }
        System.out.println("Maximum element: " + max);
        System.out.println("Minimum element: " + min);
        scanner.close();
      }
   }
    Output:
    Enter the number of elements: 5
    Enter 5 integers:
    10
    3
```

```
45
    2
    30
    Maximum element: 45
    Minimum element: 2
19. write a program to find out second highest element from an array
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class SecondHighest {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
        int n = scanner.nextInt();
        if (n < 2) {
          System.out.println("Array must have at least 2 elements.");
        }
        int[] arr = new int[n];
        System.out.println("Enter " + n + " integers:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          arr[i] = scanner.nextInt();
        int highest = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
        int secondHighest = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
        for (int num : arr) {
          if (num > highest) {
             secondHighest = highest;
             highest = num;
          } else if (num > secondHighest && num != highest) {
             secondHighest = num;
          }
        }
        if (secondHighest == Integer.MIN_VALUE) {
          System.out.println("No second highest element (all elements may be equal).");
        } else {
          System.out.println("Second highest element: " + secondHighest);
        }
        scanner.close();
      }
   }
```

```
Output:
    Enter the number of elements: 5
    Enter 5 integers:
    10
    45
    30
    20
    50
    Second highest element: 45
20. write a program to search for a number entered by the user in an array
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class SearchInArray {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
        int n = scanner.nextInt();
        int[] arr = new int[n];
        System.out.println("Enter " + n + " integers:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
           arr[i] = scanner.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter the number to search: ");
        int target = scanner.nextInt();
        boolean found = false;
        int position = -1;
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
           if (arr[i] == target) {
             found = true;
             position = i;
             break;
           }
        }
        if (found) {
           System.out.println(target + " found at position (index): " + position);
        } else {
           System.out.println(target + " not found in the array.");
        }
        scanner.close();
      }
    }
    Output:
    Enter the number of elements: 5
    Enter 5 integers:
```

```
10
    20
    30
    40
    50
    Enter the number to search: 30
    30 found at position (index): 2
21. write a program to print an array in reverse order
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class ReverseArray {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
        int n = scanner.nextInt();
        int[] arr = new int[n];
        System.out.println("Enter " + n + " integers:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          arr[i] = scanner.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Array in reverse order:");
        for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
          System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
        }
        scanner.close();
      }
   }
    Output:
    Enter the number of elements: 5
    Enter 5 integers:
    10
    20
    30
    40
    50
    Array in reverse order:
    50 40 30 20 10
22. remove duplicate elements from an array
    import java.util.Arrays;
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class RemoveDuplicates {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
        int n = scanner.nextInt();
        int[] arr = new int[n];
        System.out.println("Enter " + n + " integers:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
           arr[i] = scanner.nextInt();
        }
        Arrays.sort(arr);
        int[] temp = new int[n];
        int j = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
           if (arr[i] != arr[i + 1]) {
             temp[j++] = arr[i];
           }
        }
        temp[j++] = arr[n-1];
        System.out.println("Array after removing duplicates:");
        for (int i = 0; i < j; i++) {
           System.out.print(temp[i] + " ");
        }
        scanner.close();
      }
    }
    Output:
    Enter the number of elements: 7
    Enter 7 integers:
    4
    5
    2
    4
    2
    8
    Array after removing duplicates:
    2458
23. copy all elements from one array to another
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class CopyArray {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
        int n = scanner.nextInt();
```

```
int[] original = new int[n];
        int[] copy = new int[n];
        System.out.println("Enter " + n + " integers:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
           original[i] = scanner.nextInt();
        }
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
           copy[i] = original[i];
        }
        System.out.println("Copied array elements:");
        for (int num : copy) {
           System.out.print(num + " ");
        }
        scanner.close();
      }
    }
    Output:
    Enter the number of elements: 5
    Enter 5 integers:
    10
    20
    30
    40
    50
    Copied array elements:
    10 20 30 40 50
24. Sort an array in ascending order
    import java.util.Arrays;
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class SortArrayAscending {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
        int n = scanner.nextInt();
        int[] arr = new int[n];
        System.out.println("Enter " + n + " integers:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
           arr[i] = scanner.nextInt();
        }
        Arrays.sort(arr);
        System.out.println("Array in ascending order:");
        for (int num : arr) {
           System.out.print(num + " ");
```

```
}
        scanner.close();
      }
   }
    Output:
    Enter the number of elements: 6
    Enter 6 integers:
    50
    10
    40
    20
    30
    60
    Array in ascending order:
    10 20 30 40 50 60
25. print only prime numbers from array
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class PrimeNumbersFromArray {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
        int n = scanner.nextInt();
        int[] arr = new int[n];
        System.out.println("Enter " + n + " integers:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          arr[i] = scanner.nextInt();
        }
        System.out.println("Prime numbers in the array:");
        for (int num: arr) {
          if (isPrime(num)) {
             System.out.print(num + " ");
          }
        }
        scanner.close();
      }
      private static boolean isPrime(int num) {
        if (num <= 1) return false;
        if (num == 2) return true;
        if (num % 2 == 0) return false;
        for (int i = 3; i \le Math.sqrt(num); i += 2) {
          if (num % i == 0) return false;
```

```
}
        return true;
      }
   }
    Output:
    Enter the number of elements: 6
    Enter 6 integers:
    2
    4
    5
    9
    11
    15
    Prime numbers in the array:
    2511
26. find out frequency of each element
    import java.util.HashMap;
    import java.util.Map;
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class FrequencyOfElements {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
        int n = scanner.nextInt();
        int[] arr = new int[n];
        System.out.println("Enter " + n + " integers:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          arr[i] = scanner.nextInt();
        Map<Integer, Integer> frequencyMap = new HashMap<>();
        for (int num: arr) {
          frequencyMap.put(num, frequencyMap.getOrDefault(num, 0) + 1);
        }
        System.out.println("Frequency of each element:");
        for (Map.Entry<Integer, Integer> entry: frequencyMap.entrySet()) {
          System.out.println(entry.getKey() + " occurs " + entry.getValue() + " time(s)");
        }
        scanner.close();
      }
   }
    Output:
    Enter the number of elements: 7
    Enter 7 integers:
    4
```

```
5
    4
    2
    5
    8
    Frequency of each element:
    2 occurs 1 time(s)
    4 occurs 3 time(s)
    5 occurs 2 time(s)
    8 occurs 1 time(s)
27. merge two arrays and sort them
    import java.util.Arrays;
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class MergeAndSortArrays {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements in first array: ");
        int n1 = scanner.nextInt();
        int[] arr1 = new int[n1];
        System.out.println("Enter" + n1 + "integers for first array:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++) {
          arr1[i] = scanner.nextInt();
        }
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements in second array: ");
        int n2 = scanner.nextInt();
        int[] arr2 = new int[n2];
        System.out.println("Enter" + n2 + " integers for second array:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n2; i++) {
          arr2[i] = scanner.nextInt();
        }
        int[] merged = new int[n1 + n2];
        System.arraycopy(arr1, 0, merged, 0, n1);
        System.arraycopy(arr2, 0, merged, n1, n2);
        Arrays.sort(merged);
        System.out.println("Merged and sorted array:");
        for (int num: merged) {
          System.out.print(num + " ");
        }
        scanner.close();
      }
   }
    Output:
    Enter the number of elements in first array: 3
    Enter 3 integers for first array:
```

```
519
    Enter the number of elements in second array: 4
    Enter 4 integers for second array:
    8273
    Merged and sorted array:
    1235789
28. segregate even and odd numbers
    import java.util.Scanner;
    public class SegregateEvenOdd {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
        int n = scanner.nextInt();
        int[] arr = new int[n];
        System.out.println("Enter " + n + " integers:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          arr[i] = scanner.nextInt();
        }
        int[] segregated = new int[n];
        int index = 0;
        for (int num: arr) {
          if (num % 2 == 0) {
             segregated[index++] = num;
          }
        }
        for (int num : arr) {
          if (num % 2 != 0) {
             segregated[index++] = num;
          }
        }
        System.out.println("Array after segregating even and odd numbers:");
        for (int num : segregated) {
          System.out.print(num + " ");
        }
        scanner.close();
      }
   }
    Output:
    Enter the number of elements: 7
    Enter 7 integers:
    12 17 70 15 22 65 21
    Array after segregating even and odd numbers:
    12 70 22 17 15 65 21
```