LEARN. DO. EARN





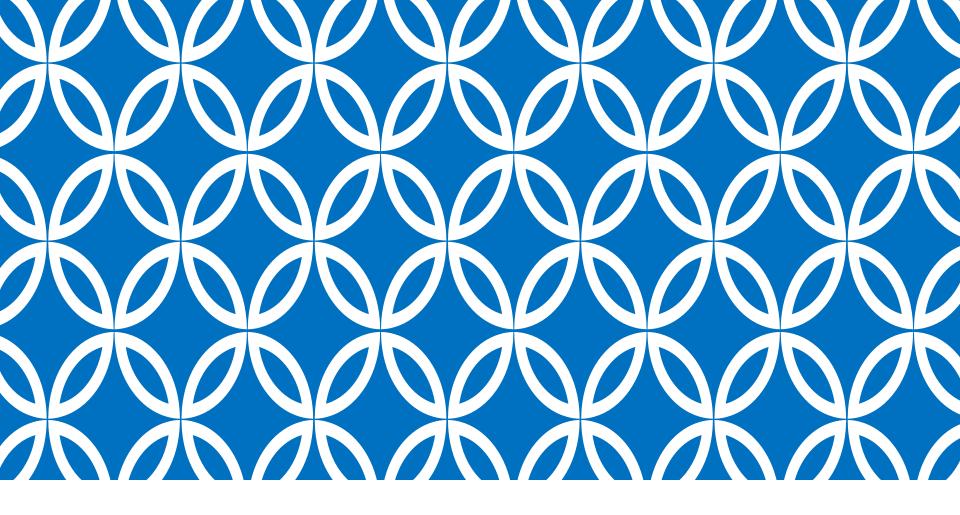
FRONT END DEVELOPMENT (WITH ANGULARJS)





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Session 10 – AngularJS Introduction



Agenda - AngularJS Introduction

Agenda	Agenda Title
1	Introduction to AngularJS
2	Why Use it?
3	AngularJS Features
4	Getting Started with AngularJS
5	AngularJS Expression
6	Displaying Object Values Within Expression
7	AngularJS is MVC
8	MVC

Agenda	Agenda Title
9	Basic Concepts
10	1 way Data Binding
11	2 way Data Binding
12	View Controller Scope
13	Creating View and Controller
14	What is Angular Module?
15	AngularJS Directive









Introduction to AngularJS

- Open-source JavaScript framework.
- It is a library written in JavaScript.
- It extends HTML attributes with **Directives** and binds data to HTML with Expressions.
- It is used in Single Page Applications.
- Developed in 2009 by MiskoHevery and Adam Abrons.
- Maintained by Google.





Why Use It?

- **The problem** HTML is great for static pages, but has no tools for web applications.
- The solution extend and adapt HTML vocabulary with some additional declarations that are useful for web applications.





AngularJS Features

- Declarative HTML approach
- Easy Data Binding: Two way Data Binding
- Reusable Components
- MVC(Model View Controller)/ MVVM(Model-View-ViewModel) Design Pattern
- Dependency Injection
- End to end Integration Testing / Unit Testing



Getting Started with AngularJS

- Download AngularJS from https://angularjs.org.
- You can also use package management tools like bower to set up AngularJS from command line.
- Once downloaded, just include AngularJS within the script tag.
- Then we need to decide the boundary of our application. That is done by simply adding an **attribute ng- app** to any tag.
- AngularJS will operate within the starting and ending of that tag that contains ng-app.
- Now to test it, just write {{1+5}} and AngularJS will evaluate the expression and show the output.





Angular JS Expression

- Expressions are JavaScript-like code snippets that are usually placed in bindings such as {{ expression }}
- AngularJS expressions doesn't support control flow statements(conditionals, loops, or exceptions). These supports filters to format data before displaying it.
- There are some valid AngularJS expressions:

```
• {{ 1 + 2 }}
```

- {{ x + y }}
- {{ x == y }}
- $\{\{x = 2\}\}$
- {{ user.ld }}
- {{ items[index] }}



Displaying Object Values Within Expression

- To display an object value within AngularJS Expression we need to initialize the value.
- Use custom AngularJS attribute called ng-init.

```
Syntax:
  <div ng-init = "employee = {name:'smith',age:27}">
   The employee name and age are {{employee.name}}
  and {{employee.age}}
  </div>
```





AngularJS is MVC

- MVC = Model-View-Controller
- Is a software design pattern for developing web applications
- It isolates the application logic from the user interface layer and supports separation of concerns
- Less dependencies
- Improves maintainability
- It is easier to read and understand code



MVC

View

- Holds the data
- Notifies the View and the Controller for changes in the data
- Does not know about the View and the Controller

Model

- Displays stuff (buttons, labels, ...)
- This is what your users will see
- Knows about the Model
- Usually displays something related to the current state of the Model



- Controls everything
- Knows about both the Model and the View
- The "logic" resides in it. What to happen, when and how



Basic Concepts

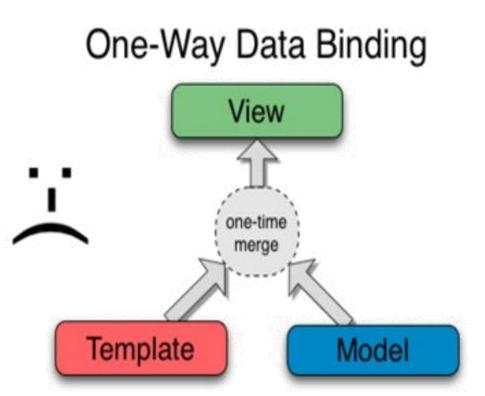
- **Directives** AngularJS directives are used to extend the HTML vocabulary i.e. they decorate html elements with new behaviors and help to manipulate html elements attributes in interesting
- Data Binding Bind model to view using expressions {{ }}
- **Scope** Scope is an object that refers to the application model. It acts as a context for evaluating expressions.



1 Way Data Binding

Data is bound to the view once during rendering.

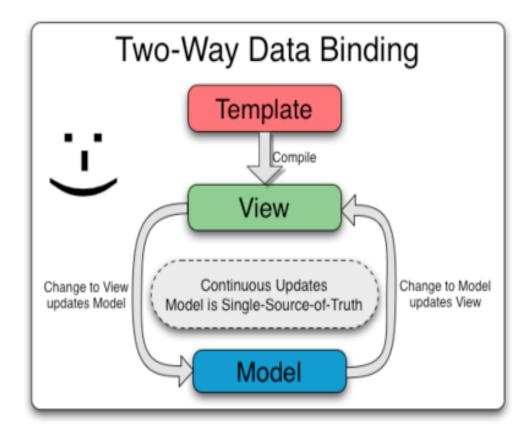
Next time if there is any change in the data, we have to again refresh the view to reflect the data change.





2 Way Data Binding

- Automatic propagation of data changes
- Model is single source of truth
- Digest cycle









View Controller Scope



• \$scope is the "glue" (ViewModel) between a controller and a view





Creating a View and Controller

```
<div class="container" data-ng-controller="SimpleController">
  <h3>Adding a Simple Controller</h3>
 ul>
    {{ cust.name }} - {{ cust.city }}
    Access $scope
 </div>
                         $scope injected
                          dynamically
<script>
 function SimpleController($scope) {
    $scope.customers = [
                                                        Basic controller
     { name: 'Dave Jones', city: 'Phoenix' },
     { name: 'Jamie Riley', city: 'Atlanta' },
     { name: 'Heedy Wahlin', city: 'Chandler' },
     { name: 'Thomas Winter', city: 'Seattle' }
    ];
</script>
```

Define the controller to use



What is Angular Module?

Container for

- Controllers
- Services
- Directives
- Factories
- Filters
- Configuration information

Note: Each Angular JS app contains at least one module





AngularJs Directive

AngularJS directives are extended HTML attributes with the prefix ng-.

- The ng-app directive initializes an AngularJS application.
- The ng-init directive initializes application data.
- The ng-model directive binds the value of HTML controls (input, select, textarea) to application data.





Lets Discuss Assignments