Module:1 | Mathematical Logic 7 hours Statements and Notation-Connectives-Tautologies-Equivalence - Implications-Normal forms - The Theory of Inference for the Statement Calculus - Predicate Calculus - Inference Theory of the Predicate Calculus Module: 2 | Algebraic Structures 6 hours Semigroups and Monoids - Groups - Subgroups - Lagrange's Theorem Homomorphism -Properties-Group Codes. Module:3 | Counting Techniques 6 hours Basics of counting - Pigeonhole principle - Permutations and combinations - Inclusionexclusion principle - Recurrence relations - Solving recurrence relations - Generating functions-Solution to recurrence relations. Module:4 Lattices and Boolean algebra 6 hours Partially Ordered Relations -Lattices as Posets - Hasse Digram - Properties of Lattices -Boolean algebra-Properties of Boolean Algebra-Boolean functions. Module:5 | Fundamentals of Graphs 6hours Basic Concepts of Graph Theory - Planar and Complete graph - Matrix representation of Graphs - Graph Isomorphism - Connectivity-Cut sets-Euler and Hamilton Paths-Shortest Path algorithms Module:6 Trees, Fundamental circuits, Cut sets 6 hours Trees - properties of trees - distance and centres in tree - Spanning trees - Spanning tree algorithms- Tree traversals- Fundamental circuits and cut-sets Module:7 Graph colouring, covering, Partitioning 6 hours

Module:1 | Algorithm Analysis 8 hours Importance of algorithms and data structures - Fundamentals of algorithm analysis: Space and time complexity of an algorithm, Types of asymptotic notations and orders of growth -Algorithm efficiency - best case, worst case, average case - Analysis of non-recursive and recursive algorithms - Asymptotic analysis for recurrence relation: Iteration Method, Substitution Method, Master Method and Recursive Tree Method.

Bipartite graphs - Chromatic number - Chromatic partitioning - Chromatic polynomial -

matching - Covering- Four Colour problem.

Analysis of sorting algorithms.

Module:2 | Linear Data Structures 7 hours Arrays: 1D and 2D array- Stack - Applications of stack: Expression Evaluation, Conversion of Infix to postfix and prefix expression. Tower of Hanoi – Queue - Types of Queue: Circular Queue, Double Ended Queue (deQueue) - Applications - List: Singly linked lists, Doubly linked lists. Circular linked lists- Applications: Polynomial Manipulation.

Module:3 | Searching and Sorting 7 hours Searching: Linear Search and binary search – Applications. Sorting: Insertion sort, Selection sort, Bubble sort, Counting sort, Quick sort, Merge sort -

Module:4 Trees 6 hours Introduction - Binary Tree: Definition and Properties - Tree Traversals- Expression Trees:-Binary Search Trees - Operations in BST: insertion, deletion, finding min and max, finding the kth minimum element.

Module:5 Graphs Terminology – Representation of Graph – Graph Traversal: Breadth First Search (BFS), Depth First Search (DFS) - Minimum Spanning Tree: Prim's, Kruskal's - Single Source Shortest Path: Dijkstra's Algorithm.

Module:6 Hashing 4 hours Hash functions - Separate chaining - Open hashing: Linear probing, Quadratic probing, Double hashing - Closed hashing - Random probing - Rehashing - Extendible hashing.

Module:7 | Heaps and AVL Trees 5 hours Heaps - Heap sort- Applications - Priority Queue using Heaps. AVL trees: Terminology, basic operations (rotation, insertion and deletion).

Java Basics Module:1 2 hours

OOP Paradigm - Features of Java Language - JVM - Bytecode - Java program structure -Basic programming constructs - data types - variables - Java naming conventions operators.

Module:2 Looping Constructs and Arrays 2 hours Control and looping constructs - Arrays - one dimensional and multi-dimensional -

enhanced for loop - Strings - Wrapper classes. Module:3 Classes and Objects 2 hours

Class Fundamentals – Access and non-access specifiers - Declaring objects and assigning object reference variables - array of objects - constructors and destructors - usage of "this" and "static" keywords.

Module:4 Inheritance and Polymorphism 3 hours Inheritance - types - use of "super" - final keyword - Polymorphism - Overloading and Overriding - abstract class - Interfaces

Module:5 Packages and Exception Handling Packages: Creating and Accessing - Sub packages.

Exception Handling - Types of Exception - Control Flow in Exceptions - Use of try, catch, finally, throw, throws in Exception Handling - User defined exceptions.

Module:6 | IO Streams and Files 2 hours Java I/O streams - FileInputStream & FileOutputStream - FileReader & FileWriter-DataInputStream & DataOutputStream - BufferedInputStream & BufferedOutputStream -PrintOutputStream - Serialization and Deserialization.

Generic classes and methods - Collection framework: List and Map.

Module: 1 | Macroeconomic Principles

Module:7 | Collection Framework

Introduction to Macroeconomics - Macroeconomic issues - Importance of Macroeconomics – Macroeconomic Aggregates.

Module:2 National Income 5 hours Circular flow of income, National income: Meaning, - Concepts - Nominal and real income -Methods of measurement - Importance - Problems in measurement.

Module:3 Theory of Income and Employment Determination 5 hours Classical dichotomy - Keynesian income determination model - Money illusion, wage price rigidity - stability of equilibrium- stabilization of fiscal policy, Labour market and

unemployment - Aggregate demand, aggregate supply and price level

Module:4 | Consumption and Investment Function 7 hours

Consumption: Meaning - Components - Determinants - Consumption function: Meaning -

 Investment: Meaning - Components - Determinants - Investment function: Meaning -Kinds – Application.

Module:5 Multiplier and Accelerator 7 hours

Multiplier: Meaning - Working of multiplier - Accelerator: meaning - Working of accelerator -

Super multiplier. Module:6 Inflation and Deflation

Inflation: Meaning - Types - Causes - Philips curve - The long-run Phillips curve. Inflation

Expectations. The rational expectations - Deflation: Meaning - Causes - Consequences.

Module:7 Money, Banking and Financial Market and Institution 7 hours

Demand and Supply of money - The IS curve. Money Market and the LM curve. Liquidity trap. The IS-LM model - Central Bank - Monetary policy: meaning - Objectives -Variables – The instruments of Monetary control. Financial Markets - Savings, Investment and Financial System – Financial Markets and Financial Intermediaries, Financial Institution. Global Economic Indicators.

Module:1 Analytic Functions Complex variable - Analytic functions and Cauchy - Riemann equations; Laplace equation and Harmonic functions; Construction of Harmonic conjugate and analytic functions; Applications of analytic functions to fluid-flow and electric field problems. Module:2 | Conformal and Bilinear transformations

Conformal mapping - Elementary transformations; Translation, Magnification, Rotation, Inversion; Exponential and Square transformations (w = e^z , z^2); Bilinear transformation; Cross-ratio-Images of the regions bounded by straight lines under the above transformations:

Module:3 | Complex Integration Functions given by Power Series - Taylor and Laurent series-Singularities - Poles – Residues: Integration of a complex function along a contour; Statements of Cauchy-Goursat theorem- Cauchy's integral formula-Cauchy's residue theorem-Evaluation of real integrals-Indented contour integral.

Module:4 | Vector Spaces Vector space – subspace; linear combination - span - linearly dependent – Independent – bases; Dimensions; Finite dimensional vector space. Row and column spaces; Rank and

nullity. Module:5 Linear Transformations

Linear transformations - Basic properties; Invertible linear transformation; Matrices of linear transformations; Vector space of linear transformations; Change of bases; Similarity,

Module:6 Inner Product Spaces 5 hours Dot products and inner products; Lengths and angles of vectors; Matrix representations of inner products; Gram - Schmidt - Orthogonalization.

Module:7 | Matrices and System of Equations Eigenvalues and Eigen vectors; Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigen vectors; Cayley-Hamilton theorem; System of linear equations; Gaussian elimination and Gauss Jordan

Module:1 Digital Logic

Verilog HDL

2 hours

2 hours

5 hours

7 hours

8 hours Boolean Algebra: Basic definitions, Axiomatic definition of Boolean Algebra, Basic Theorems and Properties of Boolean Algebra, Boolean Functions, Canonical and Standard Forms Simplification of Boolean functions, Gate-Level Minimization: The Map Method (K-map up to 4 variable), Product of Sums and Sum of Products Simplification, NAND and NOF mplementation. Logic Families: Digital Logic Gates, TTL and CMOS logic families.

Module:2 Verilog HDL 5 hours Lexical Conventions, Ports and Modules, Operators, Dataflow Modelling, Gate Leve Modelling, Behavioural Modeling, Test Bench.

Module:3 Design of Combinational Logic Circuits Design Procedure, Half Adder, Full Adder, Half Subtractor, Full Subtractor, Decoders Encoders, Multiplexers, De-multiplexers, Parity generator and checker, Applications of Decoder, Multiplexer and De-multiplexer. Modeling of Combinational logic circuits using

Module:4 Design of data path circuits N-bit Parallel Adder/Subtractor, Carry Look Ahead Adder, Unsigned Array Multiplier, Booth

Multiplier, 4-Bit Magnitude comparator, Modeling of data path circuits using Verilog HDL.

Module:5 Design of Sequential Logic Circuits 8 hours atches, Flip-Flops - SR, D, JK & T, Buffer Registers, Shift Registers - SISO, SIPO, PISO PIPO, Design of synchronous sequential circuits: state table and state diagrams, Design o counters: Modulo-n, Johnson, Ring, Up/Down, Asynchronous counter. Modeling o sequential logic circuits using Verilog HDL.

Module:6 Design of FSM 4 hours Finite state Machine(FSM):Mealy FSM and Moore FSM, Design Example: Sequence detection, Modeling of FSM using Verilog HDL

Module:7 Programmable Logic Devices

Types of Programmable Logic Devices: PLA, PAL, CPLD, FPGA Generic Architecture