MATRIX

- 1. If $x \in N = \begin{bmatrix} x+3 & -2 \\ -3x & 2x \end{bmatrix}$ and |A| = 8, then find the value of x.
- 2. Use elementary column operation $C_2 \rightarrow C_2 + 3C_1$ in the following matrix equation: $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- 3. Write the number of all possible matrices of order 2×2 with each entry 1, 2 or 3.
- 4. Using properties of determinants, show that $\triangle ABC$ is isosceles if:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 + \cos A & 1 + \cos B & 1 + \cos C \\ \cos^2 A + \cos A & \cos^2 B + \cos B & \cos^2 C + \cos C \end{bmatrix} = 0.$$

VECTORS

- 1. Write the position vector of the point which divides the join of points with position vectors $3\overrightarrow{a} 2\overrightarrow{b}$ and $2\overrightarrow{a} + 3\overrightarrow{b}$ in the ratio 2:1.
- 2. Write the number of vectors of unit length perpendicular to both the vectors $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ and $\vec{b} = \hat{j} + \hat{k}$.
- 3. Find the vector equation of the plane with intercepts -3, 4and 2 on x, y and z-axis respectively.
- 4. The two adjacent sides of a parallelogram are $2\hat{i}-4\hat{j}+5\hat{k}$ and $2\hat{i}+2\hat{j}+3\hat{k}$. Find the two unit vectors parallel to its diagonals. Using the diagonal vectors, find the area of the parallelogram.
- 5. Find the position vector of the foot of perpendicular and the perpendicular distance from the point P with position vector $2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$ to the plane $\vec{r} \cdot (2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}) 26 = 0$. Also find image of P in the plane.

LINEAR FORMS

1. Find the coordinates of the point where the line through the points A(3,4,1) and B(5,1,6) crosses the XZ plane. Also find the angle which this line makes with the XZ plane.

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- 2. The equation of tangent at (2,3) on the curve $y^2 = ax^2 + b$ is y = 4x 5. Find the values of a and b.
- 3. Form the differential equation of the family of circles in the second quadrant and touching the coordinate axes.
- 4. If the sum of lengths of hypotenuse and a side of a right angled triangle is given, show that area of triangle is maximum, when the angle between them is $\frac{\pi}{3}$.
- 5. Prove that the curves $y^2 = 4x$ and $x^2 = 4y$ divide the area of square bounded by x = 0, x = 4, y = 4 and y = 0 into three equal parts.

PROBABILITY

- 1. In a game, a man wins ₹5 for getting a number greater than 4 and loses ₹1 otherwise, when a fair die is thrown. The man decided to throw a die thrice but to quit as and when he gets a number greater than 4. Find the expected value of the amount he wins/loses.
- 2. A bag contains 4 balls. Two balls are drawn at random (without replacement) and are found to be white. What is the probability that all balls in the bag are white?
- 3. Five bad oranges are accidently mixed with 20 good ones. If four oranges are drawn one by one successively with replacement, then find the probability distribution of number of bad oranges drawn. Hence find the mean and variance of the distribution.

DIFFERENTIATION

- 1. Differentiate $\sin^2 x$ with respect to x.
- 2. If $y = 2\cos(\log x) + 3\sin(\log x)$, prove that

$$x^{2}\frac{d^{2}y}{dx^{2}} + x\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$$
 (1)

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3. If $x = a \sin 2t(1 + \cos 2t)$ and $y = b \cos 2t(1 - \cos 2t)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}att = \frac{\pi}{4}$.

4. Solve the differential equation:

$$y + x\frac{dy}{dx} = x - y\frac{dy}{dx}. (2)$$

5. Solve the equation for x:

$$\sin^{-1} x + \sin^{-1} (1 - x) = \cos^{-1} x \tag{3}$$

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INTEGRATION

1. Find

$$\int \frac{x^2}{x^4 + x^2 - 2} dx. \tag{4}$$

2. Evaluate

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx. \tag{5}$$

3. Evaluate

$$\int_0^3 |x \cos \pi x| dx. \tag{6}$$

4. Find

$$\int (3x+1)\sqrt{4-3x-2x^2}dx.$$
 (7)

TRIGONOMETRY

1. If $\cos^{-1}\frac{x}{a} + \cos^{-1}\frac{y}{b} = \alpha$, prove that $\frac{x^2}{a^2} - 2\frac{xy}{ab}\cos\alpha + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \sin^2\alpha$.

ALGEBRA

1. A trust invested money in two types of bonds. The first bond pays 10% interest and the second bond pays 12% interest. The trust received ₹2,800

- as interest. However, if the trust had interchanged money in the bonds, it would have got ₹100 less as interest. Using matrix method, find the amount invested by the trust. Interest received on this amount will be given to HELPAGE INDIA as donation. Which value is reflected in this question?
- 2. There are two types of fertilisers 'A' and 'B'. 'A' consists of 12% nitrogen and 5% phosphoric acid whereas 'B' consists of 4% nitrogen and 5% phosphoric acid. After testing the soil conditions, farmer finds that he needs at least 12 kg of nitrogen and 12 kg of phosphoric acid for his crops. If 'A' costs 10 per kg and 'B' costs 8 per kg, then graphically determine how much of each type of fertiliser should be used so that nutrient requirements are met at a minimum cost.
- 3. Show that the binary operation on $A = R \{-1\}$ defined as a * b = a + b + ab for all $a, b \in A$ is commutative and associative on A. Also find the identity element of * in A and prove that every element of A is invertible.
- 4. A shopkeeper has 3 varieties of pens 'A', 'B' and 'C'. Meenu purchased 1 pen of each variety for a total of ₹21. Jeevan purchased 4 pens of 'A' variety, 3 pens of 'B' variety and 2 pens of 'C' variety for ₹60. While Shikha purchased 6 pens of 'A' variety, 2 pens of 'B' variety and 3 pens of 'C' variety for ₹70. Using matrix method, find cost of each variety of pen.

CIRCLES

1. Prove that the least perimeter of an isosceles triangle in which a circle can be inscribed is $6\sqrt{3}r$.