CKAQ&A

Q 1 : Create a new Clusterrole name deployment-clusterrole , which only allows to create the following resources types deployment,statefulSet,Daemonset

Create a new Serviceaccount named cicd-tocken in the existing namespace app-team1 bind the new clisterrole deplyment-clusterrole to the new service account cicd-tocken limited to the namespace app-team1

controlplane \$ kubectl create clusterrole deployment-clusterrole --verb=list -resource=deployment,statefulset,daemonset -o yaml
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: ClusterRole
metadata:

name: deployment-clusterrole

rules:

- apiGroups:

- apps

resources:

- deployments
- statefulsets
- daemonsets

verbs:

- list

controlplane \$

controlplane \$ kubectl create serviceaccount cicd-token -n app-team1 -o yaml

apiVersion: v1

kind: ServiceAccount

metadata:

name: cicd-token

namespace: app-team1

controlplane \$ kubectl create clusterrolebinding deployment-cluster-binding --clusterrole=deployment-

clusterrole --serviceaccount=app-team1:cicd-token -o yaml

apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1

kind: ClusterRoleBinding

metadata:

name: deployment-cluster-binding

roleRef:

apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io

kind: ClusterRole

name: deployment-clusterrole

subjects:

 kind: ServiceAccount name: cicd-token namespace: app-team1

controlplane \$

============

Q 2: Set a node named eks-node-0 as unavailale and reschedule all the pods running on it.

controlplane \$ kubectl drain node02 --ignore-daemonsets --force --delete-local-data node/node02 already cordoned

WARNING: deleting Pods not managed by ReplicationController ReplicaSet, John Da

WARNING: deleting Pods not managed by ReplicationController, ReplicaSet, Job, DaemonSet or StatefulSet: default/nginx; ignoring DaemonSet-managedPods: kube-system/kube-proxy-8jp5f, kube-system/weave-net-6mg5p evicting pod default/nginx pod/nginx evicted node/node02 evicted controlplane \$ controlplane \$

Q 3 : Given an existing kubernetes cluster running version 1.18.8, upgrade all of the kubernetes control plane and node components on the master node only to version 1.19.0 You are expected to upgrade kubelet and kubectl on the master node.

Some steps I did:

kubectl drain mk8s-master-0 --ignore-daemonsets (if needed add --force --delete-local-data) kubectl get nodes ssh mk8s-master-0 apt-get update apt-get install -y kubeadm=1.19.0-00 kubeadm upgrade plan kubeadm upgrade apply v1.19.0 kubeadm version

sudo kubeadm upgrade node sudo kubeadm upgrade app...

+++

Performed above steps

++

kubectl drain ubuntu --ignore-daemonsets

node/ubuntu cordoned

WARNING: ignoring DaemonSet-managed Pods: kube-system/kube-flannel-ds-amd64-ncpj5, kube-system/kube-proxy-g9xd7 evicting pod kube-system/coredns-66bff467f8-gkjwg

evicting pod kube-system/coredns-66bff467f8-pg7ss

pod/coredns-66bff467f8-pg7ss evicted pod/coredns-66bff467f8-gkjwq evicted node/ubuntu evicted root@ubuntu:~#

root@ubuntu:~# kubectl get nodes

NAME STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION ubuntu Ready, Scheduling Disabled master 176d v1.18.6 wnode1 Ready <none> 176d v1.18.6

root@ubuntu:~#

root@ubuntu:~# ssh ubuntu

root@ubuntu:~# apt-get update

. . .

Fetched 11.8 MB in 24s (471 kB/s) Reading package lists... Done root@ubuntu:~#

root@ubuntu:~# apt-get install -y kubeadm=1.19.0-00

Reading package lists... Done

Building dependency tree

Reading state information... Done

The following packages will be upgraded:

kubeadm

1 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 105 not upgraded.

Need to get 7,759 kB of archives.

After this operation, 709 kB disk space will be freed.

Get:1 https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt kubernetes-xenial/main amd64 kubeadm amd64 1.19.0-00 [7,759 kB]

Fetched 7,759 kB in 23s (330 kB/s)

(Reading database ... 62202 files and directories currently installed.)

Preparing to unpack .../kubeadm 1.19.0-00 amd64.deb ...

Unpacking kubeadm (1.19.0-00) over (1.18.6-00) ...

Setting up kubeadm (1.19.0-00) ...

root@ubuntu:~#

root@ubuntu:~# kubeadm upgrade plan

[upgrade/config] Making sure the configuration is correct:

[upgrade/config] Reading configuration from the cluster...

[upgrade/config] FYI: You can look at this config file with 'kubectl -n kube-system get cm kubeadm-config - oyaml'

[preflight] Running pre-flight checks.

[upgrade] Running cluster health checks

[upgrade] Fetching available versions to upgrade to

[upgrade/versions] Cluster version: v1.18.6

[upgrade/versions] kubeadm version: v1.19.0

I0116 21:22:51.650965 13267 version.go:252] remote version is much newer: v1.20.2; falling back to:

stable-1.19

[upgrade/versions] Latest stable version: v1.19.7 [upgrade/versions] Latest stable version: v1.19.7

[upgrade/versions] Latest version in the v1.18 series: v1.18.15 [upgrade/versions] Latest version in the v1.18 series: v1.18.15

Components that must be upgraded manually after you have upgraded the control plane with 'kubeadm upgrade apply':

COMPONENT CURRENT AVAILABLE

kubelet 2 x v1.18.6 v1.18.15

Upgrade to the latest version in the v1.18 series:

COMPONENT CURRENT AVAILABLE

 kube-apiserver
 v1.18.6
 v1.18.15

 kube-controller-manager
 v1.18.6
 v1.18.15

 kube-scheduler
 v1.18.6
 v1.18.15

 kube-proxy
 v1.18.6
 v1.18.15

 CoreDNS
 1.6.7
 1.7.0

 etcd
 3.4.3-0
 3.4.3-0

You can now apply the upgrade by executing the following command:

kubeadm upgrade apply v1.18.15

Components that must be upgraded manually after you have upgraded the control plane with 'kubeadm upgrade apply':

COMPONENT CURRENT AVAILABLE

kubelet 2 x v1.18.6 v1.19.7

Upgrade to the latest stable version:

COMPONENT CURRENT AVAILABLE

 kube-apiserver
 v1.18.6
 v1.19.7

 kube-controller-manager
 v1.18.6
 v1.19.7

 kube-scheduler
 v1.18.6
 v1.19.7

 kube-proxy
 v1.18.6
 v1.19.7

 CoreDNS
 1.6.7
 1.7.0

 etcd
 3.4.3-0
 3.4.9-1

You can now apply the upgrade by executing the following command:

kubeadm upgrade apply v1.19.7

Note: Before you can perform this upgrade, you have to update kubeadm to v1.19.7.

The table below shows the current state of component configs as understood by this version of kubeadm. Configs that have a "yes" mark in the "MANUAL UPGRADE REQUIRED" column require manual config upgrade or

resetting to kubeadm defaults before a successful upgrade can be performed. The version to manually upgrade to is denoted in the "PREFERRED VERSION" column.

API GROUP CURRENT VERSION PREFERRED VERSION MANUAL UPGRADE REQUIRED kubeproxy.config.k8s.io v1alpha1 v1alpha1 no

root@ubuntu:~#

root@ubuntu:~# kubeadm upgrade plan v1.19.0

[upgrade/config] Making sure the configuration is correct:

[upgrade/config] Reading configuration from the cluster...

[upgrade/config] FYI: You can look at this config file with 'kubectl -n kube-system get cm kubeadm-config - oyaml'

[preflight] Running pre-flight checks.

[upgrade] Running cluster health checks

[upgrade] Fetching available versions to upgrade to

[upgrade/versions] Cluster version: v1.18.6 [upgrade/versions] kubeadm version: v1.19.0 [upgrade/versions] Latest stable version: v1.19.0

[upgrade/versions] Latest version in the v1.18 series: v1.19.0 To see the stack trace of this error execute with --v=5 or higher

root@ubuntu:~#

root@ubuntu:~# kubeadm upgrade apply v1.19.0

[upgrade/config] Making sure the configuration is correct:

[upgrade/config] Reading configuration from the cluster...

[upgrade/config] FYI: You can look at this config file with 'kubectl -n kube-system get cm kubeadm-config - oyaml'

[preflight] Running pre-flight checks.

[upgrade] Running cluster health checks

[upgrade/version] You have chosen to change the cluster version to "v1.19.0"

[upgrade/versions] Cluster version: v1.18.6 [upgrade/versions] kubeadm version: v1.19.0

[upgrade/confirm] Are you sure you want to proceed with the upgrade? [y/N]: y

[upgrade/prepull] Pulling images required for setting up a Kubernetes cluster

[upgrade/prepull] This might take a minute or two, depending on the speed of your internet connection [upgrade/prepull] You can also perform this action in beforehand using 'kubeadm config images pull'

[upgrade/apply] Upgrading your Static Pod-hosted control plane to version "v1.19.0"...

Static pod: kube-apiserver-ubuntu hash: b5d6694766bca803d442747b7dcd6d40

Static pod: kube-controller-manager-ubuntu hash: 630d401043c04cdc80df45b4767c6d4a

Static pod: kube-scheduler-ubuntu hash: 3dd66788a2c7782d910d05ea37b91678

[upgrade/etcd] Upgrading to TLS for etcd

Static pod: etcd-ubuntu hash: 49399c35c293900bd4ce20befa9e1b4a

[upgrade/staticpods] Preparing for "etcd" upgrade [upgrade/staticpods] Renewing etcd-server certificate

[upgrade/staticpods] Renewing etcd-peer certificate

[upgrade/staticpods] Renewing etcd-healthcheck-client certificate

[upgrade/staticpods] Moved new manifest to "/etc/kubernetes/manifests/etcd.yaml" and backed up old

manifest to "/etc/kubernetes/tmp/kubeadm-backup-manifests-2021-01-16-21-29-24/etcd.yaml"

[upgrade/staticpods] Waiting for the kubelet to restart the component

[upgrade/staticpods] This might take a minute or longer depending on the component/version gap (timeout 5m0s)

Static pod: etcd-ubuntu hash: 49399c35c293900bd4ce20befa9e1b4a Static pod: etcd-ubuntu hash: 49399c35c293900bd4ce20befa9e1b4a Static pod: etcd-ubuntu hash: 47c97b1bdb8c694f9702bbfdbcd7e88e

remariante de la composición de la comp

japiclient | Found 1 Pods for Japel Selector component=etcd

[upgrade/staticpods] Component "etcd" upgraded successfully!

[upgrade/etcd] Waiting for etcd to become available

[upgrade/staticpods] Writing new Static Pod manifests to "/etc/kubernetes/tmp/kubeadm-upgraded-manifests591288964"

[upgrade/staticpods] Preparing for "kube-apiserver" upgrade

[upgrade/staticpods] Renewing apiserver certificate

[upgrade/staticpods] Renewing apiserver-kubelet-client certificate

[upgrade/staticpods] Renewing front-proxy-client certificate

[upgrade/staticpods] Renewing apiserver-etcd-client certificate

[upgrade/staticpods] Moved new manifest to "/etc/kubernetes/manifests/kube-apiserver.yaml" and backed up old manifest to "/etc/kubernetes/tmp/kubeadm-backup-manifests-2021-01-16-21-29-24/kube-apiserver.yaml"

[upgrade/staticpods] Waiting for the kubelet to restart the component

[upgrade/staticpods] This might take a minute or longer depending on the component/version gap (timeout 5m0s)

. .

Static pod: kube-apiserver-ubuntu hash: b5d6694766bca803d442747b7dcd6d40

[apiclient] Found 1 Pods for label selector component=kube-apiserver

[upgrade/staticpods] Component "kube-apiserver" upgraded successfully!

[upgrade/staticpods] Preparing for "kube-controller-manager" upgrade

[upgrade/staticpods] Renewing controller-manager.conf certificate

[upgrade/staticpods] Moved new manifest to "/etc/kubernetes/manifests/kube-controller-manager.yaml" and backed up old manifest to "/etc/kubernetes/tmp/kubeadm-backup-manifests-2021-01-16-21-29-24/kube-controller-manager.yaml"

[upgrade/staticpods] Waiting for the kubelet to restart the component

[upgrade/staticpods] This might take a minute or longer depending on the component/version gap (timeout 5m0s)

Static pod: kube-controller-manager-ubuntu hash: 630d401043c04cdc80df45b4767c6d4a

Static pod: kube-controller-manager-ubuntu hash: 69bf9b82cdbfd944a8f3c4ea7b92d2c5

[apiclient] Found 1 Pods for label selector component=kube-controller-manager

[upgrade/staticpods] Component "kube-controller-manager" upgraded successfully!

[upgrade/staticpods] Preparing for "kube-scheduler" upgrade

[upgrade/staticpods] Renewing scheduler.conf certificate

[upgrade/staticpods] Moved new manifest to "/etc/kubernetes/manifests/kube-scheduler.yaml" and backed up old manifest to "/etc/kubernetes/tmp/kubeadm-backup-manifests-2021-01-16-21-29-24/kube-scheduler.yaml"

[upgrade/staticpods] Waiting for the kubelet to restart the component

[upgrade/staticpods] This might take a minute or longer depending on the component/version gap (timeout 5m0s)

Static pod: kube-scheduler-ubuntu hash: 3dd66788a2c7782d910d05ea37b91678

Static pod: kube-scheduler-ubuntu hash: 23d2ea3ba1efa3e09e8932161a572387

[apiclient] Found 1 Pods for label selector component=kube-scheduler

[upgrade/staticpods] Component "kube-scheduler" upgraded successfully!

[upload-config] Storing the configuration used in ConfigMap "kubeadm-config" in the "kube-system" Namespace

[kubelet] Creating a ConfigMap "kubelet-config-1.19" in namespace kube-system with the configuration for the kubelets in the cluster

[kubelet-start] Writing kubelet configuration to file "/var/lib/kubelet/config.yaml"

[bootstrap-token] configured RBAC rules to allow Node Bootstrap tokens to get nodes

[bootstrap-token] configured RBAC rules to allow Node Bootstrap tokens to post CSRs in order for nodes to get long term certificate credentials

[bootstrap-token] configured RBAC rules to allow the csrapprover controller automatically approve CSRs from a Node Bootstrap Token

[bootstrap-token] configured RBAC rules to allow certificate rotation for all node client certificates in the cluster

[addonal Ameliad accountial addona OamaDNO

[addons] Applied essential addon: CoreDino [addons] Applied essential addon: kube-proxy

[upgrade/successful] SUCCESS! Your cluster was upgraded to "v1.19.0". Enjoy!

[upgrade/kubelet] Now that your control plane is upgraded, please proceed with upgrading your kubelets if you haven't already done so. root@ubuntu:~#

root@ubuntu:~# kubeadm version kubeadm version: %version.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"19", GitVersion:"v1.19.0", GitCommit:"e19964183377d0ec2052d1f1fa930c4d7575bd50", GitTreeState:"clean", BuildDate:"2020-08-26T14:28:32Z", GoVersion:"go1.15", Compiler:"gc", Platform:"linux/amd64"} root@ubuntu:~#

root@ubuntu:~# kubectl uncordon ubuntu node/ubuntu uncordoned root@ubuntu:~#

root@ubuntu:~# kubectl get nodes NAME STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION ubuntu Ready master 176d v1.18.6 wnode1 Ready <none> 176d v1.18.6 root@ubuntu:~#

root@ubuntu:~#

root@ubuntu:~# kubectl version

Client Version: version.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"18", GitVersion:"v1.18.6",

GitCommit: "dff82dc0de47299ab66c83c626e08b245ab19037", GitTreeState: "clean", BuildDate: "2020-07-

15T16:58:53Z", GoVersion: "go1.13.9", Compiler: "gc", Platform: "linux/amd64"}

Server Version: version.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"19", GitVersion:"v1.19.0",

GitCommit: "e19964183377d0ec2052d1f1fa930c4d7575bd50", GitTreeState: "clean", BuildDate: "2020-08-

26T14:23:04Z", GoVersion: "go1.15", Compiler: "gc", Platform: "linux/amd64"}

root@ubuntu:~# root@ubuntu:~#

Q 4 : Create a snapeshote of the existing etcd instance running at https://127.0.0.1:2379, saving the snapshot to /srrv/data/etcd-snapshot.db

Next restore an existing, previous snapshot located at /var/lib/backup/etcd-snapshot-previous.db CA cert: /op/KUNIN00601/ca.crt

Client crt /op/KUNIN00601/etcd-client.crt

Client key /op/KUNIN00601/etcd-client.key

```
CONTROLDIANTE & ETODOTE_AFTES etCOCH --enapoints=[127.0.0.1].2379 --
cacert="/etc/kubernetes/pki/etcd/ca.crt" --cert="/etc/kubernetes/pki/etcd/server.crt" --
key="/etc/kubernetes/pki/etcd/server.key" snapshot save /opt/etcd-backup.db
{"level":"info", "ts":1611307611.630596, "caller": "snapshot/v3_snapshot.go:119", "msg": "created temporary
db file", "path": "/opt/etcd-backup.db.part"}
{"level":"info", "ts": "2021-01-22T09:26:51.641Z", "caller": "clientv3/maintenance.go:200", "msg": "opened
snapshot stream; downloading"}
{"level":"info", "ts":1611307611.6411822, "caller": "snapshot/v3 snapshot.go:127", "msg": "fetching
snapshot", "endpoint": "[127.0.0.1]:2379"}
{"level":"info", "ts": "2021-01-22T09:26:51.707Z", "caller": "clientv3/maintenance.go:208", "msg": "completed
snapshot read; closing"}
{"level":"info", "ts":1611307611.717937, "caller": "snapshot/v3_snapshot.go:142", "msg": "fetched
snapshot", "endpoint": "[127.0.0.1]:2379", "size": "2.9 MB", "took": 0.08719177}
{"level":"info", "ts":1611307611.7183523, "caller": "snapshot/v3 snapshot.go:152", "msg": "saved", "path": "/op
t/etcd-backup.db"}
Snapshot saved at /opt/etcd-backup.db
controlplane $
controlplane $ ETCDCTL API=3 etcdctl --endpoints=[127.0.0.1]:2379 --
cacert="/etc/kubernetes/pki/etcd/ca.crt" --cert="/etc/kubernetes/pki/etcd/server.crt" --
key="/etc/kubernetes/pki/etcd/server.key" snapshot status -w table /opt/etcd-backup.db
+-----+
| HASH | REVISION | TOTAL KEYS | TOTAL SIZE |
| d23872f5 | 3762 | 1253 | 2.9 MB |
+-----+
controlplane $
```

Q 5 : Create a new network policy named allow-port-from-namespace that allows pods in the existing namespace my-app to connect to port 9000 of other pods in the same namespace. Ensure that the new NetworkPolicy

- . does not allow access to pods not listening on port 9000
- . does not allow access from Pods not in namespace my-app

controlplane \$ cat np.yaml apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1 kind: NetworkPolicv metadata: name: allow-port-from-namespace namespace: my-app spec: podSelector: {} policyTypes: - Ingress ingress: - from: - namespaceSelector: matchLabels: project: my-app ports: protocol: TCP 224.0000

```
controlplane $
```

controlplane \$ kubectl create -f np.yaml networkpolicy.networking.k8s.io/allow-port-from-namespace created controlplane \$

controlplane \$ kubectl describe networkpolicies.networking.k8s.io -n my-app

Name: allow-port-from-namespace

Namespace: my-app

Created on: 2021-01-22 20:33:03 +0000 UTC

Labels: <none>
Annotations: <none>

Spec:

PodSelector: <none> (Allowing the specific traffic to all pods in this namespace)

Allowing ingress traffic: To Port: 9000/TCP

From:

NamespaceSelector: project=my-app

Not affecting egress traffic Policy Types: Ingress

controlplane \$

Q 6: Reconfigure the existing deployment front-end and add a port specification named http exposing port 80/tcp of the existing container nginx

create a new service named front-end-svc exposing the container port http.

Configure the service also expose the individual pods via a NodePort on the nodes on which they are scheduled.

controlplane \$ kubectl create deployment front-end --image=nginx --port=80 -o yaml

apiVersion: apps/v1 kind: Deployment metadata:

name: front-end namespace: default

spec:

replicas: 1 selector: matchLabels: app: front-end template:

metadata: labels:

app: front-end

spec:

containers:
- image: nginx
name: nginx
ports:

- containerPort: 80

```
controlplane $ kubectl expose deployment front-end --type=NodePort --name=front-end-service --port=80 -
-protocol=TCP -o yaml
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  labels:
  app: front-end
 name: front-end-service
spec:
 ports:
 - nodePort: 31740
  port: 80
  protocol: TCP
  targetPort: 80
 selector:
  app: front-end
 type: NodePort
controlplane $
```

Q 7 : Create a new nginx Ingress resource as follows:

.Name: pong

nort:

.Namespace: in-internal

.Exposing service service hello on path /hello using service port 5678 Availablity of sevice can be checked by curl -kL <IN Terminal_IP>/hello

```
controlplane $ kubectl create ns in-internal
namespace/in-internal created
controlplane $ cat ingress.yaml
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
 name: pong
 namespace: in-internal
 annotations:
  nginx.ingress.kubernetes.io/rewrite-target: /
spec:
 rules:
 - http:
   paths:
   - path: /hello
     pathType: Prefix
    backend:
      service:
       name: hello
```

```
number: 5678
controlplane $
controlplane $ kubectl create -f ingress.yaml
ingress.networking.k8s.io/pong created
controlplane $
controlplane $ kubectl describe ingress pong -n in-internal
Name:
           pong
Namespace: in-internal
Address:
Default backend: default-http-backend:80 (<error: endpoints "default-http-backend" not found>)
Rules:
Host
        Path Backends
 ----
       ----
       /hello hello:5678 (10.32.0.3:5678)
Annotations: nginx.ingress.kubernetes.io/rewrite-target: /
Events:
         <none>
controlplane $
______
Q 8 : Scale the deployment presentaion to 6 pods.
controlplane $ kubectl scale --replicas=6 deployment presentation
deployment.apps/presentation scaled
controlplane $
```

===============

Q 9 : Schedule a pod as follows:

- . Name: nginx-kusc00401
- . Image: nginx
- . Node Selector: disktype=ssd

controlplane \$ cat node.yaml apiVersion: v1 kind: Pod metadata: name: nginx-kusc00401 labels: env: test spec: containers: - name: nginx-kusc00401 image: nginx

nodeSelector: disktype: ssd

```
controlplane $ kubectl create -f node.yaml
pod/nainx-kusc00401 created
controlplane $
controlplane $ kubectl describe pod nginx-kusc00401
          nginx-kusc00401
Name:
Namespace: default
Priority: 0
Node:
          node01/172.17.0.38
Start Time: Fri, 22 Jan 2021 18:07:47 +0000
Labels:
          env=test
Annotations: <none>
Status:
        Runnina
IP:
        10.244.1.4
IPs:
 IP: 10.244.1.4
Containers:
 nainx-kusc00401:
  Container ID: docker://12f8aecfdb5296b9429cfce6140f458c8860c2928ca4dd6e4783816fbee8ece6
  Image:
             nainx
  Image ID:
              docker-
pullable://nginx@sha256:10b8cc432d56da8b61b070f4c7d2543a9ed17c2b23010b43af434fd40e2ca4aa
  Port:
            <none>
  Host Port: <none>
  State:
             Running
   Started: Fri, 22 Jan 2021 18:07:49 +0000
  Ready:
             True
  Restart Count: 0
  Environment: <none>
  Mounts:
   /var/run/secrets/kubernetes.io/serviceaccount from default-token-9xp62 (ro)
Conditions:
 Type
             Status
             True
 Initialized
             True
 Readv
 ContainersReady True
 PodScheduled
Volumes:
 default-token-9xp62:
           Secret (a volume populated by a Secret)
  SecretName: default-token-9xp62
  Optional: false
QoS Class:
             BestEffort
Node-Selectors: disktype=ssd
Tolerations:
            node.kubernetes.io/not-ready:NoExecute op=Exists for 300s
         node.kubernetes.io/unreachable:NoExecute op=Exists for 300s
Events:
 Type Reason Age From
                                   Message
 Normal Scheduled 15s default-scheduler Successfully assigned default/nginx-kusc00401 to node01
```

Normal Pulling 14s kubelet, node01 Pulling image "nginx"

controlplane \$

Normal Pulled 13s kubelet, node01 Successfully pulled image "nginx" in 549.619738ms
Normal Created 13s kubelet, node01 Created container nginx-kusc00401
Normal Started 13s kubelet, node01 Started container nginx-kusc00401
controlplane \$

================

Q 10 : Check to see how many nodes are ready (not including nodes tainted NoSchedule) and write the number to /opt/KUSC00402/kusc00402.txt

kubectl get nodes echo "2" > /opt/KUSC00402/kusc00402.txt

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Q 11: Create a pod named kucc4 with single app container for each of the following images running inside (there may be between q and 4 images specified):

nginx + redis + memcached + consul

controlplane \$ cat pp.yaml

apiVersion: v1 kind: Pod metadata: name: kucc4 spec:

- image: nginx name: nginx image: rodis

containers:

 image: redis name: redis

- image: memcached name: memcached

image: consul name: consul controlplane \$

controlplane \$ kubectl create -f pp.yaml

pod/kucc4 created controlplane \$

controlplane \$ kubectl get pods

NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE

kucc4 4/4 Running 0 28s

controlplane \$

controlplane \$ kubectl describe pod kucc4

Name: kucc4 Namespace: default

Priority: 0

Node: node01/172.17.0.38 Start Time: Fri, 22 Jan 2021 18:20:03 +0000 Labels: <none> Annotations: <none> Status: Pending IP: IPs: <none> Containers: nginx: Container ID: Image: nginx Image ID: Port: <none> Host Port: <none> State: Waiting ContainerCreating Reason: Ready: False Restart Count: 0 Environment: <none> Mounts: /var/run/secrets/kubernetes.io/serviceaccount from default-token-9xp62 (ro) redis: Container ID: redis Image: Image ID: Port: <none> Host Port: <none> State: Waiting Reason: ContainerCreating Ready: False Restart Count: 0 Environment: <none> Mounts: /var/run/secrets/kubernetes.io/serviceaccount from default-token-9xp62 (ro) memcached: Container ID: Image: memcached Image ID: Port: <none> Host Port: <none> Waiting State: ContainerCreating Reason: Ready: False Restart Count: 0 Environment: <none> Mounts: /var/run/secrets/kubernetes.io/serviceaccount from default-token-9xp62 (ro) consul: Container ID: Image: consul Image ID: Port: <none> Host Port: <none> State: Waiting Reason: ContainerCreating

Ready:

False

```
Restart Count: 0
  Environment: <none>
  Mounts:
   /var/run/secrets/kubernetes.io/serviceaccount from default-token-9xp62 (ro)
Conditions:
 Type
            Status
 Initialized
            True
             False
 Readv
 ContainersReady False
 PodScheduled
                True
Volumes:
 default-token-9xp62:
          Secret (a volume populated by a Secret)
  Type:
  SecretName: default-token-9xp62
  Optional: false
QoS Class:
             BestEffort
Node-Selectors: <none>
Tolerations:
            node.kubernetes.io/not-ready:NoExecute op=Exists for 300s
        node.kubernetes.io/unreachable:NoExecute op=Exists for 300s
Events:
 Type Reason Age From
                                 Message
             ----
 Normal Scheduled 13s default-scheduler Successfully assigned default/kucc4 to node01
 Normal Pulling 12s kubelet, node01 Pulling image "nginx"
 Normal Pulled 12s kubelet, node01
                                    Successfully pulled image "nginx" in 662.539303ms
 Normal Created 11s kubelet, node01 Created container nginx
 Normal Started 11s kubelet, node01 Started container nginx
 Normal Pulling 11s kubelet, node01 Pulling image "redis"
                                    Successfully pulled image "redis" in 2.695195708s
 Normal Pulled 9s kubelet, node01
 Normal Pulling 8s kubelet, node01
                                    Pulling image "memcached"
 Normal Created 8s kubelet, node01 Created container redis
 Normal Started 8s kubelet, node01 Started container redis
 Normal Pulled 5s kubelet, node01
                                    Successfully pulled image "memcached" in 2.707260529s
 Normal Created 5s kubelet, node01 Created container memcached
 Normal Started 5s kubelet, node01 Started container memcached
 Normal Pulling 5s kubelet, node01 Pulling image "consul"
 Normal Pulled 1s kubelet, node01
                                    Successfully pulled image "consul" in 4.224204168s
 Normal Created 0s kubelet, node01 Created container consul
 Normal Started 0s kubelet, node01 Started container consul
controlplane $
______
```

Q 12 : Create a persistent volume with name app-data, of capacity 1Gi and access mode ReadWriteMany, The type of volume is hostPath and its location is /srv/app-data

controlplane \$ cat pv.yaml

apiVersion: v1

kind: PersistentVolume

metadata:

name: app-data

labels:

type: local

spec:

storageClassName: manual

capacity: storage: 1Gi accessModes: - ReadWriteMany

hostPath:

path: "/srv/app-data"

controlplane \$

controlplane \$ kubectl create -f pv.yaml persistentvolume/app-config created controlplane \$

controlplane \$ kubectl get pv

NAME CAPACITY ACCESS MODES RECLAIM POLICY STATUS CLAIM STORAGECLASS

REASON AGE

app-data 1Gi RWX Retain Available manual 5s

controlplane \$

Q 13 : Create a new PersistentVolumeClaim:

. Name: pv-volume.. Class: csi-hostpath-sc

. Capacity: 10Mi

Second create pod and claim the space from PV

controlplane \$
controlplane \$ kubectl get pv

NAME CAPACITY ACCESS MODES RECLAIM POLICY STATUS CLAIM STORAGECLASS
REASON AGE

pv-1 10Gi RWX Retain Available csi-hostpath-sc 9s

controlplane \$ cat pvc.yaml

apiVersion: v1

controlplane \$

kind: PersistentVolumeClaim

metadata:

name: pv-volume

labels: type: local spec:

storageClassName: csi-hostpath-sc

accessModes:
- ReadWriteMany

resources:

requests:

```
storage: 10Mi
controlplane $
controlplane $ kubectl create -f pvc.yaml
persistentvolumeclaim/pv-volume created
controlplane $
controlplane $ kubectl get pvc
NAME
          STATUS VOLUME CAPACITY ACCESS MODES STORAGECLASS
                                                                               AGE
pv-volume Bound pv-1 10Gi
                                   RWX
                                              csi-hostpath-sc 5s
controlplane $
controlplane $ cat pvpod.yaml
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
 name: pv-claim-pod
spec:
 containers:
  - name: pv-container
   image: nginx
   ports:
    - containerPort: 80
     name: "http-server"
   volumeMounts:
    - mountPath: "/usr/share/nginx/html"
     name: pvc-claim1
 volumes:
  - name: pvc-claim1
   persistentVolumeClaim:
    claimName: pv-volume
controlplane $
controlplane $
controlplane $ kubectl create -f pvpod.yaml
pod/pv-claim-pod created
controlplane $
```

NAME

pv-claim-pod

controlplane \$

controlplane \$ kubectl get pods

1/1

Q 14: Monitor the logs of pod foo and:

. Extract log lines corrosponding to error " unable-to-access-website"

READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE

5s

Running 0

. Write them to /opt/KUTR00101/f00

Example:

controlplane \$ kubectl logs foo | grep -i "looking for shell" > /opt/KUTR00101/f00

controlplane \$ cat /opt/KUTR00101/f00 /docker-entrypoint.sh: Looking for shell scripts in /docker-entrypoint.d/ controlplane \$

Q 15: Without changing its existing containers, an existing Pod needs to be integrated into Kubernetes's built-in logging architecture (eg: kubectl logs). Adding a steaming sidecar container is a good and common way to accomplish this requirment.

Task: Add a busybox sidecar container to the existing Pod 11-factor-app. The new sidecar container had to run the following command:

/bin/sh -c tail -n+1 /var/log/11-factor-app.log

Use a volume mountnamed logs to make the file /var/log/11-factor-app.log available to the sidecar container.

Don't modify the existing container, Don't modify the path of the log file, both container must be access it at containers must access it at /var/log/110factor-app.log.

Ans:

Not tried yet.

Q 16: From the pod lable name=cpu-utilizer, find pods running high CPU workloads and write the name of the pod consuming most to the file /opt/KUTR00401/KUTROO401.txt (Which is already exist)

```
$ kubectl top pods -l name1=cpu-utilizer
NAME
                       CPU(cores) MEMORY(bytes)
mysql-7d446bbff5-m4774
                              0m
                                        598Mi
mysqld-exporter-77f4d65d75-dg6q7 0m
                                           2Mi
nginx1
                               2Mi
                      0m
$ kubectl top pods -I name=cpu-utilizer --sort-by=cpu --no-headers | cut -f1 -d" " | head -n1
mysqld-exporter-77f4d65d75-dg6q7
$
$ kubectl top pods -I name=cpu-utilizer --sort-by=cpu --no-headers | cut -f1 -d" " | head -n1 >
opt_KUTR00401_KUTROO401.txt
$ cat opt_KUTR00401_KUTROO401.txt
mysqld-exporter-77f4d65d75-dg6q7
```


Q 17: A kubernetes worker node, named wk8s-node-0 is in state NotReady. Investigate why this is the case, and perform any appropriate steps to bring the node to a Ready state, ensureing that any changes are made permanent.

You can assume elevated privileages sudo -i

# systemctl status kubelet		
\$ ssh to node01 \$ systemctl enable kubelet \$ systemctl restart kubelet	(or)	\$systemctl enablenow kubelet