

Question 2

John is working on automating the rental process of a convention hall booking. He has identified two modules: interior decoration module and exterior decoration module. In both the modules, John needs to include the logic for validating the number of days the convention hall is getting hired for. Given below are the three possible solutions to John's requirement.

- Solution-1. Create one function `validate_number_of_days()` and reuse it on requirement basis.
Solution-2. Write the logic for validating number of days in both the modules along with business logic.
Solution-3. Create two different validation functions with the same logic in each module.

Which among the above solutions would be the best option to implement the above requirement?

- ☐ Solution-1
☐ Solution-2
☐ Solution-3
☐ All three solutions are equally effective.

Reset

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You're being proctored!



00:34:54

MCD QUESTIONS

Question 7

If $7x - 21y = 20$, then how many positive integer solutions does the equation have?

- ☐ 0
- ☐ 3
- ☐ 16
- ☐ Infinite

Reset

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MCD QUESTIONS

Question 7

If $7x - 21y = 20$, then how many positive integer solutions does the equation have?

- ☐ 0
- ☐ 3
- ☐ 16
- ☐ Infinite

Reset

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MCQ QUESTIONS

Question 8

The flag on top of a pole cast a shadow over a nearby hemispherical dome with the tip of the shadow falling 10 m away from the dome. If the base of the pole was 2 m away from the diametric opposite end of the dome, and the height of the pole was 50 m, what would be the height of the dome?

- ☐ 25m
- ☐ $5+5\sqrt{11}$
- ☐ $5\sqrt{11}$
- ☐ $9+15$

Reset

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6

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8

10

00:54:59

MCQ QUESTIONS

Question 6

Five years ago, the sum of Alwyn's age and his father's age was a third of five times the average of present ages of Alwyn and his father. If Alwyn will be 15 years old in 15 years time now, how old is Alwyn's father now?

- ☐ 48
- ☐ 45
- ☐ 50
- ☐ None of the options

Reset Save

00:55:03

MCQ QUESTIONS

Question 5

In a group of 50 people, 40 speak Hindi and 22 speak English, and all of them speak at least one of the 2 languages. Find the number of people who speak English.

- ☐ 22
- ☐ 15
- ☐ 12
- ☐ 10

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00:55:00

MCQ QUESTIONS

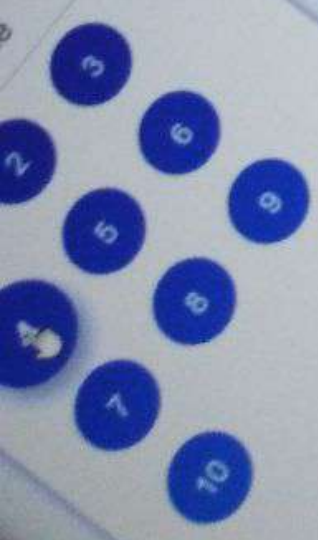
Question 4

A series of discounts of 20%, 10% and 10% is equivalent to a single discount of

- ☐ 34.6
- ☐ 40
- ☐ 36
- ☐ 35.2

Reset

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MCQ QUESTIONS

Question 2

A wire bent in the form of a circle encloses an area of 616 sq. cms . If the same wire is bent in the form of a square, what is the area of the square?

- ☐ 324 sq. cms
- ☐ 484 sq. cms
- ☐ 438 sq. cms
- ☐ 576 sq. cms

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Aptitude



Aptitude

- 1
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00:55:22

MCO QUESTIONS

Question 1

Three teachers P, Q, R were talking about six students A, B, C, D, E and F who wrote an examination in Physics. P predicted that B, D, A and C would get 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th ranks respectively and the other two would fail. Q predicted that E, B, A and F would get 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th ranks respectively and the other two would fail. R predicted that A, D, F and E would get 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th ranks respectively and the other two would fail. When the results were announced, it was found out that:
Exactly two persons got the same ranks as predicted by P, one student got the same rank as predicted by Q and one student got the same rank as predicted by R.
Exactly two students, who were predicted to pass by P, failed.
Exactly one student, who was predicted to pass by Q, failed.
Exactly one student, who was predicted to pass by R, failed.

Who got the fourth rank?

- ☐ E
- ☐ C
- ☐ F
- ☐ B

MCQ QUESTIONS

```
temp.set_data(temp.get_data()+input_stack.pop())
#set_data(data) updates the data stored in the node
element=temp.get_data()
else:
    input_stack.push(element)
    element=temp.get_next()
    temp=temp.get_next()
temp.set_data(temp.get_data()+input_stack.pop())
```

What will be the content of `input_linked_list` from head to tail and `input_stack` from top to bottom after the execution of the above code?

- Assumption: Stack and LinkedList classes, with the necessary methods, are available
- ☐ `input_linked_list` (Head to Tail): 7 → 14 → 20 → 5
`input_stack` (Top to Bottom): 5, 10
 - ☐ `input_linked_list` (Head to Tail): 5 → 7 → 10 → 5
`input_stack` (Top to Bottom): 2, 5, 10
 - ☐ `input_linked_list` (Head to Tail): 7 → 14 → 20 → 3
`input_stack` (Top to Bottom): 5, 10
 - ☐ `input_linked_list` (Head to Tail): 7 → 14 → 20 → 5
`input_stack` (Top to Bottom): 10

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Consider the following requirements:

1. Class 'DemoClassA' has an instance variable 'inst_var1', the value stored in 'inst_var1' should be accessible outside of class 'DemoClassA'.
2. Class 'DemoClassB' has a static variable 'stat_var1', which should be accessible only inside the class 'DemoClassB'.

Consider the suggested solutions to be used to implement the above requirements:

- a. Instance variable 'inst_var1' should be made private and there should not be any getter method for 'inst_var1'
- b. Instance variable 'inst_var1' should be made private and there should be a getter method for 'inst_var1'
- c. Static variable 'stat_var1' should be made public
- d. Static variable 'stat_var1' should be made private and there should not be any getter method for 'stat_var1'

Choose the correct solution for the given requirements from the options given below:

- ☐ 1-a, 2-d
- ☐ 1-a, 2-c
- ☐ 1-b, 2-d
- ☐ 1-b, 2-c

Reset

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Question 17

What will be the output of the code given below?

```
class InvalidLengthException(Exception):
    pass
class Mobile:
    def __init__(self, mob_no):
        self.__mob_no = mob_no
    def validate_mobile_number(self):
        try:
            if(len(self.__mob_no) != 10):
                raise InvalidLengthException
            else:
                print("Valid Mobile Number")
        except InvalidLengthException:
            print("Invalid Length - inside class")
        print("Inside the class")
    try:
        mob = Mobile("987665")
        mob.validate_mobile_number()
        print("Outside the class")
    except InvalidLengthException:
        print("Invalid Length - outside class")
```

- ☐ Invalid Length - inside class
- ☐ Inside the class
- ☐ Outside the class

Question 16

John is working on automating the rental process of a convention hall booking. He has identified two modules where decision logic is getting hard to implement. John wants to include the logic for validating the number of days the convention hall is getting hired for. Given below are the three possible solutions to John's requirement.

Solution-1. Create one function `validate_number_of_days()` and reuse it on requirement basis.

Solution-2. Write the logic for validating number of days in both the modules along with business logic.

Solution-3. Create two different validation functions with the same logic in each module.

Which among the above solutions would be the best option to implement the above requirement?

- ☐ Solution-1
- ☐ Solution-2
- ☐ Solution-3
- ☐ All three solutions are equally effective

Reset

Save

Minion:
def __init__(self, glove):
 self.__glove = glove
 self.__color = "Yellow"

def get_glove(self):
 return self.__glove
black_glove = Glove("Black")
red_glove = Glove("Red")
bob = Minion(black_glove)
black_glove.set_color(red_glove.get_color())
print(_____)#Line1

What should be placed in blank at #Line1 to get the color of bob Minion's glove?
Note: Line number is for reference only.

- ☐ bob.__glove.__color
- ☐ red_glove.get_color()
- ☐ bob.get_glove().get_color()
- ☐ bob.get_glove().__color

Reset

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Minion:
def __init__(self, glove):
 self.__glove = glove
 self.__color = "Yellow"

def get_glove(self):
 return self.__glove
black_glove = Glove("Black")
red_glove = Glove("Red")
bob = Minion(black_glove)
black_glove.set_color(red_glove.get_color())
print(_____)#Line1

What should be placed in blank at #Line1 to get the color of bob Minion's glove?
Note: Line number is for reference only.

- ☐ bob.__glove.__color
- ☐ red_glove.get_color()
- ☐ bob.get_glove().get_color()
- ☐ bob.get_glove().__color

Reset

Save

09:57:18

MCQ QUESTIONS

Question 11

What is the output of the code given below?

```
def procedural(vall):  
    try:  
        sum1=0  
        for item in str(vall):  
            sum1+=int(item_val)  
    except TypeError:  
        print("Type error occurred")  
    finally:  
        print("Finally in function")  
        print("Function executed successfully")  
try:  
    procedural(792)  
    print("Try handled")  
except ValueError:  
    print("Value error occurred")  
except NameError:  
    print("Name error occurred")  
finally:  
    print("Finally in main")
```

- ☐ Finally in function
- ☐ Value error occurred
- ☐ Finally in main

00:57:38

MCQ QUESTIONS

What would be the values of output_queue from front to rear when the below input_queue is passed as input to the given function?

input_queue(front to rear): 3, 7, 6, 2, 5, 6, 3, 2

```
def function(input_queue):  
    output_queue=Queue(10)  
    while(not input_queue.is_empty()):  
        var=input_queue.dequeue()  
        if var<=5:  
            output_queue.enqueue(input_queue.dequeue()+1)  
        else:  
            output_queue.enqueue(output_queue.dequeue()+input_queue.dequeue())  
    return output_queue
```

Assumption: Queue class, with the necessary methods, is available

- ☐ 3, 6, 13, 3
- ☐ 10, 7, 3
- ☐ 10, 7, 3, 2
- ☐ 8, 7, 5

Reset Save

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MCQ QUESTIONS

```
def calculate_total(head):
    total=0
    if(head==None):
        return
    temp=head
    while(temp!=None and temp.get_next()!=None):
        #get_next() returns the address of the next node
        if temp.get_data()<-temp.get_next().get_data():
            #get_data() returns the value stored in the node
            total+=temp.get_next().get_data()
        else:
            total+=temp.get_data()
        temp=temp.get_next()
    temp.set_data(total)
```

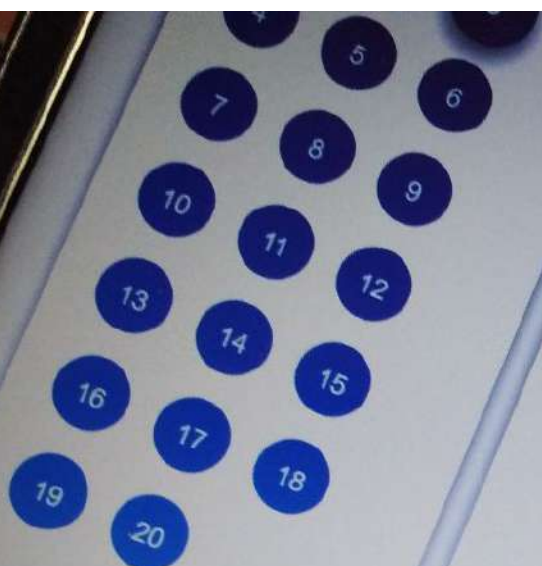
What will be the content of `input_linked_list` from Head to Tail after execution of the above function when the head node of `input_linked_list` is passed as an input.

Assumption: `LinkedList` class, with the necessary methods, is available

- ☐ 2 → 8 → 3 → 5 → 11 → 32
- ☐ 32 → 8 → 3 → 5 → 11
- ☐ 2 → 8 → 3 → 5 → 32
- ☐ 2 → 8 → 3 → 5 → 11 → 26

Reset

Save

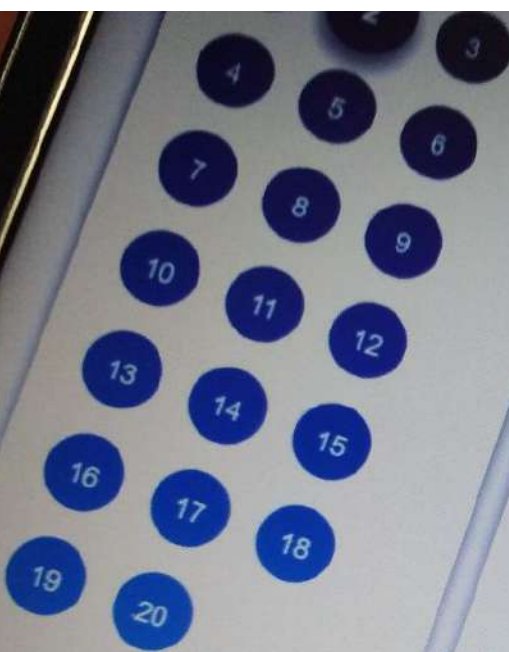


```
super().eats_food()
def Print("Cat eats the desired food:", self.prefer
def favourite_game(self):
    print("The favourite game of", self.name, "is", se
    self.eats_food()
pet=Pet("Reena", "Bone")
cat=Cat("Chaplin", "Fish", "catch")
cat.favourite_game()
```

- ☐ The favourite game of Chaplin is catch
Pet eats the desired food: Fish
- ☐ The favourite game of Chaplin is catch
Pet eats the desired food: Bone
Cat eats the desired food: Fish
- ☐ The favourite game of Chaplin is catch
Pet eats the desired food: Fish
Cat eats the desired food: Fish
- ☐ The favourite game of Chaplin is catch
Pet eats the desired food: Bone

Reset

Save



```
edu=Educator
class_room1=ClassRoom(edu)
class_room2=ClassRoom(edu)
class_room2.allocate_educator("C++", "L1-75")
print(class_room1.class_room_no, class_room2.class_room_no)
print(Educator.total_allocations)
```

- ☐ Something wrong
L2-73 L2-73
102
- ☐ Something wrong
L2-73 None
102
- ☐ Invalid Skill
L2-73 None
102
- ☐ Invalid Skill
L2-73 L2-73
101

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What will be the output of the below Python code?

```
class InvalidSkillException(Exception):
    pass
class Educator:
    total_allocations=101
    def __init__(self,skill):
        self.__skill=skill
    def validate_skill(self,skill_required):
        if(skill_required==self.__skill):
            Educator.total_allocations+=1
        else:
            raise InvalidSkillException
class Classroom:
    def __init__(self,educator):
        self.__educator=educator
        self.class_room_no=None
    def allocate_educator(self,skill_required,class_room_no):
        try:
            if(self.__educator.validate_skill(skill_required)):
                self.class_room_no=class_room_no
            except Exception:
                print("Something wrong")
            except InvalidSkillException:
                print("Invalid Skill")
                Educator.total_allocations-=1
        except:
            print("Java")
            edu=Educator("Java")
            class_room1=ClassRoom(edu)
            class_room1.allocate_educator("Java", "L2-73")
            class_room2=ClassRoom(edu)
            class_room2.allocate_educator("C++", "L1-75")
            print(class_room1.class_room_no,class_room2.class_room_no)
            print(Educator.total_allocations)
```

What is the output of the code given below?

```
values = ["823", "863"]  
num = values[0][0:]  
for row in range(0, len(values)):  
    for column in range(0, len(values[row])):  
        if num > values[row][column]:  
            num = values[row][column:]  
print(num)
```

- ☐ 2
- ☐ 3
- ☐ 23
- ☐ 823

Reset

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What is the output of the code given below?

```
values = ["823", "863"]  
num = values[0][0:]  
for row in range(0, len(values)):  
    for column in range(0, len(values[row])):  
        if num > values[row][column]:  
            num = values[row][column:]  
print(num)
```

- ☐ 2
- ☐ 3
- ☐ 23
- ☐ 823

Reset

Save

What is the output of the code given below?

```
values = ["823", "863"]
num = values[0][0:]
for row in range(0, len(values)):
    for column in range(0, len(values[row])):
        if num > values[row][column:]:
            num = values[row][column:]
print(num)
```

- ☐ 2
- ☐ 3
- ☐ 23
- ☐ 823

00:54:47

MCQ QUESTIONS

Question 9

A tap can fill a drum in 60 minutes. When it has been open for 20 minutes, a hole is made in the bottom of the drum to siphon the water into a sump. The drain at the hole is a better fit. In how many minutes can the hole alone empty the complete contents of the drum into the sump?

- ☐ 60
- ☐ 90
- ☐ 120
- ☐ 150

Reset

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00:35:11

MCQ QUESTIONS

Question 3

If you have 150 pebbles and need to make packets out of it in such a way that if any number of pebbles up to 150 is required you can have a sum which is equal to the required number.

- ☐ 10
- ☐ 11
- ☐ 12
- ☐ None of the given options

Reset

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clude



MCQ QUESTIONS

From the below code snippet, identify how many reference variable(s) refer to the object created in Line 1 at the end of Line 27

```
class Team:
    counter=0
    def __init__(self):
        self.no_of_players=11
        self.coach=None
        cricket_team=Team() #Line1
        football_team=Team()
        hockey_team=Team()
        football_team=cricket_team
        football_team=Team()
        cricket_team=hockey_team #Line2
```

Note: Line numbers are only for reference

- ☐ 3
- ☐ 2
- ☐ 0
- ☐ 1

Reset

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Consider the below inputs:

input_linked_list (Head to Tail): 1->2->5->3
input_stack (Top to Bottom): 4, 2, 5, 10

```
def generate(input_linked_list, input_stack):
    temp = input_linked_list.get_head()
    #get_head() returns the head node
    element = 0
    while (temp.get_next() is not None):
        #get_next() returns the address of the next node
        temp.set_data(temp.get_data()+temp.get_next().get_data()+element)
        #get_data() returns the data stored in the node
        if temp.get_data()%2!=0:
            temp.set_data(temp.get_data()+input_stack.pop())
            #set_data(data) updates the data stored in the node
            element=temp.get_data()
        else:
            input_stack.push(element)
            element=temp.get_next().get_data()
            temp.set_data(temp.get_data()+input_stack.pop())
```

What will be the content of input_linked_list from head to tail and input_stack from top to bottom after the execution of the function generate?

Assumption: Stack and LinkedList classes, with the necessary methods, are available



Consider the below inputs:

input_linked_list (Head to Tail): 1->2->5->3
input_stack (Top to Bottom): 4, 2, 5, 10

```
def generate(input_linked_list, input_stack):
    temp = input_linked_list.get_head()
    #get_head() returns the head node
    element = 0
    while (temp.get_next() is not None):
        #get_next() returns the address of the next node
        temp.set_data(temp.get_data()+temp.get_next().get_data()+element)
        #get_data() returns the data stored in the node
        if temp.get_data()%2!=0:
            temp.set_data(temp.get_data()+input_stack.pop())
            #set_data(data) updates the data stored in the node
            element=temp.get_data()
        else:
            input_stack.push(element)
            element=temp.get_next().get_data()
            temp.set_data(temp.get_data()+input_stack.pop())
```

What will be the content of input_linked_list from head to tail and input_stack from top to bottom after the execution of the function generate?

Assumption: Stack and LinkedList classes, with the necessary methods, are available





Consider the BUBBLE SORT algorithm given below which sorts the given input_list in Ascending order

```
def bubble_sort(input_list):  
    num = len(input_list)  
    for index1 in range(num):  
        for index2 in range(0, num-index1-1):  
            if input_list[index2] > input_list[index2+1]:  
                input_list[index2], input_list[index2+1] = input_list[index2+1], input_list[index2]
```

Consider the following input_list:
input_list=[4, 10, 2, 7, 1, 8]

What will be the content of input_list after third pass, when the above bubble_sort function is invoked by passing input_list?

- ☐ [2, 4, 1, 7, 8, 10]
- ☐ [2, 1, 4, 7, 8, 10]
- ☐ [2, 4, 7, 1, 8, 10]
- ☐ [1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 10]

[Reset](#) [Save](#)

Consider the below Python code:

```
class Glove:
    def __init__(self, color):
        self.__color = color
    def get_color(self):
        return self.__color
    def set_color(self, color):
        self.__color = color

class Minion:
    def __init__(self, glove):
        self.__glove = glove
        self.__color = "Yellow"
    def get_glove(self):
        return self.__glove

black_glove = Glove("Black")
red_glove = Glove("Red")
bob = Minion(black_glove)
black_glove.set_color(red_glove.get_color())
print(_____ )#Line1
```

What should be placed in blank at #Line1 to get the color of bob Minion's glove?
Note: Line number is for reference only.



MCQ QUESTIONS

Question 12

John is visiting a zoo. After roaming for sometime, he finds that he has lost his way. John wants to reach the entry/exit gate while strolling in the zoo. John finds that there are 3 ways to reach Vans Ice-Cream from his current location and from Vans considering the above scenario, identify the most suitable data structure that can be used to represent all possible ways to reach

- ☐ Graph
- ☐ Tree
- ☐ Stack
- ☐ Queue

[Reset](#) [Save](#)

Question 10

Consider the following Python function, the objective of the code is to record the details of service provider

```
def service_provider_details(service_provider, tariff_plan, expiry_date, channel_pack,
                             plan="Expiry date is "+expiry_date, only_calls, service_type, data_charge, unlimited_data):
    if(service_provider=="DTH"):
        plan+= "with tariff plan "+tariff_plan+ " and with "+channel_pack
    elif(service_provider=="MobileService"):
        plan+= "with "+only_calls
    if(service_type=="PrepaidService"):
        plan+= "Data at per MB charge "+data_charge
    elif(service_type=="PostpaidService"):
        plan+= "with data offer "+unlimited_data
```

What will be the optimal class structure if this was to be rewritten in Object Oriented Programming?

- ☐ 4 classes: MobileService as the parent class. DTH, PrepaidService and PostpaidService as the child classes of MobileService
- ☐ 5 independent classes: ServiceProvider, DTH, MobileService, PrepaidService and PostpaidService
- ☐ 5 classes: ServiceProvider as the parent class. DTH and MobileService as the child classes of ServiceProvider. PrepaidService and PostpaidService as the child classes of MobileService
- ☐ 4 classes: ServiceProvider as the parent class. DTH, PrepaidService and PostpaidService as the child classes of ServiceProvider

Reset

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MCQ QUESTIONS

Question 9

Following elements are to be stored in a hash table using the hash function $h(k) = k \% 8$ in the order shown:
65, 27, 50, 9, 36, 43, 20

Identify the hash values for which collision occurs.

- ☐ Collision will occur for hash values 1,2
- ☐ No collision will occur
- ☐ Collision will occur for hash values 1,4
- ☐ Collision will occur for hash values 1,3,4

Reset

Save

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MCQ QUESTIONS

Consider the code given below.
Identify the most efficient test data set for testing the below code using 'Logic Coverage' technique.

```
if item_type=="Fashion":  
    if amount>500 and amount<=1000:  
        amount=amount-0.1*amount  
elif item_type=="Electronics":  
    if amount>10000 and amount< 15000:  
        amount=amount-0.15*amount  
else:  
    if amount>2000:  
        amount=amount-0.07*amount  
print("Final amount",amount)
```

- ☐ item_type: "Fashion" with amount as 100, "Electronics" with amount as 2001
- ☐ item_type: "Fashion" with amount as 700, "Electronics" with amount as 7000, "Sports" with amount as -1500
- ☐ item_type: "Fashion" with amount as 800, "Electronics" with amount as 14999, "Sports" with amount as 2000
- ☐ item_type: "Fashion" with amount as 760, "Electronics" with amount as 5030, "Lifestyle" with amount as 230

Reset

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MCQ QUESTIONS

Consider the code given below.
Identify the most efficient test data set for testing the below code using 'Logic Coverage' technique.

```
if item_type=="Fashion":  
    if amount>500 and amount<=1000:  
        amount=amount-0.1*amount  
elif item_type=="Electronics":  
    if amount>10000 and amount< 15000:  
        amount=amount-0.15*amount  
else:  
    if amount>2000:  
        amount=amount-0.07*amount  
print("Final amount",amount)
```

- ☐ item_type: "Fashion" with amount as 100, "Electronics" with amount as 2001
- ☐ item_type: "Fashion" with amount as 700, "Electronics" with amount as 7000, "Sports" with amount as -1500
- ☐ item_type: "Fashion" with amount as 800, "Electronics" with amount as 14999, "Sports" with amount as 2000
- ☐ item_type: "Fashion" with amount as 760, "Electronics" with amount as 5030, "Lifestyle" with amount as 230

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MCQ QUESTIONS

Question 4

Consider the code given below:

```
def sample_func(var1, var2, var3=10, var4=3, *var5):  
    var4 += 2  
    var2 = var1*var4  
    for val in var5:  
        val = val*val  
    print(var1, var2, var3, var4, var5)  
sample_func(0, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
```

Considering the function call and the function signature in the above code, which of the following values will be assigned to the formal argument var5?

- ☐ (1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
- ☐ (3, 4, 5)
- ☐ (4, 5)
- ☐ Error in function call

Reset

Save

What will be the output of the code given below?

```
class Pet:
    def __init__(self, name, preferred_food):
        self.name = name
        self.preferred_food = preferred_food
    def eats_food(self):
        print("Pet eats the desired food")
class Cat(Pet):
    def __init__(self, name, preferred_food, game):
        super().__init__(self, name, preferred_food)
        self.game = game
    def eats_food(self):
        super().eats_food()
    def favourite_game(self):
        print("Cat eats the desired food:", self.preferred_food)
        print("The favourite game of", self.name, "is", self.game)
        self.eats_food()
pet = Pet("Reena", "Bone")
cat = Cat("Chaplin", "Fish", "catch")
cat.favourite_game()
```

- ☐ The favourite game of Chaplin is catch
 Pet eats the desired food: Fish
 The favourite game of Chaplin is catch