```
In [1]: # print is user for answer
 In [2]: a=10
         b=20
 Out[2]: 20
 In [3]:
         a=10
         b=20
         print(a)
         print(b)
        10
        20
 In [4]: print(10)
         print(10,20)
         print('python')
         print(10,20,'python')
        10
        10 20
        python
        10 20 python
 In [5]: num1=20
         num2=30
         add=num1+num2
         print(add)
        50
 In [6]: num1=20
         num2=30
         add=num1+num2
         print('The addition of',num1,'and',num2,'is=',add)
        The addition of 20 and 30 is= 50
 In [7]: name='Python'
         age=20
         city='hyd'
         #hellow my name is python and i am 10 year old from hydrabad
 In [8]: print('My name is',name,'and i am',age,'years old form',city)
        My name is Python and i am 20 years old form hyd
In [10]: #print Format method
In [11]: num1=20
         num2=30
         add=num1+num2
         print('The addition of {} and {} is= {}'.format(num1,num2,add))
        The addition of 20 and 30 is= 50
```

```
In [12]: name='Python'
         age=20
         city='hyd'
         #hellow my name is python and i am 10 year old from hydrabad
In [19]: print ('hello my name is {}, and i am {} years old from {} '.format(name,age,cit
        hello my name is Python, and i am 20 years old from hyd
In [15]: num1=100
         num2=25
         num3=333
         avg=(num1+num2+num3)/3 # or we can use avg=round(num1+num2+num3)/3,2)
         avg1=round((num1+num2+num3)/3,2)
         # The avrage of num1, num2, num3 is = avg
         print('The avrage of {}, {}, and {} is= {} or {}'.format(num1,num2,num3,
         avg,avg1)) # here we can use round(avg,2) also
        The avrage of 100, 25, and 333 is= 152.6666666666666 or 152.67
In [16]: round(avg,2) # round of till 2 digite after decimal
Out[16]: 152.67
```

More short format meythod(f string method)

+variable should be in curly braces +and write everything inside quots " +at starting simpaly add f

```
In [24]: num1=20
         num2=30
In [26]:
         add=num1+num2
         print(f'The addition of {num1} and {num2} is = {add}')
        The addition of 20 and 30 is = 50
In [27]: name='python'
         age=20
         city='hyd'
In [28]: print(f'hello my name is {name}, and i am {age} year old, from {city}.')
        hello my name is python, and i am 20 year old, from hyd.
In [29]: num1=100
         num2=25
         num3=333
         avg=round((num1+num2+num3)/3,2)
In [30]: print(f'The avrage of {num1}, {num2} and {num3} is = {avg}')
        The avrage of 100, 25 and 333 is = 152.67
```

```
In [31]: num1=10
   num2=20
   add = num1+ num2
   print('The addition of',num1,'and',num2,'is=',add)
   print('The addition of {} and {} is= {}'.format(num1,num2,add))
   print(f'The addition of {num1} and {num2} is= {add}')

The addition of 10 and 20 is= 30
   The addition of 10 and 20 is= 30
   The addition of 10 and 20 is= 30
```

end statement

```
In [32]: print('hello') # 1st statement
    print('good moorning') # 2nd statement)
    # i want print like:- hellow good morning

hello
    good moorning

In [33]: print('hello', end=' ') # 1st statement
    print('world good day') # 2nd statement
```

hello world good day

seprator

- here one print statement only we use
- insisde one print statement we have multipal values
- we want to seperate these multipal values with anything

```
In [35]: print('hello', 'hai', 'how are you', sep='--->')
    hello--->hai--->how are you
In [36]: print('hello', 'hai', 'how are you', sep='&')
    hello&hai&how are you
In [37]: print('hello', 'hai', 'how are you', sep='@')
    hello@hai@how are you
In [38]: print('hello', 'hai', 'how are you', sep=' ')
    hello hai how are you
In [39]: print(3,'.') # . is far from 3 so here we will use sep method
    3 .
In [40]: print(3,'.', sep='') # see now space setteld(also use to remove space B/W words)
    3.
In [41]: print(1,2,end=' ')
    print(3,'.', sep='')
    # will print 1 2 3
```

1 2 3.

In []:	
In []:	