CS5720 Neural Networks & Deep Learning ASSIGNMENT –6

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GITHUB LINK:

https://github.com/saikumarreddyMandha/Assignment-4/blob/main/ICP4.ipynb

VIDEO LINK:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1f4 mIKfWs 5bXu-8AN9sALISxRS6Xbl/view?usp=drive link

- 1. Use the use case in the class:
- a. Add more Dense layers to the existing code and check how the accuracy changes.
- b. Change the data source to Breast Cancer dataset * available in the source code folder and make required changes. Report accuracy of the model.
- c. Normalize the data before feeding the data to the model and check how the normalization change your accuracy (code given below). from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler sc = StandardScaler()
- d. Breast Cancer dataset is designated to predict if a patient has Malignant (M) or Benign = B

cancercancer

```
[2] #read the data
        import pandas as pd
        data = pd.read_csv('diabetes.csv')
v [3] path_to_csv = 'diabetes.csv'
[4] import keras
        import pandas
        from keras.models import Sequential
        from keras.layers import Dense, Activation
        # load dataset
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        dataset = pd.read_csv(path_to_csv, header=None).values
        X train, X test, Y train, Y test = train test split(dataset[:,0:8], dataset[:,8],
                                                            test_size=0.25, random_state=87)
        np.random.seed(155)
        my first nn = Sequential() # create model
        my_first_nn.add(Dense(20, input_dim=8, activation='relu')) # hidden layer
        my_first_nn.add(Dense(4, activation='relu')) # hidden layer
        my_first_nn.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')) # output layer
        my_first_nn.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['acc'])
        my_first_nn_fitted = my_first_nn.fit(X_train, Y_train, epochs=100,
                                             initial_epoch=0)
        print(my_first_nn.summary())
        print(my_first_nn.evaluate(X_test, Y_test))
```

```
18s Epoch 1/100
     18/18 [===========] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 5.1130 - acc: 0.5972
  Epoch 2/100
                    ==========  - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 2.1959 - acc: 0.6024
     18/18 [=====
      Epoch 3/100
      18/18 [=====
                      ======== ] - Os 2ms/step - loss: 1.0648 - acc: 0.6059
      Epoch 4/100
      18/18 [=====
                 Epoch 5/100
     18/18 [=====
                       ======== ] - Os 2ms/step - loss: 0.8121 - acc: 0.5955
     Fnoch 6/100
     18/18 [=====
                    ========== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.7410 - acc: 0.6146
     Epoch 7/100
      18/18 [=====
                     ======== ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.7091 - acc: 0.6198
      Epoch 8/100
     18/18 [=====
                      ======== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.6817 - acc: 0.6285
     Epoch 9/100
     18/18 [=====
                     Fpoch 10/100
     18/18 [=====
                     ========] - Os 2ms/step - loss: 0.6582 - acc: 0.6441
      Epoch 11/100
      18/18 [=====
                       ======== ] - Os 2ms/step - loss: 0.6489 - acc: 0.6424
     Epoch 12/100
      18/18 [======
                Epoch 13/100
                     ========= ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.6523 - acc: 0.6632
     18/18 [=====
     Epoch 14/100
                    ========= ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.6244 - acc: 0.6736
     18/18 [======
     Epoch 15/100
     18/18 [=====
                    ========= ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.6247 - acc: 0.6771
      Epoch 16/100
     18/18 [=====
                      ======== ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.6252 - acc: 0.6736
     Epoch 17/100
     Ennch 18/100
```

```
▶ Epoch 19/100
  Epoch 20/100
  Epoch 21/100
  18/18 [============== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.5948 - acc: 0.6858
  Epoch 22/100
  Epoch 23/100
  Epoch 24/100
  Epoch 25/100
  Epoch 26/100
  Epoch 27/100
  Epoch 28/100
  Epoch 29/100
  Epoch 30/100
  Epoch 31/100
  Epoch 32/100
  Epoch 33/100
  Epoch 34/100
  Epoch 35/100
  Epoch 36/100
  Epoch 93/100
18s D
  18/18 [===========] - Os 3ms/step - loss: 0.5417 - acc: 0.7083
  Epoch 94/100
  Epoch 95/100
  Epoch 96/100
  Epoch 97/100
  Epoch 98/100
  Enoch 99/100
  18/18 [============= ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.5425 - acc: 0.7153
  Epoch 100/100
  Model: "sequential"
                   Param #
  Layer (type)
           Output Shape
  dense (Dense)
           (None, 20)
                   180
  dense_1 (Dense)
           (None, 4)
                   84
  dense_2 (Dense)
           (None, 1)
  ______
  Total params: 269 (1.05 KB)
  Trainable params: 269 (1.05 KB)
  Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)
  None
  6/6 [=============] - Os 3ms/step - loss: 0.5981 - acc: 0.6771
```

[0.598054826259613, 0.6770833134651184]

```
os [5] #read the data
     data = pd.read csv('breastcancer.csv')

'os [6] path_to_csv = 'sample_data/breastcancer.csv'

                 (module) pd
    import keras
     import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     from keras.models import Sequential
     from keras.layers import Dense, Activation
     from sklearn.datasets import load breast cancer
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
     # load dataset
     cancer_data = load_breast_cancer()
     X train, X test, Y train, Y test = train test split(cancer data.data, cancer data.target,
                                       test_size=0.25, random_state=87)
     np.random.seed(155)
     my_nn = Sequential() # create model
     my_nn.add(Dense(20, input_dim=30, activation='relu')) # hidden layer 1
     my_nn.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')) # output layer
     my_nn.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['acc'])
     my_nn_fitted = my_nn.fit(X_train, Y_train, epochs=100,
                     initial_epoch=0)
     print(my_nn.summary())
     print(my nn.evaluate(X test, Y test))
     Epoch 96/100
    Epoch 97/100
     Epoch 98/100
     Epoch 99/100
     Epoch 100/100
     Model: "sequential_1"
     Layer (type)
                        Output Shape
                                         Param #
     _____
                       (None, 20)
     dense_3 (Dense)
                                         620
     dense_4 (Dense)
                       (None, 1)
```

Total params: 641 (2.50 KB) Trainable params: 641 (2.50 KB) Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

5/5 [=======] - 0s 5ms/step - loss: 0.2368 - acc: 0.9091 [0.2367641180753708, 0.9090909361839294]

```
√ [8] #read the data
      data = pd.read_csv('breastcancer.csv')
os [9] path_to_csv = 'breastcancer.csv'
os [10] from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
      sc = StandardScaler()
  import keras
      import pandas as pd
      import numpy as np
      from keras.models import Sequential
      from keras.layers import Dense, Activation
      from sklearn.datasets import load_breast_cancer
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      # load dataset
      cancer data = load breast cancer()
      X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(cancer_data.data, cancer_data.target,
                                                 test_size=0.25, random_state=87)
      np.random.seed(155)
      my_nn = Sequential() # create model
      my_nn.add(Dense(20, input_dim=30, activation='relu')) # hidden layer 1
      my nn.add(Dense(1, activation-'ciamoid')) # output layer
      my nn.compile(loss='binary Loading... py', optimizer='adam', metrics=['acc'])
      my_nn_fitted = my_nn.fit(X_train, Y_train, epochs=100,
                           initial_epoch=0)
      print(my nn.summary())
      print(my nn.evaluate(X test, Y test))
  P Epoch 1/100
      14/14 [============= ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 81.4649 - acc: 0.3803
   Epoch 2/100
      14/14 [============== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 48.0038 - acc: 0.3803
      Epoch 3/100
      14/14 [============== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 15.7359 - acc: 0.4155
      Epoch 4/100
      14/14 [========== ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 1.8353 - acc: 0.8474
      Epoch 5/100
      14/14 [========== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 1.3822 - acc: 0.8991
      Epoch 6/100
      14/14 [============== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.4995 - acc: 0.9131
      Epoch 7/100
      14/14 [============== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.4021 - acc: 0.9272
      Epoch 8/100
      14/14 [========== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.3421 - acc: 0.9249
      Epoch 9/100
      14/14 [============== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.3255 - acc: 0.9178
      Epoch 10/100
      14/14 [============== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.3129 - acc: 0.9178
      Epoch 11/100
      14/14 [========== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.3079 - acc: 0.9225
      Epoch 12/100
      14/14 [========== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.3394 - acc: 0.9249
      Epoch 13/100
      Epoch 14/100
```

14/14 [============] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.2987 - acc: 0.9178

14/14 [=========] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.2984 - acc: 0.9202

14/14 [===============] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.2873 - acc: 0.9225

Epoch 15/100

Epoch 16/100

Epoch 17/100

Fnoch 18/100

```
√ [11] Epoch 98/100
     14/14 [========= ] - Os 3ms/step - loss: 0.1983 - acc: 0.9249
     Epoch 99/100
     14/14 [=========== ] - Os 2ms/step - loss: 0.2011 - acc: 0.9366
     Epoch 100/100
     14/14 [============ ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.1773 - acc: 0.9249
     Model: "sequential 2"
     Layer (type) Output Shape Param #
     _____
     dense_5 (Dense) (None, 20)
      dense_6 (Dense)
                       (None, 1)
     _____
     Total params: 641 (2.50 KB)
     Trainable params: 641 (2.50 KB)
     Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)
     5/5 [===========] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.3693 - acc: 0.8671
     [0.36931079626083374, 0.867132842540741]
```

Use Image Classification on the hand written digits data set (mnist)

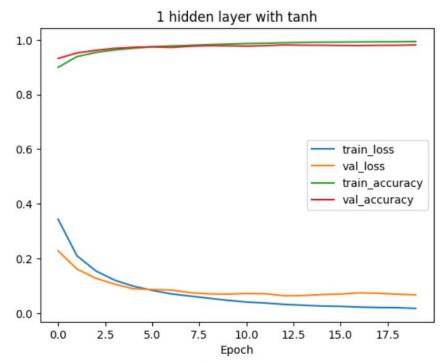
- 1. Plot the loss and accuracy for both training data and validation data using the history object in the source code.
- 2. Plot one of the images in the test data, and then do inferencing to check what is the prediction of the model on that single image.
- 3. We had used 2 hidden layers and Relu activation. Try to change the number of hidden layer and the activation to tanh or sigmoid and see what happens.
- 4. Run the same code without scaling the images and check the performance?

```
import keras
              from keras.datasets import mnist
              from keras.models import Sequential
              from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout
             import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
              # load MNIST dataset
              (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
            # normalize pixel values to range [0, 1]
             x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255
             x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255
             # convert class labels to binary class matrices
             num classes = 10
             y_train = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_train, num_classes)
            y_test = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_test, num_classes)
             # create a simple neural network model
             model = Sequential()
             model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu', input_shape=(784,)))
             model.add(Dropout(0.2))
             model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu'))
             model.add(Dropout(0.2))
             model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
             model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
              # train the model and record the training history
             \label{eq:history} \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_test), \\ \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_test), \\ \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_test), \\ \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_test), \\ \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_test), \\ \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_test), \\ \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_test), \\ \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_test), \\ \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validati
                                                                        epochs=20, batch size=128)
```

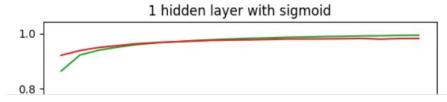
```
# plot the training and validation accuracy and loss curves
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('Model Accuracy')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Validation'], loc='lower right')
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('Model Loss')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Validation'], loc='upper right')
plt.show()
```

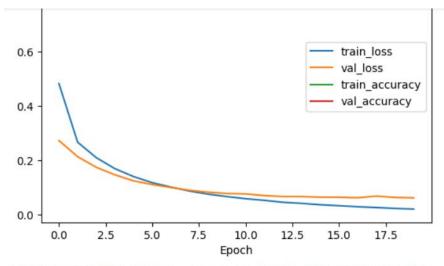
```
import keras
      from keras.datasets import mnist
      from keras.models import Sequential
      from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import numpy as np
      # load MNIST dataset
      (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
      # normalize pixel values to range [0, 1]
      x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255
      x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255
      # convert class labels to binary class matrices
      num classes = 10
      y_train = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_train, num_classes)
      y_test = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_test, num_classes)
      # create a simple neural network model
      model = Sequential()
      model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu', input_shape=(784,)))
      model.add(Dropout(0.2))
      model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu'))
      model.add(Dropout(0.2))
      model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
      model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
      # train the model
      model.fit(x_train.reshape(-1, 784), y_train, validation_data=(x_test.reshape(-1, 784), y_test),
469/469 [===
Epoch 13/20
                                  :======] - 9s 20ms/step - loss: 0.0205 - accuracy: 0.9933 - val loss: 0.0763 - val accuracy: 0.9803
  € 469/469 [===
                                  ======] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.0217 - accuracy: 0.9926 - val_loss: 0.0759 - val_accuracy: 0.9826
      Epoch 14/20
      469/469 [===
                                        ==] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.0177 - accuracy: 0.9942 - val_loss: 0.0756 - val_accuracy: 0.9814
      Epoch 15/20
      469/469 [====
                                :=======] - 9s 20ms/step - loss: 0.0200 - accuracy: 0.9936 - val_loss: 0.0739 - val_accuracy: 0.9822
      Epoch 16/20
                                        =] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.0193 - accuracy: 0.9937 - val loss: 0.0647 - val accuracy: 0.9845
      469/469 [===
                                      ===] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.0162 - accuracy: 0.9947 - val_loss: 0.0811 - val_accuracy: 0.9807
      469/469 [===
      Epoch 18/20
       469/469 [===
                                        =] - 11s 23ms/step - loss: 0.0170 - accuracy: 0.9946 - val_loss: 0.0790 - val_accuracy: 0.9820
      Epoch 19/20
       469/469 [====
                              ========] - 10s 22ms/step - loss: 0.0140 - accuracy: 0.9954 - val_loss: 0.0791 - val_accuracy: 0.9808
      Epoch 20/20
                                =======] - 9s 19ms/step - loss: 0.0148 - accuracy: 0.9949 - val_loss: 0.0826 - val_accuracy: 0.9829
      469/469 [===
        0
        5
        10
        15
```

```
import keras
 from keras.datasets import mnist
 from keras.models import Sequential
 from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
# load MNIST dataset
 (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
# normalize pixel values to range [0, 1]
x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255
x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255
# convert class labels to binary class matrices
num_classes = 10
y_train = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_train, num_classes)
y_test = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_test, num_classes)
# create a list of models to train
models = []
# model with 1 hidden layer and tanh activation
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(512, activation='tanh', input_shape=(784,)))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
models.append(('1 hidden layer with tanh', model))
# model with 1 hidden layer and sigmoid activation
model = Sequential()
model add/Dense/512 activation-'sigmoid' input shane-(784 )))
```

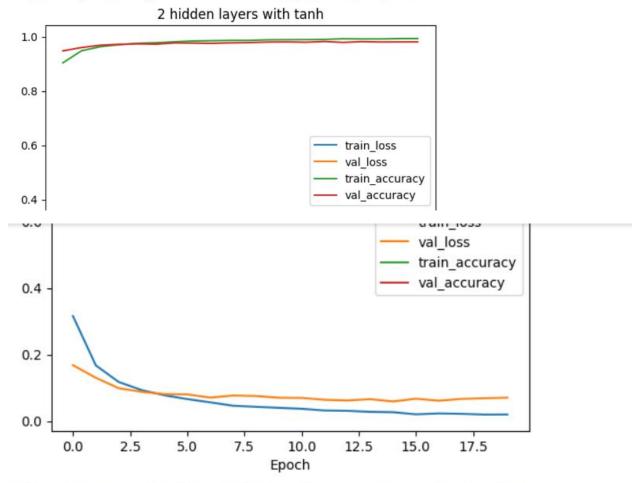


1 hidden layer with tanh - Test loss: 0.0668, Test accuracy: 0.9815





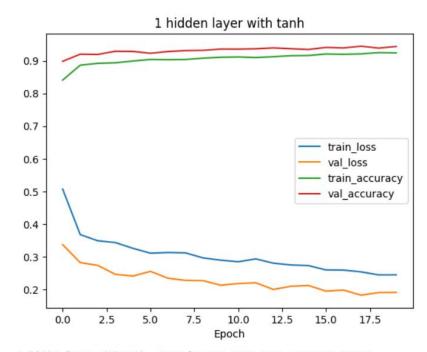
1 hidden layer with sigmoid - Test loss: 0.0622, Test accuracy: 0.9821



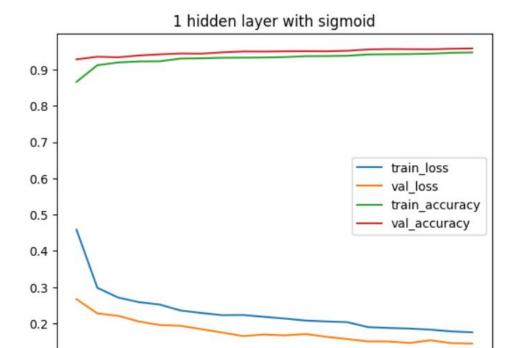
2 hidden layers with tanh - Test loss: 0.0704, Test accuracy: 0.9813

```
import keras
from keras.datasets import mnist
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
# load MNIST dataset
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
# convert class labels to binary class matrices
num classes = 10
y_train = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_train, num_classes)
y_test = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_test, num_classes)
# create a list of models to train
models = []
# model with 1 hidden layer and tanh activation
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(512, activation='tanh', input shape=(784,)))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
models.append(('1 hidden layer with tanh', model))
# model with 1 hidden layer and sigmoid activation
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(512, activation='sigmoid', input_shape=(784,)))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
models.append(('1 hidden layer with sigmoid', model))
```

```
model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
models.append(('2 hidden layers with tanh', model))
# model with 2 hidden layers and sigmoid activation
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(512, activation='sigmoid', input_shape=(784,)))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(512, activation='sigmoid'))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
models.append(('2 hidden layers with sigmoid', model))
# train each model and plot loss and accuracy curves
for name, model in models:
           model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
           \label{eq:history} \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_test), \\ \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_test), \\ \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_test), \\ \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_test), \\ \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_test), \\ \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_test), \\ \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_test), \\ \textbf{history = model.fit}(x\_train.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(x\_test.reshape(-1, 784), y\_train, validation\_data=(
                                                                   epochs=20, batch size=128, verbose=0)
           # plot loss and accuracy curves
           plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='train_loss')
           plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='val_loss')
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='train_accuracy')
           plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='val_accuracy')
           plt.title(name)
           plt.xlabel('Epoch')
           plt.legend()
           plt.show()
           # evaluate the model on test data
           loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(x test.reshape(-1, 784), y test, verbose=0)
           print('{} - Test loss: {:.4f}, Test accuracy: {:.4f}'.format(name, loss, accuracy))
```



1 hidden layer with tanh - Test loss: 0.1909, Test accuracy: 0.9436



1 hidden layer with sigmoid - Test loss: 0.1449, Test accuracy: 0.9580

10.0

Epoch

12.5

17.5

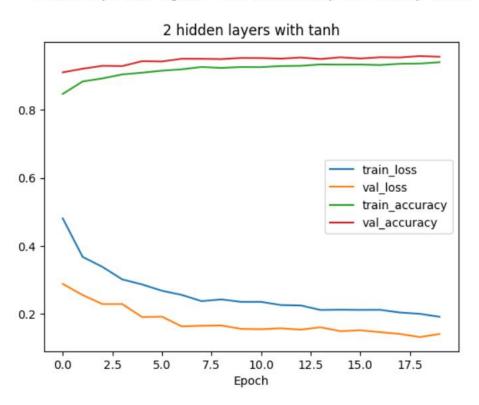
15.0

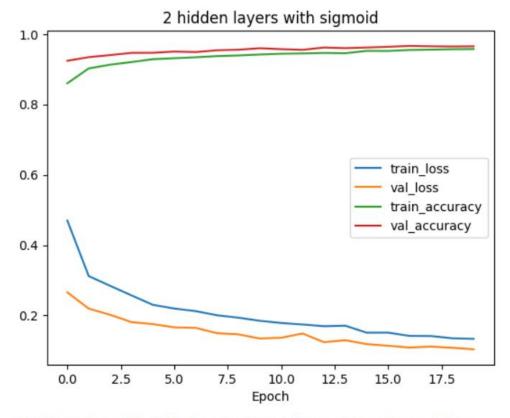
7.5

0.0

2.5

5.0





2 hidden layers with sigmoid - Test loss: 0.1039, Test accuracy: 0.9652