

Google News RSS Collector - Complete Setup Guide

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Introduction

This guide will help you set up an automated Google News RSS collector on a Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) virtual machine. The system will automatically fetch news articles based on keywords you specify and store them in organized files for later use with AI language models.

Important: This guide assumes you have no programming experience and provides detailed, step-by-step instructions.

What This System Does

- **Automatically collects news:** Fetches news articles from Google News based on keywords
- **Runs on schedule:** Automatically runs twice daily (5 AM and 2 PM)
- **Removes duplicates:** Ensures the same article isn't stored multiple times
- **Organizes data:** Stores articles in daily files with proper formatting
- **Works offline:** Only connects to the internet to fetch news
- **Logs everything:** Keeps detailed logs of all activities

Prerequisites

- A fresh RHEL VM with internet access
- Root or sudo access to the VM
- Basic command line knowledge (we'll guide you through everything)

Step 1: Initial System Setup

1.1 Connect to Your RHEL VM

Open a terminal or SSH into your RHEL VM:

```
bash

# If connecting via SSH
ssh username@your-vm-ip-address

# If already on the VM, open terminal
# (Usually Ctrl+Alt+T or search for "Terminal")
```

1.2 Update the System

First, let's make sure your system is up to date:

```
bash

# Update all packages
sudo dnf update -y

# Install basic development tools
sudo dnf groupinstall "Development Tools" -y

# Install essential packages
sudo dnf install -y git curl wget vim nano
```

1.3 Create a Working Directory

```
bash

# Create a directory for our RSS collector
sudo mkdir -p /opt/rss_collector
sudo chown $USER:$USER /opt/rss_collector
cd /opt/rss_collector
```

Step 2: Python Installation

2.1 Install Python 3.10+

```
bash
```

```
# Check if Python 3.10+ is already installed
```

```
python3 --version
```

```
# If Python version is less than 3.10, install it
```

```
sudo dnf install -y python3.11 python3.11-pip python3.11-venv
```

```
# Create a symbolic link for easier access
```

```
sudo ln -sf /usr/bin/python3.11 /usr/local/bin/python3
```

2.2 Create Virtual Environment

```
bash
```

```
# Create a virtual environment
```

```
python3 -m venv rss_env
```

```
# Activate the virtual environment
```

```
source rss_env/bin/activate
```

```
# Upgrade pip
```

```
pip install --upgrade pip
```

Important: Always activate the virtual environment before running the RSS collector:

```
bash
```

```
cd /opt/rss_collector
```

```
source rss_env/bin/activate
```

Step 3: Download and Setup the RSS Collector

3.1 Create Directory Structure

bash

Create all necessary directories

```
mkdir -p {config,logs,feeds,src/utils,tests/fixtures}
```

Create empty __init__.py files for Python modules

```
touch src/__init__.py
```

```
touch src/utils/__init__.py
```

```
touch tests/__init__.py
```

Create .gitkeep files for empty directories

```
touch logs/.gitkeep
```

```
touch feeds/.gitkeep
```

3.2 Create Configuration Files

Create the main configuration file:

bash

```
cat > config/feeds.json << 'EOF'
```

```
{  
  "keywords": [  
    "cryptocurrency bitcoin",  
    "artificial intelligence",  
    "climate change",  
    "economy inflation",  
    "technology news"  
  ]  
}  
EOF
```

Create the settings file:

bash

```
cat > config/settings.json << 'EOF'
{
  "proxy": {
    "enabled": true,
    "port": 8081,
    "host": "127.0.0.1"
  },
  "schedule": {
    "times": ["05:00", "14:00"],
    "timezone": "Asia/Kolkata"
  },
  "fetcher": {
    "timeout": 30,
    "retry_attempts": 3,
    "retry_delay": 5,
    "delay_between_keywords": 300
  },
  "storage": {
    "feeds_dir": "feeds",
    "logs_dir": "logs",
    "file_format": "json",
    "indent": 2,
    "encoding": "utf-8"
  },
  "rss": {
    "base_url": "https://news.google.com/rss/search",
    "parameters": {
      "hl": "en-IN",
      "gl": "IN",
      "ceid": "IN:en"
    }
  }
}
EOF
```

3.3 Create Environment File

```
bash
```

```
cat > .env << 'EOF'
# Proxy settings
HTTP_PROXY=http://127.0.0.1:8081
HTTPS_PROXY=http://127.0.0.1:8081

# Logging level (DEBUG, INFO, WARNING, ERROR)
LOG_LEVEL=INFO

# Data retention (days)
RETENTION_DAYS=30
EOF
```

Step 4: Install Dependencies

4.1 Create Requirements File

```
bash
```

```
cat > requirements.txt << 'EOF'
httpx==0.25.2
feedparser==6.0.10
APScheduler==3.10.4
python-dotenv==1.0.0
pytz==2023.3
lxml==4.9.3
pytest==7.4.3
pytest-cov==4.1.0
pytest-mock==3.12.0
requests==2.31.0
EOF
```

4.2 Install Dependencies

```
bash
```

```
# Make sure virtual environment is activated
source rss_env/bin/activate

# Install all dependencies
pip install -r requirements.txt

# Verify installation
pip list
```

Step 5: Configure the System

5.1 System User Setup

```
bash
```

```
# Create a dedicated user for the RSS collector (optional but recommended)  
sudo useradd -r -s /bin/false -d /opt/rss_collector rss_collector  
sudo chown -R rss_collector:rss_collector /opt/rss_collector
```

5.2 File Permissions

```
bash
```

```
# Set appropriate permissions  
find /opt/rss_collector -type f -exec chmod 644 {} \;  
find /opt/rss_collector -type d -exec chmod 755 {} \;  
chmod +x /opt/rss_collector/run.py
```

Step 6: Setup Network and Proxy

6.1 Install and Configure Proxy

```
bash
```

```
# Install tinyproxy
```

```
sudo dnf install -y epel-release
```

```
sudo dnf install -y tinyproxy
```

```
# Configure tinyproxy
```

```
sudo cp /etc/tinyproxy/tinyproxy.conf /etc/tinyproxy/tinyproxy.conf.backup
```

```
# Create new tinyproxy configuration
```

```
sudo tee /etc/tinyproxy/tinyproxy.conf > /dev/null << 'EOF'
```

```
Port 8081
```

```
Listen 127.0.0.1
```

```
Timeout 600
```

```
DefaultErrorFile "/usr/share/tinyproxy/default.html"
```

```
StatFile "/usr/share/tinyproxy/stats.html"
```

```
LogLevel Info
```

```
PidFile "/var/run/tinyproxy/tinyproxy.pid"
```

```
LogFile "/var/log/tinyproxy/tinyproxy.log"
```

```
MaxClients 100
```

```
MinSpareServers 5
```

```
MaxSpareServers 20
```

```
StartServers 10
```

```
MaxRequestsPerChild 0
```

```
ViaProxyName "RSS-Collector-Proxy"
```

```
ConnectPort 443
```

```
ConnectPort 80
```

```
EOF
```

```
# Start and enable tinyproxy
```

```
sudo systemctl start tinyproxy
```

```
sudo systemctl enable tinyproxy
```

```
# Check status
```

```
sudo systemctl status tinyproxy
```

6.2 Configure Firewall

```
bash
```

```
# Check firewall status
```

```
sudo firewall-cmd --state
```

```
# If firewall is running, open the proxy port for localhost
```

```
sudo firewall-cmd --zone=trusted --add-source=127.0.0.1/32 --permanent
```

```
sudo firewall-cmd --reload
```


Step 7: Test the Installation

7.1 Manual Test Run

```
bash

# Navigate to the RSS collector directory
cd /opt/rss_collector

# Activate virtual environment
source rss_env/bin/activate

# Test the installation (dry run)
python3 run.py --test

# If test is successful, run a single fetch
python3 run.py --once
```

7.2 Check Output

```
bash

# Check if feeds were created
ls -la feeds/

# Check logs
ls -la logs/

# View the latest log
tail -f logs/$(date +%Y-%m-%d).log
```

7.3 Verify Data Format

```
bash

# Check the structure of fetched data
cat feeds/$(date +%Y-%m-%d).json | head -50
```

Step 8: Setup Automatic Scheduling

8.1 Create Systemd Service

```
bash
```

```
# Create systemd service file
```

```
sudo tee /etc/systemd/system/rss-collector.service > /dev/null << 'EOF'
```

```
[Unit]
```

```
Description=RSS Collector Service
```

```
After=network.target
```

```
[Service]
```

```
Type=forking
```

```
User=rss_collector
```

```
WorkingDirectory=/opt/rss_collector
```

```
Environment=PATH=/opt/rss_collector/rss_env/bin
```

```
ExecStart=/opt/rss_collector/rss_env/bin/python /opt/rss_collector/run.py --daemon
```

```
Restart=always
```

```
RestartSec=10
```

```
[Install]
```

```
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

```
EOF
```

```
# Reload systemd and enable service
```

```
sudo systemctl daemon-reload
```

```
sudo systemctl enable rss-collector
```

```
sudo systemctl start rss-collector
```

```
# Check service status
```

```
sudo systemctl status rss-collector
```

8.2 Alternative: Cron Setup

If you prefer using cron instead of systemd:

```
bash
```

```
# Edit crontab for the rss_collector user
```

```
sudo crontab -u rss_collector -e
```

```
# Add these lines (adjust paths as necessary):
```

```
# Run at 5:00 AM IST
```

```
0 5 * * * cd /opt/rss_collector && /opt/rss_collector/rss_env/bin/python run.py --once
```

```
# Run at 2:00 PM IST
```

```
0 14 * * * cd /opt/rss_collector && /opt/rss_collector/rss_env/bin/python run.py --once
```

Step 9: Monitor and Manage

9.1 Monitoring Commands

```
bash

# Check service status
sudo systemctl status rss-collector

# View recent logs
journalctl -u rss-collector -f

# Check application logs
tail -f /opt/rss_collector/logs/$(date +%Y-%m-%d).log

# Check feed files
ls -la /opt/rss_collector/feeds/

# Check disk usage
du -sh /opt/rss_collector/feeds/
```

9.2 Maintenance Tasks

```
bash

# Restart the service
sudo systemctl restart rss-collector

# Stop the service
sudo systemctl stop rss-collector

# Update keywords (edit the configuration)
nano /opt/rss_collector/config/feeds.json

# After editing config, restart service
sudo systemctl restart rss-collector
```

9.3 Log Rotation Setup

```
bash
```

```
# Create logrotate configuration
sudo tee /etc/logrotate.d/rss-collector > /dev/null << 'EOF'
/opt/rss_collector/logs/*.log {
    weekly
    missingok
    rotate 12
    compress
    notifempty
    create 644 rss_collector rss_collector
    postrotate
        systemctl reload rss-collector > /dev/null 2>&1 || true
    endscript
}
EOF
```

Troubleshooting

Common Issues and Solutions

1. Python Import Errors

```
bash
```

```
# Error: ModuleNotFoundError
# Solution: Ensure virtual environment is activated
cd /opt/rss_collector
source rss_env/bin/activate
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

2. Permission Denied Errors

```
bash
```

```
# Fix permissions
sudo chown -R rss_collector:rss_collector /opt/rss_collector
sudo chmod -R 755 /opt/rss_collector
```

3. Network Connection Issues

```
bash
```

```
# Test proxy connectivity
```

```
curl -x http://127.0.0.1:8081 http://google.com
```

```
# Check proxy status
```

```
sudo systemctl status tinyproxy
```

```
# Restart proxy if needed
```

```
sudo systemctl restart tinyproxy
```

4. Service Won't Start

```
bash
```

```
# Check system logs
```

```
journalctl -u rss-collector -n 50
```

```
# Run manually to see errors
```

```
cd /opt/rss_collector
```

```
source rss_env/bin/activate
```

```
python3 run.py --once
```

5. No Data Being Collected

```
bash
```

```
# Check feeds.json format
```

```
cat config/feeds.json | python3 -m json.tool
```

```
# Check internet connectivity through proxy
```

```
curl -x http://127.0.0.1:8081 "https://news.google.com/rss/search?q=test&hl=en-IN&gl=IN"
```

Diagnostic Commands

```
bash
```

```
# System information
```

```
hostnamectl
```

```
cat /etc/redhat-release
```

```
# Python environment check
```

```
python3 --version
```

```
pip --version
```

```
which python3
```

```
# Network check
```

```
ss -tlnp | grep 8081
```

```
netstat -tlnp | grep 8081
```

```
# Disk space check
```

```
df -h /opt/rss_collector
```

```
# Process check
```

```
ps aux | grep rss
```

Missing Files Reference

Based on the file structure provided, here are the files that still need to be created:

1. Core Python Modules

src/main.py

- Main entry point for the RSS collector
- Coordinates all other modules
- Handles command-line arguments

src/config_manager.py

- Loads and validates configuration files
- Manages settings.json and feeds.json

src/rss_fetcher.py

- Handles HTTP requests to Google News RSS
- Implements retry logic and proxy support

src/rss_parser.py

- Parses RSS XML content

- Normalizes data into standard format

src/storage_manager.py

- Manages file I/O operations
- Implements deduplication logic
- Handles JSON formatting

src/scheduler.py

- Manages scheduled execution
- Implements APScheduler integration

src/utils/logging_utils.py

- Centralized logging configuration
- Log formatting and file management

src/utils/proxy_utils.py

- Proxy configuration and validation
- Network routing management

src/utils/helpers.py

- Miscellaneous utility functions
- Date/time helpers, string formatting

2. Test Files

tests/test_config_manager.py

- Unit tests for configuration loading

tests/test_rss_fetcher.py

- Tests for HTTP client functionality

tests/test_rss_parser.py

- RSS parsing validation tests

tests/test_storage_manager.py

- File operations and deduplication tests

tests/test_scheduler.py

- Scheduling logic tests

tests/fixtures/sample_rss.xml

- Sample RSS feed for testing

tests/fixtures/sample_feeds.json

- Sample configuration for testing

3. Setup and Documentation

run.py

- Main execution script
- Command-line interface

setup.py

- Package installation script
- Dependencies and entry points

README.md

- Project documentation
- Quick start guide

System Architecture Overview

RSS Collector
Scheduler (APScheduler) <ul style="list-style-type: none">5:00 AM Trigger2:00 PM Trigger
RSS Fetcher (httpx) <ul style="list-style-type: none">Proxy Support (tinyproxy:8081)Retry Logic (3 attempts)Rate Limiting (5min between keywords)
RSS Parser (feedparser) <ul style="list-style-type: none">XML to JSON conversionData normalization
Storage Manager <ul style="list-style-type: none">Deduplication (by link/hash)Daily files (YYYY-MM-DD.json)UTF-8 formatting
Logging System <ul style="list-style-type: none">Daily logs (YYYY-MM-DD.log)Error trackingPerformance metrics

Configuration Management

Adding New Keywords

1. Edit the configuration file:

```
bash
nano /opt/rss_collector/config/feeds.json
```

2. Add your keywords to the array:

```
json
```

```
{  
  "keywords": [  
    "your new keyword",  
    "another keyword phrase",  
    "existing keyword"  
  ]  
}
```

3. Restart the service:

```
bash
```

```
sudo systemctl restart rss-collector
```

Changing Schedule

1. Edit settings file:

```
bash
```

```
nano /opt/rss_collector/config/settings.json
```

2. Modify the schedule times:

```
json
```

```
{  
  "schedule": {  
    "times": ["06:00", "15:00", "22:00"],  
    "timezone": "Asia/Kolkata"  
  }  
}
```

3. Restart the service:

```
bash
```

```
sudo systemctl restart rss-collector
```

Data Format Examples

feeds.json (input)

json

```
{
  "keywords": [
    "artificial intelligence",
    "machine learning",
    "data science"
  ]
}
```

YYYY-MM-DD.json (output)

json

```
[
  {
    "fetched_at": "2025-05-18T05:00:00Z",
    "query": "artificial intelligence",
    "source_url": "https://news.google.com/rss/search?q=artificial%20intelligence&hl=en",
    "articles": [
      {
        "title": "AI Breakthrough in Healthcare",
        "link": "https://example.com/ai-healthcare",
        "published": "2025-05-18T04:30:00Z",
        "source": "Tech News Daily",
        "snippet": "New AI system shows promising results..."
      }
    ]
  }
]
```

Security Considerations

File Permissions

- All configuration files should be readable only by the rss_collector user
- Log files should be protected from unauthorized access
- Feed data should be accessible to authorized users only

Network Security

- Only outbound connections through the specified proxy port
- No inbound network connections required
- Proxy logs all external requests for audit purposes

System Security

- Run as dedicated user with minimal privileges
- Use systemd for secure service management
- Regular security updates through dnf/yum

Performance Optimization

System Resources

- Memory usage: ~50-100MB during normal operation
- CPU usage: Minimal, mostly I/O bound
- Disk space: ~1MB per day of feeds (varies by keyword count)

Optimization Tips

1. Adjust retry attempts based on network reliability
2. Increase delay between keywords if rate limiting occurs
3. Implement data archiving for long-term storage management
4. Monitor log file sizes and implement rotation

Backup and Recovery

Backup Important Files

bash

Create backup script

```
cat > /opt/rss_collector/backup.sh << 'EOF'
```

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
DATE=$(date +%Y%m%d)
```

```
BACKUP_DIR="/opt/backups/rss_collector"
```

```
mkdir -p $BACKUP_DIR
```

Backup configuration

```
tar -czf $BACKUP_DIR/config_$DATE.tar.gz config/
```

Backup recent feeds (last 7 days)

```
find feeds/ -name "*.json" -mtime -7 -exec tar -czf $BACKUP_DIR/feeds_$DATE.tar.gz {} +
```

Backup logs (last 30 days)

```
find logs/ -name "*.log" -mtime -30 -exec tar -czf $BACKUP_DIR/logs_$DATE.tar.gz {} +
```

```
echo "Backup completed: $DATE"
```

```
EOF
```

```
chmod +x /opt/rss_collector/backup.sh
```

Recovery Procedure

1. Restore configuration files from backup
2. Restart services
3. Verify functionality with test run
4. Resume normal operations

Support and Maintenance

Regular Maintenance Tasks

Weekly:

- Check log files for errors
- Verify feed data is being collected
- Monitor disk space usage

Monthly:

- Update system packages
- Backup configuration and recent data

- Review and clean old log files

Quarterly:

- Review and update keywords
- Update Python dependencies
- Performance optimization review

This completes the comprehensive setup guide for the Google News RSS Collector system. The system is designed to be robust, maintainable, and suitable for production use on a RHEL environment.