

ASSIGNMENT-1

```
[1]: # Question 1
ages = [19, 22, 19, 24, 20, 25, 24, 25, 24]

ages.sort() #Sorting Ages array
print("Ages list after sorting:",ages)
minimum=ages[0]
maximum=ages[-1]
print("Maximum age is",maximum)
print("Minimum age is",minimum)
ages.append(maximum)
ages.append(minimum)
print("Ages list after appending maximum and minimum is",ages)
length=len(ages)
#If length is odd then median is middle element else average of two middle elements
if(length%2!=0):
    print("Median is",ages[length//2])
else:
    print("Median is", (ages[length//2]+ages[length//2+1])//2)
average=sum(ages)/len(ages)
print("Average of ages is",average)
range=maximum-minimum
print("Range of ages is",range)

Ages list after sorting: [19, 19, 20, 22, 24, 24, 24, 25, 25, 26]
Maximum age is 26
Minimum age is 19
Ages list after appending maximum and minimum is [19, 19, 20, 22, 24, 24, 24, 25, 25, 26, 26, 19]
Median is 24
Average of ages is 22.7
```

```
ages.sort() #Sorting Ages array
print("Ages list after sorting:",ages);
minimum=ages[0]
maximum=ages[-1]
print("Maximum age is",maximum)
print("Minimum age is",minimum)
ages.append(maximum)
ages.append(minimum)
print("Ages list after appending maximum and minimum is",ages)
length=len(ages)
#If Length is even then median is middle element else average of two middle elements
if(length%2==0):
    print("Median is",ages[length//2])
else:
    print("Median is",(ages[length//2]+ages[length//2+1])//2)
average=sum(ages)
print("Average of ages is",average/len(ages))
range=maximum-minimum
print("Range of ages is",range)
```

```
Ages list after sorting: [19, 19, 20, 22, 24, 24, 24, 25, 25, 26]
Maximum age is 26
Minimum age is 19
Ages list after appending maximum and minimum is [19, 19, 20, 22, 24, 24, 24, 25, 25, 26, 26, 19]
Median is 24
Average of ages is 22.75
Range of ages is 7
```

Question 1

sort() is used to sort the ages and the first element will be the min and last element will be of max in the list and median is found by adding middle elements or directly taking middle element based on length and range is found using maximum-minimum

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In [57]: #Question 2
dog={} #Empty Dictionary
dog['name']='lab'
dog['age']=10
dog['breed']='labrador'
dog['legs']=4
print("Dog dictionary is",dog)

#Empty student dict
student={}
#Adding student details to dict
student["first_name"]='Sai Nikhil Reddy'
student["last_name"]='Vatti'
student["gender"]='male'
student["age"]=22
student["marital_status"]='single'
student['skills']=['Java','Python','C','Javascript']
student["country"]="India"
student['city']="Khammam"
student["Address"]="Khammam"

print("Student dictionary is",student)
print("The length of student dictionary is",len(student))
print("The datatype of value of skills is ",type(student['skills']))
#Appending HTML to skills list
student['skills'].append('HTML')
```

```
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student["first_name"]='Sai Nikhil Reddy'
student["last_name"]='Vatti'
student["gender"]='male'
student["age"]=22
student["marital_status"]='single'
student["skills"]=['Java','Python','C','Javascript']
student["country"]="India"
student["city"]="Khammam"
student["Address"]="Khammam"

print("Student dictionary is",student)
print("The length of student dictionary is",len(student))
print("The datatype of value of skills is ",type(student['skills']))
#Appending HTML to skills list
student['skills'].append('HTML')
print("The dictionary keys as list is",list(student.keys()))
print("The dictionary keys as list is",list(student.values()))

Dog dictionary is {'name': 'lab', 'age': 10, 'breed': 'labrador', 'legs': 4}
Student dictionary is {'first_name': 'Sai Nikhil Reddy', 'last_name': 'Vatti', 'gender': 'male', 'age': 22, 'marital_status': 'single', 'skills': ['Java', 'Python', 'C', 'Javascript'], 'country': 'India', 'city': 'Khammam', 'Address': 'Khammam'}
The length of student dictionary is 9
The datatype of value of skills is <class 'list'>
The dictionary keys as list is ['first_name', 'last_name', 'gender', 'age', 'marital_status', 'skills', 'country', 'city', 'Address']
The dictionary keys as list is ['Sai Nikhil Reddy', 'Vatti', 'male', 22, 'single', ['Java', 'Python', 'C', 'Javascript', 'HTML'], 'India', 'Khammam', 'Khammam']
```

Question 2

Length of dictionary is found using len() method and keys set can be found by using keys() method and values set can be found using values() method and these can be converted to list using list()

```
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Dog dictionary is {'name': 'lab', 'age': 10, 'breed': 'labrador', 'legs': 4}
Student dictionary is {'first_name': 'Sai Nikhil Reddy', 'last_name': 'Vatti', 'gender': 'male', 'age': 22, 'marital_status': 'single', 'skills': ['Java', 'Python', 'C', 'Javascript'], 'country': 'India', 'city': 'Khammam', 'Address': 'Khammam'}
The length of student dictionary is 9
The datatype of value of skills is <class 'list'>
The dictionary keys as list is ['first_name', 'last_name', 'gender', 'age', 'marital_status', 'skills', 'country', 'city', 'Address']
The dictionary keys as list is ['Sai Nikhil Reddy', 'Vatti', 'male', 22, 'single', ['Java', 'Python', 'C', 'Javascript', 'HTML'], 'India', 'Khammam', 'Khammam']

In [60]: #Question 3
siblings=()
sisters=('Soumya','Sohila') #Sibiling Tuple
brothers=('Deepak','Vamshi') #Brothers Tuple
siblings=sisters+brothers # Merging tuples
print("Siblings:",siblings)
print("Number of siblings:",len(siblings))
family_members=siblings+('Srinivas','Sailaja')
print("Family members:", family_members)

Siblings: ('Soumya', 'Sohila', 'Deepak', 'Vamshi')
Number of siblings: 4
Family members: ('Soumya', 'Sohila', 'Deepak', 'Vamshi', 'Srinivas', 'Sailaja')

In [61]: #Question 4
it_companies = {'Facebook', 'Google', 'Microsoft', 'Apple', 'IBM', 'Oracle', 'Amazon'}
A = {19, 22, 24, 20, 25, 26}
```

Question 3

Siblings and brothers tuples can be concatenated by using + operator.

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In [61]: #Question 4
it_companies = {'Facebook', 'Google', 'Microsoft', 'Apple', 'IBM', 'Oracle', 'Amazon'}
A = {19, 22, 24, 28, 25, 26}
B = {19, 22, 28, 25, 26, 24, 28, 27}
age = [22, 19, 24, 25, 26, 24, 25, 24]
print("Length of the set it_companies is", len(it_companies))
# Adding twitter to it_companies
it_companies.add('Twitter')
print("It_companies after adding twitter:", it_companies)
# Adding Netflix, TCS, Infosys to it_companies
it_companies.update({'Netflix', 'TCS', 'Infosys'})
print("it_companies after adding Netflix, TCS, Infosys:", it_companies)
# Removing Netflix from it_companies
it_companies.remove('Netflix')
print("it_companies after removing Netflix :", it_companies)
# The discard() removes element from set and remove() does the same work but if the element is not present in then remove() raises
print("Join of A and B:", A.union(B))
print("A intersection B:", A.intersection(B))
print("Is A subset of B:", A.issubset(B))
print("Are A and B disjoint sets:", A.isdisjoint(B))
print("A union B :", A.union(B))
print("B union A :", B.union(A))
print("Systemic difference between A and B:", A.symmetric_difference(B))
print("A after deletion:", A.clear())
print("B after deletion:", B.clear())
print("it_companies after deletion:", it_companies.clear())
```

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print("B after deletion:", B.clear())
print("it_companies after deletion:", it_companies.clear())
print("Length of age as list:", len(age))
print("Length of age after converting to set:", len(set(age)))
# Length of age as list is greater than after converting to set

Length of the set it_companies is 7
It_companies after adding twitter: {'IBM', 'Amazon', 'Apple', 'Microsoft', 'Google', 'Twitter', 'Facebook', 'Oracle'}
it_companies after adding Netflix, TCS, Infosys: {'TCS', 'IBM', 'Amazon', 'Google', 'Facebook', 'Oracle', 'Infosys', 'Netflix', 'Apple', 'Twitter', 'Microsoft'}
it_companies after removing Netflix : {'TCS', 'IBM', 'Amazon', 'Google', 'Facebook', 'Oracle', 'Infosys', 'Apple', 'Twitter', 'Microsoft'}
Join of A and B: {19, 28, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28}
A intersection B: {19, 28, 22, 24, 25, 26}
Is A subset of B: True
Are A and B disjoint sets: False
A union B : {19, 28, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28}
B union A : {19, 28, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28}
Systemic difference between A and B: {27, 28}
A after deletion: None
B after deletion: None
it_companies after deletion: None
Length of age as list: 8
Length of age after converting to set: 5

In [64]: #Question 5
```

Question 4

Used union() method to find union of A and B sets and intersection() to find intersection of sets and issubset() to find whether it is a subset and symmetric_difference() is used to find symmetric difference between sets.

Difference between remove() and discard(): Both the methods remove an element from set but if the element is not present the remove() raises an error but discard() does not.

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Length of age as list: 8
Length of age after converting to set: 5

In [64]: #Question 5
radius=30
# Area of circle
_area_of_circle=3.14*radius*radius
print("Area of circle is:",_area_of_circle_)
_circum_of_circle=2*3.14*radius
print("Circumference of circle is:",_circum_of_circle_)
rad=int(input("Enter Radius "))
print("Area of circle with radius {0} is {1}".format(rad,3.14*rad*rad))

Area of circle is: 3069.0000000000005
Circumference of circle is: 204.60000000000002
Enter Radius 5
Area of circle with radius 5 is 85.25

In [65]: #Question 6
sentence='I am a teacher and I love to inspire and teach people'
#split() generates an array of words after splitting given sentence
word_array=sentence.split(' ')
#set of words in the given sentence
word_set=set(word_array);
print("Number of unique words in given sentence: ",len(word_set))

Number of unique words in given sentence:  10
```

Question 5

input() method is used to read the input from user and this method by default return an string and this string is converted to integer using int() and this value is stored in rad variable.

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Enter Radius 5
Area of circle with radius 5 is 85.25

In [65]: #Question 6
sentence='I am a teacher and I love to inspire and teach people'
#split() generates an array of words after splitting given sentence
word_array=sentence.split(' ')
#set of words in the given sentence
word_set=set(word_array);
print("Number of unique words in given sentence: ",len(word_set))

Number of unique words in given sentence:  10

In [66]: #Question 7
print('Name\tAge\tCountry\tCity')
print('Asabeneh\t250\tFinland\tHelsinki')

Name      Age      Country  City
Asabeneh   250      Finland Helsinki

In [72]: #Question 8
radius=10
area=3.14*radius*radius
#Using string formatting method to print area
print('The area of a circle with radius 10 is {0} meters square.'.format(area))
```

Question 6

split(" ") is used to split the given sentence by space and this method return an word array this word array is then converted to set by using the set() method and it can be observed that the length after converting to set is than that of the original list because the set method removes the duplicates and returns a set.

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rad=int(input("Enter Radius "))
print("Area of circle with radius {0} is {1}".format(rad,3.14*rad*rad))

Area of circle is: 3069.0000000000005
Circumference of circle is: 204.60000000000002
Enter Radius 5
Area of circle with radius 5 is 85.25

In [65]: #Question 6
sentence='I am a teacher and I love to inspire and teach people'
#split() generates an array of words after splitting given sentence
word_array=sentence.split(' ')
#set of words in the given sentence
word_set=set(word_array);
print("Number of unique words in given sentence: ",len(word_set))

Number of unique words in given sentence: 10

In [66]: #Question 7
print('Name\tAge\tCountry\tCity')
print('Asabeneh\t250\tFinland\tHelsinki')

Name    Age    Country City
Asabeneh 250    Finland Helsinki

In [72]: #Question 8
radius=10
```

Question 7

\t is used to insert tab spaces in the given sentence.

```
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word_set=set(word_array);
print("Number of unique words in given sentence: ",len(word_set))

Number of unique words in given sentence: 10

In [66]: #Question 7
print('Name\tAge\tCountry\tCity')
print('Asabeneh\t250\tFinland\tHelsinki')

Name    Age    Country City
Asabeneh 250    Finland Helsinki

In [72]: #Question 8
radius=10
area=3.14*radius*radius
#Using string formatting method to print area
print('The area of a circle with radius 10 is {0} meters square.'.format(area))

The area of a circle with radius 10 is 314.0 meters square.

In [1]: #Question 9
#Pounds list
lbs_list=[]
n=int(input("Enter number of students"))
print(n)
for i in range(n):
    lbs_list.append(int(input()))
#Kilogram list
kgs_list=[]
for i in lbs_list:
    kgs_list.append(round(i/2.2046,2))
print("Weights after converting to kgs,",kgs_list)
```

Question 8

format() method is used to format the string and replacing the {0} with radius given by the user and {1} is replace by the calculated area.

```
#Using string formatting method to print area
print('The area of a circle with radius 10 is {0} meters square.'.format(area))

The area of a circle with radius 10 is 314.0 meters square.

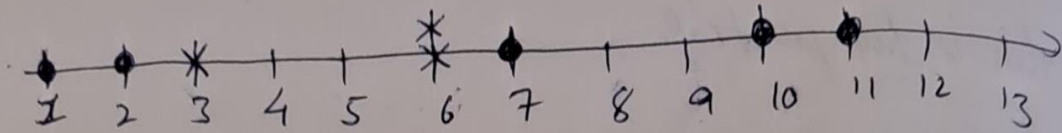
In [2]: #Question 9
#Pounds list
lbs_list=[]
n=int(input("Enter number of students"))
print(n)
for i in range(n):
    lbs_list.append(int(input()))
#Kilogram list
kgs_list=[]
for i in lbs_list:
    kgs_list.append(round(i/2.2046,2))
print("Weights after converting to kgs,",kgs_list)

Enter number of students4
4
150
160
170
180
Weights after converting to kgs, [68.04, 72.58, 77.11, 81.65]
```

Question 9

Empty pounds list and created and number of students is taken as input from user and each item in the list is taken as input and pushed into pounds list and each element in this list is divided by 2.2046 and pushed into kilogram list.

Question 10:-



Let us split the data into two equal parts for training & testing

$x_{\text{training}}: [1, 3, 6, 10]$

$y_{\text{training}}: ['dot', 'cross', 'cross', 'dot']$

$x_{\text{testing}}: [2, 6, 7, 11]$

$y_{\text{testing}}: ['dot', 'cross', 'dot', 'dot']$

Confusion matrix:-

	0	1
0	TN	FP
1	FN	TP

Algorithm for 3 neighbours:-

The nearest neighbours for 2 are $[1, 3, 6]$ which have the values of $['dot', 'cross', 'cross']$

so the predicted value for 2 is 'cross'

so this is a 'False Positive'

i) The nearest neighbours for 6 are [6, 7, 3] and their have values of [~~'dot'~~, 'cross', 'dot', 'cross']

so the predicted value for 6 is 'cross'

so this is a True positive

iii) The nearest neighbour $\Rightarrow 7 \Rightarrow [6, 6, 10] \Rightarrow$ values are ['cross', 'cross', 'dot']

Predicted value for 7 is 'cross'

so this is a False positive

ii) The nearest neighbour $\Rightarrow 11 \Rightarrow [10, 7, 6] \Rightarrow$ values are ['dot', 'dot', 'cross']

Predicted value for 11 is 'True Negative'

Resultant confusion matrix is

	0	1
0	1	2
1	0	1

Accuracy:-

$$\Rightarrow (TP + TN) / P + N$$

$$\Rightarrow (1 + 1) / (3 + 1) \Rightarrow \frac{2}{4} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 50\%$$

Sensitivity:-

$$\Rightarrow \frac{TP}{TP + FN} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{1 + 0} \Rightarrow 1$$

Specificity:-

$$\Rightarrow \frac{TN}{FP + TN} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2 + 1} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{3}$$

1	1
1	0

Question 10

Github link: <https://github.com/sainikhil3280/ML-Assignment-1>

Video Link: https://drive.google.com/drive/u/1/folders/1BqRGZ-k3ImPzhrAU7HqO_INrR4PKk5xV