while loop INTERMEDIATE PYTHON



Hugo Bowne-AndersonData Scientist at DataCamp



if-elif-else

```
control.py
```

Goes through construct only once!

```
z = 6
if z % 2 == 0 : # True
    print("z is divisible by 2") # Executed
elif z % 3 == 0 :
    print("z is divisible by 3")
else :
    print("z is neither divisible by 2 nor by 3")
... # Moving on
```

• While loop = repeated if statement

```
while condition :
    expression
```

- Numerically calculating model
- "repeating action until condition is met"
- Example
 - Error starts at 50
 - Divide error by 4 on every run
 - Continue until error no longer > 1

```
while condition :
    expression

While_loop.py

error = 50.0

while error > 1:
    error = error / 4
    print(error)
```

- Error starts at 50
- Divide error by 4 on every run
- Continue until error no longer > 1

```
while condition :
    expression
while_loop.py
error = 50.0
      50
while error > 1: # True
      error = error / 4
      print(error)
12.5
```



```
while condition :
    expression
while_loop.py
error = 50.0
     12.5
while error > 1: # True
      error = error / 4
      print(error)
12.5
3.125
```



```
while condition :
    expression
while_loop.py
error = 50.0
      3.125
while error > 1: # True
      error = error / 4
      print(error)
12.5
3.125
0.78125
```



```
while condition :
    expression
while_loop.py
error = 50.0
      0.78125
while error > 1: # False
    error = error / 4
    print(error)
12.5
3.125
0.78125
```



```
while condition :
    expression
```

```
while_loop.py
```

```
error = 50.0
while error > 1 :  # always True
    # error = error / 4
    print(error)
```

```
50
50
50
50
50
50
```

- DataCamp: session disconnected
- Local system: Control + C

Let's practice!

INTERMEDIATE PYTHON



for loop INTERMEDIATE PYTHON



Hugo Bowne-AndersonData Scientist at DataCamp



```
for var in seq :
    expression
```

• "for each var in seq, execute expression"

fam

```
family.py
```

```
fam = [1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
print(fam)
```

```
[1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
```

fam

```
family.py
```

```
fam = [1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
print(fam[0])
print(fam[1])
print(fam[2])
print(fam[3])
```

```
1.73
1.68
1.71
1.89
```

```
for var in seq :
    expression

family.py

fam = [1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
for height in fam :
    print(height)
```



```
for var in seq :
    expression
```

family.py

```
fam = [1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
for height in fam :
    print(height)
    # first iteration
    # height = 1.73
```

1.73

```
for var in seq :
    expression
```

family.py

```
fam = [1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
for height in fam :
    print(height)
    # second iteration
    # height = 1.68
```

```
1.73
1.68
```

```
for var in seq :
    expression
family.py
fam = [1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
for height in fam :
    print(height)
1.73
1.68
1.71
1.89
```

No access to indexes

```
for var in seq :
    expression

family.py

fam = [1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
```

• ???

```
index 0: 1.73
index 1: 1.68
index 2: 1.71
index 3: 1.89
```

enumerate

```
for var in seq :
    expression
family.py
fam = [1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89]
for index, height in enumerate(fam) :
    print("index " + str(index) + ": " + str(height))
index 0: 1.73
index 1: 1.68
index 2: 1.71
index 3: 1.89
```



Loop over string

```
for var in seq :
    expression
strloop.py
for c in "family" :
    print(c.capitalize())
```



Let's practice!

INTERMEDIATE PYTHON



Loop Data Structures Part 1

INTERMEDIATE PYTHON



Hugo Bowne-AndersonData Scientist at DataCamp



Dictionary

```
for var in seq :
    expression
```

dictloop.py

```
ValueError: too many values to unpack (expected 2)
```



Dictionary

```
for var in seq :
    expression
```

dictloop.py

```
algeria -- 39.21
afghanistan -- 30.55
albania -- 2.77
```



Dictionary

```
for var in seq :
    expression
```

dictloop.py

```
algeria -- 39.21
afghanistan -- 30.55
albania -- 2.77
```

NumPy Arrays

```
for var in seq :
    expression
```

nploop.py

```
import numpy as np
np_height = np.array([1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89, 1.79])
np_weight = np.array([65.4, 59.2, 63.6, 88.4, 68.7])
bmi = np_weight / np_height ** 2
for val in bmi :
    print(val)
```

```
21.852
20.975
21.750
24.747
21.441
```



2D NumPy Arrays

nploop.py

```
import numpy as np
np_height = np.array([1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89, 1.79])
np_weight = np.array([65.4, 59.2, 63.6, 88.4, 68.7])
meas = np.array([np_height, np_weight])
for val in meas :
    print(val)
```

```
[ 1.73   1.68   1.71   1.89   1.79]
[ 65.4   59.2   63.6   88.4   68.7]
```

2D NumPy Arrays

nploop.py

```
import numpy as np
np_height = np.array([1.73, 1.68, 1.71, 1.89, 1.79])
np_weight = np.array([65.4, 59.2, 63.6, 88.4, 68.7])
meas = np.array([np_height, np_weight])
for val in np.nditer(meas) :
    print(val)
```

```
1.73
1.68
1.71
1.89
1.79
65.4
...
```



Recap

Dictionary

```
o for key, val in my_dict.items():
```

- NumPy array
 - o for val in np.nditer(my_array) :

Let's practice!

INTERMEDIATE PYTHON



Loop Data Structures Part 2

INTERMEDIATE PYTHON



Hugo Bowne-AndersonData Scientist at DataCamp



brics

```
country
                 capital
                           area population
BR
         Brazil
                 Brasilia
                           8.516
                                     200.40
                                   143.50
RU
         Russia
                Moscow 17.100
         India New Delhi 3.286
                                   1252.00
ΙN
                 Beijing 9.597
СН
         China
                                   1357.00
   South Africa
                 Pretoria 1.221
                                     52.98
```

```
import pandas as pd
brics = pd.read_csv("brics.csv", index_col = 0)
```



for, first try

```
import pandas as pd
brics = pd.read_csv("brics.csv", index_col = 0)
for val in brics :
    print(val)
```

```
country
capital
area
population
```



iterrows

```
import pandas as pd
brics = pd.read_csv("brics.csv", index_col = 0)
for lab, row in brics.iterrows():
    print(lab)
    print(row)
```

```
BR
               Brazil
country
capital
             Brasilia
                8.516
area
                200.4
population
Name: BR, dtype: object
RU
country
             Russia
capital
             Moscow
               17.1
area
              143.5
population
Name: RU, dtype: object
IN ...
```



Selective print

```
import pandas as pd
brics = pd.read_csv("brics.csv", index_col = 0)
for lab, row in brics.iterrows():
    print(lab + ": " + row["capital"])
```

```
BR: Brasilia
RU: Moscow
IN: New Delhi
CH: Beijing
SA: Pretoria
```

Add column

```
import pandas as pd
brics = pd.read_csv("brics.csv", index_col = 0)
for lab, row in brics.iterrows():
    # - Creating Series on every iteration
    brics.loc[lab, "name_length"] = len(row["country"])
print(brics)
```

		country	capital	area	population	name_length
E	BR	Brazil	Brasilia	8.516	200.40	6
ı	RU	Russia	Moscow	17.100	143.50	6
	IN	India	New Delhi	3.286	1252.00	5
(СН	China	Beijing	9.597	1357.00	5
,	SA	South Africa	Pretoria	1.221	52.98	12

apply

```
import pandas as pd
brics = pd.read_csv("brics.csv", index_col = 0)
brics["name_length"] = brics["country"].apply(len)
print(brics)
```

	country	capital	area	population	name_length
BR	Brazil	Brasilia	8.516	200.40	6
RU	Russia	Moscow	17.100	143.50	6
IN	India	New Delhi	3.286	1252.00	5
СН	China	Beijing	9.597	1357.00	5
SA	South Africa	Pretoria	1.221	52.98	12

Let's practice!

INTERMEDIATE PYTHON

