There are n people at the railway station, and each one wants to buy a ticket to go to one of k different destinations. The n people are in a queue.

There are m ticket windows from which tickets can be purchased. The n people will be distributed in the windows such that the order is maintained. In other words, suppose we number the people ${f 1}$ to ${m n}$ from front to back. If person i and person j go to the same window and i < j, then person i should still be ahead of person i in the window.

Each ticketing window has an offer. If a person in the queue shares the same destination as the person immediately in front of him/her, a 20% reduction in the ticket price is offered to him/her.

For example, suppose there are $\bf 3$ people in the queue for a single ticket window, all with the same destination which costs 10 bucks. Then the first person in the queue pays 10 bucks, and the 2nd and 3rd persons get a discount of 20% on 10 bucks, so they end up paying 8 bucks each instead of 10

Try to distribute the n people across the m windows such that the total cost S paid by all n people is minimized.

Input Format

The first line contains **3** integers:

- n is the number of people
- **m** is the number of ticket windows
- **k** is the number of destinations separated by a single space (in the same order)

Then k lines follow. The i^{th} line contains an alphanumeric string place, and an integer price,:

- \mathbf{place}_i is the i^{th} destination
- **price**, is the ticket price for **place**,

Then n lines follow. The i^{th} line contains an alphanumeric string **destination**, which is the destination of the i^{th} person.

Constraints

- $1 \le n \le 500$
- $1 \le m \le 10$ $1 \le k \le 100$
- The k available destinations have nonempty and distinct names.
- Each person's destination appears in the list of \boldsymbol{k} available destinations.
- $0 \leq \operatorname{price}_i \leq 100$

Output Format

Output n+1 lines. The first line contains S, the total cost that is to be minimized. In the i^{th} following line, print the ticket window which the i^{th} person goes to. The windows are indexed 1 to m. There may be multiple ways to distribute the people among the windows such that the total cost is minimized; any one will be accepted.

The answer S will be accepted if it is within an error of 10^{-3} of the true answer.

Sample Input

5 2 3 CALIFORNIA 10 HAWAII 8 NEWYORK 12 NFWY0RK **NEWYORK** CALIFORNIA **NEWYORK** HAWAII

Sample Output

Explanation

At the beginning, all the people are in the same queue, and will go to the ticket windows one by one in the initial order.

- {1,2,4,5} will buy ticket in the first window.
 {3} will buy ticket in the second window.

In the first ticket window, #1 will pay 12 bucks to go to NEWYORK, and #2 and #4 have the same destination with the person in front of them, so they will get 20% off, and will pay 9.6 bucks each. #5 has a different destination, so it will cost him 8 bucks to go to HAWAII.

In the second ticket window, #3 will pay 10 bucks to go to CALIFORNIA.