You are given a <u>tree</u> with N nodes and each has a value associated with it. You are given Q queries, each of which is either an update or a retrieval operation.

Initially all node values are zero.

The **update query** is of the format

```
a1 d1 a2 d2 A B
```

This means you'd have to add  $(a1 + z * d1) * (a2 + z * d2) * R^z$  in all nodes in the path from A to B where z is the distance between the node and A.

The **retrieval** query is of the format

i j

You need to return the sum of the node values lying in the path from node i to node j modulo 100000007.

### Note:

- 1. First all update queries are given and then all retrieval queries.
- 2. Distance between 2 nodes is the shortest path length between them taking each edge weight as 1.

# **Input Format**

The first line contains two integers (N and R respectively) separated by a space.

In the next N-1 lines, the  $i^{th}$  line describes the  $i^{th}$  edge: a line with two integers x y separated by a single space denotes an edge between nodes x and y.

The next line contains 2 space separated integers (U and Q respectively) representing the number of Update and Query operations to follow.

U lines follow. Each of the next U lines contains 6 space separated integers (a1,d1,a2,d2,A and B respectively).

Each of the next Q lines contains 2 space separated integers, i and j respectively.

## **Output Format**

It contains exactly Q lines and each line containing the answer of the i<sup>th</sup> query.

#### **Constraints**

```
2 \le N \le 10^5
2 \le R \le 10^9
1 \le U \le 10^5
1 \le Q \le 10^5
1 \le a1,a2,d1,d2 \le 10^8
1 \le x, y, i, j, A, B \le N
```

#### Note

For the update operation, x can be equal to y and for the query operation, i can be equal to j.

### **Sample Input**

```
7 2
1 2
1 3
2 4
2 6
4 5
6 7
1 4
1 1 1 1 4 6
4 5
```

```
2 7
4 7
5 3

Sample Output

1
44
45
9

Explanation

The node values after updation becomes:
0 8 0 1 0 36 0

Answer to Query #1: 1+0 = 1
```

Answer to Query #2: 8+36+0 = 44

Answer to Query #3: 1+8+36+0 = 45

Answer to Query #4: 0+1+8+0+0 = 9