

ADZEN is a popular advertising firm in your city that owns all n billboard locations on Main street. The city council passed a new zoning ordinance mandating that no more than k consecutive billboards may be up at any given time. For example, if there are $n = 3$ billboards on Main street and $k = 1$, ADZEN must remove either the middle billboard, the first two billboards, the last two billboards or the first and last billboard.

Being a for-profit company, ADZEN wants to lose as little advertising revenue as possible when removing the billboards. They want to comply with the new ordinance in such a way that the remaining billboards maximize their total revenues (i.e., the sum of revenues generated by the billboards left standing on Main street).

Given n , k , and the revenue of each of the n billboards, find and print the maximum profit that ADZEN can earn while complying with the zoning ordinance. Assume that Main street is a straight, contiguous block of n billboards that can be removed but *cannot* be reordered in any way.

For example, if there are $n = 7$ billboards, and $k = 3$ is the maximum number of consecutive billboards that can be active, with *revenues* = [5, 6, 4, 2, 10, 8, 4], then the maximum revenue that can be generated is 37: $5 + 6 + 4 + 10 + 8 + 4 = 37$.

Function Description

Complete the *billboards* function in the editor below. It should return an integer that represents the maximum revenue that can be generated under the rules.

billboards has the following parameter(s):

- k : an integer that represents the longest contiguous group of billboards allowed
- *revenue*: an integer array where each element represents the revenue potential for a billboard at that index

Input Format

The first line contains two space-separated integers, n (the number of billboards) and k (the maximum number of billboards that can stand together on any part of the road).

Each line i of the n subsequent lines contains an integer denoting the revenue value of billboard i (where $0 \leq i < n$).

Constraints

- $1 \leq n \leq 10^5$
- $1 \leq k \leq n$
- $0 \leq \text{revenue value of any billboard} \leq 2 \cdot 10^9$

Output Format

Print a single integer denoting the maximum profit ADZEN can earn from Main street after complying with the city's ordinance.

Sample Input 0

```
6 2
1
2
3
1
6
10
```

Sample Output 0

```
21
```

Explanation 0

There are $n = 6$ billboards, and we must remove some of them so that no more than $k = 2$ billboards are immediately next to one another.

We remove the first and fourth billboards, which gives us the configuration $_ 2 \ 3 _ 6 \ 10$ and a profit of $2 + 3 + 6 + 10 = 21$. As no other configuration has a profit greater than **21**, we print **21** as our answer.

Sample Input 1

```
5 4
1
2
3
4
5
```

Sample Output 1

```
14
```

Explanation 1

There are $n = 5$ billboards, and we must remove some of them so that no more than $k = 4$ billboards are immediately next to one another.

We remove the first billboard, which gives us the configuration $_ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5$ and a profit of $2 + 3 + 4 + 5 = 14$. As no other configuration has a profit greater than **14**, we print **14** as our answer.