You have a pile of n stones that you want to split into multiple piles, as well as a set, S, of m distinct integers. We define a move as follows:

- First, choose a pile of stones. Let's say that the chosen pile contains y stones.
- ullet Next, look for some  $oldsymbol{x} \in oldsymbol{S}$  such that  $oldsymbol{x} 
  eq oldsymbol{y}$  and  $oldsymbol{y}$  is divisible by  $oldsymbol{x}$  (i.e.,  $oldsymbol{x}$  is a factor of  $oldsymbol{y}$ ); if such an  $\boldsymbol{x}$  exists, you can split the pile into  $\frac{\boldsymbol{y}}{\boldsymbol{x}}$  equal smaller piles.

You are given q queries where each query consists of n and S. For each query, calculate the maximum possible number of moves you can perform and print it on a new line.

### **Input Format**

The first line contains an integer, q, denoting the number of queries. The  $2 \cdot q$  subsequent lines describe each query in the following format:

- 1. The first line contains two space-separated integers describing the respective values of n (the size of the initial pile in the query) and m (the size of the set in the query).
- 2. The second line contains m distinct space-separated integers describing the values in set S.

### **Constraints**

- $1 \le q \le 10$

- $1 \le n \le 10^{12}$   $1 \le m \le 1000$   $1 \le s_i \le 10^{12}$

#### **Subtask**

•  $1 \le m \le 10$  for 30% of the maximum score.

# **Output Format**

For each query, calculate the maximum possible number of moves you can perform and print it on a new line.

### Sample Input 0

12 3 2 3 4

## Sample Output 0

4

#### **Explanation 0**

Initially there is a pile with **12** stones:



You can make a maximal 4 moves, described below:

• Select x=4 from S and split it into  $\frac{12}{4}=3$  equal piles of size 4 to get:



• Select x=2 from S and split a pile of size 4 into  $\frac{4}{2}=2$  equal piles of size 2 to get:



• Repeat the previous move again on another pile of size 4 to get:



• Repeat the move again on the last pile of size 4 to get:



As there are no more available moves, we print 4 (the number of moves) on a new line.