

Given a string, s , and two indices, $start$ and end , print a [substring](#) consisting of all characters in the inclusive range from $start$ to $end - 1$. You'll find the *String* class' [substring method](#) helpful in completing this challenge.

Input Format

The first line contains a single string denoting s .

The second line contains two space-separated integers denoting the respective values of $start$ and end .

Constraints

- $1 \leq |s| \leq 100$
- $0 \leq start < end \leq n$
- String s consists of English alphabetic letters (i.e., $[a - zA - Z]$) only.

Output Format

Print the substring in the inclusive range from $start$ to $end - 1$.

Sample Input

```
HelloWorld  
3 7
```

Sample Output

```
lowo
```

Explanation

In the diagram below, the substring is highlighted in *green*:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
H	e	l	l	o	w	o	r	l	d