Chinese Version Russian Version

You are given a <u>tree</u> with N nodes and each has a value associated with it. You are given Q queries, each of which is either an update or a retrieval operation.

The **update query** is of the format

```
i j X
```

This means you'd have to add a \underline{GP} series to the nodes which lie in the path from node i to node j (both inclusive) with first term of the GP as X on node i and the common ratio as R (given in the input)

The **retrieval** query is of the format

ij

You need to return the sum of the node values (S) lying in the path from node i to node j modulo 100711433.

Input Format

The first line contains two integers (N and R respectively) separated by a space.

In the next N-1 lines, the i^{th} line describes the i^{th} edge: a line with two integers a b separated by a single space denotes an edge between a, b.

The next line contains 2 space separated integers (U and Q respectively) representing the number of Update and Query operations to follow.

U lines follow. Each of the next U lines contains 3 space separated integers (i,j, and X respectively). Each of the next Q lines contains 2 space separated integers, i and j respectively.

Output Format

It contains exactly Q lines and each line containing the answer of the ith guery.

Constraints

```
2 <= N <= 100000

2 <= R <= 10<sup>9</sup>

1 <= U <= 100000

1 <= Q <= 100000

1 <= X <= 10

1 <= a, b, i, j <= N
```

Sample Input

```
6 2
1 2
1 4
2 6
4 5
4 3
2 2
1 6 3
5 3 5
6 4
```

Sample Output

31 18

5 1

Explanation

The node values after the first updation becomes :

```
3 6 0 0 0 12
```

The node values after second updation becomes:

3 6 20 10 5 12

Answer to Query #1: 12 + 6 + 3 + 10 = 31Answer to Query #2: 5 + 10 + 3 = 18