. 北緯  $\phi$  の地点で、水平でなめらかな平面上で質量 m の質点を速さ  $v(=|\vec{v}|)$  で平面上に打ち出す。平面上を運動する質点の奇跡を求めよ。

$$m\ddot{\vec{r}} = \vec{f} - 2m\vec{\omega} \times \dot{\vec{r}} - m\vec{\omega} \times (\vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}) \tag{1}$$

$$\vec{\omega} = \begin{pmatrix} -\omega \cos \phi \\ 0 \\ \omega \sin \phi \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} m\ddot{x} \\ m\ddot{y} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = -2m \begin{pmatrix} -\omega\cos\phi \\ 0 \\ \omega\sin\phi \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} (2m\omega\sin\phi)\,\dot{y} \\ (-2m\omega\sin\phi)\,\dot{x} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} \ddot{x} = (2\omega \sin \phi) \dot{y} \\ \ddot{y} = -(2\omega \sin \phi) \dot{x} \end{cases}$$
 (4)

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2\omega \sin \phi \\ -2\omega \sin \phi & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2\omega \sin \phi \\ -2\omega \sin \phi & 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

$$\Phi_A(t) = \begin{vmatrix} t & -2\omega \sin \phi \\ 2\omega \sin \phi & t \end{vmatrix} = t^2 + 4\omega^2 \sin^2 \phi = 0$$
 (6)

$$\lambda_{\pm} = \pm \left(2\omega \sin \phi\right) i \tag{7}$$

$$P^{-1}AP = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i\\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2\omega\sin\phi\\ -2\omega\sin\phi & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i \end{pmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} (2\omega\sin\phi)i & 0\\ 0 & -(2\omega\sin\phi)i \end{pmatrix}$$
(8)

$$e^{tA} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} e^{i(2\omega\sin\phi)t} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-(2\omega\sin\phi)t} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i \end{pmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} \cos\{(2\omega\sin\phi)t\} & \sin\{(2\omega\sin\phi)t\} \\ -\sin\{(2\omega\sin\phi)t\} & \cos\{(2\omega\sin\phi)t\} \end{pmatrix}$$
(9)

$$P_1 = \frac{1}{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} \left( A - \lambda_2 I \right) = \frac{1}{2i \left( 2\omega \sin \phi \right)} \left\{ A + i \left( 2\omega \sin \phi \right) I \right\} \tag{10}$$

$$P_2 = \frac{1}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_1} (A - \lambda_1 I) = \frac{-1}{2i \left(2\omega \sin \phi\right)} \left\{ A - i \left(2\omega \sin \phi\right) I \right\} \tag{11}$$

$$e^{tA} = e^{\lambda_1 t} P_1 + e^{\lambda_2 t} P_2$$

$$= e^{i(2\omega \sin \phi)t} \left\{ \frac{A + i (2\omega \sin \phi) I}{2i (2\omega \sin \phi)} \right\} - e^{-i(2\omega \sin \phi)t} \left\{ \frac{A - i (2\omega \sin \phi) I}{2i (2\omega \sin \phi)} \right\}$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{e^{i(2\omega \sin \phi)t} - e^{-i(2\omega \sin \phi)t}}{(2\omega \sin \phi) 2i} \right\} A + \left\{ \frac{e^{i(2\omega \sin \phi)t} + e^{-i(2\omega \sin \phi)t}}{2} \right\} I$$

$$= \frac{\sin \left\{ (2\omega \sin \phi) t \right\}}{(2\omega \sin \phi)} A + \cos \left\{ (2\omega \sin \phi) t \right\} I$$

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$$\begin{pmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{pmatrix} = e^{tA} \ \vec{v}_0 = e^{tA} \begin{pmatrix} v_{x_0} \\ v_{y_0} \end{pmatrix} \tag{13}$$

$$\therefore \begin{pmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} v_{x_0} \cos\{(2\omega \sin \phi) t\} + v_{y_0} \sin\{(2\omega \sin \phi) t\} \\ v_{y_0} \cos\{(2\omega \sin \phi) t\} - v_{x_0} \sin\{(2\omega \sin \phi) t\} \end{pmatrix}$$
(14)

$$x = x_0 + v_{x_0} \frac{\sin\{(2\omega\sin\phi)t\}}{2\omega\sin\phi} - v_{y_0} \frac{\cos\{(2\omega\sin\phi)t\}}{2\omega\sin\phi}$$
$$y = y_0 + v_{y_0} \frac{\sin\{(2\omega\sin\phi)t\}}{2\omega\sin\phi} + v_{x_0} \frac{\cos\{(2\omega\sin\phi)t\}}{2\omega\sin\phi}$$

$$\therefore \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_0 + v_{x_0} \frac{\sin\{(2\omega\sin\phi)t\}}{2\omega\sin\phi} - v_{y_0} \frac{\cos\{(2\omega\sin\phi)t\}}{2\omega\sin\phi} \\ y_0 + v_{y_0} \frac{\sin\{(2\omega\sin\phi)t\}}{2\omega\sin\phi} + v_{x_0} \frac{\cos\{(2\omega\sin\phi)t\}}{2\omega\sin\phi} \end{pmatrix}$$
(15)

$$m\ddot{\vec{r}} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos\omega t & \sin\omega t & 0\\ -\sin\omega t & \cos\omega t & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \ddot{\vec{R}} - 2m\vec{\omega} \times \dot{\vec{r}} - m\vec{\omega} \times (\vec{\omega} \times \vec{r})$$