```
In [2]: import torch
 In [4]: torch.__version__
 Out[4]: '2.4.1'
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 In [6]: import numpy as np
 In [9]: lst = [3,4,5,6]
         arr = np.array(lst)
In [10]: arr
Out[10]: array([3, 4, 5, 6])
In [12]: #convert numpy to pytorch tensors (Tensors are nothing but replacement of numpy to use the power of GPU and it is a generalized form of vector and matrices which we can easily understand as multidimensional array)
         tensors = torch.from_numpy(arr)
         tensors
Out[12]: tensor([3, 4, 5, 6], dtype=torch.int32)
In [13]: #indexing in tensors its similar to numpy, in array it starts from 0,1,2,....
         tensors[:2]
Out[13]: tensor([3, 4], dtype=torch.int32)
In [15]: tensors[0:4]
Out[15]: tensor([3, 4, 5, 6], dtype=torch.int32)
In [17]: #disadvantages of from_numpy it uses same location as the array so any changeswe make in tensors also reflected in original arrar
         tensors[3]=100
         tensors
Out[17]: tensor([ 3, 4, 5, 100], dtype=torch.int32)
In [18]: arr
Out[18]: array([ 3, 4, 5, 100])
In [19]: #To prevent this error we use torch.tensor instead of from_numpy
         tensors_arr = torch.tensor(arr)
         tensors_arr
Out[19]: tensor([ 3, 4, 5, 100], dtype=torch.int32)
In [26]: tensors_arr[3]=120
         print(tensors_arr)
         print(arr)
        tensor([ 3, 4, 5, 120], dtype=torch.int32)
        [ 3 4 5 100]
In [27]: #Arithmetic Operations
         a = torch.tensor([3,4,5], dtype =torch.float)
         b = torch.tensor([6,7,8], dtype = torch.float)
         a+b
Out[27]: tensor([ 9., 11., 13.])
In [28]: torch.add(a,b)
Out[28]: tensor([ 9., 11., 13.])
In [33]: c = torch.zeros(3)
         torch.add(a,b,out=c)
Out[33]: tensor([ 9., 11., 13.])
In [36]: a = torch.tensor([7,8,9],dtype=torch.float)
         b=torch.tensor([10,12,14],dtype=torch.float)
In [37]: torch.add(a,b).sum()
Out[37]: tensor(60.)
In [38]: #Dot product and Mult Operations
         x = torch.tensor([8,12,13],dtype=torch.float)
         y = torch.tensor([13,19,21],dtype=torch.float)
In [39]: x.mul(y)
Out[39]: tensor([104., 228., 273.])
In [40]: x.dot(y)
Out[40]: tensor(605.)
In [41]: #Matrix Multiplication
         x = torch.tensor([[1,4,2],[1,5,5]],dtype=torch.float)
         y= torch.tensor([[5,11],[8,6],[9,11]],dtype=torch.float)
In [45]: torch.matmul(x,y)
Out[45]: tensor([[55., 57.],
                 [90., 96.]])
In [46]: torch.mm(x,y)
```

Out[46]: tensor([[55., 57.],

[90., 96.]])