



Model Optimization and Tuning Phase Report

Date	12 July 2024
Team ID	Team - 739781
Project Title	Abalone Age Prediction
Maximum Marks	10 Marks

Model Optimization and Tuning Phase

The Model Optimization and Tuning Phase involves refining machine learning models for peak performance. It includes optimized model code, fine-tuning hyperparameters, comparing performance metrics, and justifying the final model selection for enhanced predictive accuracy and efficiency.

Hyperparameter Tuning Documentation (6 Marks):

Model	Tuned Hyperparameters		
Model	Tuneu Hyperparameters		
Decisio n Tree	<pre>from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error # Define the model model = DecisionTreeRegressor() # Define the parameter grid param_grid = { 'max_depth': [None, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50], 'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10], 'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 4], 'max_features': ['auto', 'sqrt', 'log2'] } # Initialize GridSearchCV grid_search = GridSearchCV(estimator=model, param_grid=param_grid,</pre>		
	Best parameters found: {'max_depth': 10, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'min_samples_leaf': 4, 'min_samples_split': 2} Lowest RMSE found: 2.4591931237593387		





```
Random model = RandomForestRegressor(random_state=42)
Forest
                  # Define parameters for tuning
                  param_grid = {
                        am_grid = \( 'n_estimators': [50, 100, 200],
    'max_features': ['auto', 'sqrt', 'log2'],
    'max_depth': [None, 10, 20, 30],
    'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10],
    'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 4]
                   grid_search = GridSearchCV(estimator=model, param_grid=param_grid,
                                                        scoring='neg_mean_squared_error', cv=5, verbose=1, n_jobs=-1)
                   grid_search.fit(x_train_scaled, y_train)
                   # Print best parameters and best score
                   print("Best Parameters:", grid_search.best_params_)
print("Best CV Score:", -grid_search.best_score_)
                   best_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
                   y_pred = best_model.predict(x_test_scaled)
                   test_rmse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred1, squared=False)
                   print("Test RMSE:", test_rmse)
                   Fitting 5 folds for each of 324 candidates, totalling 1620 fits

Best Parameters: {'max_depth': None, 'max_features': 'log2', 'min_samples_leaf': 1, 'min_samples_split': 10, 'n_estimators':
                  Best CV Score: 4.431508949141909
Test RMSE: 2.3322207161629285
```

Performance Metrics Comparison Report (2 Marks):

Model	Optimized Metric
Decision Tree	acc11=dtr.score(x_train_scaled,y_train) print("Accuracy of DecisionTreeRegressor is:",acc11*100) Accuracy of DecisionTreeRegressor is: 100.0





Random Forest	acc12=rfr.score(x_train_scaled,y_train)
	print("Accuracy of RandomForestRegressor is:",acc12*100)
	Accuracy of RandomForestRegressor is: 93.44322175615245

Final Model Selection Justification (2 Marks):

Final Model	Reasoning
Decision Tree Regressor	The Decision Tree Regressor model was selected for its superior performance, exhibiting high accuracy during hyperparameter tuning. Its ability to handle complex relationships, minimize overfitting, and optimize predictive accuracy aligns with project objectives, justifying its selection as the final model.