

Final Report of Global Food Production Trends And Anlysis(1961 -2023)

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Overview:

Food is the fuel of life, and its production shapes economies, societies, and the future of our planet. From the golden fields of wheat to the lush plantations of cocoa, every crop tells a story of growth, demand, and sustainability. This report dives into the dynamic world of global food production, uncovering trends from 1961 to 2023. Through interactive Power BI visualizations, we bring data to life—showing how nations cultivate, compete, and contribute to feeding the world.

1.2 Purpose:

Understanding food production isn't just about numbers—it's about ensuring a sustainable future. This report delves deep into production patterns, key contributors, and growth trends to provide actionable insights. Whether for policymakers, researchers, or industry leaders, these data-driven insights empower better decisions for a more food-secure world.

2. IDEATION PHASE

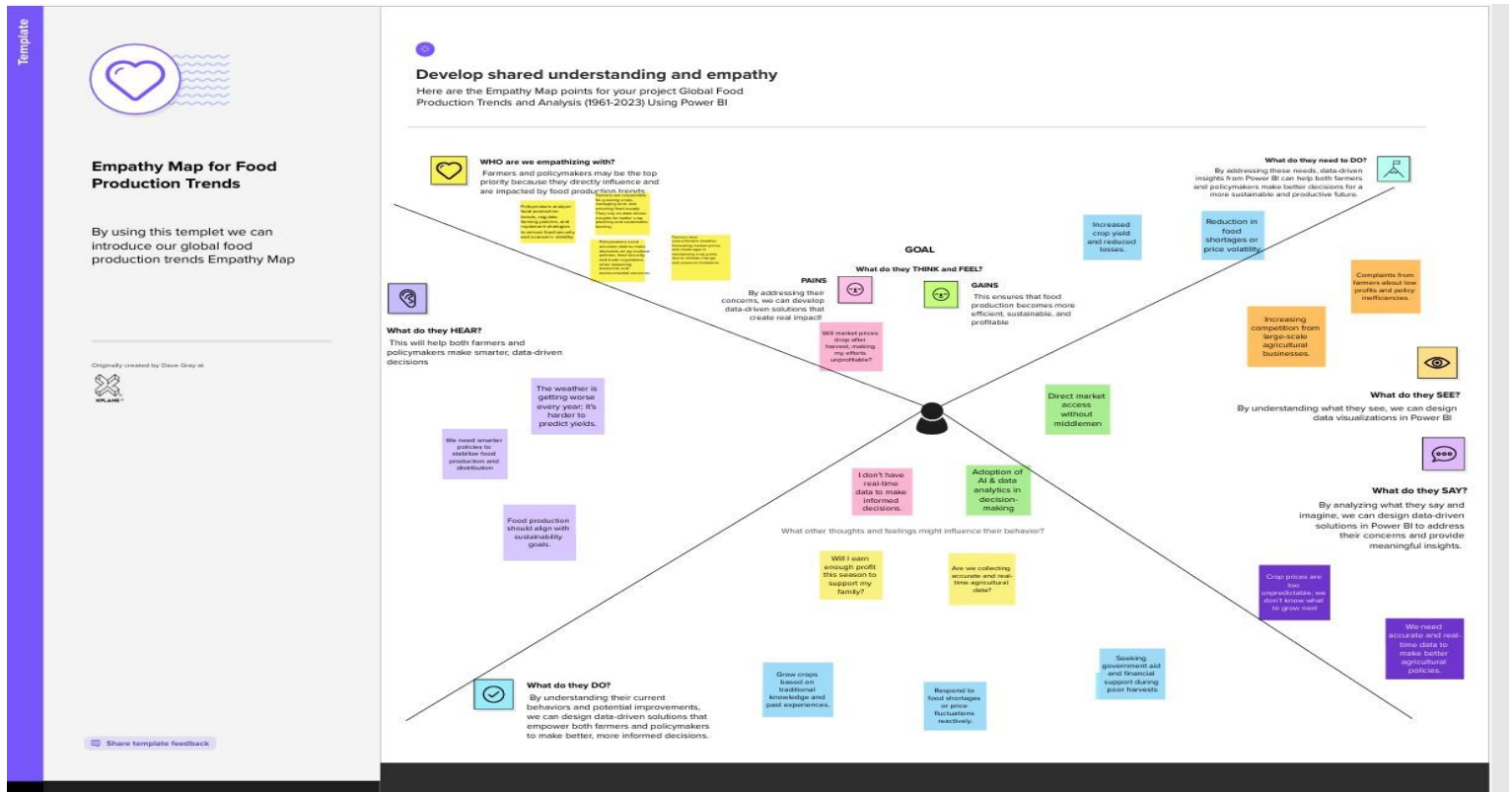
2.1 Problem Statement:

The global food production system is plagued by challenges such as climate change, inefficient resource management, and food wastage. These problems lead to reduced crop yields and significant losses in the supply chain.

2.2 Empathy Map Canvas:

The empathy map highlights stakeholders like farmers, policymakers, agritech innovators, and food distribution managers. Their primary concerns include crop yield, sustainable practices, and resource optimization.

- Example:



2.3 Brainstorming:



Global Food Production Trends - Brainstorming

By using this templet we can
introduce our global food
production trends
brainstorming concept

🕒 10 minutes to prepare

 1 hour to collaborate

 2-3 people recommended



Before you collaborate

Before Collaborating on this session , we done little bit preparation like reviewing the key concepts , familiarize ourselves with the tools we'll be using, and understand the objectives will help us to get the most relevant experience . A little bit preparation goes a long long way in making our learning skills smoother and more productive

🕒 10 minutes



Team gathering

There are three team members in a team, where one is going to lead the project, another one is going to design and develop suitable visualization and third one is going to provide insights into data sources and trends.



Set the goal

The primary goal of this project is to develop a Power BI solution that accurately predicts global food availability and trends using real-time data.

To archive a primary objectives by integrating ,cleaning ,preprocessing the data



Learn how to use the facilitation tools

Ensure every team member contributes ideas and insights. Structure the session with clear steps: idea generation, grouping, and prioritization.

[Open article](#) →

Define your problem statement

How might we leverage data visualization to uncover critical insights from global food production trends and identify key factors influencing food security and sustainability?"

🕒 5 minutes

PROBLEM

How might we develop a Power BI solution to accurately predict global food availability and trends using real-time data?



Key rules of brainstorming

To run an smooth and productive session



Stay in topic.



- Encourage wild ideas.



Defer judgment.



Listen to others.



Go for volume.



- ▶ If possible, be visual.

2

Brainstorm

Following are some ideas which discribes our project objectives.

🕒 10 minutes

Sairaj Chande

Global Food Availability Prediction. Use historical data and current trends to predict future food availability and shortages.

Food Trends Dashboard Use color-coded maps to represent surplus and deficit areas

Food Price Prediction Incorporate factors like inflation, transportation costs, and supply chain disruptions.

Ragini Thorat

Visualizing food production with the help of given entity.

Risk mitigation strategies to reduce food insecurity by potential crises.

Calculating yearly production the food and represent it in suitable visualization.

Indrajeet Kumbhar

Impact analysis of climate changes on crops of food.

Combine various factors like food availability, accessibility, and utilization into a comprehensive index..

Country wise distribution of the food .



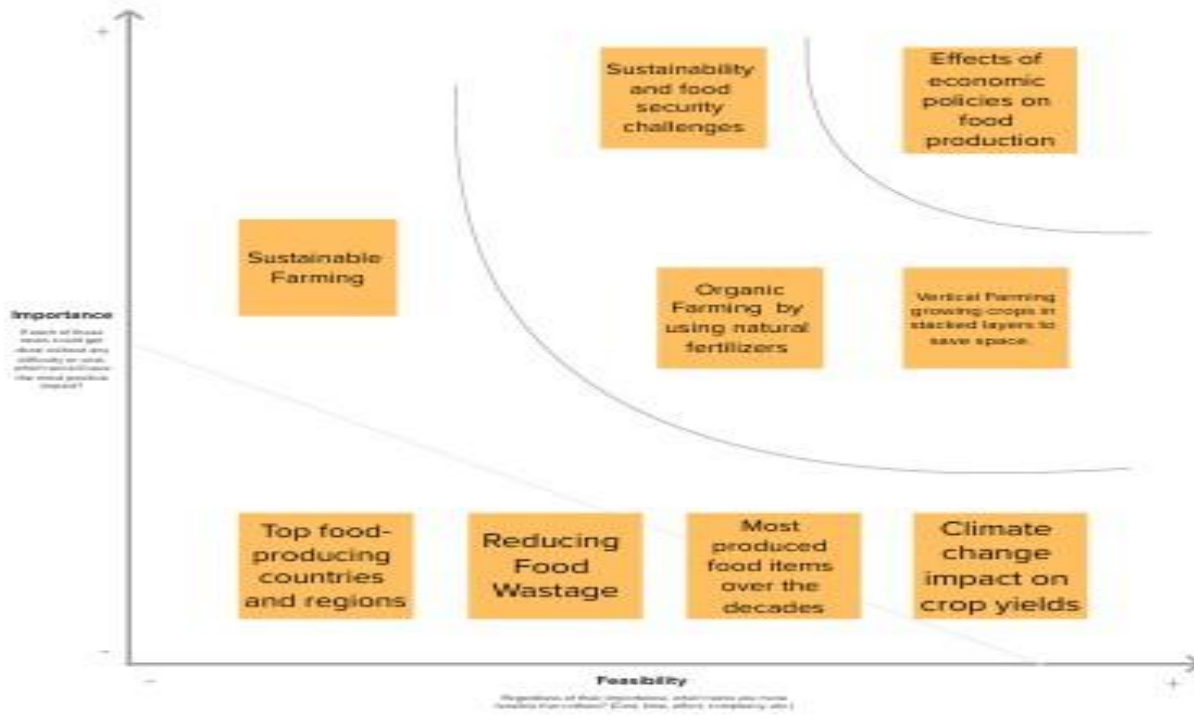
Prioritize

Placing our ideas on this grid to determine which ideas are important and which are feasible.

20 minutes

TIP

Remember to not only think about the ideas but also the resources that should go into the idea. The facilitator can ask the group to think about the resources that should go into the idea.

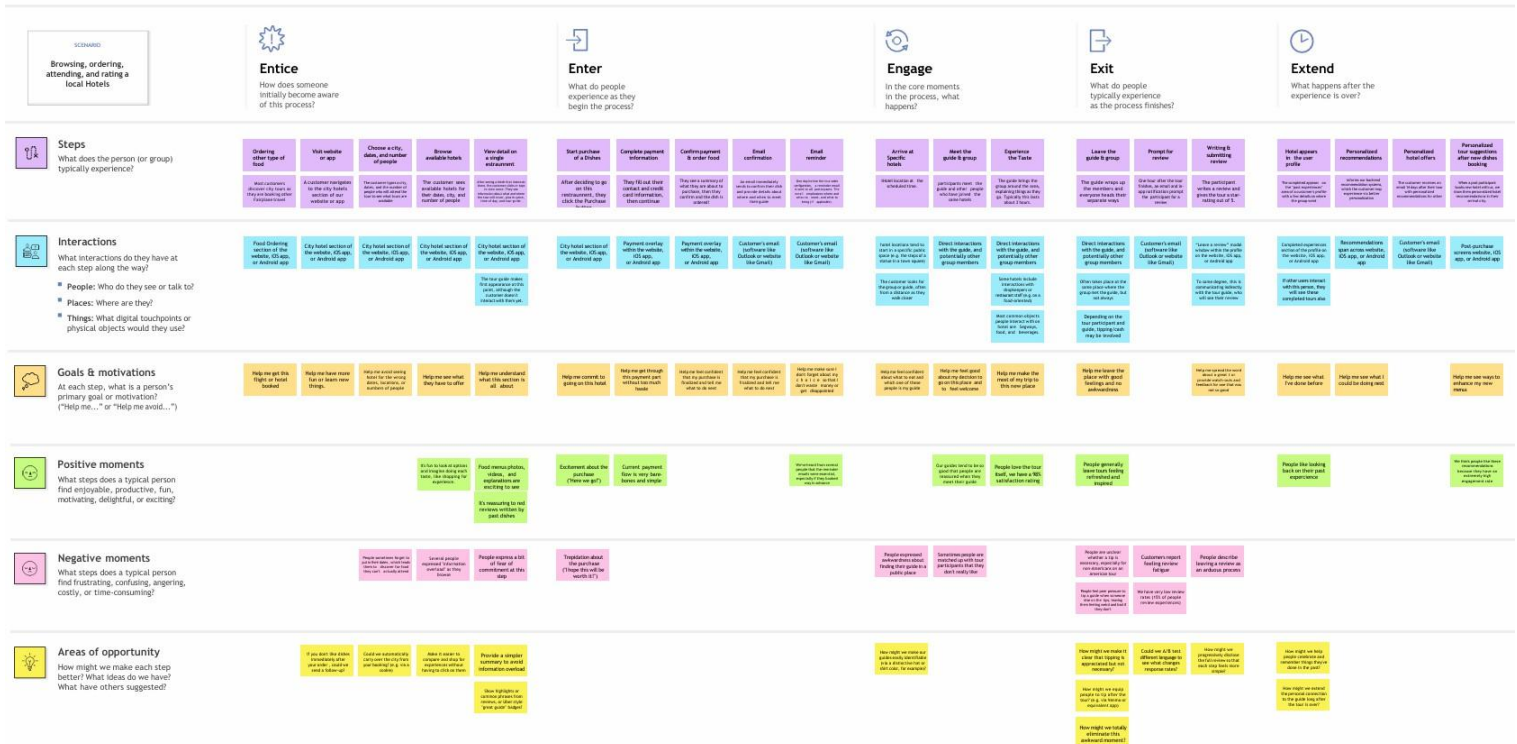


3.REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

3.1 Customer Journey Map:

Identifies key stakeholders and their interactions with the system. Includes farmers, agronomists, supply chain managers, and policymakers.

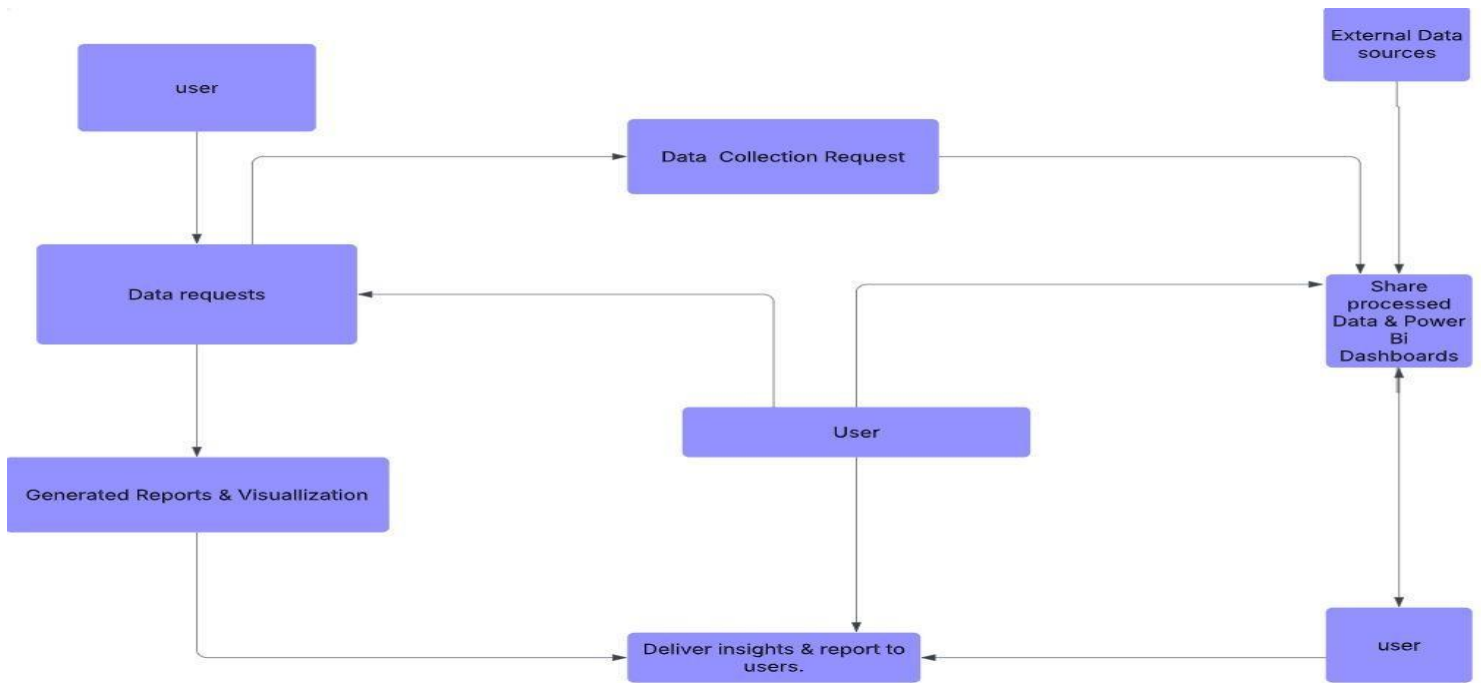
Global Food Analysis



3.2 Solution Requirement:

- Real-time data collection from sensors.
- Predictive analytics for crop yield forecasting.
- Efficient irrigation management using IoT.
- Supply chain transparency with blockchain integration.

3.3 Data Flow Diagram:



3.4 Technology Stack:

- Power BI
- SQL/Azure
- DAX (Power BI)
- Power BI Service

4. PROJECT DESIGN

4.1 Problem Solution Fit:

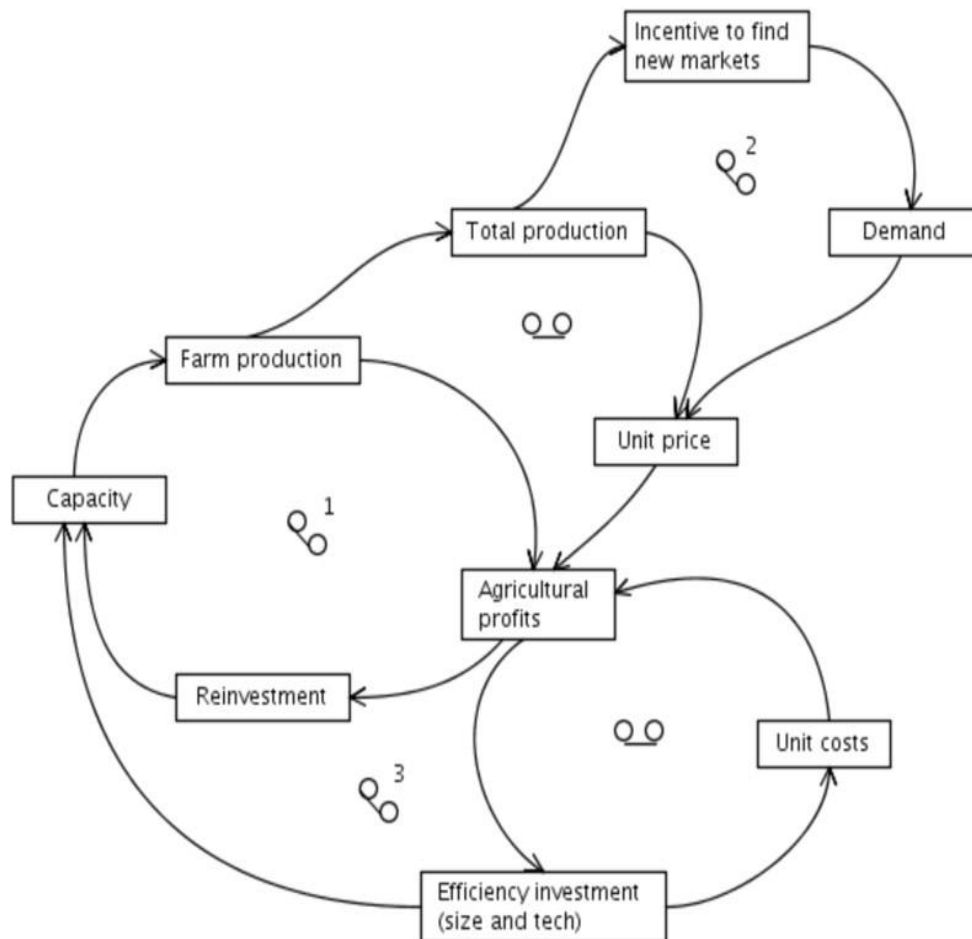
The system aligns with the need for efficient resource management and enhanced agricultural productivity.

4.2 Proposed Solution:

A comprehensive system that monitors soil moisture, climate conditions, and crop health using IoT and AI. Predictive analytics will forecast yields and suggest optimal resource allocation.

4.3 Solution Architecture:

A multi-layered architecture that includes data acquisition, data processing, analytics, and dashboard visualization.



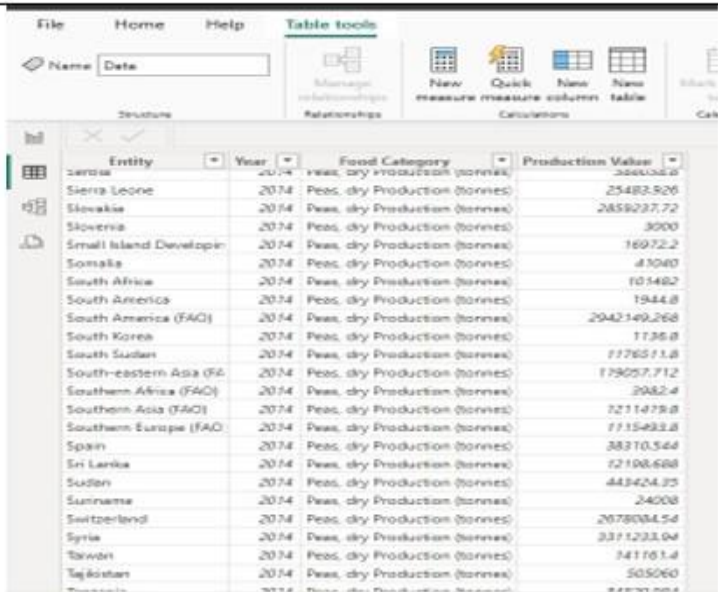
5. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

- Phase 1: Requirements Gathering and Analysis
- Phase 2: System Design and Architecture
- Phase 3: Development and Integration
- Phase 4: Testing and Validation
- Phase 5: Deployment and Maintenance

Project Tracker, Velocity & Burndown Chart: (4 Marks)

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	5	7 Days	11 Feb 2025	17Feb 2025	5	17Feb 2025
Sprint-2	6	7 Days	18 Feb 2025	25 Feb 2025	6	25 Feb 2025
Sprint-3	9	7 Days	25 Feb 2025	2 Mar 2025	9	2 Mar 2025
Sprint-4	7	7 Days	5 Mar 2025	11 Mar 2025	7	11 Mar 2025

6. FUNCTIONAL AND PERFORMANCE TESTING

S.No	Parameter	Screenshot / Values																																																																																																
1.	Data Rendered	<p>The dataset has 11,912 entries with 24 columns. Columns include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Entity (Country or region)• Year (1961 to 2023)• Production quantities for various crops and food products, such as:<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Maize, Rice, Wheat, Tomatoes, Tea, Sweet potatoes, Sunflower seeds○ Sugar cane, Soybeans, Rye, Potatoes, Oranges, Peas○ Palm oil, Grapes, Coffee, Cocoa beans, Chicken meat, Bananas, Avocados, Apples <p>After transforming <u>data</u> it only consists 4 columns.</p>																																																																																																
2.	Data Preprocessing	 <p>The screenshot shows a data preprocessing interface. The 'Table tools' tab is active, displaying options like 'Manage relationships', 'New measure', 'Quick measure', 'New column', 'New table', and 'Calculate'. Below the toolbar, a table is displayed with the following columns: Entity, Year, Food Category, and Production Value. The table lists various countries and regions with their corresponding production values for different food categories.</p> <table><thead><tr><th>Entity</th><th>Year</th><th>Food Category</th><th>Production Value</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Sierra Leone</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>25482.526</td></tr><tr><td>Slovakia</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>2859237.72</td></tr><tr><td>Slovenia</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>3000</td></tr><tr><td>Small Island Developin</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>16972.2</td></tr><tr><td>Somalia</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>45060</td></tr><tr><td>South Africa</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>105462</td></tr><tr><td>South America</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>1944.8</td></tr><tr><td>South America (FAO)</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>2042549.268</td></tr><tr><td>South Korea</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>1136.8</td></tr><tr><td>South Sudan</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>11765.1.8</td></tr><tr><td>South-eastern Asia (FA</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>179057.712</td></tr><tr><td>Southern Africa (FAO)</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>2082.4</td></tr><tr><td>Southern Asia (FAO)</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>1211479.8</td></tr><tr><td>Southern Europe (FAO)</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>1715493.8</td></tr><tr><td>Spain</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>38310.544</td></tr><tr><td>Eri Lanka</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>12106.688</td></tr><tr><td>Sudan</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>443424.35</td></tr><tr><td>Suriname</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>24008</td></tr><tr><td>Switzerland</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>2078034.54</td></tr><tr><td>Syria</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>3371233.04</td></tr><tr><td>Taiwan</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>141161.4</td></tr><tr><td>Tajikistan</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>505060</td></tr><tr><td>Togo</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>843701.004</td></tr></tbody></table>	Entity	Year	Food Category	Production Value	Sierra Leone	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	25482.526	Slovakia	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	2859237.72	Slovenia	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	3000	Small Island Developin	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	16972.2	Somalia	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	45060	South Africa	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	105462	South America	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	1944.8	South America (FAO)	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	2042549.268	South Korea	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	1136.8	South Sudan	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	11765.1.8	South-eastern Asia (FA	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	179057.712	Southern Africa (FAO)	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	2082.4	Southern Asia (FAO)	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	1211479.8	Southern Europe (FAO)	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	1715493.8	Spain	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	38310.544	Eri Lanka	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	12106.688	Sudan	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	443424.35	Suriname	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	24008	Switzerland	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	2078034.54	Syria	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	3371233.04	Taiwan	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	141161.4	Tajikistan	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	505060	Togo	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	843701.004
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3.	Utilization of Data Filters	<p>Top 7 Production Values Bottom 7 Production Vlaues</p>																																																																																																

		Top 10 Production value by year
4.	DAX Queries Used	<p>1.Top 5 Producing Countries Ranked = VAR <u>TopCountries</u> = <u>TOPN</u>(5, <u>SUMMARIZE</u>(FoodData, FoodData[Country], "TotalProduction", SUM(FoodData[Production Value])), [TotalProduction], DESC)</p> <p>RETURN <u>CONCATENATEX</u>(<u>ADDCOLUMNS</u>(TopCountries, "Rank", RANKX(TopCountries, [TotalProduction],, DESC), [Rank] & ". " & FoodData[Country], " ")</p> <p>2.Top Producing Country = VAR <u>TopCountry</u> = <u>TOPN</u>(1, <u>SUMMARIZE</u>(FoodData, FoodData[Country], "TotalProduction", SUM(FoodData[Production Value])), [TotalProduction], DESC)</p> <p>RETURN <u>CONCATENATEX</u>(TopCountry, FoodData[Country], ", ")</p> <p>3.Total Global Production = <u>SUM</u>('FoodData'[Production Value])</p>

7.1 Output:



Dashboard:



8. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

8.1 Advantages:

- Reduces food wastage through accurate forecasting
- Enhances crop productivity using AI-driven insights
- Improves decision-making with data-driven analytics
- Identify food production patterns
- Helps predict shortages and optimize supply
- Compares food production across countries

8.2 Disadvantages:

- High initial cost for IoT device setup
- Potential resistance to new technology adoption
- Historical data may be incomplete
- Insights can be out dated

9. CONCLUSION

The proposed solution addresses global food production challenges by integrating modern technologies for precision agriculture and supply chain optimization. The system provides valuable insights, reduces wastage, and enhances overall productivity.

Power BI's interactive dashboards enable data-driven decisions, enhancing productivity and sustainability while empowering stakeholders to address agricultural challenges proactively

10. FUTURE SCOPE

- 1. Real-Time Monitoring:** Utilize Power BI dashboards to monitor crop health, water usage, and supply chain efficiency in real time.
- 2. Predictive Analytics:** Integrate AI and machine learning models to forecast yields, climate patterns, and resource optimization.
- 3. Data Integration:** Combine data from IoT sensors, weather forecasts, and agricultural databases for comprehensive analysis.
- 4. Customized Dashboards:** Create tailored visualizations for farmers, policymakers, and supply chain managers.
- 5. Sustainability Tracking:** Monitor environmental impacts and resource utilization to promote sustainable practices.

11. APPENDIX