



# **HORN MORPHOA 3.1**

## **Morphological analysis, generation, and grapheme-phoneme conversion of Amharic words**

### Quick Reference

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### Coverage

HORN MORPHOA is a subset of the HORN MORPHO program, which includes only the files you will need to work with Amharic. For other languages handled by HORN MORPHO, install the full version of the program, which is in Versions/3.1.

### Installation

1. Uncompress the file that you downloaded. This will yield a directory (folder) called `HornMorphoA-3.1`, which contains all of the files that you need to run HORN MORPHOA.
2. Go to the `HornMorphoA-3.1` directory (folder), and enter the following, making sure that you are running some version of Python 3.

```
python setup.py install
```

## Use

### STARTING THE PROGRAM

Start up the Python interpreter, again making sure that you are running at least Python 3.1, and type the following to load the program.

```
import hm
```

### FUNCTIONS

Options for each function are shown with their default values.

#### **A(word)**

Options: raw=False

Performs morphological analysis of the word. For ambiguous words returns the first 5 analyses. Analyses are ordered by their estimated frequency. If raw is True, the raw analysis is returned; otherwise, the analyses is printed out, and nothing is returned.

```
>>> hm.A('የማያስፈልጋትስ')
word: የማያስፈልጋትስ
POS: verb, root: <fl_g>, citation: አስፈለገ
subject: 3, sing, masc
object: 3, sing, fem
grammar: imperfective, causative, relative, definite, negative
conjunctive suffix: s

>>> hm.A('am', 'አይደለኝም')
word: አይደለኝም
POS: copula, root: <ne>
subj: 3, sing, fem
negative

>>> hm.A('am', 'ለዘመዶቻችንም', raw=True)
[('zemed', [-acc, cnj='m', der=[-ass], -dis, +plr, pos='n',
poss=[+expl, +pl, -p2, +plr], pp='le', rl=[-acc, +p], v=None))]
```

#### **AF(input\_file)**

Options: output\_file=None, raw=False, gram=True

Runs A on the words in a file and writes them to output\_file, if one is given for output\_file, otherwise to standard output. If raw is True, the raw analysis is written. If gram is False, only each word's root or stem is written.

```
>>> hm.AF('hm/languages/am/data/ag.txt',
          'hm/languages/am/data/ag_out.txt')
Analyzing words in hm/languages/am/data/ag.txt
Writing to hm/languages/am/data/ag_out.txt
```

#### **S(word)**

Options: raw=False

Performs morphological segmentation on the word. Morphemes are separated by ‘-’; stems/roots appear within ‘{ }’. If `raw` is `True`, a list of analyses is returned, each a part-of-speech, segmentation pair. For complex words, the part-of-speech is that of the stem or root, not the whole word. If `raw` is `False` (the default), the segmentations are printed out, with the part-of-speech appearing before the segmentation, separated by ‘:’, and different analyses/segmentations separated by ‘;’.

```
>>> hm.S('ሲያጭበረብሩን')
ሲያጭበረብሩን -- v:s(cnj1)-y(sb=3sm|3p)-{Cbrbr+a12e3e4_5}(imprf,trans)-
u(sb=2p|3p)-n(ob=1p)

>>> hm.S('ለነገራቸው', raw=True)
[( 'n', 'le(pre)-{neger}-ac_ew(poss=3p)'), ( 'v', 'le(prepl)-(rel)-
{ngr+1e2_e3}(prf)-e(sb=3sm)-ac_ew(ob=3p)')]

>>> hm.S("አልማዝ")
አልማዝ -- n:{'almaz'};;nm_prs:{'almaz'}
```

**SF**(*input\_file*)

Options: `output_file=None`

Runs `S` on the words in a file.

```
>>> hm.SF('hm/languages/am/data/ag.txt',
          'hm/languages/am/data/ag_out.txt')
Segmenting words in hm/languages/am/data/ag.txt
Writing to hm/languages/am/data/ag_out.txt
```

**G**(*root*)

Options: `features=None`

Generates an Amharic word, given a root or stem, if the root/stem is known to `HORN MORPHO`. If `features` are not provided, a set of default grammatical features is used. Roots/stems are represented using roman characters, following the romanization conventions described in the full User’s Guide. For nouns, the stem is the bare noun with no prefixes or suffixes. For verbs, the root is the series of consonants (and in some cases other characters) that is the basis for the surface forms of the verb. The default output form for verbs is the third person singular masculine perfective. To override the default features, specify a value for the `features` option. A set of features takes the form of a string consisting of a bracketed expression with a list of feature names and values. For more on the particular features used for Amharic nouns and verbs, see the full User’s Guide.

```
>>> hm.G('mengst')
መንግስት

>>> hm.G('mengst', "[+plr,+def,cs=acc]")
መንግስታቱን

>>> hm.G('glbT')
ገለበጦ

>>> hm.G('glbT', "[tm=j_i,sb=[+plr],vc=ps]")
ይገልበጡ
```

**P(word)**

Options: raw=False

Converts a word written in Ge'ez characters to a romanized form that shows consonant gemination and the epenthetic vowel (represented by 'I'). If multiple pronunciations are possible, they are ordered by estimated frequency. If raw is True, a list of pronunciations is returned; otherwise, each is printed out, separated by spaces.

```
>>> hm.P("ጸመታሉ")
yImetal_u yIm_et_al_u
>>> hm.P('እንደብር')
?IndIbIr
```

**PF(input\_file)**

Options: output\_file=None

Runs P on the words in a file.

```
>>> hm.PF('hm/languages/am/data/ag.txt',
          'hm/languages/am/data/ag_phon.txt')
Analyzing words in hm/languages/am/data/ag.txt
Writing analysis to hm/languages/am/data/ag_phon.txt
```

**exit()**

Options: none

Exits HornMorpho, saving any analyses or generated forms in a file to be loaded next time you use the program. This will significantly speed up the performance of the program.

```
>>> hm.exit()
```