



ΠΑΝΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΙΟ
ΠΑΤΡΩΝ
UNIVERSITY OF PATRAS

Τμήμα Μηχανικών Η/Υ & Πληροφορικής

Πανεπιστήμιο Πατρών

Εργασία: Βάσεις Δεδομένων

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ΚΕΦΑΛΑΙΟ 1 & 2: ΔΗΜΙΟΥΡΓΙΑ ΒΑΣΗΣ ΔΕΔΟΜΕΝΩΝ

Για το σχεδιασμό της αναθεωρημένης βάσης, προχωρήσαμε στη δημιουργία νέων πινάκων αλλά και στην τροποποίηση πινάκων που υπήρχαν ήδη στη βάση δεδομένων. Με δεδομένο ότι ο πάροχος του τηλεοπτικού περιεχομένου επιθυμεί να αναβαθμίσει την υπηρεσία και να δώσει τη δυνατότητα στους εγγεγραμμένους χρήστες να ενοικιάζουν και σειρές, εργαστήκαμε προς αυτή την κατεύθυνση για να επεκτείνουμε τη βάση δεδομένων (ΒΔ) και να προσθέσουμε τη δυνατότητα να διατηρούμε στη βάση επιπρόσθετες πληροφορίες.

Αρχικά, δημιουργήσαμε δύο πίνακες για τις τρεις κατηγορίες χρηστών που θα συνδέονται με τη βάση δεδομένων, τον πίνακα για τους υπαλλήλους (**employees**) και τους διαχειριστές (**administrator**) του συστήματος. Ο πίνακας πελάτες (**customer**) υπάρχει ήδη στη βάση δεδομένων μας. Στους παραπάνω πίνακες αποθηκεύουμε ένα μοναδικό κωδικό, το όνομα και το επίθετο, αλλά και το email κάθε υπαλλήλου και διαχειριστή. Με τη χρήση της εντολής **INSERT** προσθέτουμε στους πίνακες πέντε υπαλλήλους και τρεις διαχειριστές, αντίστοιχα.

TABLE employees

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT * FROM employees LIMIT 5;
```

employee_id	first_name	last_name	email
123	Alexander	Green	alex.green@sakilaemployee.org
124	Athena	Pappa	athena.pappa@sakilaemployee.org
125	Andreas	Eleftherakis	andreas.eleftherakis@sakilaemployee.org
126	George	Ioannou	george.ioannou@sakilaemployee.org
127	Periklis	Smith	periklis.smith@sakilaemployee.org

5 rows in set (0.000 sec)

TABLE administrator

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT * FROM administrator LIMIT 5;
```

administrator_id	first_name	last_name	email
211	Elena	Vlachou	elena.vlachou@sakiladmin.org
212	Nikos	Pappas	nikos.pappas@sakiladmin.org
213	Andreas	Iacovou	andreas.iacovou@sakiladmin.org

3 rows in set (0.000 sec)

Όπως αναφέρεται στην περιγραφή της άσκησης, απαιτείται επίσης η προσθήκη ενός πίνακα για τη διατήρηση των ενεργειών που εκτελούνται από οποιοδήποτε χρήστη σε συγκεκριμένους πίνακες στη βάση δεδομένων, ο οποίος θα χρησιμοποιηθεί στην άσκηση του Μέρους Β.

Στον πίνακα διατήρησης ενεργειών (**log_table**), διατηρούμε συγκεκριμένες πληροφορίες όπως το username του χρήστη, την κατηγορία του χρήστη (πελάτης, υπάλληλος, διαχειριστής), την ενέργεια που εκτέλεσε (εισαγωγή, επεξεργασία, διαγραφή), τον πίνακα που αφορούσε η ενέργεια, την ημερομηνία και ώρα της ενέργειας και αν αυτή εκτελέστηκε επιτυχώς ή όχι.

Πιο κάτω, παραθέτουμε τη μορφή του πίνακα ενεργειών και ένα παράδειγμα με την προσθήκη μίας ενέργειας από ένα διαχειριστή στον πίνακα rental.

TABLE log_table

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> select * from log_table;
```

username	user_type	action_type	action_table	action_datetime	if_successful
elena.vlachou@sakiladmin.org	Administrator	update	RENTAL	2022-08-29 12:00:00	1

1 row in set (0.000 sec)

Επιστρέφοντας στο σχεδιασμό της βάσης δεδομένων και στις αλλαγές που έχουμε διεκπεραιώσει, θα αναφερθούμε σε αυτές παρακάτω.

Αρχικά, δημιουργούμε τον πίνακα **series**, στον οποίο διατηρούμε όλες τις πληροφορίες για τις διαθέσιμες σειρές. Στον πίνακα αυτό υπάρχουν πληροφορίες ανάλογες με τον πίνακα ταινιών, αλλά και επιπλέον στοιχεία όπως οι κύκλοι της σειράς. Στον πίνακα αυτό το **series_id** αποτελεί το πρωτεύων κλειδί του πίνακα, καθώς κάθε σειρά υπάρχει ένας μοναδικός κωδικός. Στον πίνακα αυτό υπάρχουν και οι απαραίτητοι περιορισμοί και συσχετισμοί με τον πίνακα **language** για τις στήλες **language_id** και **original_language_id**.

Με τη χρήση της εντολής **INSERT** προσθέτουμε πληροφορίες για επτά σειρές.

TABLE series

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT * FROM series LIMIT 5;
```

series_id	title	description	num_seasons	language_id	original_language_id
1001	The Sandman	Upon escaping after decades of imprisonment by a mortal wizard, Dream, the personification of dreams, sets about to reclaim his lost equipment	1	1	1
1002	Better Call Saul	The trials and tribulations of criminal lawyer Jimmy McGill before his fateful run-in with Walter White and Jesse Pinkman	6	1	1
1003	Stranger Things	When a young boy disappears, his mother, a police chief and his friends must confront terrifying supernatural forces in order to get him back	4	1	1
1004	Game of Thrones	Hive noble families fight for control over the lands of Westeros, while an ancient enemy returns after being dormant for millennia	8	1	1
1005	The Boys	A group of vigilantes set out to take down corrupt superheroes who abuse their superpowers	3	1	1

5 rows in set (0.000 sec)

Στη συνέχεια, δημιουργούμε τον πίνακα **series_seasons**, στον οποίο αποθηκεύουμε πληροφορίες σχετικά με τους κύκλους κάθε σειράς. Στον πίνακα υπάρχει ο μοναδικός αριθμός της σειράς ο οποίος συνδέεται ως **FOREIGN KEY** με τον πίνακα **series**, ο αριθμός του κύκλου, το έτος κυκλοφορίας κάθε κύκλου και το σύνολο των επεισοδίων.

Με τη χρήση της εντολής **INSERT** προσθέτουμε πληροφορίες για 31 κύκλους σειρών.

TABLE series_seasons

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT * FROM series_seasons LIMIT 5;
```

series_id	season_id	season_release_year	num_episodes
1001	1	2022	11
1002	1	2015	10
1002	2	2016	10
1002	3	2017	10
1002	4	2018	10

5 rows in set (0.000 sec)

Για την ομαλή διατήρηση των πληροφοριών σχετικά με τις σειρές, δημιουργούμε ένα ακόμα πίνακα, τον πίνακα **episodes** στον οποίο έχουμε ως πρωτεύων κλειδί το `episode_id` το οποίο είναι μοναδικό. Διατηρούμε επίσης το `series_id` ως foreign key από τον πίνακα `series`, αλλά και τον μοναδικό αριθμό του κύκλου της σειράς που περιλαμβάνει κάθε επεισόδιο. Με τη χρήση της εντολής **INSERT** προσθέτουμε 303 επεισόδια που είναι πλέον διαθέσιμα για ενοικίαση.

TABLE episodes

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT * FROM episodes LIMIT 5;
```

episode_id	series_id	season_id
111	1001	1
112	1001	1
113	1001	1
114	1001	1
115	1001	1

5 rows in set (0.000 sec)

Ο πίνακας αυτός είναι αρκετά σημαντικός, καθώς σε αυτόν αποθηκεύουμε τις πληροφορίες για κάθε επεισόδιο μιας σειράς. Λαμβάνοντας υπόψη πως η εταιρεία χρεώνει κάθε πελάτη ανά επεισόδιο σειράς που βλέπει, θεωρούμε πως αυτός ο πίνακας είναι αντίστοιχος με τον πίνακα `film`. Κι αυτό γιατί τόσο για την εταιρεία, όσο και για τον πελάτη, μία ταινία και ένα επεισόδιο σειράς είναι ένα αντικείμενο που τίθεται διαθέσιμο για ενοικίαση.

Συνεχίζουμε το σχεδιασμό της βάσης δημιουργώντας νέους πίνακες, τροποποιώντας ή επανασχεδιάζοντας τους υφιστάμενους πίνακες με σκοπό να δημιουργήσουμε μια λειτουργική βάση δεδομένων τόσο για την εταιρεία, τους διαχειριστές και τους υπαλλήλους, αλλά και για τους πελάτες.

Δημιουργούμε τον πίνακα **series_actors** όπου διατηρούμε πληροφορίες για τους ηθοποιούς κάθε σειράς. Στον πίνακα διατηρούμε τον μοναδικό αριθμό για κάθε

ηθοποιό και τη σειρά στην οποία συμμετέχει. Υπάρχει η σύνδεση με τον πίνακα **series** για το **series_id** και με τον πίνακα **actor** για τον **actor_id**, ενώ με την εντολή **INSERT** προσθέτουμε τρεις ηθοποιούς για κάθε σειρά.

TABLE series_actor

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT * FROM series_actor LIMIT 5;
```

actor_id	series_id
10011	1001
10012	1001
10013	1001
10014	1002
10015	1002

5 rows in set (0.000 sec)

Προσθέτουμε επίσης τον πίνακα **series_category** με τον οποίο διατηρούμε πληροφορίες για την κατηγορία κάθε σειράς. Χρησιμοποιούμε τα **series_id** και **category_id** ως foreign keys από τους πίνακες **series** και **category** αντίστοιχα.

TABLE series_category

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> select * from series_category;
```

series_id	category_id
1001	11
1002	7
1003	7
1004	1
1005	1
1006	14
1007	7

7 rows in set (0.047 sec)

Τροποποιούμε τον πίνακα **inventory** που λειτουργεί ως κατάλογος για τις διαθέσιμες ταινίες και επεισόδια σειρών και προσθέτουμε σε αυτό μια στήλη με το όνομα **episode_id**, η οποία συνδέεται με τον πίνακα **episodes** και λειτουργεί ως foreign key. Στον πίνακα αυτό, ελέγχουμε επίσης πως για κάθε εγγραφή του ικανοποιείται μια συνθήκη. Το **inventory_id** είναι το πρωτεύων κλειδί του πίνακα και με τη λογική πως μία ταινία ή ένα επεισόδιο έχει ένα μοναδικό κωδικό στον κατάλογο, προσθέτουμε τη συνθήκη πως σε μία εγγραφή του πίνακα πρέπει να παραμένει κενό το πεδίο για το **film_id** ή το **episode_id**. Για παράδειγμα, όπως φαίνεται και στις παρακάτω εικόνες, όταν προσθέτουμε στον κατάλογο μία σειρά, με **inventory_id** και **film_id**, τότε το **episode_id** **πρέπει** να παραμείνει κενό (NULL). Αντίστοιχα, όταν προσθέτουμε στον κατάλογο ένα επεισόδιο σειράς, με **inventory_id** και **episode_id**, τότε το **film_id** **πρέπει** να παραμείνει άδειο (NULL). Με τη χρήση **CONSTRAINT** καθορίζουμε αυτή τη συνθήκη και αποτρέπουμε

επίσης την προσθήκη εγγραφών όπου ένα film_id και ένα episode_id θα έχουν το ίδιο inventory_id.

TABLE inventory - Εγγραφές για ταινίες

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT * FROM inventory LIMIT 5;
```

inventory_id	film_id	episode_id
6	1	NULL
97	19	NULL
152	31	NULL
187	42	NULL
361	79	NULL

5 rows in set (0.000 sec)

TABLE inventory - Εγγραφές για σειρές

5151	NULL	755
5152	NULL	756
5153	NULL	757
5154	NULL	758
5155	NULL	759
5156	NULL	7510
5157	NULL	7511
5158	NULL	7512
5159	NULL	7513
5160	NULL	7514
5161	NULL	7515
5162	NULL	7516

387 rows in set (0.324 sec)

Με τη χρήση της εντολής INSERT προσθέτουμε τα επεισόδια που υπάρχουν στον πίνακα episodes, μέσα στον πίνακα inventory κι έτσι, στον πίνακα υπάρχουν τώρα 387 εγγραφές.

Αναφορικά με τους πίνακες rental και payment, δεν κάνουμε οποιεσδήποτε αλλαγές στη δομή τους, αλλά καταχωρούμε νέα αιτήματα ενοικιάσεων και πληρωμές επεισοδίων και ταινιών με ημερομηνίες εντός του 2022.

TABLE rental

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT * FROM rental LIMIT 5;
```

rental_id	rental_date	inventory_id	customer_id
148	2005-05-26 00:25:23	4252	142
213	2005-05-26 08:44:08	1505	394
424	2005-05-27 15:34:01	2815	35
506	2005-05-28 02:09:19	667	469
756	2005-05-29 10:28:45	3152	201

```
5 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```

15528	2005-08-23 03:45:40	3033	114
15919	2005-08-23 18:01:31	1746	497
16040	2005-08-23 22:19:33	3524	195
12786	2006-02-14 15:16:03	97	512
12698	2006-02-14 15:16:03	3657	497
12001	2006-02-14 15:16:03	4158	52
20001	2022-08-22 01:25:08	4501	602
20002	2022-08-22 01:55:08	4502	602
20003	2022-08-22 02:35:08	4503	602
20004	2022-08-22 04:03:13	4504	602
20005	2022-08-22 07:00:08	4505	602
20006	2022-08-22 09:00:08	4511	605
20008	2022-08-22 14:31:09	4924	626
20009	2022-08-22 16:37:09	4917	626
200010	2022-08-22 16:48:09	4720	618

```
103 rows in set (0.021 sec)
```

TABLE payment

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT * FROM payment LIMIT 5;
```

payment_id	customer_id	rental_id	amount	payment_date
434	16	8452	5.99	2005-07-29 07:45:00
910	33	4095	5.99	2005-07-07 06:01:48
922	33	13958	7.99	2005-08-20 18:11:44
924	33	14623	0.99	2005-08-21 18:29:13
953	35	424	6.99	2005-05-27 15:34:01

```
5 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```


14892	556	1083	3.99	2005-05-31 11:04:48
14895	556	2986	0.99	2005-06-20 08:50:28
14909	556	14176	2.99	2005-08-21 03:09:23
15623	583	5462	0.99	2005-07-09 22:56:53
15633	583	10800	4.99	2005-08-01 22:07:44
15967	596	6197	4.99	2005-07-11 12:09:51
15980	596	14417	0.99	2005-08-21 11:13:35
16001	602	20001	0.20	2022-08-22 01:25:08
16002	602	20002	0.20	2022-08-22 01:55:08
16003	602	20003	0.20	2022-08-22 02:35:08
16004	602	20004	0.20	2022-08-22 04:03:13
16005	602	20005	0.20	2022-08-22 07:00:08
16006	605	20006	0.10	2022-08-22 09:00:08
16007	626	20008	0.10	2022-08-22 14:31:09
16008	626	20009	0.10	2022-08-22 16:37:09
16009	618	200010	0.20	2022-08-22 16:48:09

103 rows in set (0.001 sec)

Στο Μέρος Α' της περιγραφής αναφέρονται οι διάφοροι τύποι εγγραφής για τους πελάτες, όπως επίσης και το κόστους για ενοικίαση επεισοδίου σειράς ή ταινίας για κάθε πελάτες ανάλογα με τη συνδρομή που έχει. Στον πίνακα `subscription_fees` καταχωρούμε το κόστος ενοικίασης έτσι όπως έχει οριστεί από την εταιρία. Στη συνέχεια χρησιμοποιούμε το συγκεκριμένο πίνακα για τις ανάλογες χρεώσεις κατά την ενοικίαση ενός επεισοδίου σειράς ή μιας ταινίας.

TABLE subscription_fees

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT * FROM subscription_fees LIMIT 5;
```

subscription_code	film_fee	series_fee
1	0.40	0.00
2	0.00	0.20
3	0.30	0.10

3 rows in set (0.000 sec)

Επιπρόσθετα, δημιουργούμε τον πίνακα `subscriptions` ο οποίος χρησιμοποιείται για να καταχωρείται σε αυτόν ο τύπος εγγραφής / συνδρομής κάθε πελάτη.

TABLE subscriptions

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT * FROM subscriptions LIMIT 5;
```

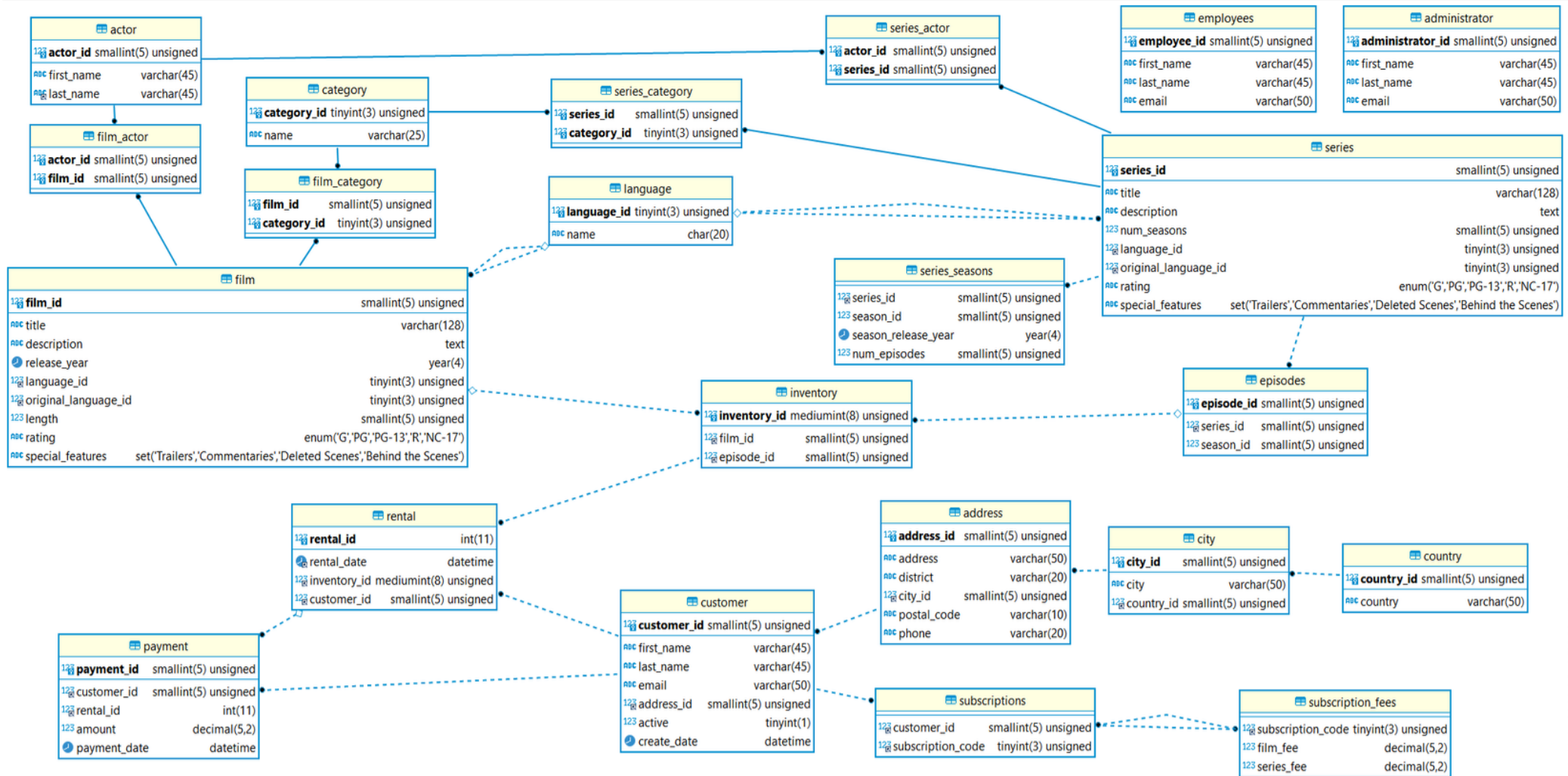
customer_id	subscription_code
3	1
16	1
33	1
35	1
52	1

5 rows in set (0.000 sec)

Με τις προσθήκες πινάκων, τις επεκτάσεις και τροποποιήσεις στους υφιστάμενους πίνακες που έχουμε κάνει στη βάση δεδομένων, το σχεσιακό διάγραμμα (ER Diagram) της συνολικής αναθεωρημένης βάσης δεδομένων (ΒΔ tvondemand) διαμορφώνεται ως εξής:

Στο πιο πάνω διάγραμμα, βλέπουμε τις σχέσεις που έχουν διαμορφωθεί μεταξύ των πινάκων που υπάρχουν στη βάση δεδομένων.

Για τη δημιουργία της βάσης δεδομένων χρησιμοποιήσαμε την εφαρμογή XAMPP Control Panel, όπου ενεργοποιήσαμε τον server για να γράψουμε σε MySQL στο περιβάλλον της MariaDB, ενώ για τη γραφική απεικόνιση της ΒΔ χρησιμοποιήσαμε το λογισμικό DBeaver.



Κεφάλαιο 3: Stored Procedures - Κώδικας & Παραδείγματα

3.1 Stored Procedure:

Κώδικας:

DELIMITER \$

```
CREATE PROCEDURE proc_ex_3_1 (  
  IN film_or_series VARCHAR(1),  
  IN top_n SMALLINT(5),  
  IN min_date DATE,  
  IN max_date DATE  
)  
BEGIN  
  CASE film_or_series  
    WHEN 'm' THEN  
      SELECT  
        F.film_id,  
        F.title,  
        COUNT(*) as total_rent  
      FROM film F  
      INNER JOIN inventory I ON F.film_id = I.film_id  
      INNER JOIN rental R ON R.inventory_id = I.inventory_id  
      INNER JOIN payment P ON P.rental_id = R.rental_id  
      WHERE P.payment_date >= min_date AND P.payment_date <=  
max_date  
      OR P.payment_date <= min_date AND P.payment_date >= max_date  
      GROUP BY F.film_id, F.title  
      ORDER BY total_rent DESC, film_id ASC  
      LIMIT top_n;  
    WHEN 's' THEN  
      SELECT  
        S.series_id,  
        S.title,  
        COUNT(*) as total_rent  
      FROM series S  
      INNER JOIN episodes E ON S.series_id = E.series_id  
      INNER JOIN inventory I ON I.episode_id = E.episode_id  
      INNER JOIN rental R ON R.inventory_id = I.inventory_id  
      INNER JOIN payment P ON P.rental_id = R.rental_id  
      WHERE P.payment_date >= min_date AND P.payment_date <=  
max_date  
      OR P.payment_date <= min_date AND P.payment_date >= max_date  
      GROUP BY S.series_id, S.title  
      ORDER BY total_rent DESC, series_id ASC  
      LIMIT top_n;  
    END CASE;  
END $
```

Παραδείγματα από την εκτέλεση:

CALL proc_ex_3_1('m', 10, '2005-07-31', '2022-07-01');

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> CALL proc_ex_3_1('m', 10, '2005-07-31', '2022-07-01');
+-----+-----+-----+
| film_id | title                | total_rent |
+-----+-----+-----+
|      859 | SUGAR WONKA          |           3 |
|      292 | EXCITEMENT EVE       |           2 |
|      379 | GREEDY ROOTS         |           2 |
|      902 | TRADING PINOCCHIO    |           2 |
|       19 | AMADEUS HOLY         |           1 |
|       79 | BLADE POLISH         |           1 |
|     112 | CALENDAR GUNFIGHT    |           1 |
|     172 | CONEHEADS SMOOCHY    |           1 |
|     173 | CONFESSIONS MAGUIRE  |           1 |
|     200 | CURTAIN VIDEOTAPE    |           1 |
+-----+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.240 sec)
```

CALL proc_ex_3_1('m', 6, '2005-07-01', '2022-07-31');

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> CALL proc_ex_3_1('m', 6, '2005-07-01', '2022-07-31');
+-----+-----+-----+
| film_id | title                | total_rent |
+-----+-----+-----+
|      859 | SUGAR WONKA          |           3 |
|      902 | TRADING PINOCCHIO    |           3 |
|     218 | DECEIVER BETRAYED    |           2 |
|      292 | EXCITEMENT EVE       |           2 |
|      379 | GREEDY ROOTS         |           2 |
|     903 | TRAFFIC HOBBIT       |           2 |
+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.109 sec)
```

CALL proc_ex_3_1('s', 8, '2005-07-01', '2022-09-30');

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> CALL proc_ex_3_1('s', 8, '2005-07-01', '2022-09-30');
+-----+-----+-----+
| series_id | title                | total_rent |
+-----+-----+-----+
|     1001 | The Sandman          |           6 |
|     1005 | The Boys             |           2 |
|     1003 | Stranger Things      |           1 |
+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.087 sec)
```

3.2 Stored Procedure:

Κώδικας:

DELIMITER \$

```
CREATE PROCEDURE proc_ex_3_2
(
IN given_email VARCHAR(50),
IN given_date DATE,
OUT total_items SMALLINT(5)
)
BEGIN
    SELECT COUNT(*) INTO total_items
    FROM CUSTOMER C
    INNER JOIN SUBSCRIPTIONS S ON C.customer_id = S.customer_id
    INNER JOIN payment P ON C.customer_id = P.customer_id
    WHERE C.email = given_email AND DATE(P.payment_date) = given_date
    GROUP BY C.email, S.subscription_code
    ORDER BY total_items DESC;

    SELECT
    DATE(P.payment_date) as payment_date,
    C.email,
    S.subscription_code,
    COUNT(*) as total_items
    FROM CUSTOMER C
    INNER JOIN SUBSCRIPTIONS S ON C.customer_id = S.customer_id
    INNER JOIN payment P ON C.customer_id = P.customer_id
    WHERE C.email = given_email AND DATE(P.payment_date) = given_date
    GROUP BY C.email, S.subscription_code;

END $
```

Παραδείγματα από την εκτέλεση:

```
CALL proc_ex_3_2('DAN.PAINE@sakilacustomer.org', '2005-07-07',  
@total_items);  
SELECT @total_items;
```

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> CALL proc_ex_3_2('DAN.PAINE@sakilacustomer.org', '2005-07-07', @total_items);  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| payment_date | email | subscription_code | total_items |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| 2005-07-07 | DAN.PAINE@sakilacustomer.org | 1 | 2 |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
1 row in set (0.002 sec)  
  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.008 sec)  
  
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT @total_items;  
+-----+  
| @total_items |  
+-----+  
| 2 |  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.000 sec)
```

```
CALL proc_ex_3_2('PENELOPE.BARBER@sakilacustomer.org', '2022-08-22',  
@total_items);  
SELECT @total_items;
```

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> CALL proc_ex_3_2('PENELOPE.BARBER@sakilacustomer.org', '2022-08-22', @total_items);  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| payment_date | email | subscription_code | total_items |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| 2022-08-22 | PENELOPE.BARBER@sakilacustomer.org | 2 | 5 |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
1 row in set (0.001 sec)  
  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.008 sec)  
  
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT @total_items;  
+-----+  
| @total_items |  
+-----+  
| 5 |  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.000 sec)
```

```
CALL proc_ex_3_2('GILBERT.SLEDGE@sakilacustomer.org', '2006-02-14',  
@total_items);  
SELECT @total_items;
```

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> CALL proc_ex_3_2('GILBERT.SLEDGE@sakilacustomer.org', '2006-02-14', @total_items);  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| payment_date | email | subscription_code | total_items |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| 2006-02-14 | GILBERT.SLEDGE@sakilacustomer.org | 1 | 1 |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
1 row in set (0.001 sec)  
  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.008 sec)  
  
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT @total_items;  
+-----+  
| @total_items |  
+-----+  
| 1 |  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.000 sec)
```

3.3 Stored Procedure

Κώδικας:

```
DELIMITER $
CREATE PROCEDURE proc_ex_3_3()
BEGIN
    SELECT
        YEAR(P.payment_date) AS payment_date_year,
        DATE_FORMAT(P.payment_date, '%M') AS payment_date_month,
        SUM(SF.series_fee *
            (CASE WHEN I.episode_id IS NULL AND SF.subscription_code
                != 1 THEN 0
                ELSE 1 END)) AS total_series_amount,
        CASE
            WHEN YEAR(P.payment_date) < '2022' THEN SUM(P.amount)
            WHEN YEAR(P.payment_date) >= '2022' THEN SUM(SF.film_fee * (CASE
                WHEN I.film_id IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END))
        ELSE NULL
        END as total_film_amount
    FROM payment P
    INNER JOIN customer C ON P.customer_id = C.customer_id
    INNER JOIN subscriptions S ON C.customer_id = S.customer_id
    INNER JOIN subscription_fees SF ON S.subscription_code =
        SF.subscription_code
    INNER JOIN rental R ON P.rental_id = R.rental_id
    INNER JOIN inventory I ON R.inventory_id = I.inventory_id
    GROUP BY payment_date_year, payment_date_month
    ORDER BY payment_date_year ASC, payment_date_month DESC;

END $
```

Παραδείγματα από την εκτέλεση:

```
CALL proc_ex_3_3();
```

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> CALL proc_ex_3_3();
```

payment_date_year	payment_date_month	total_series_amount	total_film_amount
2005	May	0.00	44.89
2005	June	0.00	66.84
2005	July	0.00	170.66
2005	August	0.00	126.70
2006	February	0.00	10.97
2022	August	1.50	0.00

```
6 rows in set (0.003 sec)
```


3.4 Stored Procedure

Λόγω του μεγάλου πλήθους εγγραφών, δημιουργούμε ένα επιπλέον ευρετήριο με βάση τη στήλη last_name του πίνακα actor. Η προσθήκη ενός ευρετηρίου θα μας βοηθήσει στη βελτιστοποίηση του ερωτήματος (query) αλλά και στην ταχύτητα της συλλογής και παρουσίασης των δεδομένων από τον πίνακα actor.

Δημιουργούμε το ευρετήριο idx_surname και ο τύπος του ευρετηρίου είναι B-Tree με δεδομένο πως χρησιμοποιούμε storage engine InnoDB για όλους τους πίνακες της βάσης δεδομένων μας.

```
--- Add indexing to actor table
CREATE INDEX idx_surname ON actor(last_name);
SHOW INDEXES FROM actor;
```

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SHOW INDEXES FROM actor;
```

Table	Non_unique	Key_name	Seq_in_index	Column_name	Collation	Cardinality	Sub_part	Packed	Null	Index_type	Comment	Index_comment
actor	0	PRIMARY	1	actor_id	A	10293	NULL	NULL		BTREE		
actor	1	idx_surname	1	last_name	A	2573	NULL	NULL		BTREE		

2 rows in set (0.002 sec)

3.4A Stored Procedure

Κώδικας:

DELIMITER \$

```
CREATE PROCEDURE proc_ex_3_4a
(
  IN min_surname VARCHAR(50),
  IN max_surname VARCHAR(50),
  OUT total_actors SMALLINT(5)
)
BEGIN
  SELECT COUNT(*) INTO total_actors
  FROM actor A
  WHERE LEFT(A.last_name, LENGTH(min_surname)) >= min_surname
        AND LEFT(A.last_name, LENGTH(min_surname)) <=
          max_surname
  OR LEFT(A.last_name, LENGTH(min_surname)) <= min_surname
        AND LEFT(A.last_name, LENGTH(min_surname)) >=
          max_surname;

  SELECT
    A.last_name,
    A.first_name
  FROM actor A
  WHERE LEFT(A.last_name, LENGTH(min_surname)) >= min_surname
        AND LEFT(A.last_name, LENGTH(min_surname)) <= max_surname
  OR LEFT(A.last_name, LENGTH(min_surname)) <= min_surname
        AND LEFT(A.last_name, LENGTH(min_surname)) >= max_surname
```

```
ORDER BY A.last_name ASC;

END $
```

Παραδείγματα από την εκτέλεση :

```
CALL proc_ex_3_4a('Aco', 'Alm', @total_actors);
SELECT @total_actors;
```

```

| Aguirre | Axel |
| Aguirre | Joel |
| Aguirre | Olive |
| Aguirre | Dania |
| Aguirre | Ruth |
| Aguirre | Drake |
| Alexander | Terrence |
| Alexander | Jan |
| Alexander | Zariah |
| Alexander | Clara |
| Alexander | Jennifer |
| Alexander | Zackery |
| Alexander | Rosa |
| Alexander | Irvin |
| Ali | Lina |
| Ali | Ellie |
| Ali | Belen |
| Ali | Kenzie |
| Allen | Micheal |
| Allen | Enrique |
| Allen | Moses |
| Allen | Madisyn |
| Allen | Karsyn |
| Allen | Simeon |
| Allen | Deegan |
| Allison | Logan |
| Allison | Milton |
| Allison | Miguel |
| Allison | Elle |
| Allison | Zoey |
| Allison | Itzel |
| Allison | Irene |
| Allison | Abdullah |
| Allison | Krish |
| Allison | Guadalupe |
| Allison | Madilynn |
+-----+
83 rows in set (0.009 sec)

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.209 sec)

MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT @total_actors;
+-----+
| @total_actors |
+-----+
|          83 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.000 sec)
```

```
CALL proc_ex_3_4a('Mar', 'Mem', @total_actors);
SELECT @total_actors;
```

```

| Meadows | Gaven |
| Meadows | Derek |
| Meadows | Michaela |
| Meadows | Helen |
| Meadows | Karter |
| Medina | Finley |
| Medina | Yusuf |
| Medina | Nehemiah |
| Medina | Lucia |
| Medina | Shayna |
| Mejia | Allisson |
| Mejia | Meredith |
| Mejia | Wyatt |
| Mejia | Eduardo |
| Mejia | Kianna |
| Mejia | Destinee |
| Mejia | Emilio |
| Melendez | Kirsten |
| Melendez | Rubi |
| Melendez | Angelina |
| Melendez | Lucille |
| Melendez | Bryanna |
| Melendez | Alexis |
| Melendez | Shaun |
| Melendez | Addison |
| Melendez | Roger |
| Melendez | Noemi |
| Melton | Henry |
| Melton | Teagan |
| Melton | Noel |
| Melton | Jazmyn |
| Melton | Troy |
| Melton | Angel |
| Melton | Braden |
| Melton | Emmalee |
| Melton | Dalia |
+-----+
521 rows in set (0.013 sec)

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.876 sec)

MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT @total_actors;
+-----+
| @total_actors |
+-----+
|          521 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.000 sec)
```

```
CALL proc_ex_3_4a('BAA', 'BAJ', @total_actors);  
SELECT @total_actors;
```

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> CALL proc_ex_3_4a('BAA', 'BAJ', @total_actors);  
+-----+-----+  
| last_name | first_name |  
+-----+-----+  
| Backley   | Hugo       |  
| Bailey    | Kaliyah    |  
| Bailey    | Jazlynn    |  
| Bailey    | Easton     |  
| Bailey    | Laylah     |  
| Bailey    | Felix      |  
| Bailey    | Talan      |  
| Baird     | Kiara      |  
| Baird     | Keyla      |  
| Baird     | Janet      |  
| Baird     | Leslie     |  
| Baird     | Penelope   |  
| Baird     | Erin       |  
| Baird     | Slade      |  
| Baird     | Cristal    |  
| Baird     | Kathleen   |  
| Baird     | Gretchen   |  
| Baird     | Bryanna    |  
| Baird     | Omari      |  
+-----+-----+  
19 rows in set (0.011 sec)  
  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.039 sec)  
  
MariaDB [tvondemand]> SELECT @total_actors;  
+-----+  
| @total_actors |  
+-----+  
|             19 |  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.000 sec)
```

3.4B Stored Procedure

Κώδικας:

```
DELIMITER $
CREATE PROCEDURE proc_ex_3_4b
(
IN given_surname VARCHAR(50)
)
BEGIN
    SELECT
        A.last_name,
        A.first_name,
        ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY A.last_name) as row_num
    FROM actor A
    WHERE A.last_name = given_surname
    ORDER BY A.last_name;

END $
```

Παραδείγματα από την εκτέλεση:

```
CALL proc_ex_3_4b('Acosta');
```

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> CALL proc_ex_3_4b('Acosta');
+-----+-----+-----+
| last_name | first_name | row_num |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Acosta    | Howard     | 1       |
| Acosta    | Keagan     | 2       |
| Acosta    | Jamiya     | 3       |
| Acosta    | Krystal    | 4       |
| Acosta    | Jazmyn     | 5       |
| Acosta    | Pranav     | 6       |
| Acosta    | Christina  | 7       |
| Acosta    | Junior     | 8       |
| Acosta    | Cooper     | 9       |
| Acosta    | Raiden     | 10      |
| Acosta    | Aydan      | 11      |
+-----+-----+-----+
11 rows in set (0.005 sec)
```

CALL proc_ex_3_4b('Hayden');

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> CALL proc_ex_3_4b('Hayden')
+-----+-----+-----+
| last_name | first_name | row_num |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Hayden   | Kade       | 1       |
| Hayden   | Maximus    | 2       |
| Hayden   | Zavier     | 3       |
| Hayden   | Devin      | 4       |
| Hayden   | Maggie     | 5       |
| Hayden   | Franklin   | 6       |
| Hayden   | Larissa    | 7       |
| Hayden   | Emily      | 8       |
| Hayden   | Adelyn     | 9       |
| Hayden   | Fisher     | 10      |
| Hayden   | Morgan     | 11      |
| Hayden   | Guillermo  | 12      |
| Hayden   | Sara       | 13      |
| Hayden   | Dillan     | 14      |
| Hayden   | Liliana    | 15      |
| Hayden   | Stephen    | 16      |
| Hayden   | Zackary    | 17      |
| Hayden   | Rose       | 18      |
| Hayden   | Moises     | 19      |
| Hayden   | Gerald     | 20      |
| Hayden   | Evan       | 21      |
| Hayden   | Carina     | 22      |
+-----+-----+-----+
22 rows in set (0.004 sec)
```

CALL proc_ex_3_4b('Murray');

```
MariaDB [tvondemand]> CALL proc_ex_3_4b('Murray');
+-----+-----+-----+
| last_name | first_name | row_num |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Murray    | Jenny      | 1       |
| Murray    | Travis     | 2       |
| Murray    | Skyla      | 3       |
| Murray    | Laura      | 4       |
| Murray    | Roderick   | 5       |
| Murray    | Kameron    | 6       |
| Murray    | Dakota     | 7       |
| Murray    | Korbin     | 8       |
| Murray    | Journey    | 9       |
| Murray    | Maritza    | 10      |
| Murray    | Craig      | 11      |
| Murray    | Cory       | 12      |
| Murray    | Elise      | 13      |
| Murray    | Mauricio   | 14      |
| Murray    | Beatrice   | 15      |
| Murray    | Angie      | 16      |
| Murray    | Valery     | 17      |
| Murray    | Kenny      | 18      |
| Murray    | Krista     | 19      |
| Murray    | Vaughn     | 20      |
| Murray    | Mareli     | 21      |
+-----+-----+-----+
21 rows in set (0.006 sec)
```


Κώδικας SQL – CREATE

```
DROP SCHEMA IF EXISTS tvondemand;
CREATE SCHEMA tvondemand;
USE tvondemand;
--
-- Table structure for table `actor`
--
CREATE TABLE actor (
  actor_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
  first_name VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
  last_name VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (actor_id)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `country`
--
CREATE TABLE country (
  country_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
  country VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (country_id)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `city`
--
CREATE TABLE city (
  city_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
  city VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  country_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (city_id),
  CONSTRAINT `fk_city_country` FOREIGN KEY (country_id) REFERENCES country (country_id)
  ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `address`
--
CREATE TABLE address (
  address_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
  address VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  district VARCHAR(20) DEFAULT NULL,
  city_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  postal_code VARCHAR(10) DEFAULT NULL,
  phone VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (address_id),
  CONSTRAINT `fk_address_city` FOREIGN KEY (city_id) REFERENCES city (city_id) ON
  DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `category`
```

```

--
CREATE TABLE category (
  category_id TINYINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
  name VARCHAR(25) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (category_id)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `language`
--
CREATE TABLE language (
  language_id TINYINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
  name CHAR(20) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (language_id)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `customer`
--
CREATE TABLE customer (
  customer_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
  first_name VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
  last_name VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
  email VARCHAR(50) DEFAULT NULL,
  address_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  active BOOLEAN NOT NULL DEFAULT TRUE,
  create_date DATETIME NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (customer_id),
  CONSTRAINT fk_customer_address FOREIGN KEY (address_id) REFERENCES address
(address_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE
)ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `film`
--
CREATE TABLE film (
  film_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
  title VARCHAR(128) NOT NULL,
  description TEXT DEFAULT NULL,
  release_year YEAR DEFAULT NULL,
  language_id TINYINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  original_language_id TINYINT UNSIGNED DEFAULT NULL,
  length SMALLINT UNSIGNED DEFAULT NULL,
  rating ENUM('G','PG','PG-13','R','NC-17') DEFAULT 'G',
  special_features SET('Trailers','Commentaries','Deleted Scenes','Behind the Scenes') DEFAULT
NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (film_id),
  CONSTRAINT fk_film_language FOREIGN KEY (language_id) REFERENCES language
(language_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE,
  CONSTRAINT fk_film_language_original FOREIGN KEY (original_language_id) REFERENCES
language (language_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE

```

```

) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `series`
--
CREATE TABLE series (
  series_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
  title VARCHAR(128) NOT NULL,
  description TEXT DEFAULT NULL,
  num_seasons SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  language_id TINYINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  original_language_id TINYINT UNSIGNED DEFAULT NULL,
  rating ENUM('G','PG','PG-13','R','NC-17') DEFAULT 'G',
  special_features SET('Trailers','Commentaries','Deleted Scenes','Behind the Scenes') DEFAULT
  NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (series_id),
  CONSTRAINT fk_series_language FOREIGN KEY (language_id) REFERENCES language
(language_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE,
  CONSTRAINT fk_series_language_original FOREIGN KEY (original_language_id)
REFERENCES language (language_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `series_seasons`
--
CREATE TABLE series_seasons (
  series_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  season_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  season_release_year YEAR DEFAULT NULL,
  num_episodes SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT fk_series_seasons_series_id FOREIGN KEY (series_id) REFERENCES series
(series_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `episodes`
--
CREATE TABLE episodes (
  episode_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  series_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  season_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (episode_id),
  CONSTRAINT fk_episodes_series_id FOREIGN KEY (series_id) REFERENCES series
(series_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `film_actor`
--
CREATE TABLE film_actor (
  actor_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  film_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,

```

```

PRIMARY KEY (actor_id,film_id),
CONSTRAINT fk_film_actor_actor FOREIGN KEY (actor_id) REFERENCES actor (actor_id) ON
DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE,
CONSTRAINT fk_film_actor_film FOREIGN KEY (film_id) REFERENCES film (film_id) ON
DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `series_actor`
--
CREATE TABLE series_actor (
  actor_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  series_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (actor_id, series_id),
  CONSTRAINT fk_series_actor_actor FOREIGN KEY (actor_id) REFERENCES actor (actor_id)
ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE,
  CONSTRAINT fk_series_actor_series FOREIGN KEY (series_id) REFERENCES series
(series_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `film_category`
--
CREATE TABLE film_category (
  film_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  category_id TINYINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (film_id, category_id),
  CONSTRAINT fk_film_category_film FOREIGN KEY (film_id) REFERENCES film (film_id) ON
DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE,
  CONSTRAINT fk_film_category_category FOREIGN KEY (category_id) REFERENCES category
(category_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `series_category`
--
CREATE TABLE series_category (
  series_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  category_id TINYINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (series_id, category_id),
  CONSTRAINT fk_series_category_series FOREIGN KEY (series_id) REFERENCES series
(series_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE,
  CONSTRAINT fk_series_category_category FOREIGN KEY (category_id) REFERENCES
category (category_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `inventory`
--
CREATE TABLE inventory (
  inventory_id MEDIUMINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,

```

```

    film_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED,
    episode_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED,
    PRIMARY KEY (inventory_id),
    CONSTRAINT fk_inventory_film FOREIGN KEY (film_id) REFERENCES film (film_id) ON
DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    CONSTRAINT fk_inventory_episode FOREIGN KEY (episode_id) REFERENCES episodes
(episode_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    CONSTRAINT chk CHECK (
        film_id IS NOT NULL AND episode_id IS NULL OR
        film_id IS NULL AND episode_id IS NOT NULL)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;

--
-- Table structure for table `rental`
--
CREATE TABLE rental (
    rental_id INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
    rental_date DATETIME NOT NULL,
    inventory_id MEDIUMINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
    customer_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (rental_id),
    UNIQUE KEY (rental_date,inventory_id,customer_id),
    CONSTRAINT fk_rental_inventory FOREIGN KEY (inventory_id) REFERENCES inventory
(inventory_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    CONSTRAINT fk_rental_customer FOREIGN KEY (customer_id) REFERENCES customer
(customer_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;

--
-- Table structure for table `payment`
--
CREATE TABLE payment (
    payment_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
    customer_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
    rental_id INT DEFAULT NULL,
    amount DECIMAL(5,2) NOT NULL,
    payment_date DATETIME NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (payment_id),
    CONSTRAINT fk_payment_rental FOREIGN KEY (rental_id) REFERENCES rental (rental_id) ON
DELETE SET NULL ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    CONSTRAINT fk_payment_customer FOREIGN KEY (customer_id) REFERENCES customer
(customer_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;

--
-- Table structure for table `subscriptions`
--
CREATE TABLE subscriptions (
    customer_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
    subscription_code TINYINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,

```

```

    CONSTRAINT fk_subscriptions_customer FOREIGN KEY (customer_id) REFERENCES
customer (customer_id) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE
-- , CONSTRAINT fk_subscriptions_subscription_code FOREIGN KEY (subscription_code)
REFERENCES subscription_fees (subscription_code) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE
CASCADE
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `subscription_fees`
--
CREATE TABLE subscription_fees (
    subscription_code TINYINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
    film_fee DECIMAL(5,2) NOT NULL,
    series_fee DECIMAL(5,2) NOT NULL
-- , CONSTRAINT fk_subscription_fees_subscription FOREIGN KEY (subscription_code)
REFERENCES subscriptions (subscription_code) ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE
CASCADE
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `employees`
--
CREATE TABLE employees (
    employee_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
    first_name VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
    last_name VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
    email VARCHAR(50) DEFAULT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (employee_id)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `administrator`
--
CREATE TABLE administrator (
    administrator_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
    first_name VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
    last_name VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
    email VARCHAR(50) DEFAULT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (administrator_id)
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;
--
-- Table structure for table `log_table`
--
CREATE TABLE log_table (
    username VARCHAR(255),
    user_type VARCHAR(45),
    action_type VARCHAR(45),
    action_table VARCHAR(45),
    action_datetime DATETIME,
    if_successful BOOLEAN
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;

```

Κώδικας SQL – INSERT

Προσθέτουμε ΜΟΝΟ τις δικές μας εντολές INSERT λόγω του μεγάλου όγκου των εντολών

--

-- Dumping data for table subscriptions

--

INSERT INTO `subscriptions` (`customer_id`, `subscription_code`) VALUES

(3, 1),

(16, 1),

(33, 1),

(35, 1),

(52, 1),

(85, 1),

(104, 1),

(114, 1),

(142, 1),

(162, 1),

(195, 1),

(196, 1),

(201, 1),

(221, 1),

(227, 1),

(251, 1),

(252, 1),

(293, 1),

(309, 1),

(394, 1),

(402, 1),

(439, 1),

(448, 1),

(469, 1),

(477, 1),


```

(497, 1),
(499, 1),
(512, 1),
(525, 1),
(541, 1),
(549, 1),
(556, 1),
(583, 1),
(596, 1);
--
-- Dumping data for table customer
--
INSERT INTO `customer` (`customer_id`, `first_name`, `last_name`, `email`, `address_id`, `active`,
`create_date`) VALUES
(602, 'PENELOPE', 'BARBER', 'PENELOPE.BARBER@sakilacustomer.org', 407, 1, '2022-08-20
12:00:00'),
(603, 'KAYLEY', 'SULLIVAN', 'KAYLEY.SULLIVAN@sakilacustomer.org', 231, 1, '2022-08-20
12:00:00'),
(605, 'EMANUEL', 'LOWERY', 'EMANUEL.LOWERY@sakilacustomer.org', 314, 1, '2022-08-20
12:00:00'),
(606, 'JANE', 'TRUJILLO', 'JANE.TRUJILLO@sakilacustomer.org', 56, 1, '2022-08-20 12:00:00'),
(608, 'BRITTANY', 'MCDOWELL', 'BRITTANY.MCDOWELL@sakilacustomer.org', 399, 1, '2022-08-
20 12:00:00'),
(611, 'JOSELYN', 'MOLINA', 'JOSELYN.MOLINA@sakilacustomer.org', 166, 1, '2022-08-20
12:00:00'),
(613, 'JOEY', 'BARTON', 'JOEY.BARTON@sakilacustomer.org', 255, 1, '2022-08-20 12:00:00'),
(615, 'WESLEY', 'SAMPSON', 'WESLEY.SAMPSON@sakilacustomer.org', 199, 1, '2022-08-20
12:00:00'),
(618, 'BREANNA', 'HODGES', 'BREANNA.HODGES@sakilacustomer.org', 555, 1, '2022-08-20
12:00:00'),
(619, 'SKYE', 'ALVARADO', 'SKYE.ALVARADO@sakilacustomer.org', 20, 1, '2022-08-20
12:00:00'),
(622, 'MADISYN', 'HATFIELD', 'MADISYN.HATFIELD@sakilacustomer.org', 562, 1, '2022-08-20
12:00:00'),

```

(626, 'MAXIMILIAN', 'VASQUEZ', 'MAXIMILIAN.VASQUEZ@sakilacustomer.org', 482, 1, '2022-08-20 12:00:00'),

(628, 'RODRIGO', 'GALLAGHER', 'RODRIGO.GALLAGHER@sakilacustomer.org', 108, 1, '2022-08-20 12:00:00'),

(632, 'GAVYN', 'TAYLOR', 'GAVYN.TAYLOR@sakilacustomer.org', 531, 1, '2022-08-20 12:00:00'),

(635, 'DEMARCUS', 'CISNEROS', 'DEMARCUS.CISNEROS@sakilacustomer.org', 205, 1, '2022-08-20 12:00:00'),

(638, 'KAILEY', 'SERRANO', 'KAILEY.SERRANO@sakilacustomer.org', 502, 1, '2022-08-20 12:00:00'),

(643, 'COLIN', 'WOODARD', 'COLIN.WOODARD@sakilacustomer.org', 37, 1, '2022-08-20 12:00:00'),

(645, 'AMELIE', 'TANNER', 'AMELIE.TANNER@sakilacustomer.org', 89, 1, '2022-08-20 12:00:00'),

(659, 'WINCENT', 'GONZALES', 'WINCENT.GONZALES@sakilacustomer.org', 444, 1, '2022-08-20 12:00:00'),

(668, 'SHAYLEE', 'SHORT', 'SHAYLEE.SHORT@sakilacustomer.org', 118, 1, '2022-08-20 12:00:00');

--

-- Dumping data for table subscriptions

--

INSERT INTO `subscriptions` (`customer_id`, `subscription_code`) VALUES

(602, 2),

(603, 2),

(605, 3),

(606, 3),

(608, 1),

(611, 2),

(613, 2),

(615, 2),

(618, 2),

(619, 2),

(622, 3),

(626, 3),

(628, 3),

(632, 2),

```

(635, 2),
(638, 2),
(643, 3),
(645, 3),
(659, 3),
(668, 2);

--

-- Dumping data for table subscription_fees

--

INSERT INTO `subscription_fees` (`subscription_code`, `film_fee`, `series_fee`) VALUES
(1, 0.4, 0),
(2, 0, 0.2),
(3, 0.3, 0.1);

--

-- Dumping data for table employees

--

INSERT INTO `employees` (`employee_id`, `first_name`, `last_name`, `email`) VALUES
(123, "Alexander", "Green", "alex.green@sakilaemployee.org"),
(124, "Athena", "Pappa", "athena.pappa@sakilaemployee.org"),
(125, "Andreas", "Eleftherakis", 'andreas.eleftherakis@sakilaemployee.org'),
(126, "George", "Ioannou", 'george.ioannou@sakilaemployee.org'),
(127, "Periklis", "Smith", "periklis.smith@sakilaemployee.org");

--

-- Dumping data for table administrator

--

INSERT INTO `administrator` (`administrator_id`, `first_name`, `last_name`, `email`) VALUES
(211, "Elena", "Vlachou", "elena.vlachou@sakiladmin.org"),
(212, "Nikos", "Pappas", "nikos.pappas@sakiladmin.org"),
(213, "Andreas", "Iacovou", "andreas.iacovou@sakiladmin.org");

```

--

-- Dumping data for table series

--

```
INSERT INTO `series` (`series_id`, `title`, `description`, `num_seasons`, `language_id`,  
`original_language_id`, `rating`, `special_features`) VALUES
```

```
(1001, 'The Sandman', 'Upon escaping after decades of imprisonment by a mortal wizard, Dream,  
the personification of dreams, sets about to reclaim his lost equipment', 1, 1, NULL, 'G', 'Deleted  
Scenes'),
```

```
(1002, 'Better Call Saul', 'The trials and tribulations of criminal lawyer Jimmy McGill before his  
fateful run-in with Walter White and Jesse Pinkman', 6, 1, 1, NULL, NULL),
```

```
(1003, 'Stranger Things', 'When a young boy disappears, his mother, a police chief and his friends  
must confront terrifying supernatural forces in order to get him back', 4, 1, 1, 'G', 'Behind the  
Scenes'),
```

```
(1004, 'Game of Thrones', 'Nine noble families fight for control over the lands of Westeros, while an  
ancient enemy returns after being dormant for millennia', 8, 1, NULL, 'G', NULL),
```

```
(1005, 'The Boys', 'A group of vigilantes set out to take down corrupt superheroes who abuse their  
superpowers', 3, 1, 1, 'G', 'Commentaries'),
```

```
(1006, 'Westworld', 'At the intersection of the near future and the reimagined past, waits a world in  
which every human appetite can be indulged without consequence', 4, 1, NULL, 'PG-13', NULL),
```

```
(1007, 'Breaking Bad', 'A high school chemistry teacher diagnosed with inoperable lung cancer  
turns to manufacturing and selling methamphetamine in order to secure his familys future', 5, 1, 1,  
'G', NULL);
```

--

-- Dumping data for table series_seasons

--

```
INSERT INTO `series_seasons` (`series_id`, `season_id`, `season_release_year`,  
`num_episodes`) VALUES
```

```
(1001, 1, 2022, 11),
```

```
(1002, 1, 2015, 10),
```

```
(1002, 2, 2016, 10),
```

```
(1002, 3, 2017, 10),
```

```
(1002, 4, 2018, 10),
```

```
(1002, 5, 2020, 10),
```

```
(1002, 6, 2022, 13),
```

```
(1003, 1, 2016, 8),
```

```
(1003, 2, 2017, 9),
```

```

(1003, 3, 2019, 8),
(1003, 4, 2022, 9),
(1004, 1, 2011, 10),
(1004, 2, 2012, 10),
(1004, 3, 2013, 10),
(1004, 4, 2014, 10),
(1004, 5, 2015, 10),
(1004, 6, 2016, 10),
(1004, 7, 2017, 7),
(1004, 8, 2019, 6),
(1005, 1, 2019, 8),
(1005, 2, 2020, 8),
(1005, 3, 2022, 8),
(1006, 1, 2016, 10),
(1006, 2, 2018, 10),
(1006, 3, 2020, 8),
(1006, 4, 2022, 8),
(1007, 1, 2008, 7),
(1007, 2, 2009, 13),
(1007, 3, 2010, 13),
(1007, 4, 2011, 13),
(1007, 5, 2012, 16);

--

-- Dumping data for table episodes

--

INSERT INTO `episodes` (`episode_id`, `series_id`, `season_id`) VALUES
(111, 1001, 1), (112, 1001, 1), (113, 1001, 1), (114, 1001, 1), (115, 1001, 1),
(116, 1001, 1), (117, 1001, 1), (118, 1001, 1), (119, 1001, 1), (1110, 1001, 1), (1111, 1001, 1),
(211, 1002, 1), (212, 1002, 1), (213, 1002, 1), (214, 1002, 1), (215, 1002, 1),
(216, 1002, 1), (217, 1002, 1), (218, 1002, 1), (219, 1002, 1), (2110, 1002, 1),
(221, 1002, 2), (222, 1002, 2), (223, 1002, 2), (224, 1002, 2), (225, 1002, 2),

```

(226, 1002, 2), (227, 1002, 2), (228, 1002, 2), (229, 1002, 2), (2210, 1002, 2),
 (231, 1002, 3), (232, 1002, 3), (233, 1002, 3), (234, 1002, 3), (235, 1002, 3),
 (236, 1002, 3), (237, 1002, 3), (238, 1002, 3), (239, 1002, 3), (2310, 1002, 3),
 (241, 1002, 4), (242, 1002, 4), (243, 1002, 4), (244, 1002, 4), (245, 1002, 4),
 (246, 1002, 4), (247, 1002, 4), (248, 1002, 4), (249, 1002, 4), (2410, 1002, 4),
 (251, 1002, 5), (252, 1002, 5), (253, 1002, 5), (254, 1002, 5), (255, 1002, 5),
 (256, 1002, 5), (257, 1002, 5), (258, 1002, 5), (259, 1002, 5), (2510, 1002, 5),
 (261, 1002, 6), (262, 1002, 6), (263, 1002, 6), (264, 1002, 6), (265, 1002, 6),
 (266, 1002, 6), (267, 1002, 6), (268, 1002, 6), (269, 1002, 6), (2610, 1002, 6),
 (2611, 1002, 6), (2612, 1002, 6), (2613, 1002, 6),
 (311, 1003, 1), (312, 1003, 1), (313, 1003, 1), (314, 1003, 1),
 (315, 1003, 1), (316, 1003, 1), (317, 1003, 1), (318, 1003, 1),
 (321, 1003, 2), (322, 1003, 2), (323, 1003, 2), (324, 1003, 2),
 (325, 1003, 2), (326, 1003, 2), (327, 1003, 2), (328, 1003, 2), (329, 1003, 2),
 (331, 1003, 3), (332, 1003, 3), (333, 1003, 3), (334, 1003, 3),
 (335, 1003, 3), (336, 1003, 3), (337, 1003, 3), (338, 1003, 3),
 (341, 1003, 4), (342, 1003, 4), (343, 1003, 4), (344, 1003, 4),
 (345, 1003, 4), (346, 1003, 4), (347, 1003, 4), (348, 1003, 4), (349, 1003, 4),
 (411, 1004, 1), (412, 1004, 1), (413, 1004, 1), (414, 1004, 1), (415, 1004, 1),
 (416, 1004, 1), (417, 1004, 1), (418, 1004, 1), (419, 1004, 1), (4110, 1004, 1),
 (421, 1004, 2), (422, 1004, 2), (423, 1004, 2), (424, 1004, 2), (425, 1004, 2),
 (426, 1004, 2), (427, 1004, 2), (428, 1004, 2), (429, 1004, 2), (4210, 1004, 2),
 (431, 1004, 3), (432, 1004, 3), (433, 1004, 3), (434, 1004, 3), (435, 1004, 3),
 (436, 1004, 3), (437, 1004, 3), (438, 1004, 3), (439, 1004, 3), (4310, 1004, 3),
 (441, 1004, 4), (442, 1004, 4), (443, 1004, 4), (444, 1004, 4), (445, 1004, 4),
 (446, 1004, 4), (447, 1004, 4), (448, 1004, 4), (449, 1004, 4), (4410, 1004, 4),
 (451, 1004, 5), (452, 1004, 5), (453, 1004, 5), (454, 1004, 5), (455, 1004, 5),
 (456, 1004, 5), (457, 1004, 5), (458, 1004, 5), (459, 1004, 5), (4510, 1004, 5),
 (461, 1004, 6), (462, 1004, 6), (463, 1004, 6), (464, 1004, 6), (465, 1004, 6),
 (466, 1004, 6), (467, 1004, 6), (468, 1004, 6), (469, 1004, 6), (4610, 1004, 6),
 (471, 1004, 7), (472, 1004, 7), (473, 1004, 7), (474, 1004, 7), (475, 1004, 7),

(476, 1004, 7), (477, 1004, 7),
(481, 1004, 8), (482, 1004, 8), (483, 1004, 8),
(484, 1004, 8), (485, 1004, 8), (486, 1004, 8),
(511, 1005, 1), (512, 1005, 1), (513, 1005, 1), (514, 1005, 1),
(515, 1005, 1), (516, 1005, 1), (517, 1005, 1), (518, 1005, 1),
(521, 1005, 2), (522, 1005, 2), (523, 1005, 2), (524, 1005, 2),
(525, 1005, 2), (526, 1005, 2), (527, 1005, 2), (528, 1005, 2),
(531, 1005, 3), (532, 1005, 3), (533, 1005, 3), (534, 1005, 3),
(535, 1005, 3), (536, 1005, 3), (537, 1005, 3), (538, 1005, 3),
(611, 1006, 1), (612, 1006, 1), (613, 1006, 1), (614, 1006, 1), (615, 1006, 1),
(616, 1006, 1), (617, 1006, 1), (618, 1006, 1), (619, 1006, 1), (6110, 1006, 1),
(621, 1006, 2), (622, 1006, 2), (623, 1006, 2), (624, 1006, 2), (625, 1006, 2),
(626, 1006, 2), (627, 1006, 2), (628, 1006, 2), (629, 1006, 2), (6210, 1006, 2),
(631, 1006, 3), (632, 1006, 3), (633, 1006, 3), (634, 1006, 3),
(635, 1006, 3), (636, 1006, 3), (637, 1006, 3), (638, 1006, 3),
(641, 1006, 4), (642, 1006, 4), (643, 1006, 4), (644, 1006, 4),
(645, 1006, 4), (646, 1006, 4), (647, 1006, 4), (648, 1006, 4),
(711, 1007, 1), (712, 1007, 1), (713, 1007, 1), (714, 1007, 1),
(715, 1007, 1), (716, 1007, 1), (717, 1007, 1),
(721, 1007, 2), (722, 1007, 2), (723, 1007, 2), (724, 1007, 2), (725, 1007, 2),
(726, 1007, 2), (727, 1007, 2), (728, 1007, 2), (729, 1007, 2), (7210, 1007, 2),
(7211, 1007, 2), (7212, 1007, 2), (7213, 1007, 2),
(731, 1007, 3), (732, 1007, 3), (733, 1007, 3), (734, 1007, 3), (735, 1007, 3),
(736, 1007, 3), (737, 1007, 3), (738, 1007, 3), (739, 1007, 3), (7310, 1007, 3),
(7311, 1007, 3), (7312, 1007, 3), (7313, 1007, 3),
(741, 1007, 4), (742, 1007, 4), (743, 1007, 4), (744, 1007, 4), (745, 1007, 4),
(746, 1007, 4), (747, 1007, 4), (748, 1007, 4), (749, 1007, 4), (7410, 1007, 4),
(7411, 1007, 4), (7412, 1007, 4), (7413, 1007, 4),
(751, 1007, 5), (752, 1007, 5), (753, 1007, 5), (754, 1007, 5),
(755, 1007, 5), (756, 1007, 5), (757, 1007, 5), (758, 1007, 5),
(759, 1007, 5), (7510, 1007, 5), (7511, 1007, 5), (7512, 1007, 5),


```

(7513, 1007, 5), (7514, 1007, 5), (7515, 1007, 5), (7516, 1007, 5);

--

-- Dumping data for table actor

--

INSERT INTO `actor` (`actor_id`, `first_name`, `last_name`) VALUES
(10011, 'TOM', 'STURRIDGE'),
(10012, 'BOYD', 'HOLBROOK'),
(10013, 'PATTON', 'OSWALT'),
(10014, 'BOB', 'ODENKIRK'),
(10015, 'RHEA', 'SEEHORN'),
(10016, 'JONATHAN', 'BANKS'),
(10017, 'MILLIE', 'BOBBY BROWN'),
(10018, 'FINN', 'WOLFHARD'),
(10019, 'WINONA', 'RYDER'),
(10020, 'EMILIA', 'CLARKE'),
(10021, 'PETER', 'DINKLAGE'),
(10022, 'KIT', 'HARINGTON'),
(10023, 'KARL', 'URBAN'),
(10024, 'JACK', 'QUAID'),
(10025, 'ANTONY', 'STARR'),
(10026, 'EVAN', 'RACHEL'),
(10027, 'WOOD', 'JEFFREY WRIGHT'),
(10028, 'ED', 'HARIS'),
(10029, 'BRYAN', 'CRANSTON'),
(10030, 'AARON', 'PAUL'),
(10031, 'ANNA', 'GUNN');

--

-- Dumping data for table series_actor

--

INSERT INTO `series_actor` (`actor_id`, `series_id`) VALUES
(10011, 1001),

```

```

(10012, 1001),
(10013, 1001),
(10014, 1002),
(10015, 1002),
(10016, 1002),
(10017, 1003),
(10018, 1003),
(10019, 1003),
(10020, 1004),
(10021, 1004),
(10022, 1004),
(10023, 1005),
(10024, 1005),
(10025, 1005),
(10026, 1006),
(10027, 1006),
(10028, 1006),
(10029, 1007),
(10030, 1007),
(10031, 1007);

--

-- Dumping data for table series_category
--

INSERT INTO `series_category` (`series_id`, `category_id`) VALUES
(1001, 11),
(1002, 7),
(1003, 7),
(1004, 1),
(1005, 1),
(1006, 14),
(1007, 7);

```

--

-- Dumping data for table inventory

--

INSERT INTO `inventory` (`inventory_id`, `film_id`, `episode_id`) VALUES

(4501, NULL, 111), (4502, NULL, 112), (4503, NULL, 113), (4504, NULL, 114), (4505, NULL, 115),
(4506, NULL, 116), (4507, NULL, 117), (4508, NULL, 118), (4509, NULL, 119), (4510, NULL,
1110), (4511, NULL, 1111),

(4601, NULL, 211), (4602, NULL, 212), (4603, NULL, 213), (4604, NULL, 214), (4605, NULL, 215),
(4606, NULL, 216), (4607, NULL, 217), (4608, NULL, 218), (4609, NULL, 219), (4610, NULL,
2110),

(4611, NULL, 221), (4612, NULL, 222), (4613, NULL, 223), (4614, NULL, 224), (4615, NULL, 225),
(4616, NULL, 226), (4617, NULL, 227), (4618, NULL, 228), (4619, NULL, 229), (4620, NULL,
2210),

(4621, NULL, 231), (4622, NULL, 232), (4623, NULL, 233), (4624, NULL, 234), (4625, NULL, 235),
(4626, NULL, 236), (4627, NULL, 237), (4628, NULL, 238), (4629, NULL, 239), (4630, NULL,
2310),

(4631, NULL, 241), (4632, NULL, 242), (4633, NULL, 243), (4634, NULL, 244), (4635, NULL, 245),
(4636, NULL, 246), (4637, NULL, 247), (4638, NULL, 248), (4639, NULL, 249), (4640, NULL,
2410),

(4641, NULL, 251), (4642, NULL, 252), (4643, NULL, 253), (4644, NULL, 254), (4645, NULL, 255),
(4646, NULL, 256), (4647, NULL, 257), (4648, NULL, 258), (4649, NULL, 259), (4650, NULL,
2510),

(4651, NULL, 261), (4652, NULL, 262), (4653, NULL, 263), (4654, NULL, 264), (4655, NULL, 265),
(4656, NULL, 266), (4657, NULL, 267), (4658, NULL, 268), (4659, NULL, 269), (4660, NULL,
2610),

(4661, NULL, 2611), (4662, NULL, 2612), (4663, NULL, 2613),

(4701, NULL, 311), (4702, NULL, 312), (4703, NULL, 313), (4704, NULL, 314),

(4705, NULL, 315), (4706, NULL, 316), (4707, NULL, 317), (4708, NULL, 318),

(4709, NULL, 321), (4710, NULL, 322), (4711, NULL, 323), (4712, NULL, 324),

(4713, NULL, 325), (4714, NULL, 326), (4715, NULL, 327), (4716, NULL, 328), (4717, NULL, 329),

(4718, NULL, 331), (4719, NULL, 332), (4720, NULL, 333), (4721, NULL, 334),

(4722, NULL, 335), (4723, NULL, 336), (4724, NULL, 337), (4725, NULL, 338),

(4726, NULL, 341), (4727, NULL, 342), (4728, NULL, 343), (4729, NULL, 344),

(4730, NULL, 345), (4731, NULL, 346), (4732, NULL, 347), (4733, NULL, 348), (4734, NULL, 349),

(4801, NULL, 411), (4802, NULL, 412), (4803, NULL, 413), (4804, NULL, 414), (4805, NULL, 415),
(4806, NULL, 416), (4807, NULL, 417), (4808, NULL, 418), (4809, NULL, 419), (4810, NULL,
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--

-- Dumping data for table rental

--

INSERT INTO `rental` (`rental_id`, `rental_date`, `inventory_id`, `customer_id`) VALUES

(20001, '2022-08-22 01:25:08', 4501, 602),

(20002, '2022-08-22 01:55:08', 4502, 602),

(20003, '2022-08-22 02:35:08', 4503, 602),

(20004, '2022-08-22 04:03:13', 4504, 602),

(20005, '2022-08-22 07:00:08', 4505, 602),

```

```

(20006, '2022-08-22 09:00:08', 4511, 605);
(20007, '2022-08-22 11:01:13', 1061, 602);
INSERT INTO `rental` (`rental_id`, `rental_date`, `inventory_id`, `customer_id`) VALUES
(20008, '2022-08-22 14:31:09', 4924, 626),
(20009, '2022-08-22 16:37:09', 4917, 626),
(200010, '2022-08-22 16:48:09', 4720, 618);
--
-- Dumping data for table payment
--
INSERT INTO `payment` (`payment_id`, `customer_id`, `rental_id`, `amount`, `payment_date`)
VALUES
(16001, 602, 20001, '0.20', '2022-08-22 01:25:08'),
(16002, 602, 20002, '0.20', '2022-08-22 01:55:08'),
(16003, 602, 20003, '0.20', '2022-08-22 02:35:08'),
(16004, 602, 20004, '0.20', '2022-08-22 04:03:13'),
(16005, 602, 20005, '0.20', '2022-08-22 07:00:08'),
(16006, 605, 20006, '0.10', '2022-08-22 09:00:08');
INSERT INTO `payment` (`payment_id`, `customer_id`, `rental_id`, `amount`, `payment_date`)
VALUES
(16007, 626, 20008, '0.10', '2022-08-22 14:31:09'),
(16008, 626, 20009, '0.10', '2022-08-22 16:37:09'),
(16009, 618, 200010, '0.20', '2022-08-22 16:48:09');
--
-- Dumping data for table log_table
--
INSERT INTO `log_table` (`username`, `user_type`, `action_type`, `action_table`,
`action_datetime`, `if_successful`) VALUES
('elena.vlachou@sakiladmin.org', 'Administrator', 'update', 'RENTAL', '2022-08-29 12:00:00', 1);

```

Κώδικας SQL – STORED PROCEDURES

```
--
-- STORED PROCEDURE 3.1
--
DELIMITER $
CREATE PROCEDURE proc_ex_3_1
(
  IN film_or_series VARCHAR(1),
  IN top_n SMALLINT(5),
  IN min_date DATE,
  IN max_date DATE
)
BEGIN
  CASE film_or_series
    WHEN 'm' THEN
      SELECT
        F.film_id,
        F.title,
        COUNT(*) as total_rent
      FROM film F
      INNER JOIN inventory I
      ON F.film_id = I.film_id
      INNER JOIN rental R
      ON R.inventory_id = I.inventory_id
      INNER JOIN payment P
      ON P.rental_id = R.rental_id
      WHERE P.payment_date >= min_date AND P.payment_date <= max_date
      OR P.payment_date <= min_date AND P.payment_date >= max_date
      GROUP BY F.film_id, F.title
      ORDER BY total_rent DESC, film_id ASC
      LIMIT top_n;

    WHEN 's' THEN

      SELECT
        S.series_id,
        S.title,
        COUNT(*) as total_rent
      FROM series S
      INNER JOIN episodes E
      ON S.series_id = E.series_id
      INNER JOIN inventory I
      ON I.episode_id = E.episode_id
      INNER JOIN rental R
      ON R.inventory_id = I.inventory_id
      INNER JOIN payment P
      ON P.rental_id = R.rental_id
      WHERE P.payment_date >= min_date AND P.payment_date <= max_date
```

```

        OR P.payment_date <= min_date AND P.payment_date >= max_date
    GROUP BY S.series_id, S.title
    ORDER BY total_rent DESC, series_id ASC
    LIMIT top_n;
END CASE;

END $

SHOW CREATE PROCEDURE proc_ex_3_1;

CALL proc_ex_3_1('m', 10, '2005-07-31', '2022-07-01');
CALL proc_ex_3_1('m', 6, '2005-07-01', '2022-07-31');
CALL proc_ex_3_1('s', 8, '2005-07-01', '2022-09-30');

--
-- STORED PROCEDURE 3.2
--

DELIMITER $

CREATE PROCEDURE proc_ex_3_2
(
    IN given_email VARCHAR(50),
    IN given_date DATE,
    OUT total_items SMALLINT(5)
)
BEGIN

    SELECT COUNT(*) INTO total_items
    FROM CUSTOMER C
    INNER JOIN SUBSCRIPTIONS S ON C.customer_id = S.customer_id
    INNER JOIN payment P ON C.customer_id = P.customer_id
    WHERE C.email = given_email AND DATE(P.payment_date) = given_date
    GROUP BY C.email, S.subscription_code
    ORDER BY total_items DESC;

    SELECT
        DATE(P.payment_date) as payment_date,
        C.email,
        S.subscription_code,
        COUNT(*) as total_items
    FROM CUSTOMER C
    INNER JOIN SUBSCRIPTIONS S

```



```

ON C.customer_id = S.customer_id
INNER JOIN payment P
ON C.customer_id = P.customer_id
WHERE C.email = given_email AND DATE(P.payment_date) = given_date
GROUP BY C.email, S.subscription_code;

END $

SHOW create procedure proc_ex_3_2a;

CALL proc_ex_3_2('DAN.PAINE@sakilacustomer.org', '2005-07-07', @total_items);
SELECT @total_items;
CALL proc_ex_3_2('PENELOPE.BARBER@sakilacustomer.org', '2022-08-22', @total_items);
SELECT @total_items;
CALL proc_ex_3_2('EMANUEL.LOWERY@sakilacustomer.org', '2022-08-22', @total_items);
SELECT @total_items;
CALL proc_ex_3_2('GRACE.ELLIS@sakilacustomer.org', '2005-08-23', @total_items);
SELECT @total_items;
CALL proc_ex_3_2('GILBERT.SLEDGE@sakilacustomer.org', '2006-02-14', @total_items);
SELECT @total_items;
CALL proc_ex_3_2('JULIE.SANCHEZ@sakilacustomer.org', '2006-02-14', @total_items);
SELECT @total_items;

--
-- STORED PROCEDURE 3.3
--

DELIMITER $

CREATE PROCEDURE proc_ex_3_3()

BEGIN

    SELECT
        YEAR(P.payment_date) AS payment_date_year,
        DATE_FORMAT(P.payment_date, '%M') AS payment_date_month,
        SUM(SF.series_fee * (CASE WHEN I.episode_id IS NULL AND SF.subscription_code != 1
THEN 0 ELSE 1 END)) AS total_series_amount,

        CASE
            WHEN YEAR(P.payment_date) < '2022' THEN SUM(P.amount)
            WHEN YEAR(P.payment_date) >= '2022' THEN SUM(SF.film_fee * (CASE WHEN I.film_id
IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END))
            ELSE NULL
        END as total_film_amount

```

```

FROM payment P
INNER JOIN customer C
ON P.customer_id = C.customer_id
INNER JOIN subscriptions S
ON C.customer_id = S.customer_id
INNER JOIN subscription_fees SF
ON S.subscription_code = SF.subscription_code
INNER JOIN rental R
ON P.rental_id = R.rental_id
INNER JOIN inventory I
ON R.inventory_id = I.inventory_id
GROUP BY payment_date_year, payment_date_month
ORDER BY payment_date_year ASC, payment_date_month DESC;

END $

SHOW CREATE PROCEDURE proc_ex_3_3;

CALL proc_ex_3_3();

--
-- STORED PROCEDURE 3.4 - INDEXING OF last_name COLUMN to optimise query and the
-- speed of data retrieval
--

CREATE INDEX idx_surname ON actor(last_name);
SHOW INDEXES FROM actor;
--
--

--
-- STORED PROCEDURE 3.4.A
--

DELIMITER $

CREATE PROCEDURE proc_ex_3_4a
(
IN min_surname VARCHAR(50),
IN max_surname VARCHAR(50),
OUT total_actors SMALLINT(5)
)
BEGIN

SELECT COUNT(*) INTO total_actors

```

```

FROM actor A
WHERE LEFT(A.last_name, LENGTH(min_surname)) >= min_surname AND
LEFT(A.last_name, LENGTH(min_surname)) <= max_surname
OR LEFT(A.last_name, LENGTH(min_surname)) <= min_surname AND LEFT(A.last_name,
LENGTH(min_surname)) >= max_surname;

```

```

SELECT
  A.last_name,
  A.first_name
FROM actor A
WHERE LEFT(A.last_name, LENGTH(min_surname)) >= min_surname AND
LEFT(A.last_name, LENGTH(min_surname)) <= max_surname
OR LEFT(A.last_name, LENGTH(min_surname)) <= min_surname AND LEFT(A.last_name,
LENGTH(min_surname)) >= max_surname
ORDER BY A.last_name ASC;

```

```
END $
```

```
SHOW create procedure proc_ex_3_4a;
```

```

CALL proc_ex_3_4a('Aco', 'Alm', @total_actors);
SELECT @total_actors;
CALL proc_ex_3_4a('Mar', 'Mem', @total_actors);
SELECT @total_actors;
CALL proc_ex_3_4a('BAA', 'BAJ', @total_actors);
SELECT @total_actors;

```

```

--
-- STORED PROCEDURE 3.4.B
--

```

```
DELIMITER $
```

```

CREATE PROCEDURE proc_ex_3_4b
(
  IN given_surname VARCHAR(50)
)
BEGIN

```

```

  SELECT
    A.last_name,
    A.first_name,
    ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY A.last_name) as row_num
  FROM actor A
  WHERE A.last_name = given_surname
  ORDER BY A.last_name;

```

END \$

SHOW create procedure proc_ex_3_4b;

CALL proc_ex_3_4b('Acosta');

CALL proc_ex_3_4b('Hayden');

CALL proc_ex_3_4b('Murray');