#### **DATA STRUCTURES**

#### **DAY-14**

## 1. Shortest path algorithm

### **Program:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include inits.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#define V 5 int minDistance(int dist[], bool sptSet[]) {
  int min = INT_MAX, min_index;
  for (int v = 0; v < V; v++)
    if (sptSet[v] == false && dist[v] <= min)</pre>
      min = dist[v], min_index = v;
  return min index;
}
void printSolution(int dist[]) {
  printf("Vertex \t Distance from Source\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
    printf("%d \t\t %d\n", i, dist[i]);
}
void dijkstra(int graph[V][V], int src) {
  int dist[V];
  bool sptSet[V];
  for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
    dist[i] = INT_MAX, sptSet[i] = false;
  dist[src] = 0;
```

```
for (int count = 0; count < V - 1; count++) {
    int u = minDistance(dist, sptSet);
    sptSet[u] = true;
    for (int v = 0; v < V; v++)
      if (!sptSet[v] && graph[u][v] && dist[u] != INT_MAX
         && dist[u] + graph[u][v] < dist[v])
         dist[v] = dist[u] + graph[u][v];
  }
  printSolution(dist);
}
int main() {
  int graph[V][V] = {
    \{0, 10, 0, 30, 100\},\
    \{10, 0, 50, 0, 0\},\
    \{0, 50, 0, 20, 10\},\
    {30, 0, 20, 0, 60},
    \{100, 0, 10, 60, 0\},\
  };
  dijkstra(graph, 0);
  return 0;
}
```

# **Output:**

Vertex Distance from Source

```
0110250330
```

4 60

# 2.Dijkstra's Algorithm

### **Program:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include inits.h>
#define V 5
int minDistance(int dist[], int sptSet[]) {
  int min = INT_MAX, min_index;
  for (int v = 0; v < V; v++) {
    if (sptSet[v] == 0 \&\& dist[v] <= min) {
      min = dist[v];
      min_index = v;
    }
  }
 return min_index;
}
void dijkstra(int graph[V][V], int src) {
 int dist[V];
  int sptSet[V];
  for (int i = 0; i < V; i++) {
    dist[i] = INT_MAX;
```

```
sptSet[i] = 0;
  }
  dist[src] = 0;
  for (int count = 0; count < V - 1; count++) {
    int u = minDistance(dist, sptSet);
    sptSet[u] = 1;
    for (int v = 0; v < V; v++) {
      if (!sptSet[v] && graph[u][v] && dist[u] != INT_MAX && dist[u] + graph[u][v] <
dist[v]) {
         dist[v] = dist[u] + graph[u][v];
      }
    }
  }
  printf("Vertex \t Distance from Source\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < V; i++) {
    printf("%d \t %d\n", i, dist[i]);
  }
}
int main() {
  int graph[V][V] = \{ \{0, 10, 0, 30, 100 \},
             \{10, 0, 50, 0, 0\},\
             \{0, 50, 0, 20, 10\},\
             {30, 0, 20, 0, 60},
             {100, 0, 10, 60, 0} };
  dijkstra(graph, 0);
  return 0;
}
```

# **Output:**

Vertex Distance from Source

- 0 0
- 1 10
- 2 50
- 3 30
- 4 60