AVL Tree

Write a C Program on Insert a node in AVL tree and perform the operations like insert, delete, search on following:

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i)18,8,18,5,11,17,4
ii)25,20,36,10,22,30,40,12,28,38,48
iii)1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8
Code:
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct AVLNode {
 int key;
 struct AVLNode* left;
 struct AVLNode* right;
 int height;
};
struct AVLNode* createNode(int key) {
  struct AVLNode* node = (struct AVLNode*)malloc(sizeof(struct AVLNode));
 node->key = key;
 node->left = NULL;
 node->right = NULL;
 node->height = 1;
  return node;
int height(struct AVLNode* node) {
 if (node == NULL)
    return 0;
  return node->height;
int getBalance(struct AVLNode* node) {
  if (node == NULL)
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return 0;

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return height(node->left) - height(node->right);
}
struct AVLNode* rightRotate(struct AVLNode* y) {
  struct AVLNode* x = y->left;
  struct AVLNode* T2 = x->right;
 x->right=y;
 y->left = T2;
 y->height = 1 + (height(y->left) > height(y->right)? height(y->left) : height(y->right));
  x->height = 1 + (height(x->left) > height(x->right)? height(x->left) : height(x->right));
 return x;
}
struct AVLNode* leftRotate(struct AVLNode* x) {
  struct AVLNode* y = x->right;
  struct AVLNode* T2 = y->left;
 y->left = x;
 x->right = T2;
 x->height = 1 + (height(x->left) > height(x->right)? height(x->left) : height(x->right));
 y->height = 1 + (height(y->left) > height(y->right)? height(y->left) : height(y->right));
  return y;
}
struct AVLNode* insert(struct AVLNode* node, int key) {
  if (node == NULL)
    return createNode(key);
 if (key < node->key)
    node->left = insert(node->left, key);
  else if (key > node->key)
    node->right = insert(node->right, key);
  else
    return node;
  node->height = 1 + (height(node->left) > height(node->right) ? height(node->left) :
height(node->right));
  int balance = getBalance(node);
  if (balance > 1 && key < node->left->key)
    return rightRotate(node);
  if (balance < -1 && key > node->right->key)
    return leftRotate(node);
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if (balance > 1 && key > node->left->key) {
    node->left = leftRotate(node->left);
    return rightRotate(node);
 }
 if (balance < -1 && key < node->right->key) {
    node->right = rightRotate(node->right);
    return leftRotate(node);
 }
  return node;
}
struct AVLNode* minValueNode(struct AVLNode* node) {
 struct AVLNode* current = node;
 while (current && current->left != NULL)
    current = current->left;
 return current;
}
struct AVLNode* deleteNode(struct AVLNode* root, int key) {
  if (root == NULL)
    return root;
 if (key < root->key)
    root->left = deleteNode(root->left, key);
  else if (key > root->key)
    root->right = deleteNode(root->right, key);
  else {
    if ((root->left == NULL) || (root->right == NULL)) {
      struct AVLNode* temp = root->left ? root->left : root->right;
      if (temp == NULL) {
        temp = root;
        root = NULL;
      } else
        *root = *temp;
      free(temp);
    } else {
      struct AVLNode* temp = minValueNode(root->right);
      root->key = temp->key;
      root->right = deleteNode(root->right, temp->key);
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}
  }
  if (root == NULL)
    return root;
  root->height = 1 + (height(root->left) > height(root->right) ? height(root->left) :
height(root->right));
  int balance = getBalance(root);
  if (balance > 1 && getBalance(root->left) >= 0)
    return rightRotate(root);
  if (balance > 1 && getBalance(root->left) < 0) {
    root->left = leftRotate(root->left);
    return rightRotate(root);
  }
  if (balance < -1 && getBalance(root->right) <= 0)
    return leftRotate(root);
  if (balance < -1 && getBalance(root->right) > 0) {
    root->right = rightRotate(root->right);
    return leftRotate(root);
  }
  return root;
struct AVLNode* search(struct AVLNode* root, int key) {
  if (root == NULL || root->key == key)
    return root;
  if (root->key < key)
    return search(root->right, key);
  return search(root->left, key);
void inorder(struct AVLNode* root) {
  if (root != NULL) {
    inorder(root->left);
    printf("%d ", root->key);
    inorder(root->right);
  }
}
int main() {
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struct AVLNode* root1 = NULL;
struct AVLNode* root2 = NULL;
struct AVLNode* root3 = NULL;
int values1[] = {18, 8, 18, 5, 11, 17, 4};
int n1 = sizeof(values1) / sizeof(values1[0]);
for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++) {
  root1 = insert(root1, values1[i]);
printf(" after insertion: ");
inorder(root1);
printf("\n");
int searchKey1 = 11;
struct AVLNode* foundNode1 = search(root1, searchKey1);
if (foundNode1 != NULL) {
  printf("Key %d found in the first AVL tree.\n", searchKey1);
} else {
  printf("Key %d not found in the first AVL tree.\n", searchKey1);
}
int deleteKey1 = 8;
root1 = deleteNode(root1, deleteKey1);
printf(" after deleting %d: ", deleteKey1);
inorder(root1);
printf("\n");
int values2[] = {25, 20, 36, 10, 22, 30, 40, 12, 28, 38, 48};
int n2 = sizeof(values2) / sizeof(values2[0]);
for (int i = 0; i < n2; i++) {
  root2 = insert(root2, values2[i]);
printf(" after insertion: ");
inorder(root2);
printf("\n");
int searchKey2 = 30;
struct AVLNode* foundNode2 = search(root2, searchKey2);
if (foundNode2 != NULL) {
  printf("Key %d found in the second AVL tree.\n", searchKey2);
} else {
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printf("Key %d not found in the second AVL tree.\n", searchKey2);
  }
  int deleteKey2 = 36;
  root2 = deleteNode(root2, deleteKey2);
  printf("e after deleting %d: ", deleteKey2);
  inorder(root2);
  printf("\n");
  int values 3[] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\};
  int n3 = sizeof(values3) / sizeof(values3[0]);
  for (int i = 0; i < n3; i++) {
    root3 = insert(root3, values3[i]);
  }
  printf(" after insertion: ");
  inorder(root3);
  printf("\n");
  int searchKey3 = 5;
  struct AVLNode* foundNode3 = search(root3, searchKey3);
  if (foundNode3 != NULL) {
    printf("Key %d found in the third AVL tree.\n", searchKey3);
  } else {
    printf("Key %d not found in the third AVL tree.\n", searchKey3);
  int deleteKey3 = 4;
  root3 = deleteNode(root3, deleteKey3);
  printf(" after deleting %d: ", deleteKey3);
  inorder(root3);
  printf("\n");
  return 0;
OUTPUT:
after insertion: 4 5 8 11 17 18
Key 11 found in the first AVL tree.
after deleting 8: 4 5 11 17 18
after insertion: 10 12 20 22 25 28 30 36 38 40 48
Key 30 found in the second AVL tree.
```

}

e after deleting 36: 10 12 20 22 25 28 30 38 40 48

after insertion: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Key 5 found in the third AVL tree.

after deleting 4: 1 2 3 5 6 7 8