

DAY-1

→ Flow charts:

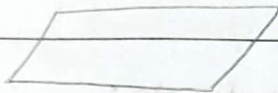
flowchart is a graphical Representation of an algorithm.

programmers often use it as program planning tool to solve a problem.

→ Components in flow chart:



→ terminator (used to start/end the flowchart)



→ Input/output block.



→ Process block.



→ Decision making block.

* Arrows indicate the flow of process.

Pseudo Code:

Generic way of representing your algorithm in textual form

Example's:

* Difference of two numbers

① Read a & b

② difference = $a - b$

③ print difference.

* Print the avg of two numbers a & b.

① Read a & b

② $avg = \frac{a+b}{2}$

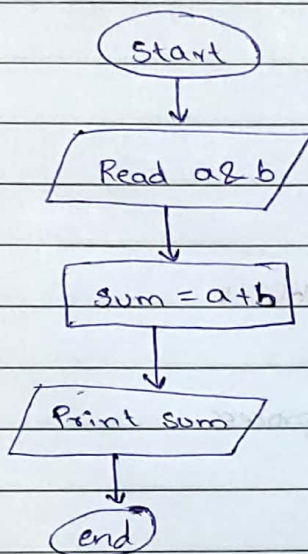
③ Print avg

Flowchart practice:

① Add 2 numbers by taking Input.

flowchart:

Pseudocode:



① Start

② Read a & b

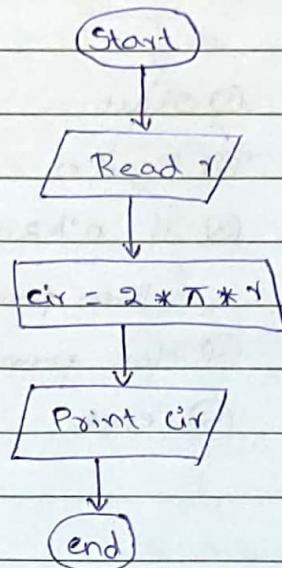
③ Sum = a + b

④ Print sum

⑤ end.

② Find Circumference of a circle.

Flowchart:

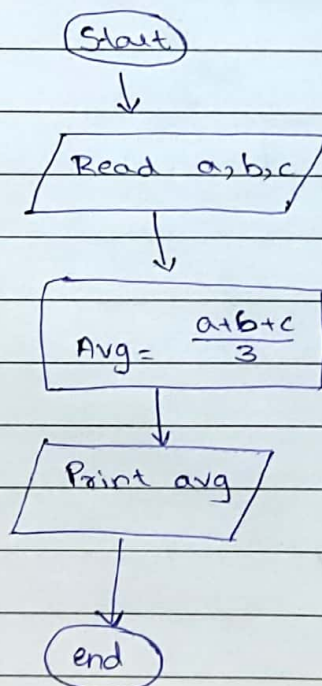


Pseudo code:

- ① Start
- ② Read r
- ③ $circ = 2 * \pi * r$
- ④ Print $circ$
- ⑤ exit

③ Avg of three numbers a, b, c .

Flowchart:

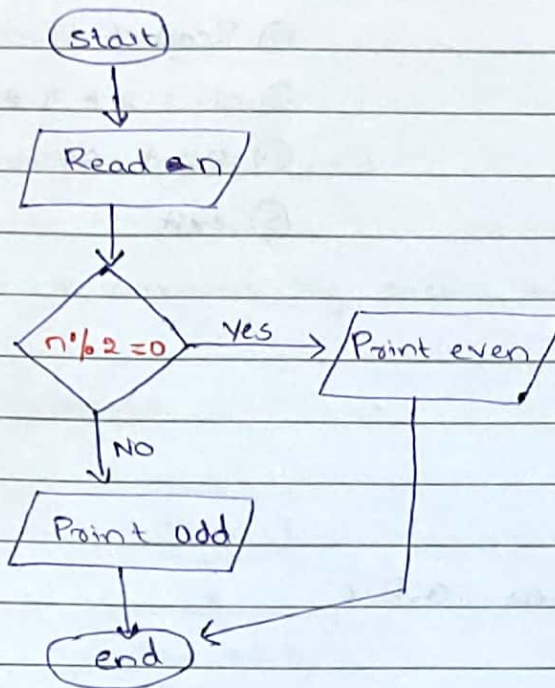


Pseudo code:

- ① Start
- ② Read a, b, c
- ③ $avg = \frac{a+b+c}{3}$
- ④ Print avg
- ⑤ end.

④ Check number is ODD or Even

Flowchart:



Pseudo code:

- ① Start
- ② Read n
- ③ if $n \% 2 == 0$,
then print even.
- ④ else print odd
- ⑤ end.

5) Students & Grade flowchart

Marks → Grade

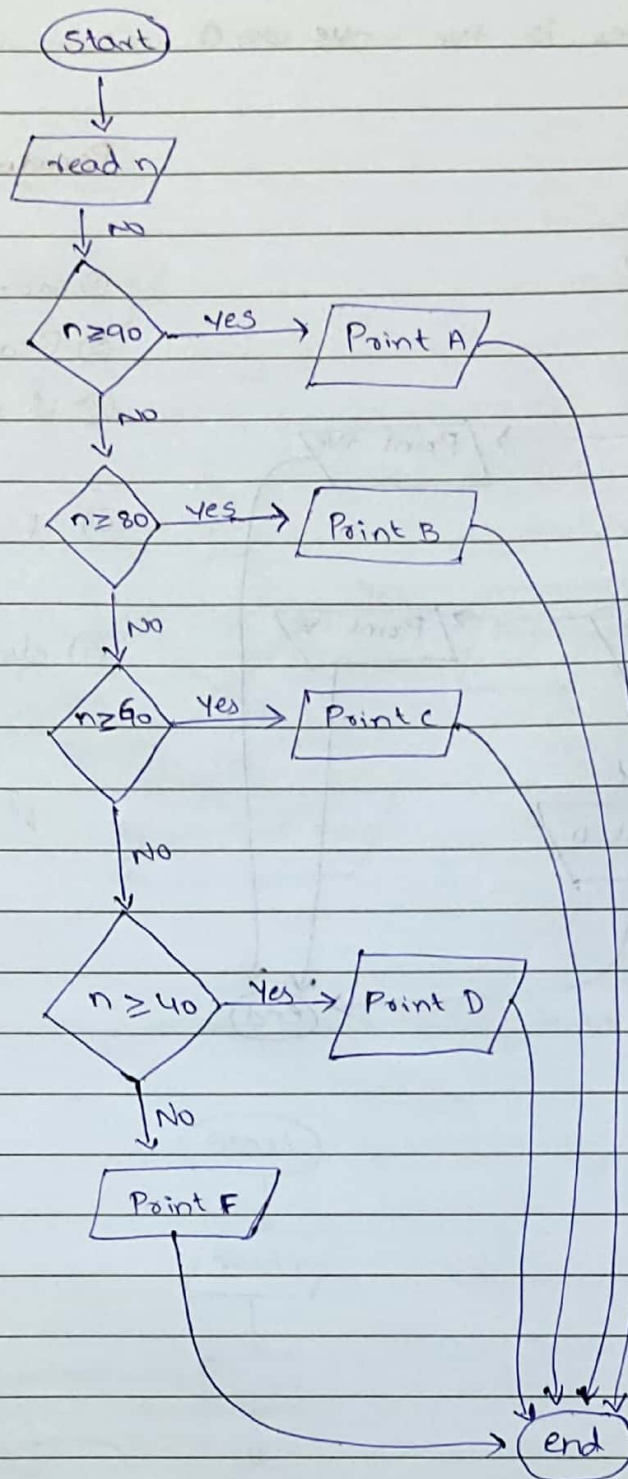
$\geq 90 \rightarrow A$

$\geq 80 \rightarrow B$

$\geq 60 \rightarrow C$

$\geq 40 \rightarrow D$

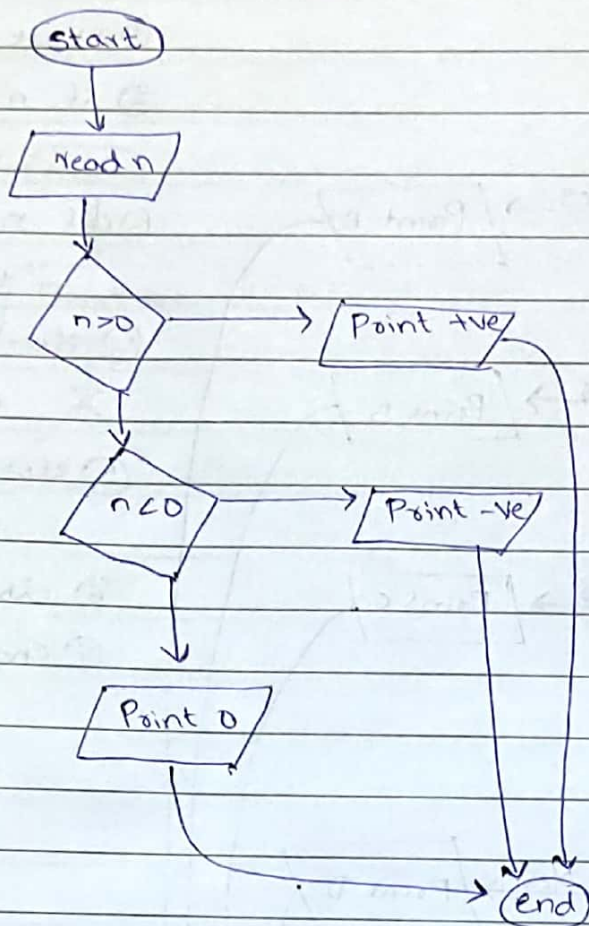
$< 40 \rightarrow F$



Pseudo code:

- ① Start
- ② if $n \geq 90$
then point A
- ③ elif $n \geq 80$
then point B
- ④ else if $n \geq 60$
then point C
- ⑤ elseif $n \geq 40$
then point D
- ⑥ else print F
- ⑦ end

6) check number is +ve, -ve or 0



Pseudocode:

① start

② Read n

③ if $n > 0$, then

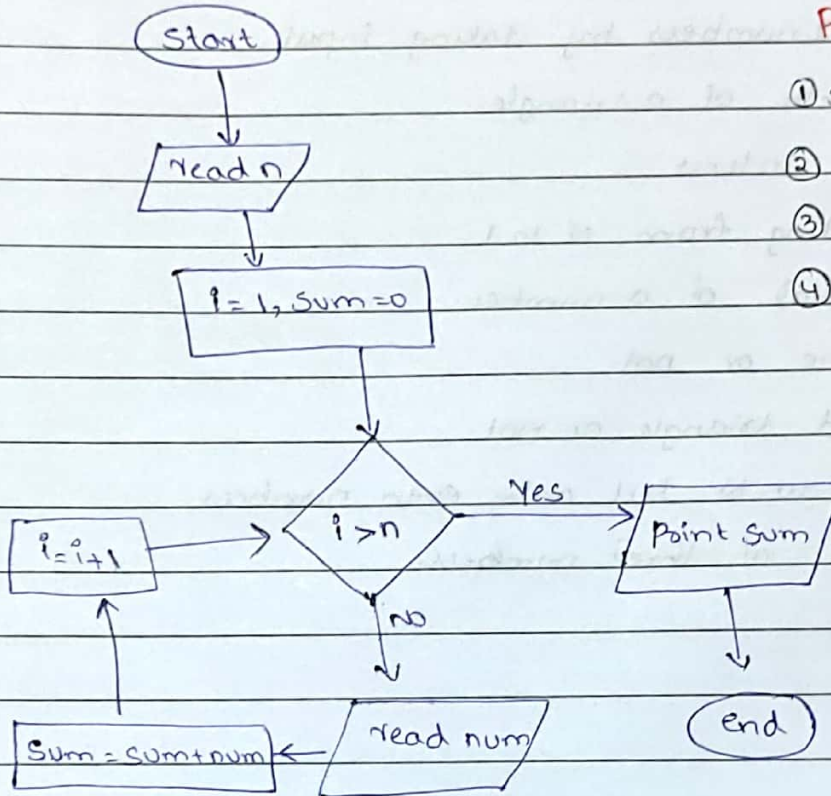
Print +ve

④ if $n < 0$, then

Print -ve

⑤ else print 0

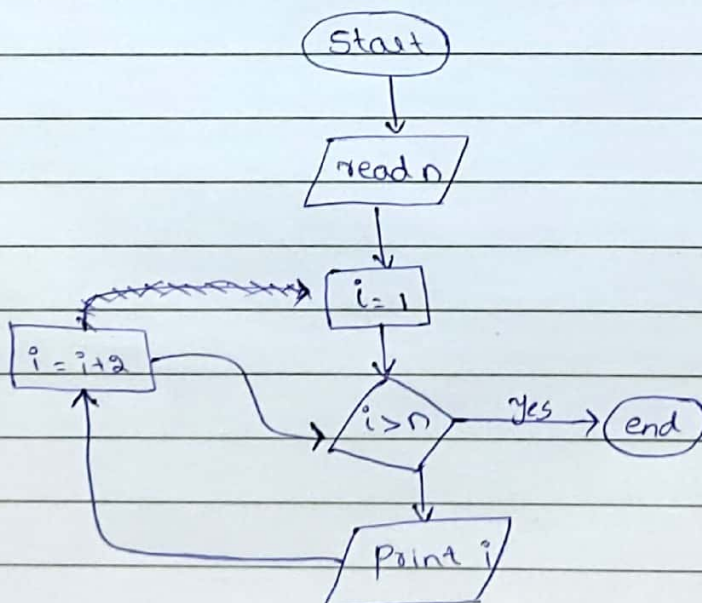
7) Add N numbers from user



Pseudo code: i

- ① Start
- ② read n
- ③ $i = 1$, $Sum = 0$
- ④ if $i > n$ then print Sum & exit
- ⑤ else read num
 $Sum = Sum + num$
 $i = i + 1$
- ⑥ go to step 4

8) Printing N numbers but only odd



Pseudo code:

- ① Start
- ② read n
- ③ $i = 1$
- ④ if $i > n$ then end
- ⑤ if else
Print i
 $i = i + 2$
- ⑥ go to step 4

Homework

- 1) Multiply 2 numbers by taking input
- 2) find perimeter of a triangle.
- 3) find simple interest
- 4) Print counting from N to 1
- 5) find factorial of a number
- 6) check prime or not
- 7) check valid triangle or not
- 8) printing 1 to N but only even numbers.
- 9) print max of three numbers.

