## **Project Overview**

**Title**: IoT-Based Health Monitoring and Automation System

### Objective:

The primary goal of this project is to design and implement an IoT-enabled system that combines health monitoring with home automation. The system integrates various sensors and actuators to monitor health parameters and control environmental conditions. Real-time updates and alerts are sent to a cloud platform for remote monitoring and control, ensuring a smart, responsive, and accessible solution. Additionally, voice-based control via Google Assistant enhances user interaction and convenience.

## **Components Used**

### 1. Microcontrollers:

### o Arduino Uno:

Manages sensor interfacing and LCD display.



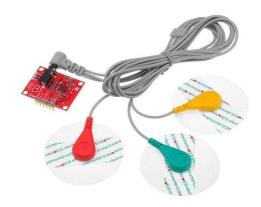
## o ESP8266 NodeMCU:

Handles cloud integration, IoT connectivity, and communication with Google Assistant.



## 2. Sensors:

o **ECG Sensor**: Monitors heart rate signals.



o IR Sensor: Detects the patient's presence on the bed.



o **Light Sensor (LDR)**: Monitors ambient light levels.

# 3. Actuators:

(Insert an image of the relay module, DC motor, and buzzer together.)

o Relay Module: Controls lighting.



4 .DC Motor: Operates as a prototype fan for temperature regulation.



5. **Buzzer**: Alerts in critical conditions (e.g., absence of the patient).



# 6. Display:

o **I2C LCD (16x2)**: Provides real-time status updates.



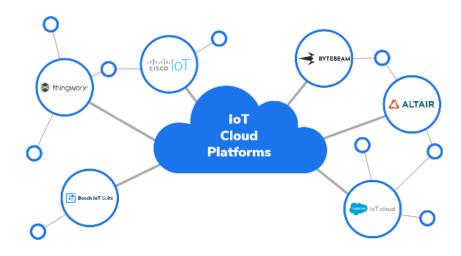
# 7. Power Supply:

o External power supplies (e.g., 9V batteries for Arduino Uno and ESP8266).



## 8.IoT Cloud Platform:

o **Arduino IoT Cloud**: Facilitates real-time monitoring and control via a web dashboard.



# 9. Voice Assistant:

 Google Assistant: Enables voice-based control of lights and fan through integration with ESP8266 using IFTTT.



### **System Design**

## **Health Monitoring**

## • Setup:

ECG sensor, DHT sensor, and IR sensor are interfaced with the Arduino Uno. Data from these sensors is processed and displayed on the LCD.

### • Functionality:

- o ECG sensor monitors heart rate signals.
- o DHT sensor records temperature.
- o IR sensor detects the patient's presence on the bed.
- o The buzzer is activated if the patient is absent from the bed for a specified time.
- Data is transmitted to the IoT Cloud via ESP8266.

#### **Home Automation**

#### Setup:

The relay module and DC motor are connected to the ESP8266.

### Functionality:

- o Relay controls light based on cloud commands or voice commands.
- DC motor simulates a fan that operates automatically when temperature thresholds are exceeded or via voice commands.

## **Voice Control**

### • Integration:

- o Google Assistant is connected to the ESP8266 using IFTTT applets.
- Commands such as "Turn on the fan" or "Turn off the light" are processed via Google Assistant and trigger appropriate actions on the ESP8266.

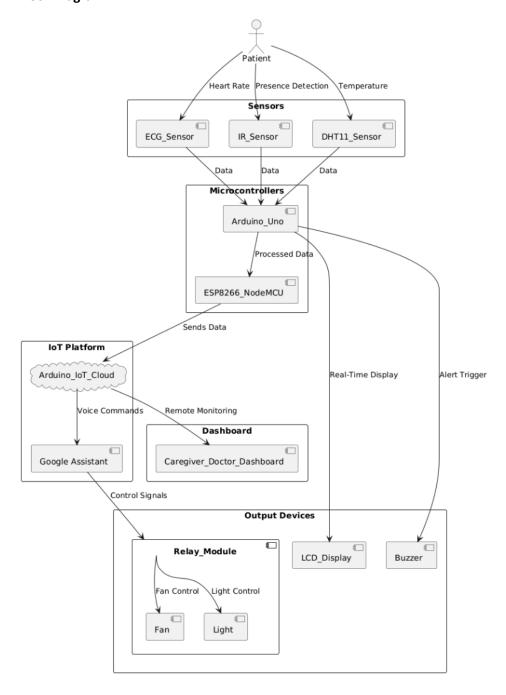
### Integration

- Communication between Arduino Uno and ESP8266 ensures seamless sensor data transfer and cloud updates.
  - (Insert an image showing the serial connection and voltage divider circuit between Arduino Uno and ESP8266.)
- The Arduino IoT Cloud provides a unified dashboard for real-time updates and device control.

#### **Features**

- Real-time health parameter monitoring (ECG, temperature, presence detection).
- Alerts via buzzer and cloud notifications for critical conditions.
- Automated and remote control of home devices.
- Voice-based control of fan and light using Google Assistant.
- LCD display for immediate local feedback.

# **Block Diagram:**



# Components Table :

| Component         | Туре                | Key Features  | Function in Project   |
|-------------------|---------------------|---|---|
| Arduino Uno       | Microcontroller     | 14 digital I/O pins, 6 analog input pins, operates at 5V, supports multiple communication protocols.    | Interfacing sensors and output devices, processing data, and sending it to ESP8266 for cloud integration.               |
| ESP8266 NodeMCU   | Microcontroller/IoT | Built-in Wi-Fi, supports<br>TCP/IP, 4MB flash memory,<br>operates at 3.3V.                              | Enables IoT functionality by connecting to Arduino IoT Cloud and controlling devices remotely.                          |
| ECG Sensor        | Sensor              | Measures electrical activity of the heart, provides analog output.                                      | Monitors heart rate<br>signals of the patient for<br>real-time health tracking.   |
| IR Sensor         | Sensor              | Detects presence or proximity using infrared light, operates at 3-5V.                                   | Checks if the patient is on<br>the bed; triggers alerts if<br>absent.   |
| DHT11 Sensor      | Sensor              | Measures temperature and humidity, digital output, low power consumption.                               | Monitors ambient or<br>body temperature for<br>health data and<br>automation.   |
| LCD Display (I2C) | Display Device      | 16x2 characters, I2C interface for reduced pin usage, operates at 5V.                                   | Displays real-time data<br>such as temperature, heart<br>rate, and system alerts.                                       |
| Buzzer            | Output Device       | Generates audible alerts, operates at 3-5V, low power consumption.                                      | Provides alerts in critical conditions (e.g., patient absence from the bed).  |
| Relay Module      | Actuator            | Operates at 3-5V, allows high-voltage device control, supports multiple channels.                       | Controls fan and light<br>based on commands from<br>Google Assistant or<br>automation conditions.                       |
| Fan (DC Motor)    | Actuator            | Operates at low voltage (6-12V), adjustable speed, lightweight and compact.                             | Provides a prototype<br>cooling solution controlled<br>by environmental<br>temperature data or<br>Google Assistant.     |
| Light             | Actuator            | Can be connected to the relay, operates on household AC or DC voltages.                                 | Provides automated or voice-controlled lighting functionality.  |
| Arduino IoT Cloud | IoT Platform        | Offers real-time monitoring, dashboard creation, cloud storage, and remote control via mobile/web apps. | Acts as the centralized platform for data monitoring, control, and voice commands integration.                          |
| Google Assistant  | Voice Assistant     | Supports natural language processing, integrates with IoT platforms, provides hands-free control.       | Enables voice commands<br>to control fan and light,<br>enhancing accessibility for<br>patients with mobility<br>issues. |

## **Implementation Details**

### **Circuit Design**

#### • Arduino Uno Connections:

- o ECG sensor to analog pins.
- o IR sensor and temperature sensor to digital pins.
- o LCD connected via I2C interface.

#### • ESP8266 Connections:

- o Communication with Arduino via voltage divider to match logic levels.
- o Relay and motor connections for light and fan control.

## **Code Explanation**

#### Arduino Code:

- o Initializes sensors and reads data.
- Displays data on the LCD.
- o Sends data to ESP8266 via serial communication.

#### ESP8266 Code:

- o Establishes cloud connectivity.
- o Receives data from Arduino Uno.
- o Processes voice commands received via Google Assistant.
- o Controls actuators based on cloud inputs and sensor thresholds.

## **Power Management**

# **Testing and Results**

# **Testing Scenarios**

## 1. Health Monitoring:

- o Patient absence triggers a buzzer alert.
- o ECG and temperature data displayed on LCD and IoT Cloud.

### 2. Home Automation:

- o Fan activates when temperature exceeds the threshold or via voice command.
- Light controlled remotely or through voice commands.

#### **Results**

- Successfully integrated health monitoring with home automation and voice control.
- Accurate real-time updates on IoT Cloud dashboard.
- Immediate alerts and controls for critical conditions.



### **Future Enhancements**

- Addition of advanced health sensors (e.g., SpO2, blood pressure).
- Development of a mobile app for enhanced user experience.
- Solar-powered energy system for sustainability.

### References

- Datasheets for ECG, DHT11/DHT22, IR sensors, and ESP8266.
- Arduino and ESP8266 library documentation.
- Official Arduino IoT Cloud setup guide.
- Google Assistant and IFTTT integration guides.

This document serves as a comprehensive guide to replicate the IoT-Based Health Monitoring and Automation System with voice control.