

LABSHEET 4

1. Write a shell script to generate emails in the given format and write it into a file. Your script should accept sender and recipient email id's and subject as command line arguments.

From: abc@domain1.com

To: xx@domain.com

Cc: yy@domain.com

Subject: Subject 1

This email is generated by my shell script.

Thanks and regards

S4 CSE student

Amritapuri

```
echo "From : "  
read From  
echo "To : "  
read To  
echo "Cc: "  
echo "Subject : "  
read Subject  
  
cat <<EOF >email  
From : $From  
To : $To  
Cc : $Cc  
Subject : $Subject  
    This mail is generates by my shell script.  
    Thanks and regards  
    S4 CSE students  
    Amritapuri  
EOF  
cat email
```

```
From :  
abc@domain.com  
To :  
xyz@domain2.com  
Cc:  
yy@domain2.com  
Subject :  
Subject  
From : abc@domain.com  
To : xyz@domain2.com  
Cc : yy@domain2.com  
Subject : Subject  
    This mail is generates by my shell script.  
    Thanks and regards  
    S4 CSE students  
    Amritapuri
```

2. Modify Question 1 to allow user to enter text at the beginning of email content, by passing it as a command line argument.

```
echo "From : "  
read From  
echo "To : "  
read To  
echo "Cc: "  
read Cc  
echo "Subject : "  
read Subject  
echo "Content : "  
read Content  
cat <<EOF >email  
From : $From  
To : $To  
Cc : $Cc  
Subject : $Subject  
        This mail is generates by my shell script.  
        Thanks and regards  
        S4 CSE students  
        Amritapuri  
EOF
```

```
From :  
abc@gmail.com  
To :  
xyz@gmail.com  
Cc :  
ijk@gmail.com  
Subject :  
Greeting!!  
Content :  
Hello All..  
From : abc@gmail.com  
To : xyz@gmail.com  
Cc : ijk@gmail.com  
Subject : Greeting!!  
        Hello All..  
        Thanks and regaerds  
        S4 CSE student  
        Amritapuri
```

3. Write a shell script to print all the primes below a given number.

```
echo "Enter a number :"  
read num  
  
echo "Primes below $num"  
for (( i=2;i<num;i++ ));do  
    prime=1  
    for (( j=2;j*j<=i;j++ ));do  
        if (( i % j ==0 ));then  
            prime=0  
            break  
        fi  
    done  
    if (( prime == 1 )); then  
        echo -n "$i "  
    fi  
done  
echo
```

```
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ chmod 744 lab4.sh  
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ ./lab4.sh  
Enter a number :  
10  
Primes below 10  
1 2 3 5 7
```

4. Write a shell script to print the first n Fibonacci numbers .

```
#4  
echo "Enter number of Fibonacci terms :"  
read n  
a=0  
b=1  
echo "Fibonacci sequence: "  
  
for (( i=0;i<n;i++ ));do  
    echo -n "$a "  
    temp=$((a+b))  
    a=$b  
    b=$temp  
done  
echo
```

```
1 2 3  
Enter number of Fibonacci terms :  
8  
Fibonacci sequence:  
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13
```

5. Write a shell script to generate a multiplication table.

a. Interactive version: The program should accept an integer n given by the user and should print the multiplication table of that n.

```
read -p "Enter a number " num
for (( i=1;i<=10;i++ ));do
    echo "$num x $i =$((num * i ))"
done
```

```
Enter a number 5
5 x 1 =5
5 x 2 =10
5 x 3 =15
5 x 4 =20
5 x 5 =25
5 x 6 =30
5 x 7 =35
5 x 8 =40
5 x 9 =45
5 x 10 =50
```

b. Command line arguments version: The program should take the value of n from the arguments followed by the command.

```
if [ $# -ne 1 ];then
    echo "Usage : $0 <number>"
    exit 1
fi
num=$1
for (( i=1; i<=10;i++ ));do
    echo "$num x $i = $((num *i ))"
done
```

```
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ ./lab_4.sh 5
5 x 1 = 5
5 x 2 = 10
5 x 3 = 15
5 x 4 = 20
5 x 5 = 25
5 x 6 = 30
5 x 7 = 35
5 x 8 = 40
5 x 9 = 45
5 x 10 = 50
```

c. Redirection version: The value of n must be taken from a file using input redirection.

```
Enter a number :  
7  
7 x 1= 7  
7 x 2= 14  
7 x 3= 21  
7 x 4= 28  
7 x 5= 35  
7 x 6= 42  
7 x 7= 49  
7 x 8= 56  
7 x 9= 63  
7 x 10= 70
```

```
#5 c  
echo "Enter a number : "  
read num  
echo $num > input.txt  
read num < input.txt  
for (( i=1 ; i<=10;i++ ));do  
    echo "$num x $i= $((num*i))"  
done
```

6. Using function write a shell script to find gcd of two numbers.

```
#6  
read -p "Enter 2 numbers : " num1 num2  
while [ $num2 -ne 0 ]; do  
    temp=$num2  
    num2=$((num1%num2))  
    num1=$temp  
done  
echo "GCD is $num1"
```

```
Enter 2 numbers : 4 5  
GCD is 1
```

7. Using Recursion find factorial of a number.

```
#7
read -p "Enter a number : " num
fact=1
i=$num
while [ $i -gt 1 ];do
    fact=$((fact*i))
    i=$((i-1))
done
echo "Factorial of $num : $fact "
```

```
Enter a number : 5
Factorial of 5 : 120
```

8. Write shell script to show various system configuration like:

- a. Currently logged user and his long name
- b. Current shell
- c. Home directory
- d. Operating system type
- e. Current path setting
- f. Current working directory
- g. All available shells

```
#8
echo "System Configuration Details : "
echo "-----"
#a
echo "Logged-in User : $USER"
echo "Full Name : $(getent passwd "$USER" | cut -d ':' -f 5)"
#b
echo "Current Shell : $SHELL"
#c
echo "Home Directory : $HOME"
#d
echo "OS Type : $(uname -o)"
#e
echo "Current Path : $PATH"
#f
echo "Current Working Directory : $(pwd)"
#g
echo "Available Shells : "
cat /etc/shells
```

System Configuration Details :

Logged-in User : ubuntu

Full Name : Live session user,,,

Current Shell : /bin/bash

Home Directory : /home/ubuntu

OS Type : GNU/Linux

Current Path : /usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin:/sbin:/bin:/usr
/games:/usr/local/games:/snap/bin:/snap/bin

Current Working Directory : /home/ubuntu

Available Shells :

/etc/shells: valid login shells

/bin/sh

/usr/bin/sh