

Javaカリキュラム

データベース基礎 課題

特定のレコードのみを検索、表示1

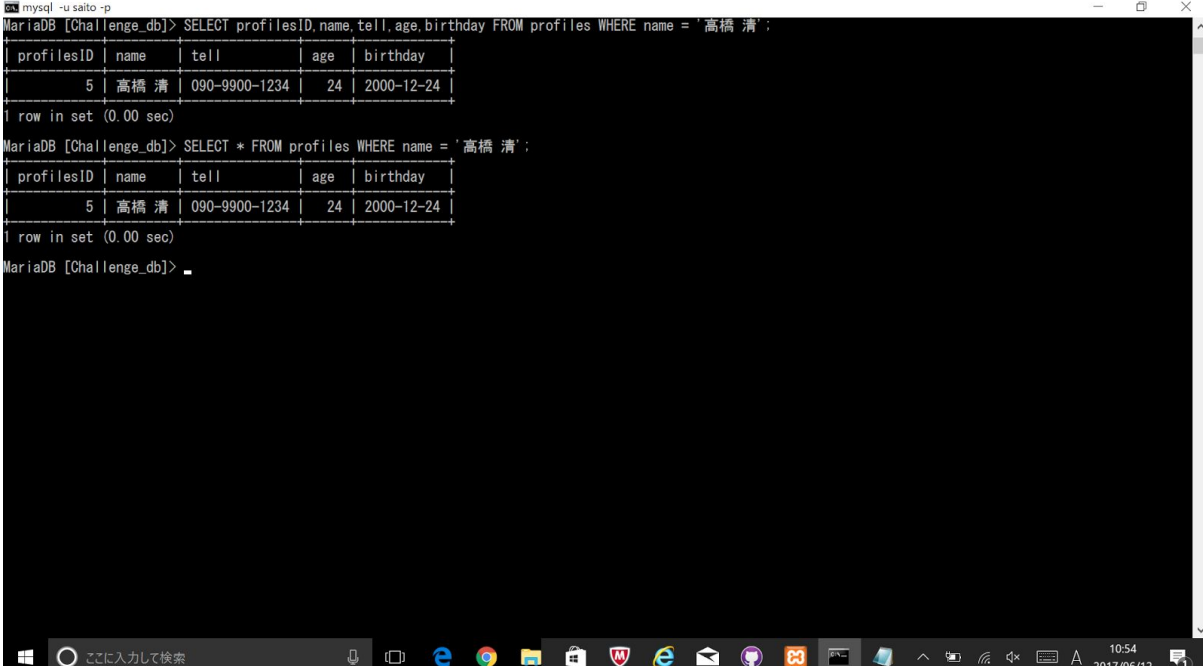
MySQL使用コマンド記述

1.nameが「高橋 清」のレコードのみを検索して表示

SELECT カラム値 FROM テーブル名 WHERE 条件 ;

SELECT profilesID,name,tell,age,birthday FROM profiles WHERE name = '高橋 清';

SELECT * FROM profiles WHERE name = '高橋 清';



```
mysql -u saito -p
MariaDB [Challenge_db]> SELECT profilesID,name,tell,age,birthday FROM profiles WHERE name = '高橋 清';
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| profilesID | name  | tell   | age  | birthday |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 5          | 高橋 清 | 090-9900-1234 | 24   | 2000-12-24 |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

MariaDB [Challenge_db]> SELECT * FROM profiles WHERE name = '高橋 清';
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| profilesID | name  | tell   | age  | birthday |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 5          | 高橋 清 | 090-9900-1234 | 24   | 2000-12-24 |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

MariaDB [Challenge_db]> _
```

The screenshot shows a Windows taskbar at the bottom with various application icons. The terminal window title is 'mysql -u saito -p'. The first query filters for '高橋 清' and returns one row. The second query uses '*' to return all columns for the same name, also returning one row. The prompt at the end is a single underscore character.