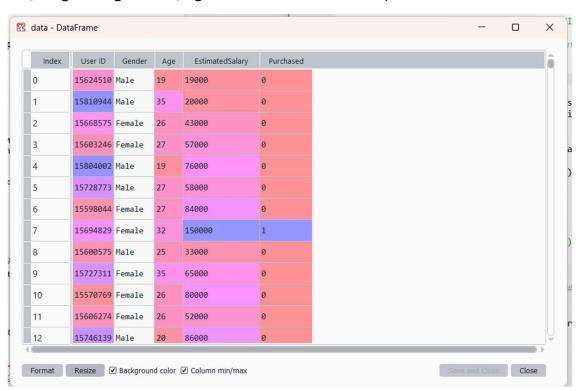
# **Logistic Regression**

#### #lets import libraries

import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

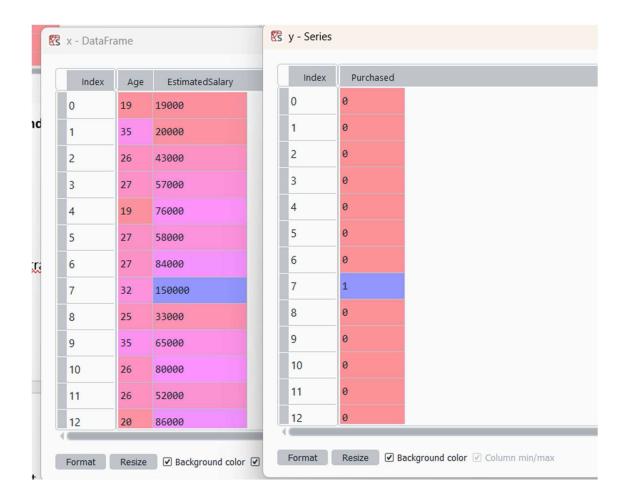
#### #lets read the dataset



#### #lets divide them into dependent & independent

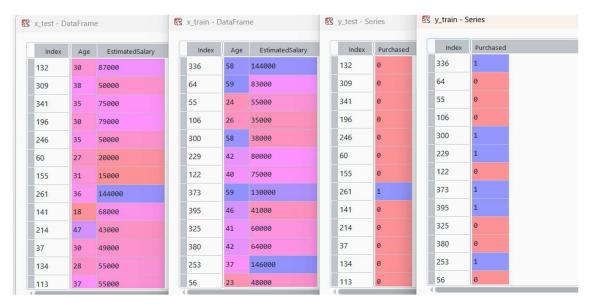
x=data.iloc[:,2:4] #age,salary

y=data.iloc[:,-1] #purchased



## #splitting data

from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split
x\_train,x\_test,y\_train,y\_test=train\_test\_split(x,y,test\_size=0.20,
random\_state=0)



## #feature scaling

from sklearn.preprocessing import **StandardScaler** #range between-> -3to3 featurescaling=StandardScaler()

x\_train=featurescaling.fit\_transform(x\_train)

 $x\_test = features caling.transform (x\_test)$ 

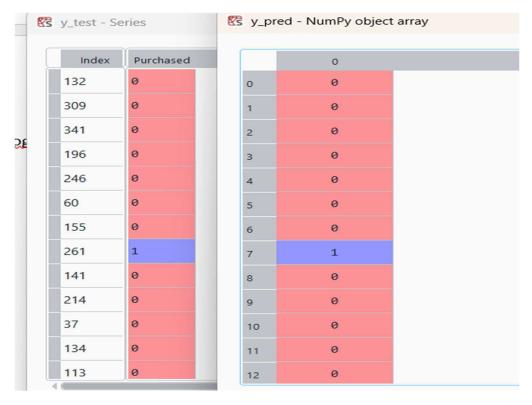
x_test - NumPy object array		2	x_train - NumPy object array			
	0	1			0	1
0	-0.798951	0.494608		0	1.92295	2.14602
1	-0.0212649	-0.577359		1	2.02016	0.378719
2	-0.312897	0.146943		2	-1.38222	-0.432499
3	-0.798951	0.262831		3	-1.18779	-1.01194
4	-0.312897	-0.577359		4	1.92295	-0.925024
5	-1.09058	-1.44652		5	0.367578	0.291803
6	-0.70174	-1.59138		6	0.173157	0.146943
7	-0.215686	2.14602		7	2.02016	1.74041
8	-1.96548	-0.0558618		8	0.756421	-0.838108
9	0.853632	-0.780164		9	0.270367	-0.287638
10	-0.798951	-0.606331		10	0.367578	-0.17175
11	-0.993372	-0.432499		11	-0.118476	2.20396
12	-0.118476	-0.432499		12	-1.47943	-0.635303

## #model building

from sklearn.linear\_model import LogisticRegression model=LogisticRegression() model.fit(x\_train,y\_train)

## #prediction

y\_pred=model.predict(x\_test)



#### **#confusion Matrix**

from sklearn.metrics import confusion\_matrix cm=confusion\_matrix(y\_test, y\_pred)

	0	1
0	57	1
1	5	17

from sklearn.metrics import accuracy\_score

ac=<u>accuracy\_score(y\_test,y\_pred)</u> ->**0.925** 

from sklearn.metrics import classification\_report
cr=classification\_report(y\_test,y\_pred)

	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
0	0.92 0.94	0.98 0.77	0.95 0.85	58 22	
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.93 0.93	0.88 0.93	0.93 0.90 0.92	80 80 80	

bias=model.score(x\_train,y\_train) -> 0.821875

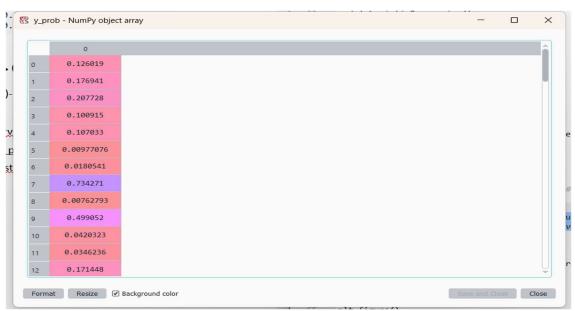
variance = model.score(x\_test,y\_test)-> 0.925

## **#plotting graph**

from sklearn.metrics import roc\_curve, roc\_auc\_score

# Get predicted probabilities for the positive class (usually class 1)

y\_prob = model.predict\_proba(x\_test)[:, 1]



#### # Compute ROC curve and AUC

```
fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_prob)
auc_score = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_prob)
print("AUC Score:", auc_score) AUC Score: 0.9764890282131661
# Plot ROC curve
plt.figure()
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='blue', label='ROC curve (area = %0.2f)' % auc_score)
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color='gray', linestyle='--') # Diagonal line
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
```

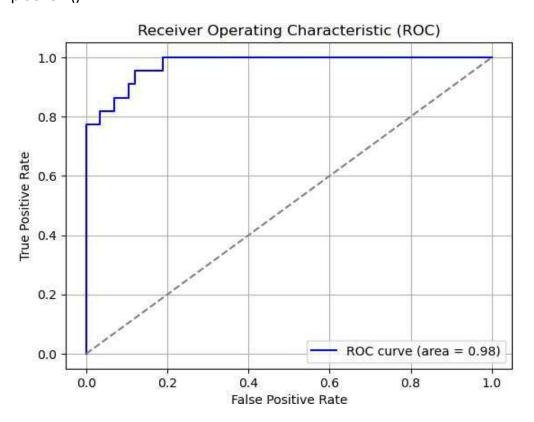
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')

plt.title('Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC)')

plt.legend()

plt.grid()

plt.show()



## #feature scaling

from sklearn.preprocessing import **Normalizer** #range between-> 0to1

featurescaling=Normalizer()

x\_train=featurescaling.fit\_transform(x\_train)

x\_test=featurescaling.transform(x\_test)

x_te	est - NumPy object a	array	₹ x_trai	in - NumPy object a	array
	0	1		0	1
0	0.000344828	1	o	0.000402778	1
1	0.00076	1	1	0.000710843	1
2	0.000466667	1	2	0.000436364	1
3	0.000379747	1	3	0.000742857	1
4	0.0007	1	4	0.00152631	0.999999
5	0.00135	0.999999	5	0.000525	1
6	0.00206666	0.999998	6	0.000533333	1
7	0.00025	1	7	0.000453846	1
8	0.000264706	1	8	0.00112195	0.999999
9	0.00109302	0.999999	9	0.000683333	1
10	0.000612245	1	10	0.00065625	1
11	0.000509091	1	11	0.000253425	1
12	0.000672727	1	12	0.000479167	1

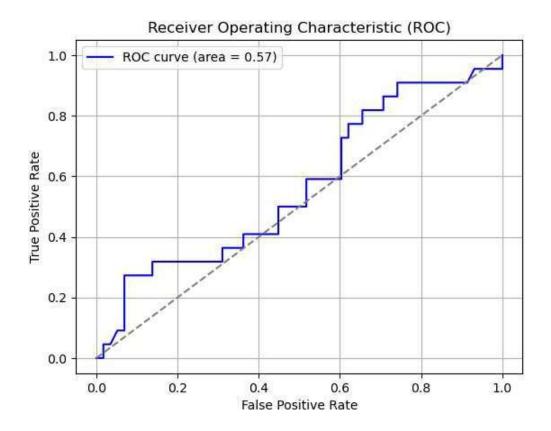
#### **#Confusion Matrix**

	0	1
0	58	0
1	22	0

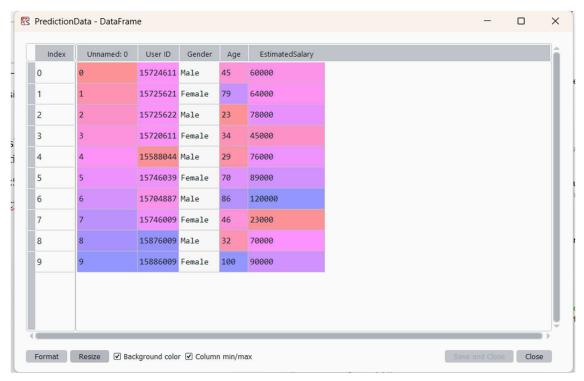
Accuracy -> **0.725** 

Bias-> **0.621875** 

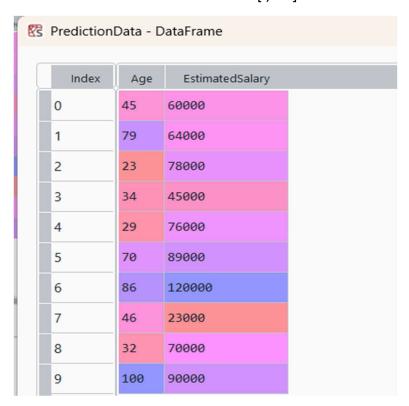
Variance-> **0.725** 



#### **#Let's Predict Future Based on Data**



# FutureData=PredictionData.copy() PredictionData=PredictionData.iloc[:,3:5]



# ${\tt PredictionData=} features caling. fit\_transform ({\tt PredictionData})$

```
RedictionData - NumPy object array
         -0.364945
                         -0.457862
         0.955068
                         -0.298606
         -1.21907
                          0.258792
                          -1.05507
         -0.792008
  3
         -0.986127
                         0.179163
         0.605653
                         0.696747
          1.22684
                          1.93098
         -0.326121
                          -1.93098
         -0.869655
                         -0.0597212
          1.77037
                         0.736561
```

# FuturePrediction=pd.DataFrame()

# FutureData['FuturePrediction']=model.predict(PredictionData)

# FutureData.to\_csv('PredictedData')



# **Deployment Code**

# # importing libraries import streamlit as st import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression from sklearn.metrics import(confusion\_matrix,accuracy\_score,classification\_report,roc\_curve,ro c auc score) import seaborn as sns st.title("Logistic Regression Classifier with ROC & AUC") # Uploading File file=st.file\_uploader('Upload Your File for Model Building',type=['csv']) if file is not None: # Load data=pd.read csv(file) st.write('- Preview') st.dataframe(data.head()) # FeatureSelection x=data.iloc[:,2:4]

y=data.iloc[:,-1]

```
# SplittingData
```

```
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.20,random_state=0)
```

#### # feature scaling

```
featurescaling=StandardScaler()
x_train=featurescaling.fit_transform(x_train)
x_test=featurescaling.transform(x_test)
```

## # model building

```
model=LogisticRegression(penalty='l2',solver='saga')
model.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

## # prediction

```
y_pred=model.predict(x_test)
y_prob=model.predict_proba(x_test)[:,1]
```

st.write(f"\*\*Accuracy:\*\* {ac:.2f}")

#### # Metrics

```
st.subheader("Confusion Matrix")

cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)

fig_cm, ax = plt.subplots()

sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues", ax=ax)

st.pyplot(fig_cm)

ac = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
st.subheader("Classification Report")
  st.text(classification report(y test, y pred))
  st.write(f"**Training Accuracy (Bias):** {model.score(x_train,
y_train):.2f}")
  st.write(f"**Testing Accuracy (Variance):** {model.score(x_test,
y_test):.2f}")
  # ROC Curve and AUC
  fpr, tpr, = roc curve(y test, y prob)
  auc_score = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_prob)
  st.write(f"**AUC Score:** {auc score:.2f}")
  st.subheader("ROC Curve")
  fig roc, ax = plt.subplots()
  ax.plot(fpr, tpr, color="blue", label=f"ROC curve (AUC = {auc score:.2f})")
  ax.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color="gray", linestyle="--")
  ax.set_xlabel("False Positive Rate")
  ax.set_ylabel("True Positive Rate")
  ax.set title("ROC Curve")
  ax.legend(loc="lower right")
  st.pyplot(fig_roc)
```

