

EE3025 Assignment-1

Tedla Sai Varsha - EE18BTECH11042

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/saivarsha17/EE3025/tree/main/Assignment_1/codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/saivarsha17/EE3025/blob/main/Assignment_1/ee18btech11042.tex

1 PROBLEM

1.1. The command

```
Output_signal = signal.lfilter(b,a,
    input_signal)
```

1.2. can be executed using following difference equation

$$\sum_{m=0}^M a(m) y(n-m) = \sum_{k=0}^N b(k) x(n-k) \quad (1.2.1)$$

where $x(n)$, $y(n)$ are input and output signals

2 SOLUTION

2.1. Z transform of $x(n-k)$ is

$$\mathcal{Z}\{x(n-k)\} = z^{-k} X(z) \quad (2.1.1)$$

Z transform of $y(n-m)$

$$\mathcal{Z}\{y(n-m)\} = z^{-m} Y(z) \quad (2.1.2)$$

So, applying Z transform on both sides,

$$\sum_{m=0}^M a(m) Y(z) z^{-m} = \sum_{k=0}^N b(k) X(z) z^{-k} \quad (2.1.3)$$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{\sum_{k=0}^N b(k) z^{-k}}{\sum_{m=0}^M a(m) z^{-m}} \quad (2.1.4)$$

We know a and b coefficients from passing $x(n)$ through low pass butterworth filter.

2.2. Substitute,

$$z = e^{j\omega} \quad (2.2.1)$$

Where,

$$\omega = \frac{2\pi i}{N} \quad (2.2.2)$$

$$Y(e^{j\omega}) = H(e^{j\omega}) X(e^{j\omega}) \quad (2.2.3)$$

Calculate DFT of $y(n)$ and use `np.fft.ifft` to calculate $y(n)$.

2.3. Find below plots from

https://github.com/saivarsha17/EE3025/tree/main/Assignment_1/figs

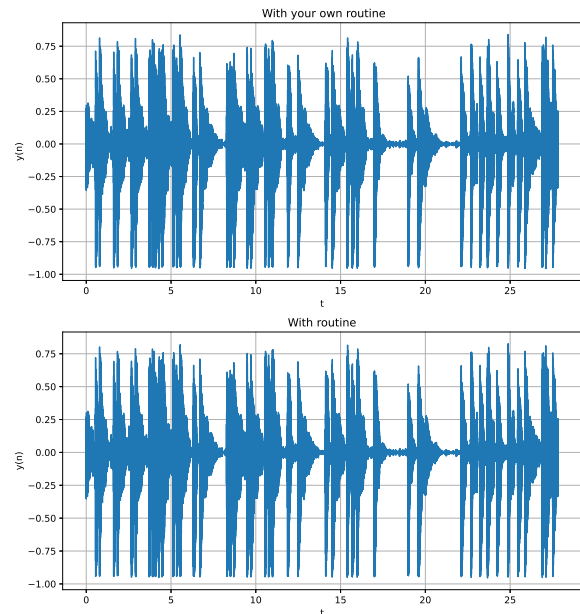


Fig. 2.3: Time response

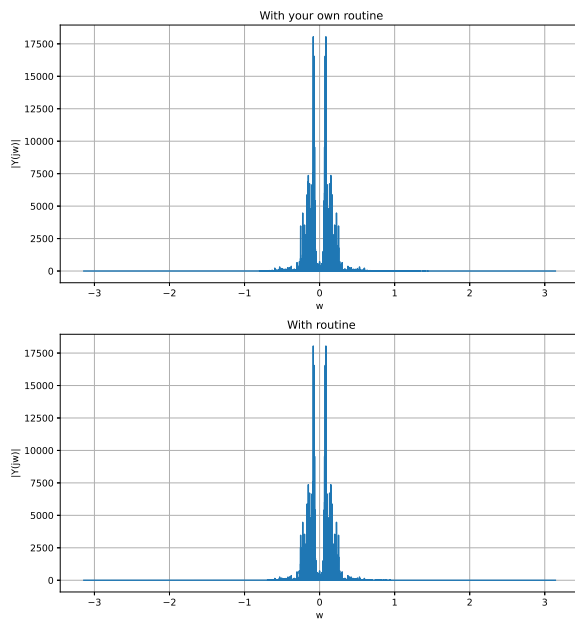


Fig. 2.3: Frequency response