

Introduction

Toronto is the most populous city in Canada with almost 3million inhabitants and its number of restaurants per capita is bellow many other cities (16th place worldwide with 272 restaurants per 100.000 inhabitants).

For many expats having a local restaurant nearby is a great way to remember their roots and taste some home dishes and this can present great business opportunities.

Business Problem

The goal for this Capstone project is to suggest the best locations for a new Indian restaurant in Toronto, Canada. Indian Canadians account for more than 170.000 people just in Toronto, that alone can be a driver for new businesses in the restauration domain. Apart from that Indian cuisine is one of the best in the world so that could attract investors too.

In summary the goal is to answer the following question: If an investor is looking to open a new Indian restaurant where would you recommend, they open it?

Target Audience

This project can be useful both for new investors looking to open new Indian themed restaurants and also for existing owners looking to expand or have an insight on the current concentration of businesses around Toronto.

Data

In order to solve the problem we need the following data:

- List of neighbourhoods in Toronto, defining the boundaries in terms of segmentation for attractiveness for new restaurants.
- Latitude and longitude coordinates for those neighbourhoods in order to be able to plot the maps and also to get existing restaurants in the area
- Venue data related to Indian Restaurants in order to perform clustering on the neighbourhoods.

Sources of data:

Toronto Neighbourhoods on Wikipedia

(https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_postal_codes_of_Canada:_M)

Toronto Geospatial coordinates (https://cocl.us/Geospatial_data)

Foursquare API for Venue data regarding the Indian Restaurants

<https://developer.foursquare.com/docs/resources/categories> Category Id:

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Methodology

In order to answer the question posed in the Business Problem section we need to go through a series of steps so we can generate some insightful data.

Toronto Neighbourhoods Data Exploratory Analysis

First we have scraped data from Wikipedia as described in the Data section regarding the neighbourhoods in Toronto. After that we have merged that information with geo data by Postal Code using the file mentioned in the Data section, reaching the following consolidated data frame:

	PostalCode	Borough	Neighborhood	Latitude	Longitude
0	M1B	Scarborough	Rouge,Malvern	43.806686	-79.194353
1	M1C	Scarborough	Highland Creek,Rouge Hill,Port Union	43.784535	-79.160497
2	M1E	Scarborough	Guildwood,Morningside,West Hill	43.763573	-79.188711
3	M1G	Scarborough	Woburn	43.770992	-79.216917
4	M1H	Scarborough	Cedarbrae	43.773136	-79.239476

With that information we were able to plot the complete list of neighbourhoods to a map:

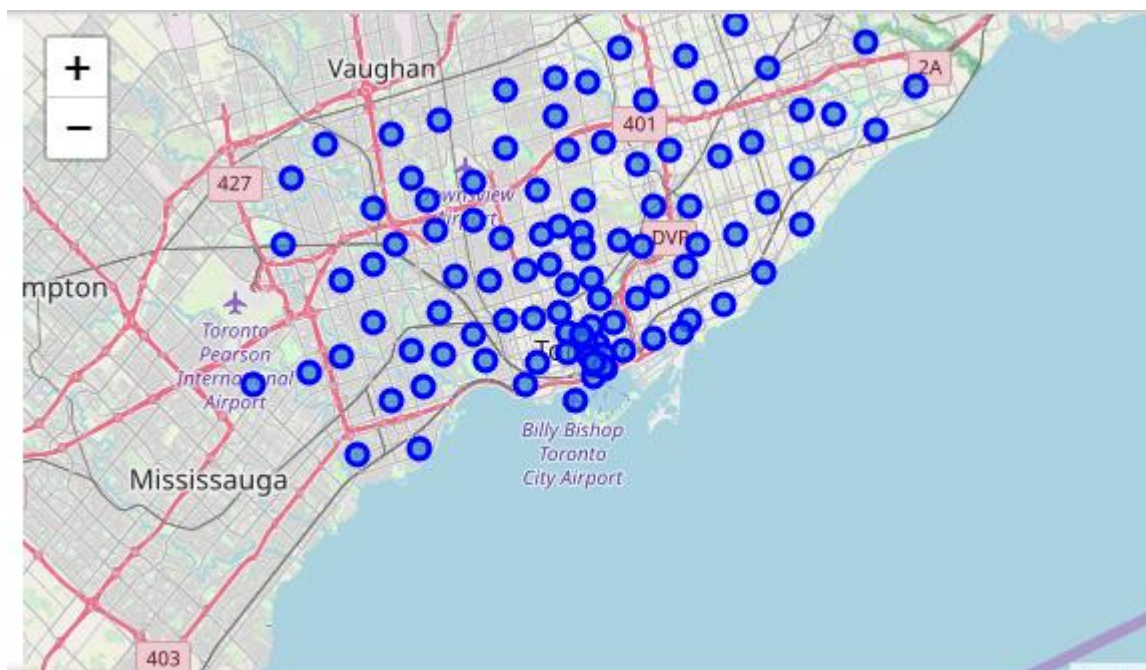


Figure 1 - Toronto Neighbourhoods

Indian Restaurants Data Exploratory Analysis

To gather information about existing Indian restaurants we have used the Foursquare API to retrieve data. We have queried the first 100 venue within 1km radius from each neighbourhood.

This list included 16 different categories that are siblings of the foursquare category

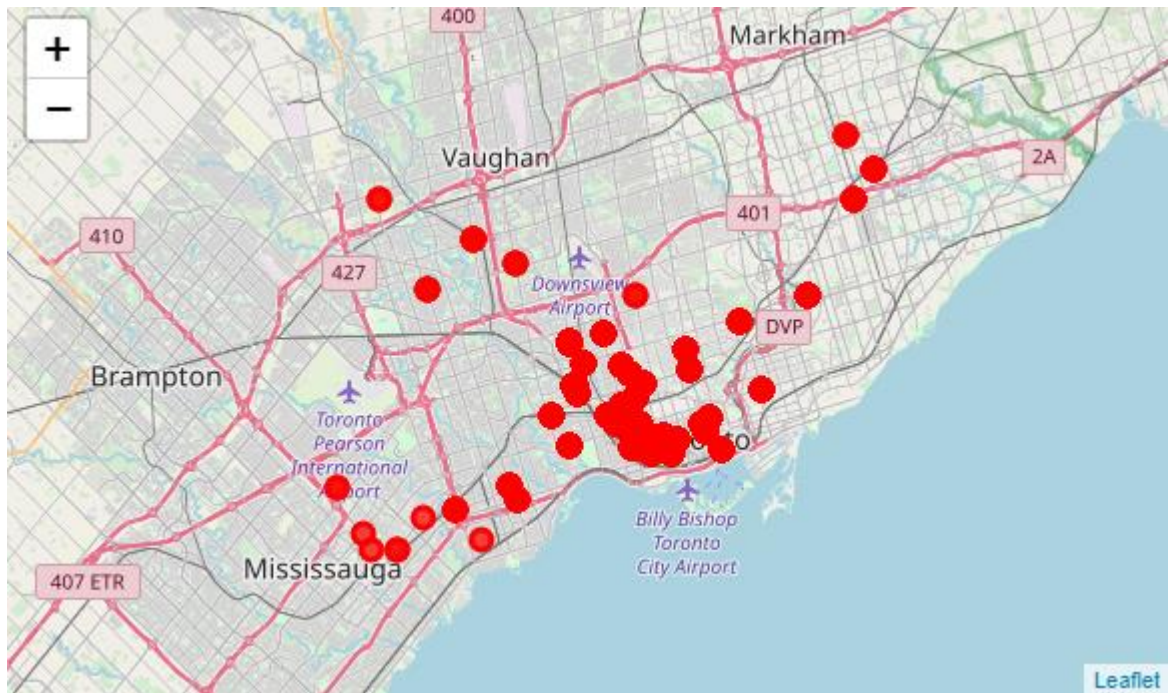


Figure 2 - Indian Restaurants in Toronto

After this we have used one hot encoding in order to have a data frame with venue category columns per neighbourhood and then we have aggregated the results so we have a frequency based data frame for each venue category.

	Neighborhood	American Restaurant	Bar	Breakfast Spot	Café	Chinese Restaurant	Coffee Shop	Deli / Bodega	Diner	Event Space
0	Adelaide,King,Richmond	0.0	0.02381	0.011905	0.02381	0.000000	0.011905	0.011905	0.02381	0.011905
1	Agincourt	0.0	0.00000	0.000000	0.00000	0.083333	0.000000	0.000000	0.00000	0.000000
2	Agincourt North,L'Amoreaux East,Milliken,Steel...	0.0	0.00000	0.000000	0.00000	0.058824	0.000000	0.000000	0.00000	0.000000
3	Albion Gardens,Beaumont Heights,Humbergate,Jam...	0.0	0.00000	0.000000	0.00000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.00000	0.000000
4	Alderwood,Long Branch	0.0	0.00000	0.000000	0.00000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.00000	0.000000

Using this data frame we built a new one with the top 10 venues per neighbourhood.

	Neighborhood	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue	4th Most Common Venue	5th Most Common Venue	6th Most Common Venue	7th Most Common Venue
0	Adelaide,King,Richmond	Indian Restaurant	Vegetarian / Vegan Restaurant	Café	Diner	Italian Restaurant	Bar	Pizza Place
1	Agincourt	Indian Restaurant	Chinese Restaurant	Grocery Store	Vegetarian / Vegan Restaurant	Hotel	Bar	Breakfast Spot
2	Agincourt North,L'Amoreaux East,Milliken,Steel...	Indian Restaurant	Indian Chinese Restaurant	Chinese Restaurant	Hotel	Bar	Breakfast Spot	Café
3	Albion Gardens,Beaumont Heights,Humbergate,Jam...	Indian Restaurant	Vegetarian / Vegan Restaurant	Hotel	Bar	Breakfast Spot	Café	Chinese Restaurant
4	Alderwood,Long Branch	Indian Restaurant	Vegetarian / Vegan Restaurant	Hotel	Bar	Breakfast Spot	Café	Chinese Restaurant

Used Machine Learning Algorithms

In order to reach a conclusion regarding the best places to open a Indian restaurant we have used two complementary approaches:

- K-Means Clustering on the top 10 venues per neighbourhood data to extract areas with less Indian restaurants
- DBScan on the Venues in order to cluster the existing venues per density and revealing areas there the concentrarian is lower and where there is an opportunity to open a new restaurant.

In order to compare both approaches we have then applied the DBScan results onto the corresponding neighbourhoods so we can take a more informed decision about the best areas to invest.

Results

K-means Clustering

The results from the k-means clustering using 4 clusters based on the frequency of Indian restaurants show the following results:

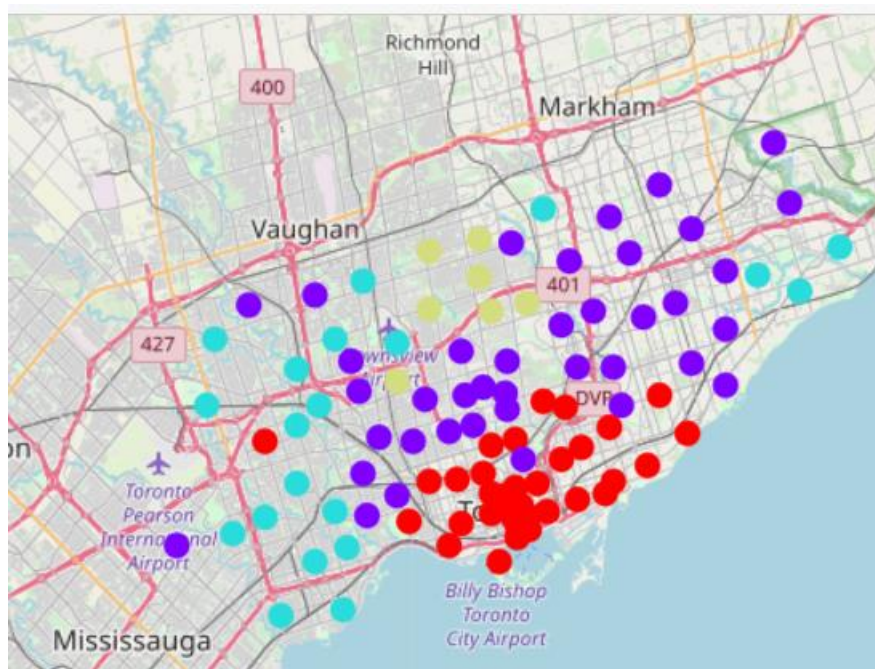


Figure 3 - K-means Clustering

- Cluster 0 (Red)
 - Low concentration of Indian restaurants

	MostCommon	All
Indian Restaurant	37.0	37
Bar	NaN	34
Diner	NaN	31
Italian Restaurant	NaN	32
Vegetarian / Vegan Restaurant	NaN	33

- Cluster 1 (Purple)
 - High concentration of Indian restaurants

	MostCommon	All
Indian Restaurant	39.0	39
Bar	NaN	39
Breakfast Spot	NaN	39
Café	NaN	37
Coffee Shop	NaN	35

- Cluster 2 (Cyan)
 - Medium concentration of Indian restaurants

	MostCommon	All
Indian Restaurant	20.0	NaN
Breakfast Spot	NaN	20.0
Café	NaN	20.0
Chinese Restaurant	NaN	20.0
Coffee Shop	NaN	20.0
Deli / Bodega	NaN	20.0

- Cluster3 (Green)
 - Low Concentration of restaurants

	MostCommon	All
Indian Restaurant	7.0	7
Bar	NaN	7
Café	NaN	7
Coffee Shop	NaN	7
Italian Restaurant	NaN	7

This suggest that neighbourhoods in clusters 0 and 3 are the suggested to invest in with cluster 2

DBSCAN Clustering

We have performed a DBSCAN clustering on the venues data to extract clusters that reflect the concentration of Indian restaurants.

Using an epsilon of 0.5km as the minimum distance to represent a high density area and setting the minimum number of venues to represent a cluster as 2 we have reached the following results:

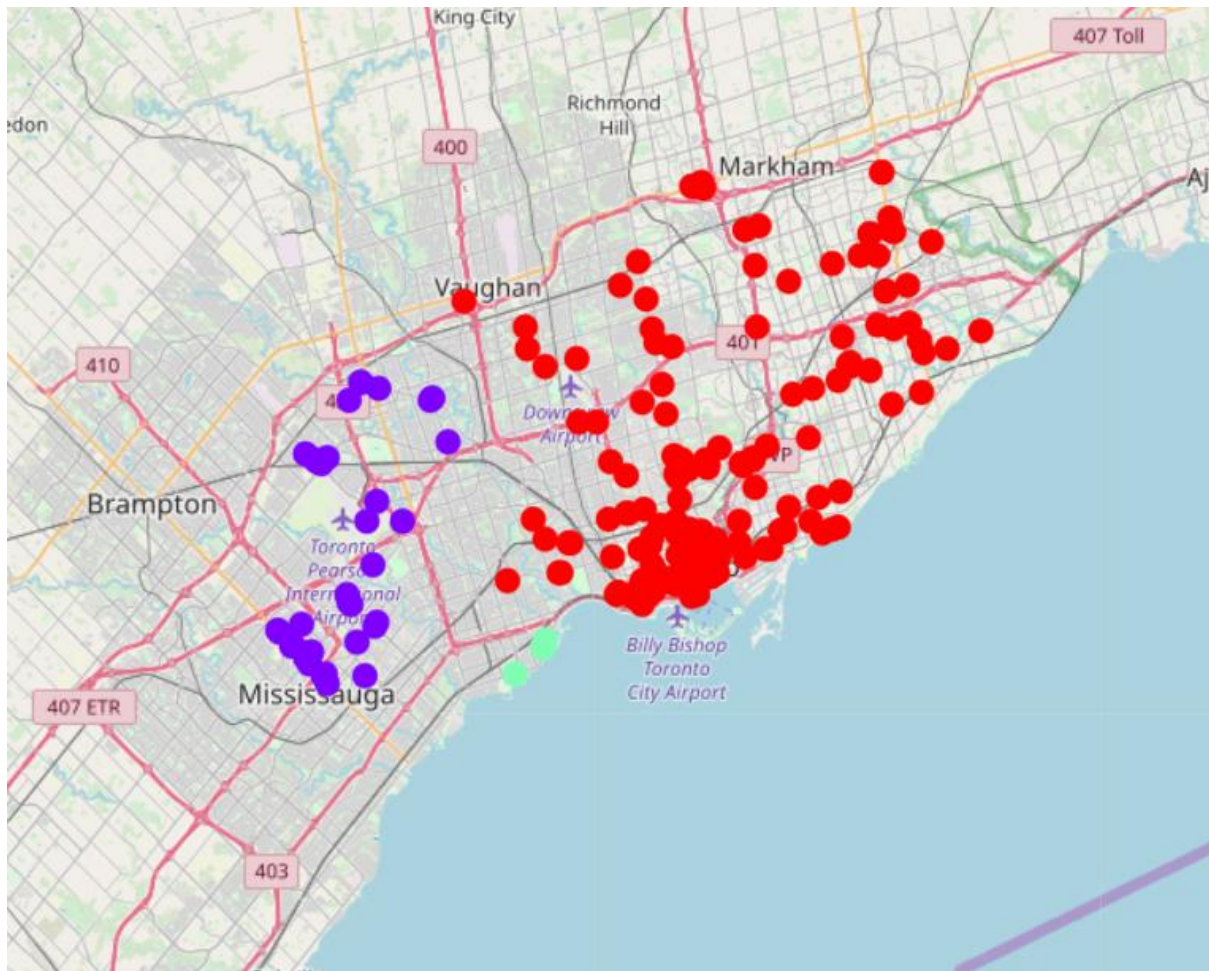


Figure 4 - Venues DBSCAN

The results show 5 clusters and several venues as outliers, these areas are suitable for investment.

Discussion

The analysis shows that there is an high concentration of Indian restaurants in the center of Toronto. This is visible both in the results from K-means (Purple cluster) and also using the DBSCAN (blue clusters).

Recommendations in terms of invest are discouraged for these areas and the investors should focus on the lower density areas shown by the outliers and then in smaller size clusters on the DBSCAN analysis. The smaller size clusters 0 and 3 as shown in the K-means analysis overlap significantly with these suggesting that both approaches are complementary.

Conclusion

Although the main goal for this capstone projects were achieved and allow the investors to have a clearer picture about the areas more suitable for opening restaurants without much competition the study uses relatively few data and more variables should be considered such as transportation and population density so we don't recommend areas that have no business to offer.

Another interesting point could be a cross check between the existing venues and the distribution of the Indian community, allowing to identify high potential areas for opening new restaurants.