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VC Pairs



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PROBLEM

EDITORIAL

MY SUBMISSIONS

ANALYTICS

DISCUSSIONS

NEW

Max has a string S with length N . He needs to find the number of indices i ($1 \leq i \leq N-1$) such that the i -th character of this string is a consonant and the $i+1$ th character is a vowel. However, she is busy, so she asks for your help.

Note: The letters 'a', 'e', 'i', 'o', 'u' are vowels; all other lowercase English letters are consonants.

Input

- The first line of the input contains a single integer T denoting the number of test cases. The description of T test cases follows.
- The first line of each test case contains a single integer N .
- The second line contains a single string S with length N .

Output

For each test case, print a single line containing one integer — the number of occurrences of a vowel immediately after a consonant

Constraints

- $1 \leq T \leq 100$
- $1 \leq N \leq 100$
- S contains only lowercase English letters

SAMPLE INPUT



```
3
6
bazeci
3
abu
1
o
```

SAMPLE OUTPUT



3
1
0

Explanation

.....

Time Limit: 1.0 sec(s) for each input file.

Memory Limit: 256 MB

Source Limit: 1024 KB

BEST SUBMISSION



SIMILAR PROBLEMS



CONTRIBUTORS



English ▼