
Latent Dirichlet Analysis for Document Topic Modelling

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Abstract

Abstract goes here. Talk about how LDA can be used for topic modeling. Our method and implementation is built on the Blei et. al. JMLR paper. We recreated the experiment for document modeling from the paper. We also applied LDA to the Yelp Dataset. We present our implementation of the method, experiment, and our analysis of the results in this paper.

1 Introduction

Here, describe the problem statement: Given a text document, model the topics of the document. (expand on that more).

1.1 Related Works

Based on Blei, briefly talk about unigram, mixture of unigram, and plsi.

2 Notation

We used similar notation as those denoted in the paper:

N = number of words in total.

...

3 LDA

The latent Dirichlet allocation (LDA) model explains the generation of text documents, which can be viewed as samples from a mixture of multinomial distributions over a vocabulary of words. Each multinomial mixture component is called a topic. The general process of the model to write a document is the following:

- The number of words N in document has Poisson distribution with parameter ζ
- The topic mixture θ for the document has Dirichlet distribution with parameter α (with a fixed set of K topics)
- Then for each word w_i in the document:
 1. Choose a topic z_i based on multinomial distribution with parameter θ from step (2)
 2. Use this topic z_i to generate word itself by using the existing probability for each word in this topic (i.e. $p(w_i|z_i, \beta)$)

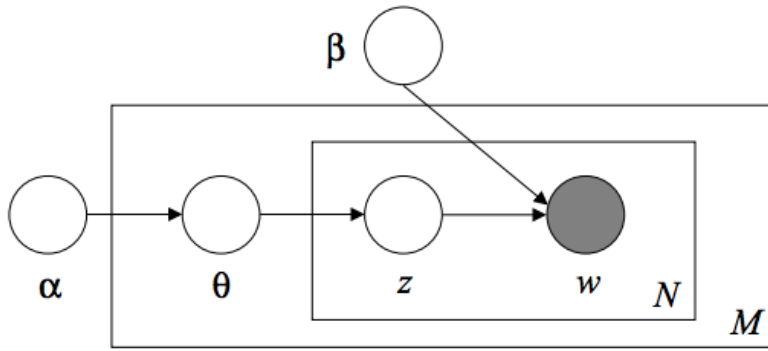


Figure 1: Graphic model of LDA. The boxes are “plates” representing replicates. The outer plate represents documents, while the inner plate represents the repeated choice of topics and words within a document.

This is the generative model for a collection of documents. LDA then tries to backtrack from the (training) documents to find a set of topics that are likely to have generated the collection. Now the question is how does LDA backtrack to find the parameters in this model. Suppose we have a set of documents D , and we set the number of topics to be K . What we want is to use LDA to learn two things 1) the topic representation of each document and 2) the words associated to each topic.

There are two methods to learn these two things: collapsed Gibbs sampling (Griffiths and Steyvers, 2002) and variational inference (Jordan et al., 1999, Teh et al., 2006). We first discuss Gibbs sampling method here:

3.1 Gibbs Sampling Method

Show derivation and algorithm

3.2 Inference Method

Show derivation and algorithm

4 Our Implementation

We implemented LDA using both Gibbs sampling and inference.

5 Experimental Evaluation

5.1 Setup

Describe recreation of Document Modeling and Yelp experiment from Blei et. al. here.

5.2 Metrics

Describe perplexity here.

5.3 Results

Show graphs of the perplexity and histogram of topics.

Discuss results in table if also needed.

Also compare gibbs vs inference in each.

6 Conclusion

Discuss the subsequent conclusions we gained from this reimplementation of LDA. Summarize advantages and disadvantages as well.

Acknowledgements

Describe efforts and work division here.

References

Use Bibtex here. We will only have a few references.